UPGRADING TO ADOBE® LIVECYCLE® ES3 FOR JBOSS® TURNKEY
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Contents

Chapter 1: About This Document
1.1 What this document contains .............................................. 1
1.2 Who should read this document? ........................................... 1
1.3 Conventions used in this document ....................................... 1
1.4 Additional information .................................................... 1

Chapter 2: Upgrading to LiveCycle ES3 (Turnkey)
2.1 How the LiveCycle upgrade works ....................................... 3

Chapter 3: System Prerequisites
3.1 System requirements ..................................................... 5
3.2 Additional prerequisites ................................................... 5
3.3 Backing up LiveCycle data files ........................................ 6
3.4 Before you start ............................................................ 6

Chapter 4: Upgrading to, Configuring, and Deploying LiveCycle ES3
4.1 Installing LiveCycle ....................................................... 11
4.2 Preparing Connectors for ECM for upgrade ............................. 13
4.3 Install service packs ..................................................... 13
4.4 Configuring LiveCycle ES3 ............................................... 13
4.5 Next steps .................................................................. 22

Chapter 5: Post-Deployment Activities
5.1 Check whether LiveCycle is running in maintenance mode ........... 23
5.2 Turn off maintenance mode .............................................. 23
5.3 Restart Scheduler Service ............................................... 23
5.4 Change default password ................................................ 24
5.5 Restarting the JBoss services .......................................... 24
5.6 Disabling status pages for JBoss ....................................... 24
5.7 Setting the correct date, time, and time zone ......................... 24
5.8 Manually enabling SSL for JBoss ..................................... 25
5.9 Upgrading to Workbench ............................................... 27
5.10 Accessing Administration Console ................................... 27
5.11 Accessing LiveCycle applications .................................... 27
5.12 Accessing User Management ......................................... 29
5.13 Encrypting the plaintext password .................................... 29
5.14 Managing the MySQL database ....................................... 29
5.15 Configuring LiveCycle to access LDAP ............................... 29
5.16 Configuring the HTML digital signature feature .................... 30
5.17 Configuring PDF Generator .......................................... 30
5.18 Configuring Connectors for ECM .................................... 38
5.19 Configuring Connector for EMC Documentum ..................... 42
5.20 Configuring the Connector for IBM Content Manager .......... 45
5.21 Configuring SharePoint client access ................................ 49
5.22 Enabling CIFS in IPv6 mode ............................................................... 50
5.23 Uninstalling LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 post-upgrade ......................................................... 50
5.24 Performing a system image backup .................................................................................................................. 51
5.25 Uninstalling LiveCycle .................................................................................................................................. 51

Chapter 6: Advanced Configuration Activities
6.1 Enabling Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) ................................................................. 52
6.2 Enabling AES-256 encryption ......................................................................................................................... 52

Chapter 7: Appendix - Install Command Line Interface
7.1 Overview ....................................................................................................................................................... 53
7.2 Install LiveCycle ........................................................................................................................................... 53
7.3 Error logs ..................................................................................................................................................... 54
7.4 Uninstalling LiveCycle in console mode ....................................................................................................... 55

Chapter 8: Appendix - Configuration Manager Command Line Interface
8.1 Order of operations ......................................................................................................................................... 56
8.2 Command Line Interface property file ......................................................................................................... 57
8.3 Upgrading LiveCycle Commands .............................................................................................................. 57
8.4 General configuration properties ................................................................................................................. 63
8.5 Examples Usage ............................................................................................................................................ 76
8.6 Configuration Manager CLI Logs ............................................................................................................... 76
8.7 Next steps ..................................................................................................................................................... 76

Chapter 9: Appendix - Configuring the Connector for Microsoft SharePoint on the SharePoint Server
9.1 Installation and configuration ......................................................................................................................... 77
9.2 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2007 ....................................................................... 78
9.3 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2010 ....................................................................... 79
Chapter 1: About This Document

1.1 What this document contains

This document explains how to upgrade to Adobe® LiveCycle® Enterprise Suite 3 (ES3) from LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 for Red Hat® JBoss® and MySQL using the turnkey method. The turnkey method automatically installs, configures, and upgrades the product and is the recommended installation option for rapid evaluation, development, and small production deployments.

Perform this type of upgrade to get LiveCycle ES3 system up and running rapidly for a small-scale production, demonstration, evaluation, development, or training purposes. The turnkey method installs and configures a default set of Adobe and third-party products that provide a functioning LiveCycle environment.

Ensure that you read Preparing for Upgrading to LiveCycle before you perform the tasks described in this document. Although this document includes the steps required for a turnkey upgrade, Preparing for Upgrading to LiveCycle helps you plan your upgrade.

Note: (LiveCycle 7.x and LiveCycle 8.0.x only) You must first upgrade to LiveCycle ES Update1 or LiveCycle ES2, and then upgrade to LiveCycle ES3.

1.2 Who should read this document?

This document is intended for users who are upgrading from a LiveCycle ES Update1 or LiveCycle ES2 turnkey deployment.

1.3 Conventions used in this document

This document uses the following naming conventions for common file paths.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Default value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[LiveCycle root]</td>
<td>C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3</td>
<td>The installation directory that is used for all LiveCycle modules. This directory contains subdirectories for Adobe® LiveCycle® Configuration Manager, SDK, and the Correspondence Management Solution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[JBoss root]</td>
<td>C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\jboss</td>
<td>The home directory of the application server that runs LiveCycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Adobe_JAVA_HOME]</td>
<td>C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\Java\jdk1.6.0_26</td>
<td>The home directory of the Java JDK installed by the LiveCycle turnkey.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.4 Additional information

The resources in this table can help you learn about LiveCycle.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For information about</th>
<th>See</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General information about LiveCycle and the modules</td>
<td>LiveCycle Overview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle release information and last-minute changes that occur to the product</td>
<td>LiveCycle Release Notes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and products that integrate with LiveCycle</td>
<td>LiveCycle Development Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All documentation available for LiveCycle</td>
<td>LiveCycle documentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using the Enterprise Readiness Tool Help</td>
<td>Using the Enterprise Readiness Tool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Upgrade Checklist and Planning</td>
<td>Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Upgrade Checklist and Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patch updates, technical notes, and additional information about this product version</td>
<td>Adobe® Enterprise Support</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2: Upgrading to LiveCycle ES3 (Turnkey)

This chapter describes how to upgrade from LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 turnkey to LiveCycle ES3 by using the turnkey method. The turnkey installation option is most appropriate for rapid installations of evaluation, developer, and small production environments. If you installed LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 using a non-turnkey method (manual configuration and deployment to JBoss or deployment to WebSphere or WebLogic), see the Upgrading to LiveCycle ES3 document for your application server.

Configuration Manager automatically performs most of the tasks required to upgrade a LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 turnkey deployment to LiveCycle ES3 on a JBoss Application Server and MySQL database running on Windows only.

**Note:** You can upgrade using the turnkey method only if you installed LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 using turnkey and the solution components are deployed to the JBoss instance that was included as part of the turnkey installation.

### 2.1 How the LiveCycle upgrade works

Upgrading to LiveCycle involves the following major tasks, many of which are automated when you use the turnkey method of installation and deployment:

1. Manually backing up the existing LiveCycle data.
2. Installing LiveCycle product files including new versions of the application server and database.
3. Configuring and deploying the LiveCycle EAR files.
4. Updating (patching) the services components that are part of LiveCycle.

The installation program and Configuration Manager together perform most of the tasks. You are prompted for input throughout the process, as described by the steps in this document.

**Note:** Correspondance Management solution is not supported on JBoss 4.2.1.

#### Detailed outline of tasks performed in the turnkey upgrade process

If you originally installed LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 using the turnkey method, you can use the turnkey upgrade process to move to LiveCycle. The turnkey installation and upgrade process performs the following tasks:

- Installs the LiveCycle product files
- Installs a preconfigured JBoss 4.2.1 or JBoss 5.1 application server (with Apache Tomcat servlet container embedded)
- Installs a preconfigured version of MySQL 5.1.30 database server.
- Starts Configuration Manager
- **(Upgrading on the same machine running your existing LiveCycle instance)** Stops the appropriate JBoss for Adobe LiveCycle service
• **(Upgrading on the same machine running your existing LiveCycle instance)** Migrates contents of Global Document Storage (GDS) from the default location of your previous instance of LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2, to LiveCycle ES3 default location.

  *Note:* If you changed the GDS location in the previous version of LiveCycle, you need to ensure that your LiveCycle ES3 GDS location should be the same. If not the same, you must copy the contents of your previous GDS location manually to the LiveCycle ES3 GDS location.

• Configures and assembles the LiveCycle ES3 EAR files

• **(Upgrading on the same machine running your existing LiveCycle instance)** Migrates MySQL data from your previous instance of MySQL installed with LiveCycle to the new instance of MySQL installed with LiveCycle ES3.

  *Important:* If your previous instance of LiveCycle and your new installation of LiveCycle ES3 are not on the same machine, you must manually import MySQL data into the MySQL instance installed by LiveCycle ES3 installer and copy the relevant directories onto the new computer you plan to use for LiveCycle ES3. See [this article](#) for detailed steps about Migrating previous instance of LiveCycle MySQL Database to new instance of LiveCycle ES3 MySQL Database and backing up LiveCycle data.

• Starts the JBoss for Adobe LiveCycle ES3 service.

• Deploys LiveCycle EAR Files to JBoss

• Initializes the MySQL database

• Performs migration of critical data, before deploying components

• Deploys all the required components to JBoss

• Updates (patches) the existing components, preserving previous service configuration parameters, endpoints, watched folders, and so on

• Migrates essential data, including settings, and configuration data to LiveCycle

• Configures modules such as ECM Connectors (for example Connector for EMC Documentum, Connector for IBM FileNet, Connector for IBM Content Manager, or Connector for Microsoft SharePoint), PDF Generator, and Reader Extensions.

• Deploys LiveCycle Samples to JBoss
Chapter 3: System Prerequisites

Before you read system prerequisites section, examine the preparedness of your software infrastructure to upgrade to LiveCycle ES3 using Enterprise Readiness Tool (ERT). For more information about ERT tool, see Using the Enterprise Readiness Tool. Also, ensure that you have read the Upgrade Checklist and Planning guide.

3.1 System requirements

Use the turnkey installation to install all the modules on a single system for development and evaluation. Ensure that your target computer has at least 4-GB RAM. For detailed system requirements, see the LiveCycle Supported Platform Combinations.

3.2 Additional prerequisites

3.2.1 Hardware

For any installation, these settings are recommended as the minimum:

- Disk space for installation: 3 GB (an additional 3 GB is required if you are using an ESD download as opposed to installing from a DVD)
- For correspondence management, an additional space of 500 MB is required.
- System temporary space during installation: 5.4 GB
- Memory for running LiveCycle: 4 GB
- Processor: Intel® Pentium® 4 or equivalent, 1.6 GHz, or higher processor

3.2.2 Operating System

The turnkey method is supported on Windows Server 2008 R1 and Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard and Enterprise Edition running on 64-bit architectures (required for production environment).

For preconfiguration settings on Windows Server 2008 Enterprise Edition environment, see “3.4.2 Configuring Windows installation” on page 7.

Note: Windows Vista and Windows 7 are supported for LiveCycle evaluation and development. You must have administrator privileges on Windows to run the installer. If you run the installer using an account that does not have these privileges, you will be prompted for the credentials of an account with administrator privileges.

3.2.3 Partial turnkey database preconfiguration

The Partial Turnkey option allows you to use your existing database with the preconfigured JBoss application server. The following database types are supported:

- MySQL 5.1.30
- Microsoft SQL Server 2005 SP2, 2008 R2
3.2.4 Application server
The turnkey method allows you to install, configure, and use JBoss 5.1 or JBoss 4.2.1 (which includes the Apache Tomcat servlet container). Once you have verified that your upgraded environment is working correctly, you can remove the old LiveCycle instance from your server.

3.3 Backing up LiveCycle data files
Before starting the upgrade process, you must back up all the files and directories associated with the previous deployment of LiveCycle, including the Java SDK, installation files, watched folder contents, temporary directory, and so on. Do not delete any of these items. The backup tasks involved are as follows:

- **(Upgrading from LiveCycle ES Update 1)** Stop the scheduler service before performing upgrade. Shutdown the LiveCycle Server and take cold backup.
- **(Upgrading from LiveCycle ES2)** Put the LiveCycle server in maintenance mode before performing upgrade (See Running LiveCycle in maintenance mode section in LiveCycle Administration Help ). Shutdown the LiveCycle Server and take cold backup.

The following LiveCycle data must be included in your back up:

- **GDS directory**: This directory can reside either locally or on a shared network drive. Default location of the GDS directory is `[JBoss root]/server/<profile_name>/svcnative/DocumentStorage`. For information on how to find and backup the GDS directory, see Global Document Storage directory in LiveCycle Administration Help.
- **Database**: Use the database backup utility to backup your data. For information on how to back up your LiveCycle database, see LiveCycle database in LiveCycle Administration Help.
- **LiveCycle EAR files**: The EAR files are required to restore your system if you encounter upgrade issues.
- **Content Storage Root directory**: If you have Adobe LiveCycle Content Services (deprecated) deployed on your current system, back up the lccs_data directory. This directory can reside either locally or on a shared network drive.
- **LiveCycle fonts**: Back up all Adobe font directories that are specified in Configuration Manager (in Administartion Console, go to Settings > Core System > Configurations). Ensure that you back up the entire directory.
- **Customer installed fonts**: If you installed additional fonts on your LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 environment, back them up separately.
- **Watched folders**: Backup the watched folders.

3.4 Before you start

3.4.1 General considerations
Before you install, read through the following information to ensure that your installation runs smoothly:

- To reduce the time of installation, install LiveCycle either by using a local copy of the installation files or directly from the DVD. The installation could fail when LiveCycle is installed from a network.
• Ensure that the installation media that you received is not damaged. If you copy the installer media to the hard disk of your computer, ensure that you copy the entire DVD contents on to the hard disk.

• If you downloaded the installer file set, verify its integrity using an MD5 check sum utility. Use this utility to check the MD5 check sum values with the value displayed on the Adobe download website. You can use a tool such as WinMD5.

• To avoid installation errors, do not copy the DVD install image to a directory path which exceeds the maximum path length limitation. Typically, long network paths cause this error. See http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa365247.aspx for more information.

• Download any patch updates for LiveCycle available from Adobe Enterprise Support.

• You may choose to disable any on-access virus scanning software for the duration of the installation, to improve the speed of installation on Windows.

• The turnkey installation creates the following Windows services, which, by default, are set to run automatically on startup:
  • JBoss for Adobe LiveCycle ES3
  • MySQL for Adobe LiveCycle ES3 (not applicable if you selected the Partial turnkey option)

  These services manage the application server and the database for the turnkey upgrade.

  You can start, stop, and pause these services by using the Windows Services Control Manager. To open the Windows Services Control Manager, go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services. Using this tool, you can also configure the services to start when the computer starts or to require manual startup.

• By default, the turnkey installation places LiveCycle components in the C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\ directory.

  Important: If you choose another directory, do not use the name test as your directory name (for example, C:\test) or the MySQL install process will fail.

• By default, JBoss is installed to and runs from the [JBoss root] directory.

### 3.4.2 Configuring Windows installation

On 64-bit Windows Server 2008 R1, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Vista or Windows 7 operating systems, modify the Admin Approval Mode security option as follows:

3. Locate User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode and set it to Elevate without prompting.
4. Restart your computer.

#### 3.4.2.1 Disable the Windows UAC on Vista and Windows Server 2008 R1

1. To access the System Configuration Utility, go to Start > Run and then enter MSCONFIG.
2. Click the Tools tab and scroll down and select Disable UAC.
3. Click Launch to run the command in a new window.
4. When finished, close the command window and close the System Configuration window.
5 Restart your computer.

To enable the UAC again, repeat the steps above and select Enable UAC before clicking Launch.

**3.4.2.2 Disable the Windows UAC on Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2**

1 To access the System Configuration Utility, go to **Start > Run** and then enter **MSCONFIG**.

2 Click the **Tools** tab and scroll down and select **Change UAC Settings**.

3 Click **Launch** to run the command in a new window.

4 Adjust the slider to the **Never notify** level.

5 When finished, close the command window and close the System Configuration window.

6 Restart your computer.

To enable the UAC again, repeat the steps above and adjust the slider to a desired level before restarting your computer.

**Important:** The Windows User Account Control (UAC) must remain disabled for PDF Generator to work properly. You can run the installation and configuration process by turning on the UAC with the Elevate without prompting option enabled. However, disable UAC to run PDF Generator.

**3.4.3 Reader Extensions credential**

If you are installing Reader Extensions, ensure that you have a valid credential and password. If you do not have this information, contact your Adobe account representative. You can choose to skip importing the Reader Extensions credential when configuring and deploying LiveCycle and install it later using the Trust Store component in Administration Console.

**3.4.4 Preconfigurations for PDF Generator**

With native application file support, PDF Generator can convert files from native formats such as Microsoft Word to Adobe PDFs. Before you install PDF Generator, complete the tasks listed below.

**Note:** PDF Generator must be installed on the server for Adobe LiveCycle Content Services (deprecated) to index Microsoft Office 2007 and 2010 documents (DOCX, XLSX, and PPTX files).

**3.4.4.1 Installing software for native file conversions**

Before you install PDF Generator, install the software that supports the native file types for which, PDF conversion support is required. Also, manually activate licenses for the software using the same user account used to run the application server.

Refer and conform to the individual licensing agreement for each native application used for conversions with LiveCycle.

