# ADOBE DREAMWEAVER CS4 API Reference



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Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 API Reference for Windows® and Mac OS

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# **Chapter 1: Introduction**

The Adobe Dreamweaver CS4 API Reference describes the application programming interfaces (APIs). The APIs let you perform various supporting tasks when developing Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 extensions and adding program code to your Dreamweaver web pages. The APIs include the main JavaScript API which provides access to most of the core functionalities of Dreamweaver. Core functionalities of Dreamweaver means generally anything that can be done with a menu, and more. It also includes various utility APIs for performing such common tasks as reading and writing files, transferring information with HTTP, and communicating with Fireworks and Flash.

The extensive JavaScript API lets you perform a diverse set of smaller tasks. A user would perform many of these tasks when creating or editing Dreamweaver documents. These API functions are grouped by the parts of the Dreamweaver user interface that they affect. For example, the JavaScript API includes Workspace functions, Document functions, Design functions, and so on. The API functions let you perform some of the following tasks and much more in addition to these tasks:

- · Opening a new document
- · Getting or setting a font size
- · Finding the occurrence of a search string in HTML code
- · Making a toolbar visible

## **About extensions**

This book assumes that you are familiar with Dreamweaver, HTML, XML, JavaScript programming and, if applicable, C programming. If you are writing extensions for building web applications, you should also be familiar with server-side scripting on at least one platform, such as Active Server Pages (ASP), ASP.NET, PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor (PHP), Adobe ColdFusion, or Java Server Pages (JSP).

## **Extending Dreamweaver**

To learn about the Dreamweaver framework and the API that enables you to build Dreamweaver extensions, see *Extending Dreamweaver*. *Extending Dreamweaver* describes the API functions that Dreamweaver calls to implement the objects, menus, floating panels, server behaviors, and so on, that comprise the various features of Dreamweaver. You can use those APIs to add objects, menus, floating panels, or other features to the product. *Extending Dreamweaver* also explains how to customize Dreamweaver by editing and adding tags to various HTML and XML files to add menu items or document types, and so on.

## **Additional resources for extension writers**

To communicate with other developers who are involved in writing extensions, join the Dreamweaver extensibility news group. You can access the website for this news group at <a href="http://www.adobe.com/cfusion/webforums/forum/categories.cfm?forumid=12&catid=190">http://www.adobe.com/cfusion/webforums/forum/categories.cfm?forumid=12&catid=190</a>.

## **New functions in Dreamweaver CS4**

The following new functions are added to the Dreamweaver CS4 JavaScript API. The headings designate the chapters and sections that contain the new functions:

## **Dynamic documents**

The following functions are added to the Dynamic documents chapter.

#### Live view functions

- "dom.getDesignViewMode()" on page 331
- "dom.setDesignViewMode()" on page 331
- "dom.getLiveViewUsingServer()" on page 332
- "dom.setLiveViewUsingServer()" on page 332
- "dom.getLiveViewDefaultsToUsingServer()" on page 332
- "dom.getLiveViewDependentsUsingServer()" on page 333
- "dom.setLiveViewDependentsUsingServer()" on page 333
- "dom.showLiveViewParamatersDialog()" on page 333
- "dom.browser.getSelection()" on page 334
- "dom.browser.getStatusText()" on page 334
- "dom.browser.getWindow()" on page 334
- "browserEle.loadHTML()" on page 335

## **Photoshop integration**

The following new functions are added to the Photoshop integration chapter.

#### **Smart Objects API**

- "dreamweaver.assetPalette.canUpdateSmartObjectFromOriginal()" on page 51
- "dreamweaver.assetPalette.updateSmartObjectFromOriginal()" on page 51
- "dreamweaver.getSmartObjectState()" on page 52
- "dreamweaver.getSmartObjectOriginalWidth()" on page 52
- "dreamweaver.getImageWidth()" on page 53
- "dreamweaver.getImageHeight()" on page 53
- "dreamweaver.resolveOriginalAssetFileURLToAbsoluteLocalFilePath()" on page 53
- "dreamweaver.canUpdateSmartObjectFromOriginal()" on page 54
- "dreamweaver.updateSmartObjectFromOriginal()" on page 54

## Workspace

The following new functions are added to the Workspace chapter.