PDF Generator can be extended to convert these additional file types to PDF files by using the following applications:

- Microsoft Office 2007, 2010 (DOC, XLS, PPT, RTF, TXT, Microsoft Office open XML Formats)
- Microsoft Office Visio 2007, 2010 (VSD)
- Microsoft Publisher 2007, 2010 (PUB)
- Microsoft Project 2007, 2010 (MPP)
- AutoCAD 2008 and 2009 (DWG, DWF)
- Corel WordPerfect 12, X4 (WPD)
UPGRADING TO ADOBE LIVECYCLE ES3 FOR JBOSS TURNKEY

System Prerequisites

- Adobe® Photoshop® CS2
- Adobe® FrameMaker® 7.2, 8.0 (FM)
- Adobe® PageMaker® 7.0 (PMD, PM6, P65, PM)
- OpenOffice 3.3 (ODT, ODP, ODS, ODG, ODF, SXW, SXI, SXC, SXD, SXM)

**Note:** LiveCycle supports only 32-bit editions of all the above mentioned software.

**Note:** Install OpenOffice 3.3 on the server to convert the documents created in version 3.3. On Linux platform, OpenOffice must be installed under /root user. If OpenOffice is installed for specific users, PDFG might not be able to convert OpenOffice documents.

You do not need to install a native software application to convert the following native file formats:

- Web files (HTML)
- Print files (PS, PRN, EPS)
- Image files (JPEG, GIF, BMP, TIFF, PNG)

3.4.4.2 Installing Adobe Acrobat for PDF Generator

Install Adobe® Acrobat® X Pro before running the LiveCycle installer. Ensure that you launch Acrobat at least once after installing it to avoid PDF Generator configuration issues. Dismiss all modal dialog boxes that appear on launching Acrobat.

The LiveCycle installer sets the `Acrobat_PATH` (case sensitive) environment variable automatically. You can also choose to set it manually, see “5.17.1 Setting environment variables” on page 31. Restart your application server after setting the environment variable.

To use AES 256 encryption in LiveCycle Encryption service to encrypt a PDF document, you must obtain and install the Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) Unlimited Strength Jurisdiction Policy files. For Oracle JDK installed with turnkey installation, download JCE files from Java SE Downloads. After downloading the policy file, replace the existing local_policy.jar and US_export_policy.jar files under `[Adobe_JAVA_HOME]/jre/lib/security` folder with the downloaded JAR files.

3.4.4.3 Enabling multi-threaded file conversions and multiuser support for PDF Generator

By default, PDF Generator can convert only one OpenOffice, Microsoft Word, or PowerPoint document at a time. If you enable multi-threaded conversions, PDF Generator can convert more than one of the documents concurrently by launching multiple instances of OpenOffice or PDFMaker.

**Note:** Microsoft Excel (2007 and 2010 versions) is not supported. To enable multi-threaded file conversions, upgrade to Microsoft Word 2007 or 2010 and PowerPoint 2007 or 2010.

**Note:** Microsoft Excel and Microsoft Visio files are not converted simultaneously. During conversion, EXCEL.exe and VISIO.exe are watched in the task manager. The Visio file is processed only after processing on the Excel file is complete.

Each instance of OpenOffice or PDFMaker is launched using a separate user account. Each user account that you add must be a valid user with administrative privileges on the LiveCycle server computer. On 64-bit Windows, disable Windows UAC. For more information, see “3.4.2 Configuring Windows installation” on page 7.

When adding users for OpenOffice, Microsoft Word, or Microsoft PowerPoint dismiss the initial activation dialogs for all users. After your LiveCycle server is configured, add LiveCycle user accounts in Administration Console. See the “5.17.7 User accounts for multi-threaded file conversions” on page 33.

To enable multiuser support for native files and OpenOffice files on a Windows environment, add a minimum of three users with the following permissions.
When you add users for PDF Generator native conversions, grant the user Logon as Service right. For more information, see “3.4.4.4 Granting the Logon as Service right” on page 10

### 3.4.4.4 Granting the Logon as Service right

If you are installing PDF Generator on any Windows operating system, grant the Logon as Service right to the user that installs LiveCycle.


2. Double-click Log on as a service and click Add User or Group.

3. Type the user name for the Microsoft Administrator and click OK.
Chapter 4: Upgrading to, Configuring, and Deploying LiveCycle ES3

4.1 Installing LiveCycle

The default target installation directory for LiveCycle is C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3. After you install LiveCycle, you will run Configuration Manager to perform the upgrade to LiveCycle ES3.

4.1.1 Installing LiveCycle

1. Do one of the following:
   - From the download site, download and extract the entire JBoss_DVD.zip file (the LiveCycle Electronic Software Distribution or ESD file) to your file system. Be sure to keep the directory hierarchy unchanged from the JBoss_DVD.zip file.
   - After extracting the ZIP file, launch the installer using one of the following methods:
     - (for 32-bit systems) double-click the install.exe file from the \server\Disk1\InstData\Windows\VM folder
     - (for 64-bit systems) double-click the install.exe file from the \server\Disk1\InstData\Windows_64\VM folder
   - From the JBoss DVD, navigate to the \server folder. Launch the installer using one of the following methods:
     - (for 32-bit systems) double-click the install.exe file from the \server\Disk1\InstData\Windows\VM folder
     - (for 64-bit systems) double-click the install.exe file from the \server\Disk1\InstData\Windows_64\VM folder

   Note: 32-bit version is for development and evaluation purposes only.

2. When prompted, select the language for installation, and then click OK.


4. On the Preparation for Upgrade screen, appears only if you have a previous version of LiveCycle installed on the target machine, perform one of the following operations:
   - Select Prepare to upgrade existing installation to Adobe LiveCycle ES3, to upgrade to LiveCycle ES3. If the path displayed does not point to the location of the LiveCycle installation you would like to upgrade, click Browse to specify the path of the LiveCycle instance you would like to upgrade.
   - Select Install Adobe LiveCycle ES3, to install a fresh instance of LiveCycle.

5. On the Choose Install Folder screen, accept the default directory as listed or click Choose and navigate to the directory where you want to install LiveCycle, and then click Next. This directory is referred to as [LiveCycle root]. The default path for installation is C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3.

   Use Restore Default Folder button, to replace user added path to default installation path.

   Note: It is recommended that the installation directory path should not exceed 40 characters. And it must not contain international or special characters.

6. On the Partial Turnkey Installation Options screen, You can include a preconfigured MySQL database server or select your own external database server to use with LiveCycle.
Note: This screen appears only if you are performing an upgrade of LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 partial turnkey installation.

7 On the Choose Installation Type screen, select the installation type and click Next:

- Select Turnkey under Typical as the installation type for a typical turnkey installation. Turnkey option installs LiveCycle, JBoss application server (JBoss 5.1 or JBoss 4.2.1), MySQL 5.1.30 database, and JDK 1.6.0_26.
- Select Partial Turnkey under Custom if you want to use a database other than the preconfigured MySQL database. LiveCycle, JBoss application server, and JDK 1.6.0_26 are installed by default.
- Select Manual if you do not want a turnkey installation but instead want a custom install. This option is selected by default if you already have a JBoss application server and MySQL database installed on your system with their Windows service names identical to those created by the LiveCycle installer.

Note: This screen appears only if you have either chosen the Install Adobe LiveCycle ES3 on the Preparation for Upgrade screen, or are installing LiveCycle on a computer that does not have a previous version of LiveCycle installed on it.

Note: For Manual installations, see the Upgrading to LiveCycleES3 for JBoss and Preparing to Upgrade LiveCycle ES3 guides before continuing.

8 On the JBoss Version Selection screen, choose one of the JBoss versions to use with LiveCycle:

- **JBoss 5.1 (recommended)**: Choose this option to upgrade to JBoss 5.1.
- **JBoss 4.2.1**: Choose this option to avoid re-factoring/re-writing your custom applications for JBoss 5.1. However, note that future upgrades of JBoss 4.2.1 will not be supported.

9 (For MySQL provided with the installer only) On MySQL Database selection screen, set the MySQL root administrator password and, optionally, type your MySQL port number. This screen appears only if you are performing a turnkey installation, or in a partial turnkey installation when you have selected the Include the Turnkey MySQL option.

Note: If you select Use my database on Partial turnkey installation options screen this screen does not appear.

Note: MySQL does not allow special characters or spaces in the user name or password. Ensure that you record this password for future reference.

- To verify that the port number is available for use, click Test. If the port is available, the installer displays a green check mark. If the port is in use, the installer displays a red X.
- If the port is in use, type a new port number and repeat the process until you find a port that is available. Clicking Reset populates the port box with the default port number 3306.

Note: If you are upgrading on the same server machine that has your previous installation of LiveCycle, specify a different port than the one that your existing LiveCycle instance uses for MySQL.

10 Read the JBoss Application Server License Agreement and, if you agree, select I accept and then click Next.

11 (For MySQL provided with the installer only) Read the MySQL License Agreement and, if you agree, select I accept, and then click Next. This screen will appear only when Turnkey or Include the Turnkey MySQL option is selected in case of Partial Turnkey.

12 Read the Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Server license agreement and, if you agree, select I accept, and then click Next.

13 Review the pre-installation summary, and then click Install. The installation program displays the progress of the installation. This process may take several minutes to complete.

14 Review the Release Notes and click Next.
15 On the Install Complete screen, choose one of these options:

- If you are upgrading Connectors for ECM, deselect Start Configuration Manager, click Done, and go to “4.2 Preparing Connectors for ECM for upgrade” on page 13.

- If no service pack updates are required, ensure that Start Configuration Manager is selected, and then click Done.

- If service pack updates are required, deselect the Start Configuration Manager option and click Done to exit the installer.

  Note: If you deselect Start Configuration Manager and exit the installer, you can run Configuration Manager later by using the ConfigurationManager.bat file located in [LiveCycle root]\configurationManager\bin.

4.2 Preparing Connectors for ECM for upgrade

If you are upgrading the Connector for EMC Documentum, Connector for IBM FileNet, or Connector for IBM Content Manager, from LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2, you must configure an application server system after you install LiveCycle and before you start Configuration Manager to complete the upgrade process.

Note: If you are not upgrading on a new computer, skip to step 2.

1 (For out-of-place upgrade to a new computer only) Install the client for your ECM repository on the new computer that hosts the new application server.

2 Perform all settings related to Connectors for ECM (except for Administration Console settings) on the new application server prior to beginning the upgrade. See the “Configuring the Connector for ...” section of the Post-Deployment Activities chapter in this guide.

3 Navigate to the \[JBoss root\]/bin directory on your existing LiveCycle server and copy the adobe-component-ext.properties file to the corresponding directory on the target server.

4 Restart the application server.

You can now continue to run Configuration Manager to upgrade to LiveCycle ES3.

Important: For Connector for EMC Documentum or Connector for IBM FileNet, the default repository must be set to LiveCycle Native Repository Provider or the upgrade deployment will fail. If you have configured the ECM repository provider as the default repository for either of these connectors, open the Administration Console and navigate to Services > LiveCycle ES Update1 or LiveCycle ES2 [connector type] > Configuration Settings. Select the LiveCycle ES Update1 Repository Provider or LiveCycle ES2 Repository Provider option and then click Save.

4.3 Install service packs

Before you complete the configuration using Configuration Manager, apply the latest service packs for LiveCycle. These updates are available from Adobe Enterprise Support.

4.4 Configuring LiveCycle ES3

Now that LiveCycle ES3 is installed, you are ready to begin the upgrade configurations. The Configuration Manager wizard performs the tasks required for upgrading.
4.4.1 Configuring LiveCycle

Note: If you plan to install Correspondence Management Solution, ensure that you have run the Correspondence Management Solution installer before running the Configuration Manager. For more information, see Installing Correspondence Management Solution.

Note: Press F1 in Configuration Manager to view Help information for the screen you are viewing. You can view the configuration progress at any time by clicking View Progress Log.

1. If you are continuing from the LiveCycle installation, proceed to step 3; otherwise, navigate to the \[LiveCycle root\]/configurationManager/bin folder and run ConfigurationManager.bat.

2. When prompted, select the language to use, and then click OK.

3. If you are prompted to choose to use existing Configuration Data, click OK.

4. On the Welcome to Adobe LiveCycle ES3 screen, click Next.

5. On the Upgrade Task Selection screen, select the appropriate option for your existing version of LiveCycle, and then click Next.

6. (Reusing Adobe LiveCycle ES2 pre-configured JBoss with LiveCycle ES3 only) While on the Copy Crypto JARs screen, manually copy the jsafeCEFIPS.jar, jsafeFIPS.jar and certjFIPS.jar from JBoss_DVD/third_party/jboss-4.2.1_jars/crypto to [LiveCycle ES2 or LiveCycle ES2.5 JBoss 4.2.1 Home]/server/<server_profile>/lib.

   Note: Above step applicable only if you are leveraging LiveCycle ES2 or LiveCycle ES2.5’s, Adobe pre-configured JBoss with JBoss 4.2.1, for upgrade to LiveCycle ES3.

7. On the Correspondence Management Solution Selection screen, Correspondence Management Solution 10.0.2 option is selected by default. With this option selected, you will be presented with the configuration screens to configure Correspondence Management Solution.

   Click Next to continue

   Note: This screen appears only when Correspondence Management Solution is installed.

4.4.2 Selecting modules

❖ On the Modules screen, ensure that the Adobe LiveCycle modules that you want to upgrade are selected. By default, all the modules that you select will be licensed with an Evaluation License. Click Next.

   Important: Ensure that all modules configured in your previous LiveCycle instance are selected. You may choose to deploy additional modules.

4.4.3 Selecting Tasks

❖ On the Task Selection screen, ensure that all the required tasks are selected, and then click Next.

   Note: The Configure Application Server and Validate Application Server Configuration tasks are not available for selection for JBoss turnkey. The JBoss turnkey method does not support these tasks because the application server is already configured for LiveCycle.

4.4.4 Reviewing the requirements

❖ On the Pre-upgrade Steps and Pre-upgrade Steps (Contd...) screens, review the requirements and perform all tasks relevant to your environment and then click Next.
4.4.5 Stopping JBoss
❖ On the Stop LiveCycle screen, click the button to stop LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 JBoss service, and then click Next.

4.4.6 Migrating Global Document Storage directory
❖ On the Migrate Global Document Storage (GDS) directory and other LiveCycle content screen, click Migrate Contents to copy the existing LiveCycle content to the new LiveCycle ES3 location. When complete, click Next.

Note: If the GDS location was changed in LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2, then migrate the contents of the GDS manually.

4.4.7 Migrating Custom Data Sources
❖ On the Migrate Custom Data Sources screen, if you had created custom datasources after installing your previous instance of LiveCycle, select the Import datasources option, click Start to import them. When complete, click Next.

If you do not have custom data sources, leave the option deselected and click Next.

4.4.8 Configuring LiveCycle EAR, Fonts, and GDS
1 On the Configure LiveCycle ES3 (1 of 5) screen, click Configure and, when the EAR files have been configured, click Next. Depending on the number of modules that are included in the configuration, this process may take several minutes to complete.

2 On the Configure LiveCycle ES3 (2 of 5) screen, set the directories that LiveCycle will use to access fonts and then click Next.

Click Edit configuration to change any values on this screen. This button is not available when the Configuration Manager is run for the first time, but is available on the second and subsequent runs of the Configuration Manager.

• (Optional) To change the default location of the Adobe server fonts directory, type the path or browse to the directory. The default path is [LiveCycle root]/fonts

• To change the default location of the Customer fonts directory, click Browse or specify a new location for your customer fonts.

Note: Your right to use fonts provided by parties other than Adobe is governed by the license agreements provided to you by such parties with those fonts, and is not covered under your license to use Adobe software. Adobe recommends that you review and ensure that you are in compliance with all applicable non-Adobe license agreements before using non-Adobe fonts with Adobe software, particularly with respect to use of fonts in a server environment.

• (Optional) To change the default location of the System fonts directory, type the path or browse to the directory.

• (Optional) To enable FIPS, ensure that Enable FIPS is selected. Select this option only if you require the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) to be enforced.

3 On the Configure LiveCycle ES3 (3 of 5) screen, accept the default location for the Location of temporary directory, or enter the path or click Browse to specify the path. Click Next to continue.
4 On the Configure LiveCycle (4 of 5) screen, accept the default location for the **Global document storage directory path**, or click **Browse** to specify the fully qualified path. If LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 did not use the default GDS directory, for a successful upgrade you must specify a directory for LiveCycle ES3, and copy the contents of the previous GDS directory to this new location.

**Note**: If you migrated GDS contents to the LiveCycle ES3 installation in the step “4.4.6 Migrating Global Document Storage directory” on page 15, do not modify the prepopulated value of **Global document storage directory path**.

5 On the Configure Persistent Document Storage (5 of 5) screen, select either **Use GDS** or **Use database**, and then click **Configure**.

- **Use GDS**: Use the file system based GDS for all persistent document storage. This option provides the best performance and a single location for GDS.
- **Use database**: Use the LiveCycle database for storing persistent documents and long-lived artifacts. However, the file-system based GDS is also required. Using the database simplifies backup and restore procedures.

Click **Next**.

### 4.4.9 Configuring Content Services

1 On the Content Services Configuration screen, specify location to store contents. The default path is `[LiveCycle root]\lccs_data`.

**Note**: This location must be the content storage root directory from your previous installation of LiveCycle. If you want to specify a new location then you must copy the contents from content storage root directory configured in your previous LiveCycle installation to this new location before proceeding further.

You may choose **Configure File Servers (CIFS and FTP)** to configure file servers, and **Advanced Settings** to configure settings, such as inbound e-mail server and disk usage. Click **Next**.

2 On the Content Services File Server Configuration screen, set the parameters that CIFS and FTP Server requires.

This screen appears only if you select **Configure File Servers** option on Content Services Configuration screen.

- **FTP Server Port**: To enter the port number, ensure that the Enable FTP Server option is selected. The Port number that FTP server uses for communication. Default port number is 8021.
- **CIFS Server Name**: To enter the CIFS server name, ensure that the Enable CIFS option is selected. The Content Services repository will be accessible by the server name mentioned in CIFS Server Name box. For example, cifs-servername.
- **Choose the CIFS Server Implementation**: Choose Java (Socket Based) or Windows Native (DLL Based).

If your CIFS Implementation type is Java (Socket Based), then enter the following details:

- **Alternate IP Address**: IP Address of the CIFS server.
- **Primary WINS Server IP Address**: The Windows Internet Name Service (WINS) server to dynamically map the IP address to the computer names. It is used to resolve the local domain. It is the IP address of the Primary WINS server. Its value can be found using the ipconfig/all command.
- **Secondary WINS Server IP Address**: The IP address of the secondary WINS server. Its value can be found using ipconfig/all command.
- **Broadcast IP Address**: The broadcast IP address which is used to resolve the local domain.

If your CIFS Implementation type is Windows Native (DLL Based):

- **System Path to copy CIFS dlls**: Provide a location to where Configuration Manager can copy CIFS dll files.

Click **Next**.
3. On the Content Services Advanced Settings Configuration screen, select required options. You can limit disk usage quota and provide settings for inbound email server on this screen. This screen appears only if you select Advanced Settings in Content Services Configuration screen.

- **Propagate Content Services events to LiveCycle**: Select if Content Services events like create, delete, update, check in and check-out events must be propagated to LiveCycle processes.
- **Enable Auditing in Content Services**: When selected, application or user interactions with Content Services repository can be recorded.
- **Enable Disk Usage Quota**: Specify, in megabytes, the disk space quota for a user in Content Services. If a user attempts to add more data than the quota specified, an error message is displayed.
- **Inbound email server settings**: Settings of the internal email server to which messages are directed. Further settings:
  - **Mail Server Domain**: The domain of the inbound email server.
  - **Mail Server Port**: The port that the email server listens to, for incoming connections. The defaults port number is 25.
  - **Allowed Email Senders**: The domains of allowed email senders.
  - **Blocked Email Senders**: The domains of blocked email senders.
  - **Unknown User**

Click Next.

4. On the Content Services Module Configuration screen, select the AMPs to package in Content Services. You can package custom AMPs in Content Services by selecting **Do you want to package your own AMPs in Content Services?** Click Configure to configure Content Services module. When complete, click Next.

**Important**: If you chose to package custom AMPs in your previous version of LiveCycle, then you must specify the AMPs again to re-package them in LiveCycle EAR.

### 4.4.10 Configuring Acrobat for PDF Generator

1. (PDF Generator only) On the Configure Acrobat For LiveCycle PDF Generator screen, click Configure to run the configuration script. When complete, click Next.

2. On the Configure LiveCycle Summary screen, click Next.

### 4.4.11 Configuring the LiveCycle Database

**Important**: Ensure that the old and current versions of MySQL are running before you perform these steps.

**Important**: If you have chosen the **Install Adobe LiveCycle ES3** option on the Preparation for Upgrade screen, or are installing LiveCycle ES3 on a computer that never had LiveCycle ES Update1 or LiveCycle ES2 installed on it, you must manually import your old LiveCycle database into LiveCycle ES3 database.

1. On the LiveCycle Database screen, specify information about the database you are going to use with LiveCycle, and then click **Verify Connection** to test the connection. Click Next.

2. On the Previous LiveCycle Database screen, specify information about the LiveCycle database that you are upgrading from, and then click **Verify Connection** to test the connection. Click Next.

**Note**: This screen appears only if you have chosen the **Prepare to upgrade existing installation to Adobe LiveCycle ES3** option on the Preparation for Upgrade screen.
3. On the Upgrade MySQL Relational Database screen, click Upgrade MySQL to migrate the old LiveCycle data to the new MySQL database.

   Note: This screen appears only if you have chosen the Prepare to upgrade existing installation to Adobe LiveCycle ES3 option on the Preparation for Upgrade screen.

4.4.12 Configuring turnkey JBoss SSL
   ❖ On the Configure Turnkey JBoss SSL screen, add the information to configure the SSL certificate and click Configure JBoss SSL, when complete click Next.

   You can skip this step by selecting the Skip Configuration and configure it later in LiveCycle Configuration Manager.

   • Certificate Alias: The alternate unique name that is used to reference the certificate (for example, LiveCycleCert).
   • Keystore filename: The name of the keystore that is assigned to store the keys and the certificate (for example, lces).

4.4.13 Installing verification samples
   ❖ (Forms, Output, and Assembler only) On the LiveCycle ES3 Installation Verification Sample (IVS) EAR files screen, you can install three service-specific sample applications. Select Include IVS EARs in deployment set and click Next to install these sample files.

   adobe-output-ivs-jboss.ear and adobe-forms-ivs-jboss.ear appears only if you selected respective modules in Modules screen.

   Note: Do not deploy the IVS EAR files to a production environment.

4.4.14 Deploying LiveCycle EARs
   ❖ On the Deploy LiveCycle ES3 EAR files screen, select the EAR files you want to deploy to JBoss, click Deploy and when complete, click Next.

   Note: During EAR files Deployment to LiveCycle, certain errors may be displayed regarding EARs being unable to locate the correct table. You may ignore these errors.

4.4.15 LiveCycle Database Initialization
   ❖ On the LiveCycle ES3 Database Initialization screen, verify the host and port information, and then click Initialize.

   The database initialization task creates tables in the database, adds default data to the tables, and creates basic roles in the database. When the initialization completes successfully, and then click Next.

   Do not skip this step. Database initialization does not harm legacy data.

4.4.16 LiveCycle Server Information
   ❖ On the LiveCycle Server Information screen, type the administrator user ID and password from your previous version of LiveCycle, and click Verify Server Connection. When the validation is complete, click Next.
The server information that appears on this screen represents default values for the deployment. Verifying the server connection helps narrow troubleshooting in case failures occur in the deployment or validation. If the connection test passes but deployment or validation fails in the next few steps, connectivity issues can be eliminated from the troubleshooting process.

4.4.17 JNDI Information
❖ On the LiveCycle ES3 JNDI Information screen, specify the JNDI server host name and port number and click Verify Connection. When verified, click Next.

4.4.18 Performing Critical Tasks before Component Deployment
❖ On the Perform critical tasks before component deployment screen, click Start to perform the tasks required before components are deployed. When complete, click Next.

4.4.19 Session ID Migration Errors
❖ View and fix the errors that were encountered while migrating session IDs from your old instance of LiveCycle, and then click Next. It is important to fix these errors else you may encounter some failed workflow invocations post-upgrade.

4.4.20 Central Migration Bridge Service Deployment Configuration
❖ On Central Migration Bridge Service Deployment Configuration screen, select Include Central Migration bridge service in deployment if you are licensed to configure LiveCycle with Central Pro or Web Output Pak, and then click Next.

4.4.21 LiveCycle Components Deployment
1 On the LiveCycle ES3 Component Deployment screen, click Deploy. The components deployed at this time are Java archive files that plug into the LiveCycle service container for purposes of deploying, orchestrating, and executing services. When the deployment has completed successfully, click Next.

2 On the LiveCycle ES3 Component Deployment Validation screen, click Validate. Configuration Manager validates that the Java archive files are deployed to and running on the LiveCycle server. When the validation is completed successfully, click Next.

4.4.22 Migrating ECM Form Templates
Note: If you are upgrading to LiveCycle ES3 from LiveCycle ES2, which was upgraded from LiveCycle ES or LiveCycle ES Update 1 and you have not performed following steps during the previous upgrade then you must perform them now. You can choose to skip these steps if you migrated ECM form templates during the previous upgrade.

1 On the Migrate ECM form templates screen, choose one of the following options:
   • Select the Skip Form Template Import option to skip importing your existing form templates, and then click Next.
   • Deselect the Skip Form Templates Import option, click Start to import all of your existing form templates, and then click Next.

2 (If you deselected Skip Form Templates Import option only) On the Migrate ECM form templates (Contd.) screen, select or deselect the previous LiveCycle form templates to migrate, and add or remove the paths to any directories that contain existing custom form templates. When complete, click Next.

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4.4.23 Configuring LiveCycle Components

❖ On the Configure LiveCycle ES3 Components screen, select the LiveCycle modules to configure, and then click Next. The screens that appear next depend on your selections on this screen.

Note: If you are upgrading any Connectors for ECM module, do not select them on this screen. Only include them if you are licensing them for the first time in LiveCycle and proceed with the following steps as appropriate.

4.4.23.1 Configuring Connector for EMC Documentum

❖ On the Specify Client for EMC Documentum screen, do one of the following tasks:
  • Deselect the Configure Connector for EMC Documentum Content Server option to manually configure EMC Documentum later, and then click Next.
  • Leave the option selected, enter the appropriate version and directory path, and then click Verify. When complete, click Next and complete the tasks on the following screens:
    • On the Specify EMC Documentum Content Server Settings screen, enter the required values and then click Next.
    • On the Configure Connector for EMC Documentum screen, click Configure Documentum Connector. When complete, click Next.

4.4.23.2 Configuring Connector for IBM Content Manager

❖ On the Specify Client for IBM Content Manager screen, do one of the following tasks:
  • Deselect the Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager option to manually configure IBM Content Manager later, and then click Next.
  • Leave the option selected, enter the appropriate directory path, and then click Verify. When complete, click Next and complete the tasks on the following screens:
    • On the Specify IBM Content Manager Server Settings screen, enter the required values and then click Next.
    • On the Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager screen, click Configure IBM Content Manager Connector. When complete, click Next.

4.4.23.3 Configuring Connector for IBM FileNet

❖ On the Specify Client for IBM FileNet screen, do one of the following tasks:
  • Deselect the Configure Connector for IBM FileNet Content Manager option to manually configure IBM FileNet later, and then click Next.
  • Leave the option selected, enter the appropriate version and directory path, and then click Verify. When complete, click Next and complete the following screens:
    • On the Specify IBM FileNet Content Server Settings screen, enter the required values and then click Next.
    • On the Configure Connector for IBM FileNet Process Engine screen, enter the appropriate version (if enabled) and directory path, and then click Verify. When complete, click Next.
    • On the Specify IBM FileNet Process Engine Server Settings screen, enter the required values and then click Next.
    • On the Configure Connector for IBM FileNet screen, click Configure FileNet Connector. When complete, click Next.
4.4.23.4 Configuring Connector for Microsoft SharePoint
❖ On the Configure Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Connector for Microsoft SharePoint screen, do one of the following tasks:
  • Deselect the **Configure Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Connector for Microsoft SharePoint** option to manually configure Microsoft Sharepoint later, and then click **Next**.
  • Leave the **Configure Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Connector for Microsoft SharePoint** option selected. Enter the required values, and then click Configure SharePoint Connector. When complete, click **Next**.

4.4.23.5 Verifying Configuration for ECM Connectors
❖ On the Verify Configurations screen, do one of the following tasks:
  • If you are configuring the connectors for the first time or have modified any of the configurations on the previous screens, leave the **Restart Application Server** option selected and click **Validate Configuration**. When successfully validated, click **Next**.
  • If you wish to configure connectors later, deselect the **Restart Application Server** option and click **Validate Configurations**. When successfully validated, click **Next**.

4.4.23.6 Manually Configuring Connectors
*Note:* This screen appears only when you select to configure ECM Connectors on the Configure LiveCycle Component screen but then skip configuring the ECM Connectors on the conenctor screens.

**Configuring LiveCycle Connectors**
1. Create a file called adobe-component-ext.properties and place it in the application server’s working directory.
2. Add an attribute that associates the ECM Java libraries with the ECM component. The format of the attribute is: `com.adobe.livecycle.Connectorfor[ECM].ext=[Comma delimited list of Jar Files, Resource files and/or Directories]`
3. Start the application server.
4. When you finish running Configuration Manager and LiveCycle is deployed and running, specify the location of the EMC Documentum Content Server, IBM Content Manager DataStore, IBM FileNet Content Engine IP/Port and user credentials for connectors in the Administration Console.

4.4.23.7 Configuring PDF Generator
1. In the **Administrator user credentials for native PDF conversions** screen box, enter the user name and password of a user with administrative privileges on the server machine. Click **Add user**.
   Add at least one administrative user for Windows 2008 Server and Click **Next**.
   *Note:* On Windows 2008 Server, disable User Account Control (UAC) for the users you add. To disable UAC, click **Control Panel > User Accounts > Turn User Account Control on or off** and deselect **Use User Account Control (UAC) to help protect your computer.** Click **OK**. Your changes become effective when the system is restarted.
   *Important:* Ensure that you disable UAC for the users you add. See "3.4.2 Configuring Windows installation" on page 7 for more information.
2. In the LiveCycle PDF Generator System Readiness Test screen, click **Start** to validate if the system has been configured correctly for PDF Generator. Review the System Readiness Tool Report and click **Next**.

4.4.23.8 Configuring Reader Extensions Credential
1. On the Default Reader Extensions Credential screen, verify that the alias for the default Reader Extensions credential is correct and then click **Next**.
Note: This screen comes only when you are upgrading from LiveCycle ES Update 1 to LiveCycle ES3. If no credential was configured with your previous installation of LiveCycle ES Update 1, then the following screen appears instead.

2 On the Reader Extensions Credential Configuration screen, specify the details that are associated with the Reader Extensions credential that activates the module services.

Note: You can skip this step at this time by selecting Configure later using LiveCycle ES3 Administration Console. You can configure the Reader Extensions credential by using Administration Console after you complete the deployment. (After logging in to Administration Console, click Home > Settings > Trust Store Management > Local Credentials.)

Click Configure and then click Next.

3 On Correspondence Management Solution Deployment screen, specify the Admin user ID and password, and click Configure to package modified web applications and copy them to the LiveCycle EAR.

When the configuration is complete, click Next.

4.4.24 Importing samples
❖ On the LiveCycle ES3 Samples Import screen, perform one of these actions:
- Click Import to import the LiveCycle Samples, and then click Next.
- To skip this step, select Skip LiveCycle Samples Import, and click Next. You can import the samples later by restarting Configuration Manager and choosing to import the samples.

Important: Do not import the LiveCycle Samples if either of these options apply to your implementation:
- If you are deploying LiveCycle to a production system. Importing the samples creates users with default passwords, which may be a security concern for your production environment.
- If you are deploying the services for Connector for EMC Documentum or Connector for IBM FileNet, you can import the samples into the Documentum repository or FileNet object store after you configure, enable, and activate the ECM to be the repository provider by using Administration Console.

4.4.25 Restarting Server
❖ Restart the JBoss application server as specified on the Server Restart Required screen. This is necessary as some configurations are applied only after the server is restarted. Click Next.

4.5 Next steps

If you used Configuration Manager to configure and deploy LiveCycle, you can now complete the post-deployment tasks. (See “Post-Deployment Activities” on page 23.)
Chapter 5: Post-Deployment Activities

Perform the post-deployment tasks to get started using LiveCycle modules and services after they are installed, configured, and deployed to your application server.

As part of upgrade preparation, we stopped the scheduler service (of LiveCycle ES Update 1) or put the server in maintenance mode (of LiveCycle ES2) before starting the upgrade process. Hence, we must start the scheduler service or disable the maintenance mode of the upgraded LiveCycle Server before performing any other post-deployment tasks.

5.1 Check whether LiveCycle is running in maintenance mode

In a web browser, enter:

```
http://[hostname]:[port]/dsc/servlet/DSCStartupServlet?maintenanceMode=isPaused&user=[administrator username]&password=[password]
```

The status is displayed in the browser window. A status of "true" indicates that the server is running in maintenance mode, and "false" indicates that the server is not in maintenance mode.

Note: Returns "true" only if you had put the LiveCycle ES2 system in maintenance mode before upgrade.

5.2 Turn off maintenance mode

Note: Applicable only if you had put the LiveCycle ES2 system in maintenance mode before upgrade.

In a web browser, enter:

```
http://[hostname]:[port]/dsc/servlet/DSCStartupServlet?maintenanceMode=resume&user=[administrator username]&password=[password]
```

A "now running" message is displayed in the browser window.

See Running LiveCycle in maintenance mode section in LiveCycle Administration Help for more information about maintenance mode.

5.3 Restart Scheduler Service

Note: Applicable only if you had stopped the SchedulerService of LiveCycle ES Update 1 system before upgrade.

1. After the upgrade is complete, log in to Workbench and click Window > Show View > Components
2. Scroll to the SchedulerService, right click on it and select Start Component.
3. Log out of Workbench.
5.4 Change default password

LiveCycle creates one or more default users during the installation. The password for these users is in the product documentation and is publicly available. You must change this default password, depending on your security requirements.

The LiveCycle administrator user password is set to “password” by default. You must change it in Administration Console > Settings > User Management. See “5.10 Accessing Administration Console” on page 27 for instructions about logging in to Administration Console.

5.5 Restarting the JBoss services

After completing the LiveCycle installation, restart the JBoss service to ensure that it is in a clean running state. After an install, the JBoss service will be in a high-memory-use initialization state.

5.6 Disabling status pages for JBoss

Due to a possible information disclosure issue, remove access to the JBoss status page by following these steps for your version of the application server.

1 (JBoss 5.1 only) Locate [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/ROOT.war/WEB-INF, and open the web.xml file in an editor.

2 (JBoss 4.2.1 only) Locate [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/jbossweb.deployer/ROOT.war/WEB-INF, and open the web.xml file in an editor

2 Comment out the servlet and servlet-mapping tags as follows:

```
<!-- <servlet>
  <servlet-name>Status Servlet</servlet-name>
  <servlet-class>org.jboss.web.tomcat.service.StatusServlet</servlet-class>
</servlet>
<servlet-mapping>
  <servlet-name>Status Servlet</servlet-name>
  <url-pattern>/status</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping> -->
```

3 Save and close the file.

5.7 Setting the correct date, time, and time zone

Setting the correct date, time, and time zone on all servers connected to your LiveCycle environment will ensure that time-dependent modules, such as Adobe® LiveCycle® Digital Signatures 10 and Reader Extensions, will function correctly. For example, if a signature appears to have been created in the future, it will not validate.

Servers that require synchronization are database servers, LDAP servers, HTTP servers, and J2EE servers.

Last updated 7/12/2013
5.8 Manually enabling SSL for JBoss

During Turnkey installation, the JBoss application server is set up with Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) disabled by default. Enable SSL for JBoss if you want to use Adobe® LiveCycle® Rights Management 10 with Adobe Acrobat for securing documents. Enabling SSL requires a signed certificate issued by a trusted certificate authority (CA) like VeriSign. However, you can also generate and use a self-signed certificate to enable SSL.

The following broad tasks are involved in enabling SSL for JBoss on a Turnkey installation:

1. Create a keystore using the keytool utility that ships with the Java SDK.
2. Generate the certificate or use a certificate issued by a CA.
3. Copy the keystore and the certificate files to the JBoss root configuration folder—\[JBoss 
   root\]/server/lc_turnkey/conf.
4. Import the certificate into \[Adobe_JAVA_HOME\]/lib/security/cacerts.
5. Update the JBoss server.xml file to uncomment the SSL configuration settings and specify reference attributes for the certificate.
6. Restart the JBoss server to apply your changes.

5.8.1 Enable SSL for JBoss

You can configure SSL for JBoss using Configuration Manager. If you skipped this option, manually configure SSL using the instructions given below:

X.500 distinguished names are used as identifiers when you generate a keystore and a certificate. The keytool command that you use to generate a certificate supports the following subparts for the –dname option:

CN: The complete hostname of the machine for which you’re creating the certificate. For example, “machine.adobe.com”.
OU: The name of a small organizational unit, such as a department or a division. For example, “Purchase”.
O: The name of the organization. For example, “Adobe Systems”.
L: The name of a locality or city. For example, “San Jose”.
S: The name of a state or province. For example, “California”.
C: A two letter country code. For example, “US”.

5.8.1.1 Enable SSL for JBoss on a Turnkey installation

1. Navigate to [Adobe_JAVA_HOME]/bin and type the following command to create the keystore:

   keytool -genkey -dname "CN=Host Name,OU=Group Name,O=Company Name,L=City Name,S=State,C=Country Code" -alias "LC Cert" -keyalg rsa -keypass key_password -keystore keystorename

   Replace [Adobe_JAVA_HOME] with the name of the directory where the JDK is installed, and replace the text in bold with values that correspond to your environment. The Host Name is the fully qualified domain name of the application server.

2. Enter the keystore_password when prompted for a password.

   Note: The keystore_password entered at this step may be the same password (key_password) that you entered in step 1, or may be different.
3 Copy the keystorename.keystore file to the [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf directory by typing the following command:

    copy keystorename.keystore [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf

4 Export the certificate file by typing the following command:

    keytool -export -alias "LC Cert" -file LC_cert.cer -keystore [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf/keystorename.keystore

5 Enter the keystore_password when prompted for a password.

6 Copy the LC_cert.cer file to the [JBoss root]/conf directory by typing the following command:

    copy LC_cert.cer [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf

7 View the contents of the certificate by typing the following command:

    keytool -printcert -v -file [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf/LC_cert.cer

8 If necessary, provide write access to the cacerts file in [Adobe_JAVA_HOME]/lib/security. Right-click the cacerts file, select Properties, and then deselect the Read-only attribute.

9 Import the certificate by typing the following command:

    keytool -import -alias "LC Cert" -file LC_cert.cer -keystore [Adobe_JAVA_HOME]/jre/lib/security/cacerts

10 Type changeit as the password. changeit is the default password for a Java installation.

11 When prompted if you Trust this certificate? [no]:, type yes. The confirmation "Certificate was added to keystore" is displayed.

12 In a text editor, open the file

    (JBoss 5.1 only) [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/jbossweb.sar/server.xml.

    (JBoss 4.2.1 only) [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/jboss-web.deployer/server.xml.

13 Uncomment the following lines in the server.xml file:

    <!-- SSL/TLS Connector configuration using the admin devl guide keystore <Connector
        port="8443" address="${jboss.bind.address}" maxThreads="100" strategy="ms"
        maxHttpHeaderSize="8192" emptySessionPath="true" scheme="https" secure="true"
        clientAuth="false" keystoreFile="${jboss.server.home.dir}/conf/keystoreFile.keystore"
        keystorePass="keystorePass" sslProtocol = "TLS" />

    -->

14 For the keystoreFile attribute in server.xml, specify the path of the keystore file you created. Specify keystore_password for the keystorePass attribute in server.xml.

15 Save the server.xml file.

16 Restart the application server:
   * From the Windows Control Panel, click Administrative Tools, and then click Services.
   * Select JBoss for Adobe LiveCycle ES3.
   * Select Action > Stop.
   * Wait for the status of the service to appear as stopped.
   * Select Action > Start.
5.9 Upgrading to Workbench

Once you have completed your LiveCycle server upgrade and verified that it is working properly, install the new version of Workbench in order to continue creating and modifying your LiveCycle applications. See Installing Your Development Environment.

5.10 Accessing Administration Console

Administration Console is the web-based portal for accessing various configuration pages, where you set run-time properties that control the way LiveCycle operates. When you log in to Administration Console, you can access User Management, watched folder, and email client configuration, as well as administrative configuration options for other services. Administration Console also provides access to Applications and Services, which administrators use for managing archives and deploying services to a production environment.

The default user name and password for logging in to Administration Console is administrator and password. After you log in the first time, you can access User Management and change the password of the LiveCycle administrator account. (See “5.12 Accessing User Management” on page 29.)

Use the same administrator account and password configured on your LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 system. Before you access Administration Console, LiveCycle must be deployed and running on your application server.

For information about using the administration web pages, see Administration Console Help (available from the Help menu of the Administration Console home page).

1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   http://localhost:8080/adminui (local deployment using the default port)

2 Log in using the default user name and password:
   User name: administrator
   Password: password

3 Click Log in.

4 Click Services to access the services’ pages, and click Settings to access the Core System Settings, User Management, and Trust Store Management pages.

5.11 Accessing LiveCycle applications

After LiveCycle is deployed, you can access the web applications that are associated with the following modules:

- Reader Extensions
- Adobe® LiveCycle® Workspace 10
- Rights Management
- Content Services

For information about using Reader Extensions, Workspace, and Rights Management, see the Help that is available within each application.
Access the web applications using the default administrator permissions and create additional users and roles so that others can log in and use the applications. You can also access User Management Help, which is also available within Administration Console Help or the User Management page.

5.11.1 Reader Extensions
1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   http://localhost:8080/ReaderExtensions (local deployment using the default port)
2. Log in using the default user name and password:
   - **User name**: administrator
   - **Password**: password

   **Note**: You must have administrator or super user privileges to log in using the default user name and password. To allow other users to access Reader Extensions, you must create the user accounts in User Management and grant the users the Reader Extensions Web Application role.

5.11.2 Workspace
1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   http://localhost:8080/workspace (local deployment using the default port)
2. Log in using the default user name and password:
   - **User name**: administrator
   - **Password**: password

5.11.3 Rights Management
To log in to Rights Management, you must be assigned the Rights Management End User role.

All new and existing users, including the Super Administrator, are not granted the Rights Management End User role by default. You must create a user account with the Rights Management End User role in User Management, or grant the End User role to existing users. Then, log in to Rights Management by using the login information that is associated with the user you create.

1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   http://localhost:8080/edc/Login.do (local deployment using the default port)
2. Log in using the default user name and password:
   - **User name**: Administrator or any user who has the Rights Management End User role
   - **Password**: Password for the user account entered above

   **Note**: Restart the application server if you cannot log in as a user other than administrator.

For information about setting up users and roles and configuring SSL for Rights Management, see LiveCycle Administration Help.

When a user adds a principal user to a policy entry in Rights Management, no principal users are visible by default, because the My Policies policy set does not include a domain. To add visible users and groups, you can change the My Policies configuration in the Rights Management administration web application to add a domain. All the users in the added domains are visible and can be added to a user policy. (See LiveCycle Administration Help.)
5.11.4 Content Services

Note: Apply the Contentspace Administrator or Contentspace roles for a new user to log in to this web application. To enable users to log in, create the users in User Management and grant them the appropriate role.

1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   - http://localhost:8080/contentspace (local deployment using the default port)
2. Log in using the default user name and password:
   - **User name:** administrator
   - **Password:** password

5.12 Accessing User Management

User Management allows administrators to maintain a database of all users and groups. The database can be synchronized with one or more third-party user directories to include users and groups from those databases. User Management provides authentication, authorization, and user management for LiveCycle modules, including Adobe® LiveCycle® Process Management 10, Reader Extensions, Workspace, Rights Management, and Forms.

1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   - http://localhost:8080/adminui (local deployment using the default port)
2. Log in using the default user name and password:
   - **User name:** administrator
   - **Password:** password
3. Click **Settings** > **User Management**.

5.13 Encrypting the plaintext password

To learn how to encrypt the plaintext password in the data source configuration, go to: [http://wiki.jboss.org](http://wiki.jboss.org) and search for EncryptingDataSourcePasswords.

5.14 Managing the MySQL database

The turnkey installation and configuration supports the transaction-safe storage engine (InnoDB) in MySQL. This means that all LiveCycle must operate in the same storage engine and have consistent version support. (See [MySQL InnoDB Storage Engine](http://wiki.jboss.org).)

5.15 Configuring LiveCycle to access LDAP

If you did not previously configure Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP), you can use the following procedure as a guideline when configuring User Management to support authentication using LDAP.
Note: Skip these steps if you configured LDAP for previous LiveCycle products. LDAP configurations are migrated during the upgrade process.

1. Open a web browser, navigate to http://localhost:8080/adminui, and log in. (See “5.11 Accessing LiveCycle applications” on page 27.)
2. Click Settings > User Management > Domain Management, and click New Enterprise Domain.
3. In the ID box, type a unique identifier for the domain.
4. In the Name box, type a descriptive name for the domain.
5. Click Add Authentication and, in the Authentication Provider list, select LDAP.
6. Click OK and, on the page that appears, click Add Directory.
7. In the Profile Name box, type a name, and then click Next.
8. Specify values in the Server, Port, SSL, and Binding boxes, as required.
9. Under Populate Page With, select a directory settings option (for example, select Default Sun ONE values), and then click Next.
10. Configure User Settings as required, and then click Next.
11. Configure Group Settings as required, and then click either Test or Finish.
12. (Optional) Test your configuration:
   • Click Test.
     • In the Test Directory pane, in the Find box, enter an object name and, in the using box, select the object’s type, such as Login ID.
     • Click Test. If successful, your object’s details are displayed. You can then click Back.
13. Click Finish to exit the Add Directory page, and then click OK again.

5.16 Configuring the HTML digital signature feature

To use the HTML digital signature feature of Forms, complete the following procedure.

1. Manually deploy the [LiveCycle root]/deploy/adobe-forms-ds.ear file to your application server.
2. Log in to Administration Console and click Services > Forms.
3. Select HTML Digital Signature Enabled and then click Save.

5.17 Configuring PDF Generator

If you installed PDF Generator as part of your LiveCycle solution, complete the following tasks:

• “5.17.1 Setting environment variables” on page 31
• “5.17.2 Configuring the application server to use an HTTP proxy server” on page 31
• “5.17.3 Setting the Adobe PDF Printer as the default printer” on page 32
• “5.17.4 Configuring Acrobat” on page 32
• “5.17.5 Installing East Asian characters in Windows Server 2003” on page 33
• “5.17.6 PDF Generator watched folder performance parameters” on page 33
• “5.17.7 User accounts for multi-threaded file conversions” on page 33
• “5.17.8 Adding fonts to PDF Generator” on page 34
• “5.17.9 Configuring HTML to PDF conversions” on page 35
• “5.17.10 Modifying Microsoft Visio 2007 default macro settings” on page 36
• “5.17.11 Installing the PDF Generator Network Printer client” on page 36

5.17.1 Setting environment variables
If you installed PDF Generator and configured it to convert files to PDF, for some file formats, you must manually set an environment variable that contains the absolute path of the executable that is used to start the corresponding application. This table lists the native applications for which PDF Generator requires you to set up environment variables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Environment variable</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adobe Acrobat X</td>
<td>Acrobat_PATH</td>
<td>C:\Program Files\Adobe\Acrobat 10.0\Acrobat\Acrobat.exe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adobe FrameMaker*</td>
<td>FrameMaker_PATH</td>
<td>C:\Program Files\Adobe\FrameMaker7.1\FrameMaker.exe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notepad</td>
<td>Notepad_PATH</td>
<td>C:\WINDOWS\Notepad.exe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOffice.org</td>
<td>OpenOffice_PATH</td>
<td>C:\Program Files\OpenOffice.org 3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adobe PageMaker*</td>
<td>PageMaker_PATH</td>
<td>C:\Program Files\Adobe\PageMaker 7.0\PageMaker.exe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WordPerfect</td>
<td>WordPerfect_PATH</td>
<td>C:\Program Files\WordPerfect Office 12\Programs\wpwin12.exe</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: The OpenOffice_PATH environment variable is set to the installation folder instead of the path to the executable.*

You do not need to set up the paths for Microsoft Office applications such as Word, PowerPoint, Excel, Visio, and Project, or for AutoCAD. The Generate PDF service starts these applications automatically if they are installed on the server.

5.17.2 Configuring the application server to use an HTTP proxy server
If the computer that LiveCycle is running on uses proxy settings to access external websites, the application server should be started with the following values set as Java Virtual Machine (JVM) arguments:

-Dhttp.proxyHost=[server host]
-Dhttp.proxyPort=[server port]

Follow the procedure listed below to start your application server with HTTP proxy host settings.

5.17.2.1 Add the setting to JBoss
1 Ensure that the JBoss Application Server is stopped.
2 From command line, edit the run.conf.bat or run.bat script in the [JBoss root]/bin/ directory.
3 Add the following text to the script file:
Set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% 
-Dhttp.proxyHost=[server host] 
-Dhttp.proxyPort=[server port]

4 Save and close the file.

5.17.3 Setting the Adobe PDF Printer as the default printer
Set the Adobe PDF Printer to be the default printer on the server. If the Adobe PDF Printer is not set as the default, PDF Generator cannot convert files successfully.

1 Select Start > Printers and Faxes.
2 In the Printers and Faxes window, right-click Adobe PDF and select Set as Default Printer.

5.17.4 Configuring Acrobat
This procedure can be completed after you run Configuration Manager and deploy LiveCycle to the application server.

1 If an earlier version (9.0 or earlier) of Acrobat is installed, uninstall it by using Add or Remove Programs in the Windows Control Panel.
2 Do one of the following:
   • If you are using the media, insert the Acrobat Pro CD.
   • If you are using the ESD downloads, download Acrobat from your ESD location.
3 Install Acrobat X Pro by running the AutoPlay.exe file.
4 Navigate to the additional\scripts folder on the LiveCycle installation media.
5 Run the following batch file:
   Acrobat_for_PDFG_Configuration.bat [LiveCycle root]/pdfg_config
6 Open Acrobat and select Help > Check for updates > Preferences.
7 Deselect Automatically check for Adobe updates.

5.17.4.1 Validate the Acrobat installation
1 Navigate to a PDF file on your system and double-click it to open it in Acrobat. If the PDF file opens successfully, Acrobat is installed correctly.
2 If the PDF file does not open correctly, uninstall Acrobat and reinstall it.
*Note: Ensure that you dismiss all the Acrobat dialog boxes that are displayed after the Acrobat installation is completed and disable the automatic updates for Acrobat.*

Set the Acrobat_PATH environment variable to point to Acrobat.exe (such as C:\Program Files\Adobe\Acrobat 10.0\Acrobat\Acrobat.exe).

5.17.4.2 Configure native application support
1 Install and validate Acrobat as described in the previous procedure.
2 Set Adobe PDF printer as the default printer.
5.17.4.3 Changing File Block Settings
Change Microsoft Office trust center settings to enable PDFG to convert older versions of Microsoft office documents.

1. Click the File tab in any Office 2010 application. Under Help, click Options; the Options dialog box appears.
2. Click Trust Center, and then click Trust Center Settings.
3. In the Trust Center settings, click File Block Settings.
4. In the File Type list, uncheck open for the file type that you want to be converted by PDFG.

5.17.4.4 Network Printer Client installation
PDF Generator includes the Network Printer Client installer for installation of the PDF Generator Internet printer. After the installation is completed, a PDF Generator printer is added to the list of existing printers on the client computer. This printer can then be used to send documents for conversion to PDF. For more information about installing the Network Printer Client, see Installing and Deploying LiveCycle document for your application server.

5.17.5 Installing East Asian characters in Windows Server 2003
When HTML files are converted to PDF by using PDF Generator, some East Asian languages, such as Japanese, Korean, and Chinese, and also right-to-left languages, such as Arabic, Armenian, Georgian, Hebrew, Indic, Thai, and Vietnamese, may not be displayed in the PDF file.

To ensure that these languages are displayed in Windows Server 2003, appropriate fonts must be present on the client and server.

1. Select Start > Control Panel and open Regional and Language Options.
2. Click the Languages tab and select Install Files for East Asian Languages.
3. Click the Advanced tab and select all the options under Code Page Conversion Tables.

If converted PDF files are still missing fonts, verify that the Arial Unicode MS (TrueType) font (ARIALUNI.TTF) is present in the C:\WINDOWS\Fonts directory.

5.17.6 PDF Generator watched folder performance parameters
To avoid java.io.IOException error messages indicating that not enough disk space is available to perform PDF conversions using a watched folder, you can modify the settings for PDF Generator in Administration Console.

1. Log in to Administration Console and click Services > Application and Services > Service Management, and click PDFGConfigService in the list of services.
2. On the Configure PDFGConfigService page, set the following values:
   - PDFG Cleanup Scan Seconds: 1800
   - Job Expiration Seconds: 6000
   - Server Conversion Timeout: 450

5.17.7 User accounts for multi-threaded file conversions
By default, PDF Generator can convert only one OpenOffice, Microsoft Word, or PowerPoint document at a time. If you enable multi-threaded conversions, PDF Generator can convert more than one of the documents concurrently by launching multiple instances of OpenOffice or PDFMaker (which is used to perform the Word and PowerPoint conversions).
Note: Only Microsoft Word 2007 and Microsoft PowerPoint 2007 are supported with multi-threaded file conversions. Microsoft Excel 2003 or 2007 versions are not supported.

If you need to enable multi-threaded file conversion, you must first perform the tasks outlined in the “3.4.4.3 Enabling multi-threaded file conversions and multiuser support for PDF Generator” on page 9 section.

1. In Configuration Manager, click Services > PDF Generator Evaluation > User Accounts.
2. Click Add and enter the user name and password of a user who has administrative privileges on the LiveCycle server. If you are configuring users for OpenOffice, dismiss the initial OpenOffice activation dialogs.
   Note: If you are configuring users for OpenOffice, the number of instances of OpenOffice cannot be greater than number of user accounts specified in this step.
3. Restart the LiveCycle server.

5.17.8 Adding fonts to PDF Generator
LiveCycle provides a central repository of fonts which is accessible to all LiveCycle modules. Make the extra fonts available to non-LiveCycle applications on the server so that PDF Generator can use these fonts to create PDF documents that are created with these applications.

5.17.8.1 Non-LiveCycle applications
The following list contains non-LiveCycle applications that PDF Generator can use for PDF generation on the server side:

Windows-only Applications
• Microsoft Office Word
• Microsoft Office Excel
• Microsoft Office PowerPoint
• Microsoft Office Project
• Microsoft Office Visio
• Microsoft Office Publisher
• AutoDesk AutoCAD
• Corel WordPerfect
• Adobe Photoshop CS
• Adobe FrameMaker
• Adobe PageMaker
• Adobe Acrobat Pro

Multiplatform applications
• OpenOffice Writer
• OpenOffice Calc
• OpenOffice Draw
• OpenOffice Impress

Note: In addition to these applications, your list may include additional applications that you added.
Of the above applications, the OpenOffice Suite (which includes Writer, Calc, Draw, and Impress) is available on Windows, Solaris®, and Linux® platforms, whereas other applications are available on Windows only.

5.17.8.2 Adding new fonts to Windows applications only
All the Windows-only applications that are mentioned above can access all the fonts that are available in the C:\Windows\Fonts (or equivalent) folder. In addition to C:\Windows\Fonts, each of these applications may have its own private fonts folders.

Therefore, if you plan to add any custom fonts to the LiveCycle fonts repository, ensure that the same fonts are available to the Windows-only applications also by copying these fonts to either C:\Windows\Fonts or to an equivalent folder.

Your custom fonts must be licensed under an agreement that allows you to use them with the applications that have access to these fonts.

5.17.8.3 Adding new fonts to OpenOffice Suite
Adding custom fonts to OpenOffice Suite is explained on the OpenOffice Fonts-FAQ page at http://wiki.services.openoffice.org.

In addition, OpenOffice Suite has these resources about the fonts-related behavior:

- OpenOffice Fonts Troubleshooting Guide at http://www.openoffice.org/FAQs/fontguide.html. Some of the text in this guide is applicable only to OpenOffice 1.x and therefore may be obsolete for OpenOffice 3.1 and above.
- Importing Fonts into OpenOffice 2.1 at http://openoffice.blogs.com/openoffice/2007/02/font_import_wiz.html. Even though this blog mentions OpenOffice 2.1, the instructions that are mentioned should be applicable to OpenOffice 3.1 and later.

5.17.8.4 Adding new fonts to other applications
If you added support for PDF creation in other applications, see the Help for these applications to add new fonts. In Windows, copying your custom fonts to the C:\Windows\Fonts (or equivalent) folder should be sufficient.

5.17.9 Configuring HTML to PDF conversions
The HTML-to-PDF conversion process is designed to use the settings from Acrobat X that override the settings from PDF Generator.

Note: This configuration is required to enable the HTML-to-PDF conversion process, otherwise this conversion type will fail.

1 Install and validate Acrobat as described in “5.17.4 Configuring Acrobat” on page 32.
2 Locate the pdigen.api file in the \LiveCycle root\plugins\x86_win32 directory and copy it to \Acrobat root\Acrobat\plug_ins directory.

5.17.9.1 Enabling support for Unicode fonts in HTML to PDF conversions
Important: The HTML-to-PDF conversion fails if a zipped input file contains HTML files with double-byte characters in filenames. To avoid this problem, do not use double-byte characters when naming HTML files.

1 Copy the Unicode font to any of the following directories as appropriate for your system:
   - \Windows root\Windows\fonts
   - \Windows root\WINNT\fonts
Modify the font-name mapping in the cffont.properties file located in the [LiveCycle root]/adobe-generatepdf-dsc.jar file:

- Extract this archive, and locate the cffont.properties file and open it in an editor.
- In the comma-separated list of Java font names, add a map to your Unicode system font for each font type. In the example below, kochi mincho is the name of your Unicode system font.

```
dialog=Arial, Helvetica, kochi mincho

dialog.bold=Arial Bold, Helvetica-Bold, kochi mincho ...
```

- Save and close the properties file, and then repackage and redeploy the adobe-generatepdf-dsc.jar file.

**Note:** On a Japanese operating system, specify the font mapping in the cffont.properties.ja file as well, which takes precedence over the standard cffont.properties file.

Fonts in the list are searched from left to right, using the first font found. HTML-to-PDF conversion logs return a list of all the font names that are found in the system. To determine the font name you need to map, add the font to one of the directories above, restart the server, and run a conversion. You can determine from the log files the font name to use for mapping.

To embed the font in the generated PDF files, set the `embedFonts` property in the cffont.properties file to `true` (the default is `false`).

### 5.17.10 Modifying Microsoft Visio 2007 default macro settings

When a Microsoft Visio 2007 file containing macros is submitted for conversion, the resultant Microsoft Office Visio Security Notice dialog causes the conversion to time out. To successfully convert files that contain macros, the default macro settings in Visio must be changed.

- In Visio 2007, click **Tools > Trust Center > Macro Settings** and select either of the following options and then click **OK**:
  - Disable all macros without notification
  - Enable all macros

### 5.17.11 Installing the PDF Generator Network Printer client

PDF Generator includes an executable file to install the PDF Generator network printer on a client computer. After the installation is complete, a PDF Generator printer is added to the list of existing printers on the client computer. This printer can then be used to send documents for conversion to PDF.

**Note:** The Network Printer Client installation wizard available in the Administration Console is supported only on Windows operating system. Ensure that you use a 32-bit JVM to launch the Network Printer Client installation wizard. You will encounter an error if you use a 64-bit JVM.

If the PDFG Network Printer fails to install on Windows, use the operating system’s native Add Printer utility and configure it as described in "5.17.11.2 Configure PDF Generator Network Printer on Windows using the native Add Printer wizard" on page 37.

#### 5.17.11.1 Install the PDF Generator Network Printer Client

**Note:** Before installing the PDF Generator network printer client on Windows Server 2008, ensure that you have the Internet Printing Client feature installed on your Windows Server 2008. For installing the feature, see Windows Server 2008 Help.

1 Ensure that you successfully installed PDF Generator on your server.
2 Do one of the following:
   • From a Windows client computer, enter the following URL in your web browser, where \[host\] is the name of the server where you installed PDF Generator and \[port\] is the application server port used:

```
http://[host]:[port]/pdfg-ipp/install
```

   • In Administration Console, click Home > Services > PDF Generator Evaluation > PDFG Network Printer. In the PDFG Network Printer Installation section, click Click here to launch the PDFG Network Printer Installation.

3 On the Configure Internet Port screen, select Use the specified user account and provide the credentials of a LiveCycle user who has the PDFG Administrator/User role. This user must also have an email address that can be used to receive the converted files. To have this security setting applied to all users on the client computer, select Use the same security options for all users, and then click OK.

   Note: If the users' password changes, then users will need to reinstall the PDFG Network Printer on their computers. You cannot update the password from Administration Console.

   Upon successful installation, a dialog box appears, indicating that “The Printer LiveCycle PDF Generator has been successfully installed.”

4 Click OK. You will now have a printer named LiveCycle PDF Generator in your list of available printers.

5.17.11.2 Configure PDF Generator Network Printer on Windows using the native Add Printer wizard
1 Click Start > Printers and Faxes and double-click Add Printer.

2 Click Next, select A network printer, or a printer attached to another computer, and then click Next.

3 Select Connect to a printer on the internet or on a home or office network and type the following URL for the PDFG printer, where \[host\] is the server name and \[port\] is the port number where the server is running:

```
http://[host]:[port]/pdfg-ipp/printer
```

4 On the Configure Internet Port screen, select Use the specified user account and provide valid User Management credentials.

5 In the Printer Driver Select box, choose any standard PostScript-based printer driver (for example, HP Color LaserJet PS).

6 Complete the installation by choosing appropriate options (for example, setting this printer as default).

   Note: The user credentials used while adding the printer must have a valid email ID configured in User Management to receive the response.

   ▶ Configure the email service's sendmail service. Provide a valid SMTP server and authentication information in the service’s configuration options.

5.17.11.3 Install and configure the PDF Generator Network Printer Client using Proxy server port forwarding
1 Configure port forwarding on the CC Proxy server on a particular port to the LiveCycle server, and disable the authentication at proxy server level (since LiveCycle uses its own authentication). If a client connects to this Proxy server on the forwarded port, then all the requests will be forwarded to the LiveCycle server.

2 Install PDFG Network Printer using the following URL:

```
http://[proxy server]:[forwarded port]/pdfg-ipp/install.
```

3 Provide the necessary credentials for authentication of the PDFG Network Printer.
4 The PDFG Network Printer will be installed on the client machine which you can use for PDF conversion using the firewall protected LiveCycle server.

5.18 Configuring Connectors for ECM

If you installed the Connector for IBM FileNet as part of your LiveCycle solution, you must configure the service to connect to the FileNet object store.

Complete the following procedure to configure the Connector for IBM FileNet service using FileNet 4.0, 4.5 or FileNet 5.0.

5.18.1 Configure the connector using FileNet 4.0, 4.5 or 5.0 and CEWS transport

1 (JBoss 4.2.1) Open the application server run file [JBoss root]/bin/run.bat in a text editor.
   (JBoss 5.1) Open the application server run file [JBoss root]/bin/run.conf.bat in a text editor.

2 Add the location of the FileNet Configuration files as a Java option to the application server start command, and then save the file.

   Note: If JBoss is running as a service, add the Java option in the registry where other JVM arguments are defined.

   -Dwasp.location= <configuration files location>

   For example, using a default FileNet Application Engine installation on a Windows operating system, add this Java option:

   -Dwasp.location=C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi

3 If your deployment uses the Process Engine Connector service, copy the file [JBoss root]/client/logkit.jar to the following directory:

   - [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/lib

4 Locate the adobe-component-ext.properties file in the [JBoss root]/bin folder (if the file does not exist, create it).

5 Add a new system property that provides the location of these FileNet Application Engine JAR files:

   For Filenent 4.x add following JAR files.
   - javaapi.jar
   - soap.jar
   - wasp.jar
   - builtin_serialization.jar (FileNet 4.0 only)
   - wsd1_api.jar
   - jaxm.jar
   - jaxrpc.jar
   - saaj.jar
   - jetty.jar
   - runner.jar
   - p8cjares.jar
   - Jace.jar
For Filenet 5.0 add following JAR files

- Jace.jar
- javaapi.jar
- log4j.jar
- mailapi.jar
- pe.jar
- stax-api.jar
- xlpScanner.jar
- xlpScannerUtils.jar
- xml.jar

**Note:** Add the `pe.jar` file only if your deployment uses the IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector service. The new system property should reflect this structure:

```
[component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]
```

**Note:** Do not overwrite the existing contents of the properties file. Simply append the new system property to the contents.

For example, using a default FileNet Application Engine installation on a Windows operating system, add the following system property on a new line with no line breaks and end the line with a carriage return:

```
For FileNet 4.x, add following files
```

```text
com.adobe.livecycle.ConnectorforIBMFileNet.ext=
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/lib2/javaapi.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/Workplace/WEB-INF/lib/soap.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/wasp.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/builtin_serialization.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/wsdl_api.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/jaxm.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/jaxrpc.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/ saaj.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/jetty.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/runner.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/lib2/p8cjares.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/lib/Jace.jar,
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/Workplace/WEB-INF/lib/pe.jar
```

**Note:** Add `C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/Workplace/WEB-INF/lib/pe.jar` only if your deployment uses the IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector service.

**Note:** For FileNet 4.5, remove the line `C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/wsi/lib/builtin_serialization.jar`.

**Note:** For FileNet 5.0, add the following jar files
6 (FileNet Process Engine Connector only) Configure the connection properties for the process engine as follows:
   - Using a text editor, create a file with the following content as a single line and end the line with a carriage return:
     
     RemoteServerUrl = cemp:http://[contentserver_IP]:[contentengine_port]/
     wsi/FNCEWS40DIME/
     
   - Save the file as WcmApiConfig.properties in a separate folder, and add the location of the folder that contains
     the WcmApiConfig.properties file to the adobe-component-ext.properties file.
     For example, if you save the file as c:/pe_config/WcmApiConfig.properties, add the path c:/pe_config to the
     adobe-component-ext.properties file.

   **Note:** The filename is case-sensitive.

7 Locate the login-config.xml file in the following folder and add the following application policy as a child of the
   <policy> node:
   - [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/conf

   <application-policy name = "FileNetP8WSI">
      <authentication>
         <login-module code = "com.filenet.api.util.WSILoginModule" flag =
         "required" />
      </authentication>
   </application-policy>

8 (FileNet Process Engine Connector only) If your deployment uses the process engine, add the following node to the
   login-config file:

   <application-policy name = "FileNetP8">
      <authentication>
         <login-module code = "com.filenet.api.util.WSILoginModule" flag =
         "required" />
      </authentication>
   </application-policy>

9 If the application server is not currently running, start the service. Otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

10 If JBoss runs as a service, start (or restart) the JBoss for Adobe LiveCycle ES3 service.

11 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

   http://[host]:[port]/adminui

12 Log in using the default user name and password:

   **User name:** administrator
   **Password:** password

13 Click Services > Connector for IBM FileNet.
14 Provide all of the required FileNet repository information and, under Repository Service Provider Information, select IBM FileNet Repository Provider.

If your deployment uses the optional process engine service, under Process Engine Settings, select Use Process Engine Connector Service and specify the process engine settings. For more information, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page.

**Note:** The credentials that you provide in this step are validated later when you start the IBM FileNet repository services. If the credentials are not valid, an error is thrown and the services will not start.

15 Click Save and navigate to Services > Applications and Services > Service Management.

16 Select the check box next to IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector (if configured) and then click Start.

17 Select the check box next to each of these services and then click Start:
   - IBMFileNetAuthProviderService
   - IBMFileNetContentRepositoryConnector
   - IBMFileNetRepositoryProvider
   - IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector (if configured)

If any of the services do not start correctly, verify the settings entered in step 15.

18 Do one of the following tasks:
   - To use the FileNet Authorization service (IBMFileNetAuthProviderService) to display content from a FileNet object store in the Resources view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the FileNet Authorization service overrides the default LiveCycle authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench by using FileNet credentials.
   - To use the LiveCycle repository, log in to Workbench by using the LiveCycle super administrator credentials (by default, Administrator and password). The credentials provided in step 15 use the default LiveCycle authorization service for accessing the default repository in this case.

19 Enable the Remoting and EJB endpoints by doing these tasks:
   - Log in to Administration Console and click Home > Services > Application and Services > Service Management.
   - Filter the category Connector for IBM FileNet and click IBMFileNetContentRepositoryConnector:1.0.
   - Select the disabled endpoints and enable them.

20 Restart your application server.

21 Log in to Administration Console and click Settings > User Management > Domain Management.

22 Click New Enterprise Domain and then type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

   **Note:** When using MySQL for your LiveCycle database, use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in LiveCycle Administration Help.)

23 Add a custom authentication provider:
   - Click Add Authentication.
   - In the Authentication Provider list, select Custom.
   - Select IBMFileNetAuthProviderService and then click OK.
24 Add an LDAP authentication provider:
   - Click **Add Authentication**.
   - In the **Authentication Provider** list, select **LDAP** and then click **OK**.

25 Add an LDAP directory:
   - Click **Add Directory** and, in the **Profile Name** box, type a unique name, and then click **Next**.
   - Specify values for the **Server**, **Port**, **SSL**, **Binding**, and **Populate page with** options. If you select **User** for the **Binding** option, you must also specify values for the **Name** and **Password** fields.
   - (Optional) Select **Retrieve Base DN** to retrieve base domain names, as required. When finished, click **Next**.
   - Configure the user settings, click **Next**, configure group settings as required, and then click **Next**.
     For details about the settings, click **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

26 Click **OK** to exit the Add Directory page, and then click **OK** again.

27 Select the new enterprise domain and click **Sync Now**. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.
   (Optional) To verify the status of the synchronization, click **Refresh** and view the status in the **Current Sync State** column.

28 Navigate to **Settings** > **User Management** > **Users and Groups**.

29 Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and perform these tasks:
   - Select one or more users and click **Assign Role**.
   - Select one or more LiveCycle roles and click **OK**.
   - Click **OK** a second time to confirm the role assignment.
     Repeat this step for all users you want to assign roles to. For more information, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

30 Start Workbench and log in using the following credentials for the IBM FileNet repository:
   **User name:** [username]@[repository_name]
   **Password:** [password]

   The FileNet object store should now be visible in the Resources view within Workbench. If you do not log in using the username@repository name, Workbench attempts to log in to the default repository specified in step 15.

31 (Optional) If you intend to install the LiveCycle Samples for Connector for IBM FileNet, create a FileNet object store named **Samples** and install the samples in that object store.

After you configure your Connector for IBM FileNet service, it is recommended that you see LiveCycle Administration Help. for information about configuring Workbench functions properly with your FileNet repository.

### 5.19 Configuring Connector for EMC Documentum

**Note:** LiveCycle supports EMC Documentum, versions 6.0 and 6.5 only. Make sure your ECM is upgraded accordingly.

If you installed Connector for EMC Documentum as part of your LiveCycle solution, complete the following procedure to configure the service to connect to the Documentum repository.
Configure Connector for EMC Documentum

1. Locate the adobe-component-ext.properties file in the [JBoss root]/bin folder (if the file does not exist, create it).

2. Add a new system property that provides the following Documentum Foundation Classes JAR files:
   - dfc.jar
   - aspectjrt.jar
   - log4j.jar
   - jaxb-api.jar
   - (For Connector for EMC Documentum 6.5 only)
     - configservice-impl.jar,
     - configservice-api.jar

   The new system property should take on this form:
   
   
   [component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]
   
   For example, using default Content Server and Documentum Foundation Classes installations, add to the file one of the following system properties on a new line, with no line breaks, and end the line with a carriage return:

   - Connector for EMC Documentum 6.5 only:
     com.adobe.livecycle.ConnectorforEMCDocumentum.ext=
     C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/dfc.jar,
     C:/ProgramFiles/Documentum/Shared/aspectjrt.jar,
     C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/log4j.jar,
     C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/jaxb-api.jar,
     C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/configservice-impl.jar,
     C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/configservice-api.jar

   Note: The above text contains formatting characters for line breaks. If you copy and paste this text, you must remove the formatting characters.

3. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   http://[host]:[port]/adminui

4. Log in using the default user name and password:
   
   User name: administrator
   
   Password: password

5. Navigate to Services > Connector for EMC Documentum > Configuration Settings and perform these tasks:
   - Type all the required Documentum repository information.
   - To use Documentum as your repository provider, under Repository Service Provider Information, select EMC Documentum Repository Provider, and then click Save. For more information, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page in the Adobe LiveCycle ES3 Administration Help.

6. (Optional) Navigate to Services > Connector for EMC Documentum > Repository Credentials Settings, click Add, specify the Docbase information, and then click Save. (For more information, click Help in the upper-right corner.)

7. If the application server is not currently running, start the server. Otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

8. Open a web browser and enter this URL.
   
   http://[host]:[port]/adminui

Last updated 7/12/2013
9 Log in using the default user name and password:
   **User name**: administrator
   **Password**: password

10 Navigate to Services > Applications and Services > Service Management and select these services:
   - EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService
   - EMCDocumentumContentRepositoryConnector
   - EMCDocumentumRepositoryProvider

11 Click Start. If any of the services do not start correctly, check the settings you completed earlier.

12 Do one of the following tasks:
   - To use the Documentum Authorization service (EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService) to display content from a Documentum repository in the Resources view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the Documentum Authorization service overrides the default LiveCycle authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench using Documentum credentials.
   - To use the LiveCycle repository, log in to Workbench by using the LiveCycle super administrator credentials (by default, **administrator** and **password**).

You have now completed the required steps for this procedure. Use the credentials provided in step 19 for accessing the default repository in this case and use the default LiveCycle authorization service.

13 Enable the Remoting and EJB endpoints by doing these tasks:
   - Log in to Administration Console and click Home > Services > Application and Services > Service Management.
   - Filter the category Connector for EMC Documentum and click EMC DocumentumContentRepositoryConnector:1.0.
   - Select the disabled endpoints and enable them.

14 Restart the application server.

15 Log in to Administration Console and click Settings > User Management > Domain Management.

16 Click New Enterprise Domain, and type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

   **Note**: Use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in LiveCycle Administration Help.)

17 Add a custom authentication provider:
   - Click Add Authentication.
   - In the Authentication Provider list, select Custom.
   - Select EMCDocumentumAuthProvider and then click OK.

18 Add an LDAP authentication provider:
   - Click Add Authentication.
   - In the Authentication Provider list, select LDAP, and then click OK.

19 Add an LDAP directory:
   - Click Add Directory.
   - In the Profile Name box, type a unique name, and then click Next.
• Specify values for the Server, Port, SSL, Binding, and Populate page with options. If you select User for the Binding option, you must also specify values for the Name and Password fields.

• (Optional) Select Retrieve Base DN to retrieve base domain names, as required.

• Click Next, configure the user settings, click Next, configure group settings, as required, and then click Next.

For details about the settings, click User Management Help in the upper-right corner of the page.

20 Click OK to exit the Add Directory page and then click OK again.

21 Select the new enterprise domain and click Sync Now. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.

(Optional) To verify the status of the synchronization, click Refresh and view the status in the Current Sync State column.

22 Navigate to Settings > User Management > Users and Groups.

23 Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and perform these tasks:

• Select one or more users and click Assign Role.

• Select one or more LiveCycle roles and click OK.

• Click OK a second time to confirm the role assignment.

Repeat this step for all users that you assign roles to. For more information, click User Management Help in the upper-right corner of the page.

24 Start Workbench and log in by using the credentials for the Documentum repository:

Username: [username]@[repository_name]

Password: [password]

After you log in, the Documentum repository appears in the Resources view within Workbench. If you do not log in using the username@repository_name, Workbench attempts to log in to the default repository.

25 (Optional) To install the LiveCycle Samples for Connector for EMC Documentum, create a Documentum repository named Samples, and then install the samples in that repository.

After you configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service, see LiveCycle Administration Help for information about configuring Workbench with your Documentum repository.

### 5.20 Configuring the Connector for IBM Content Manager

**Note:** LiveCycle supports IBM Content Manager, version 8.4 only. Make sure your ECM is upgraded accordingly.

If you installed the Connector for IBM Content Manager as part of your LiveCycle solution, complete the following procedure to configure the service to connect to the IBM Content Manager datastore.

**Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager**

1. Locate the adobe-component-ext.properties file in the [JBoss root]/bin folder. If the file does not exist, create it.

2. Add a new system property that provides the location of the following IBM II4C JAR files:

   • cmb81.jar
   • cmbcm81.jar

Last updated 7/12/2013
• cmbicm81.jar
• cmblog4j81.jar
• cmbsdk81.jar
• cmbutil81.jar
• cmbutilicm81.jar
• cmbview81.jar
• cmbwas81.jar
• cmbwcm81.jar
• cmgmt

Note: cmgmt is not a JAR file. On Windows, by default, this folder is at C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/.

• common.jar
• db2jcc.jar
• db2jcc_license_cisuz.jar
• db2jcc_license_cu.jar
• ecore.jar
• ibmjgssprovider.jar
• ibmjsseprovider2.jar
• ibmpkcs.jar
• icmr81.jar
• jcache.jar
• log4j-1.2.8.jar
• xerces.jar
• xml.jar
• xsd.jar

The new system property looks similar to the following:

[component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]

For example, using a default DB2 Universal Database Client and II4C installation, in the file, add the following system property on a new line, with no line breaks, and end the line with a carriage return:
If the application server is not currently running, start the server; otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

You can now connect to the IBM Content Manager datastore from the IBMCMConnectorService Property Sheets by using the Use User Credentials as the login mode.

You have now completed the required steps for this procedure.

(Optional) If you want to connect to IBM Content Manager datastore from IBMCMConnectorService Property Sheets by using the Use Credentials From Process Context as the login mode, complete the following procedure.

Connect using Use Credentials from process context login mode

1. Open a web browser and enter this URL:
   
   http://[host]:[port]/adminui

2. Log in using the super administrator credentials. Default values set during installation are:
   
   User name: administrator
   
   Password: password

3. Click Services > Connector for IBM Content Manager > Configuration Settings.

4. Type all of the required repository information and click Save. For more information about the IBM Content Manager repository information, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page.

5. Do one of these tasks:
   
   - To use the IBM Content Manager Authorization service (IBMCMProviderService) to use content from an IBM Content Manager datastore, in the Processes view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the IBM Content Manager Authorization service overrides the default LiveCycle authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench by using IBM Content Manager credentials.
To use the System Credentials provided in step 4 to use content from an IBM Content Manager datastore, in the Processes view of Workbench, log in to Workbench by using the LiveCycle super administrator credentials (by default, administrator and password). You have now completed the required steps for this procedure. The System Credentials that are provided in step 4 use the default LiveCycle authorization service for accessing the default repository in this case.

6 Log in to the Administration Console, and click Settings > User Management > Domain Management.

7 Click New Enterprise Domain and type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

Note: Use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See Adding enterprise domains in LiveCycle Administration Help.)

8 Add a custom authentication provider:
   - Click Add Authentication.
   - In the Authentication Provider list, select Custom, and then select IBMCMAuthProviderService and click OK.

9 Add an LDAP authentication provider:
   - Click Add Authentication.
   - In the Authentication Provider list, select LDAP and then click OK.

10 Add an LDAP directory:
    - Click Add Directory.
    - In the Profile Name box, type a unique name, and then click Next.
    - Specify values for the Server, Port, SSL, Binding, and Populate page with options. If you select User for the Binding option, you must also specify values for the Name and Password fields. (Optional) Select Retrieve Base DN to retrieve base domain names, as required. When finished, click Next.
    - Configure the user settings, click Next, configure group settings as required, and then click Next.
    - For details about the above settings, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page.

11 Click OK to exit the Add Directory page and click OK again.

12 Select the new enterprise domain and click Sync Now. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.

13 To verify the status of the synchronization, click Refresh and view the status in the Current Sync State column.

14 Navigate to Settings > User Management > Users and Groups.

15 Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and do these tasks:
   - Select one or more users and click Assign Role.
   - Select one or more LiveCycle roles and click OK.
   - Click OK a second time to confirm the role assignment.

Repeat this step for all users that you want to assign roles to. For more information, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page.

16 Start Workbench and log in using the following credentials for IBM Content Manager datastore:
   
   **Username:** [username]@[repository_name]
   
   **Password:** [password]
The IBM Content Manager datastore can now be used in the Processes view within Workbench when the login mode for IBMCMConnectorService orchestrable components is selected as Use Credentials from process context.

5.21 Configuring SharePoint client access

You can configure Microsoft SharePoint clients to access content services from LiveCycle. For this, you should add the SharePoint Alfresco Module Package using Configuration Manager. The SharePoint AMP file (adobe-vti-module.amp) is available in [LiveCycle root]\sdk\misc\ContentServices folder.

After you add the SharePoint AMP, perform the following steps:

5.21.1 Obtain and edit the share.war file

Alfresco CMS uses the file share.war to connect with Content Services. You should modify the share.war file to enable SharePoint clients to access Content Services.

1. Obtain the share.war from the Alfresco installation. See your Alfresco documentation for more details.
2. Copy the file share.war to a directory in your file system.
3. Use a file archive utility such as WinRar to open the share.war file.
4. From the file archive utility window, extract the file WEB-INF/classes/alfresco/webscript-framework-config.xml and open it using a text editor.
6. Save and close the file.

5.21.2 Deploy the share.war file

1. Open the archive file adobe-contentservices.ear using an archive utility such as WinRar from the [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/ directory.
2. Add the updated share.war file to the adobe-contentservices.ear archive that is opened in the archive utility window.
3. From the file archive utility window, extract the file application.xml to a folder in the local file system, and open it using a text editor. This file is in the adobe-contentservices.ear\META-INF directory.
4. Add the following lines under the `<application>` tag:
   
   ```xml
   <module id="Share">
   <web>
     <web-uri>share.war</web-uri>
     <context-root>/share</context-root>
   </web>
   </module>
   ```
5. Copy the updated application.xml file back to the adobe-contentservices.ear archive.
6. Save and close the archive.
7. Deploy the updated EAR file by copying the updated EAR file to the [JBoss root]/server/lc_turnkey/deploy/ directory.
5.22 Enabling CIFS in IPv6 mode

If you want to enable CIFS for Content Services on an IPv6 implementation, you must explicitly add an additional IPv6 address to the machine that hosts LiveCycle. This IPv6 address should be a static IP address that resides in the same subnet as the clients. You need to do the following tasks after you configure LiveCycle using Configuration Manager. Typically, you should pause the Configuration Manager after the EAR file configuration and then edit the EAR file. After you have edited the EAR file, you can go back to the Configuration Manager to deploy the updated EAR file along with other selected EAR files.

Note: If users have accessed the repository through CIFS, then the users will be able to access the repository even after content services rights are revoked.

5.22.1 Edit the contentservices.war file

1. Navigate to $LiveCycle_root/configurationManager/export directory.
2. Use a file archive utility such as WinRar to open the contentservices.war file.
3. From the file archive utility window, extract the file contentservices.war/WEB-INF/classes/alfresco/file-services-custom.xml and open it using a text editor.
4. Locate the following line and change it by adding ipv6="enabled":
   
   `<tcpipSMB platforms="linux,solaris,macosx,windows,AIX"/>

   to

   `<tcpipSMB platforms="linux,solaris,macosx,windows,AIX" ipv6="enabled"/>

5. Save and close the file
6. From the file archive utility window, extract the file contentservices.war/WEB-INF/classes/alfresco/file-servers.properties and open it using a text editor.
7. Locate the line cifs.ipv6=disabled and replace it with cifs.ipv6=enabled.
8. Save and close the file.
9. Copy the updated file-servers-custom.xml file into the archive under contentservices.war/WEB-INF/classes/alfresco.
10. Copy the updated file-servers.properties file into the archive under contentservices.war/WEB-INF/classes/alfresco/extension/.
11. Save the contentservices.war file.

After you update the EAR files, you should use the Configuration Manager to deploy the updated EAR file.

5.23 Uninstalling LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 post-upgrade

After you have upgraded your environment to LiveCycle and have verified that the new system is working properly, you can remove your LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 product files.
5.23.1 Remove the product files:
1 Select Start > Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs, click [LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2] and click Remove.
2 Select JBoss and MySQL to remove these components.
3 Follow the on-screen instructions and then click Finish.
4 Restart your computer.

5.24 Performing a system image backup

After LiveCycle is installed and deployed into production areas and before the system is live, it is recommended that you perform a system image backup on servers to which LiveCycle is configured and deployed. The LiveCycle database, GDS directory, and application servers must be part of this backup. This is a complete system backup that you can use to restore the contents of your computer if your hard drive or entire computer stops working. See the “LiveCycle Backup and Recovery” topic in LiveCycle Administration Help.

5.25 Uninstalling LiveCycle

The LiveCycle uninstaller allows you to selectively remove JBoss, MySQL or LiveCycle components if you have a turnkey installation. Before removing MySQL, back up any data you want to keep.

1 Select Start > Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs, click Adobe LiveCycle ES3 and click Uninstall/Change.
2 On the Uninstall Adobe LiveCycle ES3 screen, click Next.
3 On the Remove Turnkey Products screen, select JBoss and MySQL to remove these components along with the LiveCycle components. Click Next.
4 On the Stop Enterprise Suite services, click Uninstall.
5 Follow the on-screen instructions and then click Finish.
6 Restart your computer if prompted to do so.

Note: If you choose to retain JBoss/MySQL while uninstalling LiveCycle, you can remove these applications later using the Add or Remove Programs utility in Microsoft Windows. Attempts to remove JBoss/MySQL may fail if a JDK is not installed on the server.
Chapter 6: Advanced Configuration Activities

6.1 Enabling Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS)

LiveCycle provides a FIPS mode to restrict data protection to Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2 approved algorithms using the RSA BSAFE Crypto-C 2.1 encryption module.

If you did not enable this option by using Configuration Manager during LiveCycle configuration or if you enable it but want to turn it off, you can change this setting through Administration Console.

Modifying FIPS mode requires you to restart the server.

FIPS mode does not support Acrobat versions earlier than 7.0. If FIPS mode is enabled and the Encrypt With Password and Remove Password processes include the Acrobat 5 setting, the process fails.

In general, when FIPS is enabled, the Assembler service does not apply password encryption to any document. If this is attempted, a FIPSModeException is thrown, indicating that “Password encryption is not permitted in FIPS mode.” Additionally, the PDFsFromBookmarks element is not supported in FIPS mode when the base document is password-encrypted.

1 Log in to Administration Console.
2 Click Settings > Core System Settings > Configurations.
3 Select Enable FIPS to enable FIPS mode or deselect it to disable FIPS mode.
4 Click OK and restart the application server.

*Note: LiveCycle software does not validate code to ensure FIPS compatibility. It provides a FIPS operation mode so that FIPS-approved algorithms are used for cryptographic services from the FIPS-approved libraries (RSA).*

6.2 Enabling AES-256 encryption

To use AES 256 encryption for PDF files, obtain and install the Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) Unlimited Strength Jurisdiction Policy files. These files replace the local_policy.jar and US_export_policy.jar files in the [Adobe_JAVA_HOME]/lib/security folder. For example, if you are using Sun JDK 1.6, copy the downloaded files to the [LiveCycle root]/Java/jdk1.6.0_26/lib/security folder.

You can download these files from Java SE Downloads.
Chapter 7: Appendix - Install Command Line Interface

7.1 Overview

LiveCycle provides a command line interface (CLI) for the installation program. The CLI is intended to be used by advanced users of LiveCycle or in server environments which do not support the use of the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the installation program. The CLI runs in console mode with one interactive session for all install operations.

Before you install the modules using the CLI install option, ensure that you have prepared your environment required to run LiveCycle according to the Preparing guide for fresh single server installation, cluster setup, or upgrade, as appropriate. The completed LiveCycle documentation is available at http://www.adobe.com/go/learn_lc_documentation_10.

For an overview of the installation process, see Before you begin.

After you start the installation process, follow the on-screen instructions to choose your installation options. Respond to each prompt to proceed to the next step in the installation.

Note: If you want to change a choice that you made on a previous step, type back. You can cancel the installation at any time by typing quit.

7.2 Install LiveCycle

1. Open a command prompt and navigate to the folder in the installation media or your hard disk that contains the installer executable:
   - (Windows) server\Disk1\InstData\Windows_64\VM
   - (Linux) server/Disk1/InstData/Linux/NoVM
   - (Solaris) server/Disk1/InstData/Solaris/NoVM

2. Open a command prompt and run the following command:
   - (Windows) install.exe -i console
   - (Non-Windows) ./install.bin -i console

   Note: Entering the command without the -i console option launches the GUI-based installer.

3. Respond to the prompts as described in the following table:
7.3 Error logs

If an error occurs, you can review the install.log in the log directory of your installation:

- (Windows) \[LiveCycle root]\log
7.4 Uninstalling LiveCycle in console mode

Note: If you had installed LiveCycle using the command line option, you can uninstall LiveCycle ES3 only by running the uninstaller from the command line. If you want a silent uninstallation, omit the “-i console” flag.

1 Open a command prompt, and navigate to the directory which contains the uninstall script:

Note: On UNIX systems, you should manually navigate to the directory that contains the uninstall script because the directory name contains spaces.

- (Windows) cd C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\Uninstall_Adobe LiveCycle ES3
- (UNIX-like systems) cd opt/adobe/adobe livecycle es3/Uninstall_Adobe_livecycle ES3

2 Type the following command at the prompt and press Enter:

- (Windows) Uninstall Adobe LiveCycle ES3 -i console
- (Linux, Solaris) ./Uninstall Adobe Livecycle ES3 -i console

3 Follow the on-screen instructions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prompt</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uninstall LiveCycle ES3</td>
<td>Press Enter to continue uninstallation. Enter quit to close the uninstall program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uninstalling...</td>
<td>After the uninstallation starts, the rest of the uninstallation process is completed and the cursor returns to the prompt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uninstall Complete</td>
<td>Note that some items may not be removed. Also, any folder created after installing LiveCycle are not removed. You must remove these files and folders manually.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 8: Appendix - Configuration Manager Command Line Interface

LiveCycle provides a Command Line Interface (CLI) for the Configuration Manager. The CLI is intended to be used by advanced users of LiveCycle, for example in server environments which do not support the use of the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the Configuration Manager.

8.1 Order of operations

The Configuration Manager CLI must follow the same order of operations as the GUI version of the Configuration Manager. Ensure that you use the CLI operations in this order:

1. Shut down the JBoss application server (Upgrade Turnkey only)
2. Migrate the GDS directory contents. (Upgrade Turnkey only)
3. Migrate the custom datasources. (Upgrade Turnkey only)
5. Update LiveCycle core settings.
6. Configure Content Services.
7. Migrate existing turnkey database (Upgrade Turnkey only).
8. Configure the application server.
10. Validate LiveCycle.
11. Perform critical tasks before component deployment.
12. Deploy the LiveCycle modules.
13. Validate the LiveCycle module deployment.
14. Retrieve the LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 form templates to migrate to LiveCycle.
15. Migrate Data Essential to LiveCycle
16. Post deployment configurations.
17. Check system readiness for PDF Generator.
18. Add administrator user for PDF Generator.
19. Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager.
20. Configure Connector for IBM FileNet.
22. Configure Connector for SharePoint.
23. Configure Correspondance Management.

Important: You must restart your application server after you complete Configuration Manager CLI operations.
8.2 Command Line Interface property file

The Configuration Manager CLI requires two property files containing the defined properties for your LiveCycle environment. The templates for the properties files, cli_propertyFile_template.txt and cli_propertyFile_upgrade_template.txt, are located in the [LiveCycle root]/configurationManager/bin folder.

- cli_propertyFile_template.txt file that contains properties that apply to LiveCycle installation and configuration scenarios, in general.
- cli_propertyFile_upgrade_template.txt file that contains properties specific to upgrading tasks. Both are required for upgrading from a previous version of LiveCycle.

You must create copies of these files and edit the values. You can customize this file based on the Configuration Manager operations you intend to use. The following section describes the properties and values required.

You should create the property file according to your installation. Use one of the following methods.

- Create a property file and populate the values according to your installation and configuration scenarios.
- Copy the property file cli_propertyFile_template.txt to use them as cli_propertyFile_upgrade_template.txt template and edit the values based on the Configuration Manager operations you intend to use.
- Use the GUI of the Configuration Manager and then use the property file created by the GUI version as the CLI version property file. When you run the [LiveCycle root]/configurationManager/bin/ConfigurationManager.bat file, the userValuesForCLI.properties file is created in the [LiveCycle root]/configurationManager/config directory. You can use this file as input for the Configuration Manager CLI.

Note: In the CLI properties file, you must use the escape character (\) for Windows paths directory separator (\). For example, if the Fonts folder to be mentioned is C:\Windows\Fonts, in the Configuration Manager CLI script, you should enter it as C:\\Windows\\Fonts.

8.3 Upgrading LiveCycle Commands

8.3.1 (Turnkey and Partial Turnkey only) Shutdown command for LiveCycle ES Update 1 or LiveCycle ES2 JBoss

Note: This command would run only if your existing LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey installation and your LiveCycle Turnkey installation coexist on the same machine and you have chosen to perform an upgrade installation while installing LiveCycle ES3 in Turnkey mode.

The upgrade-shutdownPreviousJboss command shuts down the JBoss service installed with your previous LiveCycle turnkey or partial turnkey installation and sets the service run mode to 'manual'.

This command requires no properties.

8.3.2 (Turnkey and Partial Turnkey only) Migrate LiveCycle GDS command

Note: This command would run only if your existing LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey installation and your LiveCycle Turnkey installation coexist on the same machine and you have chosen to perform an upgrade installation while installing LiveCycle ES3 in Turnkey mode.

The upgrade-migrateGDS command migrates the Global Document Storage (GDS) directory contents from default LiveCycle GDS location to the default LiveCycle GDS location.
This command works only for turnkey or partial turnkey installations, and when the default GDS is being used. If a custom GDS is being used, the contents need to be manually migrated. This command also migrates the Connectors for ECM properties file from the LiveCycle JBoss bin directory to the new JBoss location.

This command requires no input properties.

8.3.3 (Turnkey and Partial Turnkey only) Migrate LiveCycle datasources command

Note: This command would run only if your existing LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey installation and your LiveCycle Turnkey installation coexist on the same machine and you have chosen to perform an upgrade installation while installing LiveCycle ES3 in Turnkey mode.

The upgrade-migrateDataSources command migrates the custom datasource definitions that might have been added to the adobe-ds.xml or <database>-ds.xml datasource files in the JBoss /server/<profile name>/deploy directory. If no custom datasources are defined, skip this command.

The following properties are available for the upgrade-migrateDataSources command.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>adobeDSDatasourcesToMigrate</td>
<td>A comma separated list of the JNDI_NAME of custom datasources that need to be migrated from the LiveCycle adobe-ds.xml file</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mysqlDSDatasourcesToMigrate</td>
<td>A comma separated list of the JNDI_NAME of custom datasources that need to be migrated from LiveCycle &lt;database&gt;-ds.xml file.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The mysqlDSDatasourcesToMigrate property refers to any LiveCycle database that you may have installed, and not just a MySQL database.

8.3.4 Update LiveCycle core settings command

The upgrade-configureCoreSettings command updates various core settings for LiveCycle. For example, if in your previous LiveCycle system you had the Global Document Storage (GDS) directory set at C:\LC\GDS and in LiveCycle ES3 you plan to set it to E:\DS\GDS, then the new location is not updated in the database unless this CLI command is executed. Other core settings that can be updated in the same manner are: Adobe server fonts directory, Customer fonts directory, System fonts directory, Enable FIPS, LiveCycle temp directory, LiveCycle global document storage directory. The following properties are available for the upgrade-configureCoreSettings command.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>prevLCVersion</td>
<td>The version of LiveCycle from which upgrade is being performed. Valid values are 821 or 9x.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>excludedSolutionComponents</td>
<td>Comma separated list of modules not being upgraded/installed. This is equivalent to deselecting installed/licensed solution components in the Configuration Manager GUI.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.3.5 (Turnkey Only) Migrate existing turnkey database command

The `upgrade-migrateTurnkeyDatabase` command is used to migrate data from 'adobe' schema of a previous LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey MySQL installation to 'adobe' schema of LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey MySQL installation. Before you run this command, make sure that both the MySQL services are running and are accessible. Also, both the MySQL services should be running on different ports. The following properties are available for the `upgrade-migrateTurnkeyDatabase` command.

**Note:** This command would run only if your existing LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey installation and your LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey installation coexist on the same machine and you’d chosen to perform an upgrade installation while installing LiveCycle ES3 Turnkey.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseHostName</td>
<td>Hostname for LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseName</td>
<td>Database name for LiveCycle turnkey database. Default is adobe.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserName</td>
<td>Username for accessing LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserPassword</td>
<td>Password for accessing LiveCycle turnkey database. If you don’t provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseDriverFile</td>
<td>Path to driver file for LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabasePortNumber</td>
<td>Port used by LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseType</td>
<td>Type of database configured for LiveCycle turnkey database. Default is mysql.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseHostName</td>
<td>Hostname for previous LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseName</td>
<td>Database name for previous LiveCycle turnkey database. Default is adobe.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseUserName</td>
<td>Username for accessing previous LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseUserPassword</td>
<td>Password for accessing previous LiveCycle turnkey database. If you don’t provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.3.6 Perform critical tasks before component deployment command

The `upgrade-configurePreDeploy` command is used to execute plug-ins to upgrade the components of your previous LiveCycle installation, and make them compatible with LiveCycle, before these components are actually deployed on the LiveCycle Server. The following properties are available for the `upgrade-configurePreDeploy` command.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseDriverFile</td>
<td>Path to driver file for previous LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabasePortNumber</td>
<td>The port used by previous LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcPrevDatabaseType</td>
<td>Type of database configured for previous LiveCycle turnkey database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.3.7 Retrieve the ECM form templates to migrate command

The `upgrade-getFormTemplatesToMigrate` command can be used to retrieve a list of form templates that can be migrated from ECM repositories to the LiveCycle Native repository.

Use of the ECM repository for storing form templates is being deprecated, therefore this migration is required.

Once the list is obtained, use the `upgrade-configurePostDeploy` command to actually migrate the templates from the list. You can skip this command and set the `skipFormTemplatesImport` property to true in the `upgrade-configurePostDeploy` command to skip migration of form templates.

The following properties are available for the `upgrade-getFormTemplatesToMigrate` command.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>prevLCVersion</td>
<td>The version of LiveCycle being upgraded. Valid values are 821 or 9x.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>excludedSolutionComponents</td>
<td>Comma separated list of components not being installed. This is equivalent to deselecting installed/licensed solution components in the Configuration Manager GUI.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LiveCycle Host and Authorization information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>Hostname of the LiveCycle Server.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Port number on which LiveCycle application server is configured.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcJndiPort</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>Username of LiveCycle administrator user</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>Password for administrator user. If you don't provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LiveCycle Database information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseType</td>
<td>Type of database configured for LiveCycle. Values can be mysql, db2, oracle, or sqlserver</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseHostName</td>
<td>Hostname for the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabasePortNumber</td>
<td>The port number for the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseDriverFile</td>
<td>Path to driver file for the database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserName</td>
<td>Username for accessing the database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseName</td>
<td>Database name.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserPassword</td>
<td>Password for accessing database. If you don't provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ECM Form template Migration properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>documentumFormTemplatesFile</td>
<td>A file to which the list of form templates that can be migrated from ECM Documentum will be written. This file can be used as a input to upgrade-configurePostDeploy command later.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filenetFormTemplatesFile</td>
<td>A file to which the list of form templates that can be migrated from IBM FileNet will be written. This file can be used as input to upgrade-configurePostDeploy command later.</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.3.8 Post-deployment Configuration command

The `upgrade-configurePostDeploy` command does the actual upgrade of the system and is run after LiveCycle EAR files and modules have been deployed.

The following properties are available for the `upgrade-configurePostDeploy` command:
### LiveCycle Host and Authorization Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>Hostname of the LiveCycle Server.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Port number on which LiveCycle application server is configured.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcJndiPort</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>localServer.appServerRootDir</td>
<td>This is used to access appserver client JAR files. (Local application server root directory required for WebLogic and WebSphere only)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>Username of LiveCycle administrator user</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>Password for administrator user. If you don’t provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### LiveCycle Database Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Can be empty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseType</td>
<td>Type of database configured for LiveCycle. Values can be mysql, db2, oracle, or sqlserver</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseHostName</td>
<td>Hostname for the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabasePortNumber</td>
<td>The port number for the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseDriverFile</td>
<td>Path to driver file for the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserName</td>
<td>Username for accessing the LiveCycle database.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseName</td>
<td>LiveCycle database name. Default is adobe.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcDatabaseUserPassword</td>
<td>Password for accessing database. If you don’t provide a password in the file, you will prompted to provide it on command line</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.4 General configuration properties

8.4.1 Common properties

Common properties are:

**LiveCycle Server specific properties**: Required for the Initialize LiveCycle and Deploy LiveCycle Components operations.

These properties are required for the following operations:

- Initialize LiveCycle
- Deploy LiveCycle components.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LiveCycle Server specific properties</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The hostname of the server where LiveCycle will be deployed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.4.2 Configure LiveCycle properties

These properties only apply to the configure LiveCycle operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AdobeFontsDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of the Adobe server fonts directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>customerFontsDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of the customer fonts directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>systemFontsDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of the system fonts directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCTempDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of the temporary directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Values</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCGlobalDocStorageDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The global document storage root directory. Specify a path to an NFS shared directory used to store long-lived documents and to share them among all cluster nodes. Specify this property only when deploying LiveCycle components in a clustered environment. This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableDocumentDBStorage</td>
<td>true or false</td>
<td>Enables or disables document storage in database for persistent documents. Even if you enable document storage in database, you will need the file system directory for GDS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Content Services**

*Note:* The following properties are specified in the `cli_propertyFile_content_services_template.txt` file.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.rootDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Specify the root directory used by Content Services. If LiveCycle is in a clustered environment, this directory must be a location shared by all nodes in a cluster with the same path across all nodes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.indexesDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Specify the indexes directory used by Content Services. This directory is unique for each cluster node and must have the same name and location on all nodes. For example, <code>contentServices.indexesDir=C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\lccs_indexes</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.topology</td>
<td>String. Specify either SERVER or CLUSTER. Default: SERVER</td>
<td>[Content Services only] SERVER for single node, CLUSTER for a cluster configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.cifs.enable</td>
<td>true or false</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Enables or disables CIFS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.cifs.servername</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Server name of the CIFS server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.cifs.implementation</td>
<td>String. Specify one of the following: • NetBIOS • PureJava</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Specifies how Content Services connects to the CIFS server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.cifs.dllpath</td>
<td>String. Specify the path from where the NetBIOS DLL will be copied.</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Path where NetBIOS DLL will be copied. Required if &quot;contentServices.cifs.implementation=NetBIOS&quot;. This path must be present in the environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.cifs.alternateIP</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>[Content Services only] Alternate IP Address of the CIFS Server. It should be static IP and it is required field if &quot;contentServices.cifs.implementation=PureJava&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Values</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| contentServices.cifs.WinsOrBrdcast | String. Specify one of the following:  
• winsServer  
• broadcast | (Content Services only) DNS discovery method. It can be "winsServer" or "broadcast" and it is required field if "contentServices.cifs.implementation=PureJava". |
| contentServices.cifs.winPrmIP | Numeric | (Content Services only) Primary WINS Server IP address. It can obtained from ipconfig /all command. It is required field if "contentServices.cifs.implementation=PureJava" and "contentServices.cifs.WinsOrBrdcast=winsServer". |
| contentServices.cifs.winSecIP | Numeric | (Content Services only) Secondary WINS Server IP address. It can obtained from ipconfig /all command. It is required field if "contentServices.cifs.implementation=PureJava" and "contentServices.cifs.WinsOrBrdcast=winsServer". |
| contentServices.cifs.brdCastIP | Numeric | (Content Services only) Broadcast IP address. It is required field if "contentServices.cifs.implementation=PureJava" and "contentServices.cifs.WinsOrBrdcast=broadcast". |
| contentServices.dbType | String | (Content Services only) Content Services database type. |
| contentServices.configureamps.selectedLCAMPs | Comma separated list of strings | (Content Services only) File names of Content Services AMPs that need to be installed.  
For example, genericservice-action.amp, lc-assemble-clipboard-items.amp |
| contentServices.configureamps.externalAMPsDir | String | (Content Services only) Directory containing the custom AMPs that need to be installed.  
**Note:** All AMPs present in this directory will be installed. |
| contentServices.ftp.enable | True or False | True to enable internal email server settings and False to disable |
| contentServices.email.serverDomain | String | Domain of the internal email server. If email settings are enabled, this is a required field. |
| contentServices.email.serverPort | Numeric Default: 25 | Email Server Port. If email settings are enabled, this is a required field. |
| contentServices.internalEmailSettings.enable | True or false | True to enable internal email server settings and False to disable |
| contentServices.propagateEventsToLC.enable | True or false | True to propagate events to LiveCycle and False to disable |
| contentServices.usageQuota | Numeric | If disk quota is enabled, this is a required field. |
| contentServices.email.serverAllowedSenders | String | These are the senders from whom emails will be accepted. |

Last updated 7/12/2013
8.4.3 Configure or validate application server properties

8.4.4 Initialize LiveCycle properties
These initialize LiveCycle properties only apply to the initialize LiveCycle operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.email.serverBlockedSenders</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>These are senders for whom emails will be blocked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.email.unknownUsers</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The username to authenticate when sender address is not recognized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contentServices.audit.enable</td>
<td>True or false</td>
<td>When selected, application or user interactions with Content Services repository can be recorded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(WebSphere only) contentServices.myfacesDir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Directory where myfaces jars will be copied and used as shared libs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.4.5 Deploy LiveCycle Components properties
These properties apply to the following operations:

- Deploy LiveCycle Components
- Validate LiveCycle Component Deployment
- Validate LiveCycle Server.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.4.6 Add administrator user for PDF Generator
These properties apply only to the adding administrator user for PDF Generator operation. These properties are present in cli_propertyFile_pdfg_template.txt
### 8.4.7 Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager

*Note: The following properties are specified in the cli_propertyFile_ecm_ibmcm_template.txt file.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname where LiveCycle Server is installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>Port number where LiveCycle application server is configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAadminUserID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAadminPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCServerMachineAdminUser</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID of the Administrator user of the Operation System hosting LiveCycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCServerMachineAdminUserPasswd</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password of the Administrator user of the Operation System hosting LiveCycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jndiPortNumber</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jboss.clientjar.location</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDVTopology.appserverrotdir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy LiveCycle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConfigureIBMCM</td>
<td>true or false</td>
<td>Specify true to configure Connector for IBM Content Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBMCMClientPathDirectory</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of IBM Content Manager client installation directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataStoreName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Name of the DataStore of IBM Content Manager Server that you want to connect to</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.4.8 Configure Connector for IBM FileNet

Note: The following properties are specified in the cli_propertyFile_ecm_filenet_template.txt file.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IBMCMUsername</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user name assign to the IBM Content Manager Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the IBM Content Manager.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IBMCMPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the IBM Content Manager Administrator user. This password is used to login to the IBM Content Manager.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConnectionString</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Additional arguments used in the connection string to connect to IBM Content Manager(Optional).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname where LiveCycle Server is installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>Port number where LiveCycle application server is configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jndiPortNumber</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jboss.clientjar.location</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDVTopology.appserverrootdir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy LiveCycle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConfigureFilenetCE</td>
<td>true or false</td>
<td>Specify true to configure Connector for IBM Filenet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FilenetConfigureCEVersion</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The FileNet client version to configure. Specify FilenetClientVersion4.0 or FilenetClientVersion4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FilenetCEClientPathDirectory</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Location of IBM Filenet Content Manager client installation directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ContentEngineName</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname or IP address of the machine where IBM Filenet Content Engine is installed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ContentEnginePort</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The port number used by IBM Filenet Content Engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CredentialProtectionSchema</td>
<td>CLEAR or SYMMETRIC</td>
<td>Specify the level of protection.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.4.9 Configure Connector for EMC Documentum

*Note: The following properties are specified in the cli_propertyFile_ecm_documentum_template.txt file.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname where LiveCycle Server is installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>Port number where LiveCycle application server is configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jndiPortNumber</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jboss.clientjar.location</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8.4.10 Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint

*Note: The following properties are specified in the `cli_propertyFile_ecm_sharepoint_template.txt` file.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCHost</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname where LiveCycle Server is installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCPort</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>Port number where LiveCycle application server is configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminUserID</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCAdminPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to assign to the LiveCycle Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jndiPortNumber</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>JNDI port corresponding to LiveCycle application server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jboss.clientjar.location</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The location of the <code>jbossall-client.jar</code> file (JBoss only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDVTOPology.appserverrootdir</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy LiveCycle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConfigureSharePoint</td>
<td>true or false</td>
<td>Specify true to configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharePointServerAddress</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Hostname or IP address of the SharePoint Server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.4.11 Command Line Interface Usage

Once you have configured your property file, you must navigate to the [LiveCycle root]/configurationManager/bin folder.

To view a complete description of the Configuration Manager CLI commands, type: `ConfigurationManagerCLI help <command name>`.

**Configure LiveCycle CLI usage**

The Configure LiveCycle operation requires the following syntax:

`configureLiveCycle -f <propertyFile>`

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Extract CRX Bundles in LiveCycle**

The Configure CRX Repository requires the following syntax:

`extractCRXInstallationContent [- crx_password<password>] -f <propertyFile>`

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Configure Correspondence Management**

The Configure CRX Repository requires the following syntax:

`configureCRXRepository -f <propertyFile>`

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**8.4.11.1 Configure Content Services (deprecated) CLI Usage**

The Configure Content Services operation requires the following syntax:

`configureContentServices -f <propertyFile>`

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Values</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SharePointUsername</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The user ID to connect to the Sharepoint Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharePointPassword</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The password to connect to the Sharepoint Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharePointDomain</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The Domain Name of the Sharepoint Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharePointVersion</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>The version of the Microsoft Sharepo installed for LiveCycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConnectionString</td>
<td>String</td>
<td>Additional arguments used in the connection string to connect to the Sharepoint Server(optional)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Note:** The Content Services is deprecated and does not appear in the list of selected components. To include Content Services in the list of selected components remove or comment out `excludedSolutionComponents=ALC-LFS-ContentServices` property from `cli_propertyFile_template.txt` file.

### 8.4.11.2 Initialize LiveCycle CLI Usage

The initialize LiveCycle operation requires the following syntax:

```
initializeLiveCycle -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

### 8.4.11.3 Deploy LiveCycle Components CLI Usage

The Deploy LiveCycle Components operation requires the following syntax:

```
deployLiveCycleComponents -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

- `-LCAdminPassword <password>`: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the `targetServer.adminPassword` property in the property file.

### 8.4.11.4 Validate database connectivity CLI Usage

The validate Database Connectivity operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateDBConnectivity -f <propertyFile> -datasource_dbPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

- `-datasource_dbPassword <password>`: Allows you to set the database user password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the `datasource.dbPassword` property in the property file.

### 8.4.11.5 Validate LiveCycle Server CLI Usage

The Validate LiveCycle Server operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateLiveCycleServer -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

- `-LCAdminPassword <password>`: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the `targetServer.adminPassword` property in the property file.
8.4.11.6 Validate LiveCycle Component Deployment CLI Usage
The Validate LiveCycle Component Deployment operation is optional and requires the following syntax:
validateLiveCycleComponentDeployment -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
Where:
- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- -LCAdminPassword <password>: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the targetServer.adminPassword property in the property file.

8.4.11.7 Check system readiness for PDF Generator
The Checking system readiness for PDF Generator operation requires the following syntax:
pdfg-checkSystemReadiness

8.4.11.8 Adding administrator user for PDF Generator
The adding administrator user for PDF Generator operation requires the following syntax:
pdfg-addAdminUser -f <propertyFile>
Where:
- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

8.4.11.9 Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager
The Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager operation is optional and requires the following syntax:
IBMCM-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>
Where:
- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

Important: Modify the <propertyFile> called cli_propertyFile_ecm_ibmcm_template.txt located in the [LiveCycle root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.
1 Restart the Application Server.
2 Start the following services from LiveCycle Administration Console
   - IBMCMAuthProviderService
   - IBMCMConnectorService

8.4.11.10 Configure Connector for IBM FileNet
The Configure Connector for IBM FileNet operation is optional and requires the following syntax:
filenet-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>
Where:
- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
Important: Modify the <propertyFile> called cli_propertyFile_ecm_filenet_template.txt located in the [LiveCycle root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.

Perform the following steps manually to complete the configuration for Connector for IBM Content Manager.

1. (Only for FileNet 4.x) Add the Java option -Dwasp.location=[FileNetClient root]/wsi to the Application Server startup options.
2. Restart the Application Server.
3. Start the following services from LiveCycle Administration Console
   - IBMFileNetAuthProviderService
   - IBMFileNetContentRepositoryConnector
   - IBMFileNetRepositoryProvider
   - IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector (If configured)

8.4.11.11 Configure Connector for EMC Documentum
The Configure Connector for EMC Documentum operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

documentum-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

Important: Modify the <propertyFile> called cli_propertyFile_ecm_documentum_template.txt located in the [LiveCycle root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.

Perform the following steps manually to complete the configuration for Connector for EMC Documentum.

1. Restart the Application Server.
2. Start the following services from LiveCycle Administration Console
   - EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService
   - EMCDocumentumRepositoryProvider
   - EMCDocumentumContentRepositoryConnector

8.4.11.12 Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint
The Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

sharepoint-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

Important: Modify the <propertyFile> called cli_propertyFile_ecm_sharepoint_template.txt located in the [LiveCycle root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.
8.5 Examples Usage

From the C:\Adobe\Adobe LiveCycle ES3\configurationManager\bin, type:

`ConfigurationManagerCLI configureLiveCycle -f cli_propertyFile.txt`

Where `cli_propertyFile.txt` is the name of the property file you created.

8.6 Configuration Manager CLI Logs

If an error occurs, you can review the CLI logs located here in the `{LiveCycle root}\configurationManager\log` folder. The log file generated will have a naming convention such as `lcmCLI.0.log` where the number in the filename (0) will increment when the log files are rolled over.

8.7 Next steps

If you used Configuration Manager CLI to configure and deploy LiveCycle, you can now do the following tasks:

- Verify the deployment. (See Verify the deployment.)
- Access Administration Console. (See Accessing Administration Console.)
- Configure LiveCycle modules to access LDAP. (See Configuring LDAP access.)
Chapter 9: Appendix - Configuring the Connector for Microsoft SharePoint on the SharePoint Server

The Connector for Microsoft SharePoint allows you to integrate workflows from both the LiveCycle and the SharePoint development perspectives. This module includes a LiveCycle service and a sample SharePoint feature that facilitates end-to-end connection between the two systems.

The service provides search, read, write, delete, update, and check in/out capabilities with a SharePoint repository. SharePoint users can initiate LiveCycle processes such as an approval process from within SharePoint, convert documents to Adobe PDF, and manage the rights on a file in PDF or native formats. In addition, from within the SharePoint context, you can automate running LiveCycle processes from within SharePoint workflows.

9.1 Installation and configuration

After you configured the LiveCycle installation, carry out the following steps to configure the connector on the SharePoint server.

9.1.1 System requirements for the SharePoint server

Ensure that your server that runs the SharePoint site meets the following requirements:

- Microsoft SharePoint Server 2007 or 2010
- Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5

9.1.2 Installation considerations

Keep in mind the following before you plan your installation:

- If you are using Microsoft SharePoint Server 2007, the installation process stops and restarts the Windows IIS Server when installing Connector for Microsoft SharePoint on the SharePoint server.
- Before you run the installation, ensure that none of the other sites or web applications is using services on the IIS Server. Consult your IIS Administrator before you proceed with the installation.
- (For Sharepoint server 2010 Farmed installation) The SharePoint administration service is running on the central administration server of sharepoint server Farm. (For Sharepoint server 2010 Standalone installation) The SharePoint administration service is stopped on the sharepoint server.
9.2 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2007

9.2.1 Extract the web part installer
When you installed the LiveCycle server, the web part installer for SharePoint server named Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2007.zip was created in the [LiveCycle root]\plugins\sharepoint folder. Copy this file to a folder on the Windows server that hosts SharePoint, and then extract the files.

9.2.2 Edit the batch file
The folder extracted from the web part installer contains a batch file named Install.bat. You must update this batch file with the file and folder paths relevant to your SharePoint server.

1. Open the Install.bat file in a text editor.
2. Locate the following lines in the file and change them:
   
   ```
   @SET GACUTILEXE="C:\Program Files\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v6.0A\Bin\gacutil.exe"
   @SET TEMPLATEDIR="c:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\web server extensions\12\TEMPLATE"
   @SET WEBAPPDIR="C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\wss\VirtualDirectories\<port>"
   @SET SITEURL="http://<SharePoint Server>:<port>/SiteDirectory/<site name>/"
   @SET STSADM="C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\web server extensions\12\bin\stsadm.exe"
   ```

   - **GACUTILEXE**: Change the path to the folder where the GAC utility is located.
   - **TEMPLATEDIR**: Change the template directory path of the IIS Server on your system.
   - **WEBAPPDIR**: Change the path of the WEBAPPDIR of the IIS Server on your system if it differs from the default value included in the batch file.
   - **SITEURL**: Change the URL of the SharePoint site on your system on which you want to activate the LiveCycle feature.
   - **STSADM**: Change the path to the folder where the STSADM utility is located.

   **Note**: The LiveCycle feature is installed on a web application on the SharePoint server. The LiveCycle feature will be activated only on the site that you have provided the site URL for. You can activate the LiveCycle feature for other SharePoint sites later from the Site Settings page of those sites. See SharePoint Help for more information.

3. Save and close the file.

9.2.3 Run the batch file
Navigate to the folder where the edited batch file is present, and then run the Install.bat file.

Keep in mind that the SharePoint site will be unavailable for other services during the time the batch file runs.

When you run the batch file, the following occur:

- Registers the AdobeLiveCycleConnector.dll and AdobeLiveCycleWorkflow.dll files. These dynamic libraries integrate the LiveCycle features with the SharePoint server.
- Uninstalls any previously installed SharePoint connector.
- Copies the template files to the WSS \TEMPLATE directory.
• Copies the resource files to WEBAPPDIR\App_GlobalResources directory.
• Installs and activates the LiveCycle features with web server extensions.
• Closes the installer and returns the prompt.

9.2.4 Copy the Service Model configuration to the IIS Web Application folder
You must copy the SharePoint Connector-specific configuration settings to the web application home directory of the IIS Server. This adds the LiveCycle feature to the web application.

1. Navigate to the sharepoint-webpart folder that was created when you extracted the LiveCycle feature installer.
2. Open the AdobeLiveCycleConnector.dll.config file in a text editor.
3. Copy the contents between <system.serviceModel> and </system.serviceModel> tags (including both the starting and ending tags), and then close the file.
4. Navigate to the web application home directory on the IIS Service on your computer that you specified in the batch file. Typically, the folder is C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\wss\VirtualDirectories\<port>.
5. Create a backup copy of the web.config file and then open the original file in a text editor.
6. Append the contents that you copied before the </configuration> tag.
7. Save and close the file.

9.3 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2010

9.3.1 Edit Environment Variables
Append path of stsadm.exe to PATH environment variable. The default path of stsadm.exe is C:\Program Files\Common Files\MicrosoftShared\Web Server Extensions\14\BIN.

9.3.2 Extract the web part installer
When you installed the LiveCycle server, the web part installer for SharePoint server named Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip was created in the [LiveCycle root]\plugins\sharepoint folder. Copy this file to a folder on the Windows server that hosts SharePoint, and then extract the files.

9.3.3 Install and Activate Connector
1. (Optional) Select options for SharePoint Server Context menu before installing connector. See “9.3.4 Enable/Disable features” on page 80 for detailed steps.
2. Run following commands in the listed order to install Connector for SharePoint Server. Ensure that you run stsadm - o enumsolutions after each command to verify that the changes have been the propagated to all the servers. Run stsadm - o enumsolutions repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains <state>pending</state> tag.

install.bat -create
install.bat -add
install.bat -deploy
install.bat -install
3 Activate the connector from SharePoint Web Application. To activate the connector:
   a Open SharePoint Web Application in a browser.
   b Click Site Settings.
   c Click Site Collection Features.
   d Click Activate for Adobe LiveCycle Connector and Adobe LiveCycle Workflow feature.

9.3.4 Enable/Disable features
You can change options of context menu and disable other features on SharePoint Sites. For the SharePoint Connector installed with default set of options, following options are enabled on SharePoint Server:

- Convert to Adobe PDF
- Enable for commenting by Adobe Reader.
- Secure with Adobe Policy.
- Invoke Adobe LiveCycle Processes

You may make changes to Elements.xml file to change above options and to enable or disable another features. To make changes to Elements.xml

1 Navigate to the folder containing extracted contents of Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip file.
2 Take backup of Elements.xml file. The default location of Elements.xml is <Directory containing Extracted Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip File>\TEMPLATE\FEATURES\LiveCycle\Elements.xml
3 Open the Elements.xml file in a text editor.
4 Delete or comment the CustomAction elements of features that you want to disable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document Server feature</th>
<th>CustomAction element ID</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reader Extensions</td>
<td>LiveCycle.ApplyReaderExtensions</td>
<td>Enables Reader Extensions on PDF documents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rights Management</td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPdf</td>
<td>Rights-protect PDF documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDoc</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft Word documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToXls</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPpt</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft PowerPoint documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDocx</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft Word documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToXlsx</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPptx</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft PowerPoint documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDwg</td>
<td>Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDxf</td>
<td>Rights-protect AutoCAD documents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDwf</td>
<td>Rights-protect AutoCAD documents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDF Generator</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPdf</td>
<td>Convert a PDF created from an image to a text-based PDF if Standard OCR was used as the file type in Site Settings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromDoc</td>
<td>Generate PDF from Microsoft Word documents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPs</td>
<td>Generate PDF from PostScript files</td>
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<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromEps</td>
<td>Generate PDF from EPS documents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPnm</td>
<td>Generate PDF from PRN files</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromDocx</td>
<td>Generate PDF from Microsoft Word 2007 documents</td>
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<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPpt</td>
<td>Generate PDF from Microsoft PowerPoint documents</td>
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<td>Generate PDF from GIF files</td>
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<td>Generate PDF from TIF images</td>
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<td>Generate PDF from PNG images</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Generate PDF from JPX images</td>
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<td>Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images</td>
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<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJ2c</td>
<td>Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images</td>
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<td>Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images</td>
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<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpc</td>
<td>Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Generate PDF from HTML documents</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromSwf</td>
<td>Generate PDF from SWF files</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromFlv</td>
<td>Generate PDF from Flash video files</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.3.5 Uninstalling Connector for Microsoft SharePoint Server 2010

1. Deactivate SharePoint Connector from SharePoint Web Application. To deactivate SharePoint Connector:
   a. Open SharePoint Web Application in a browser.
   b. Click Site Settings.
   c. Click Site Collection Features.
   d. Click Deactivate for Adobe LiveCycle Connector and Adobe LiveCycle Workflow Features.

2. On the command prompt, run the following commands in the given order. Ensure that you run `stsadm -o enumsolutions` after each command to verify that the changes have been propagated to all the servers. Run `stsadm -o enumsolutions` repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains `<state>pending</state>` tag.

   - `Install.bat -uninstall`
   - `Install.bat -retract`
   - `Install.bat -delete`

5. Save and close `Elements.xml`