#### Related files functions

- "dreamweaver.getRelatedFiles()" on page 190
- "dreamweaver.openRelatedFile()" on page 190
- "dreamweaver.getActiveRelatedFilePath()" on page 190

#### Information bar functions

- "dom.showInfoBar()" on page 189
- "dom.hideInfoBar()" on page 189

#### **Vertical Split view functions**

- "dreamweaver.getSplitViewOrientation()" on page 191
- "dreamweaver.setSplitViewOrientation()" on page 191
- "dreamweaver.getPrimaryView()" on page 192
- "dreamweaver.setPrimaryView()" on page 192
- "dom.isRelatedFileViewOpen()" on page 193

#### **Toolbar functions**

• "dreamweaver.reloadToolbars()" on page 178

## Flash integration

The following new functions are added to the Flash integration chapter.

#### Flash panels and dialogs functions

- "dreamweaver.flash.newControl()" on page 43
- "dreamweaver.flash.requestStateChange()" on page 45
- "dreamweaver.flash.controlEvent()" on page 46
- "dreamweaver.flash.setMenu()" on page 47
- "dreamweaver.flash.evalScript()" on page 49
- "dreamweaver.flash.executeScript()" on page 49
- "dreamweaver.flash.controlExists" on page 50

#### Site

The following new functions are added to the Sites chapter.

- "site.getLocalRootURL()" on page 224
- "site.getSiteRootForURL()" on page 225

#### **Document**

The following new functions are added to the Document chapter.

- "dom.getSelectorsDefinedInStylesheet()" on page 267
- "dreamweaver.absoluteURLToDocRelative()" on page 263

## Code

The following new functions are added to the Code chapter.

• "dom.source.doCodeNavItem()" on page 433

## **Removed functions**

The following functions are removed from the Dreamweaver CS4 API because the associated features are removed from the product.

site.setShowPageTitles()	site.removeLink()
site.canShowPageTitles()	site.invertSelection()
site.getShowPageTitles()	site.selectHomePage()
site.setShowHiddenFiles()	site.newHomePage()
site.getShowHiddenFiles()	site.setLayout()
site.setShowDependents()	dom.createLayoutCell()
site.getShowDependents()	dom.createLayoutTable()
site.canFindLinkSource()	dom.setColumnAutostretch()
site.findLinkSource()	dom.isColumnAutostretch()
site.viewAsRoot()	dom.doesColumnHaveSpacer()
site.setAsHomePage()	dom.doesGroupHaveSpacer()
site.canSetLayout()	dom.addSpacerToColumn()
site.canRemoveLink()	dom.removeSpacerFromColumn()
site.canChangeLink()	dom.removeAllSpacers()
site.canAddLink()	dom.makeCellWidthsConsistent()
site.addLinkToNewFile()	dom.insertFlashElement()
site.getLinkVisibility()	dreamweaver.exportCSS() (deprecated in CS3)
site.setLinkVisibility()	dreamweaver.canExportCSS() (deprecated in CS3)
site.saveAsImage()	dreamweaver.libraryPalette.deleteSelectedItem() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)
dreamweaver.libraryPalette.get SelectedItem() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)	dreamweaver.libraryPalette.newFromDocument() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)
dreamweaver.libraryPalette.recr eateFromDocument() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)	dreamweaver.libraryPalette.renameSelectedItem() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)
dreamweaver.templatePalette.d eleteSelectedTemplate() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)	dreamweaver.templatePalette.getSelectedTempla te() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)

dreamweaver.templatePalette.r enameSelectedTemplate() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 4)	dreamweaver.getBehaviorEvent() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 2)
dom.clipPasteText() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 8)	dreamweaver.popupCommand() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)
dom.serverModel.getServerLan guage() (deprecated in Dreamweaver MX)	dom.serverModel.getServerExtension() (deprecated in Dreamweaver MX)
dreamweaver.getObjectRefs() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)	dreamweaver.getObjectTags() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)
dreamweaver.getSelection() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)	dreamweaver.nodeToOffsets() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)
dreamweaver.offsetsToNode() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)	dreamweaver.setSelection() (deprecated in Dreamweaver 3)
dreamweaver.exportEditableRe gionsAsXML() (deprecated in Dreamweaver MX)	dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getSelectedTarget() (deprecated in Dreamweaver MX)
MMDB.getDriverUrlTemplateLis t() (deprecated in Dreamweaver MX)	

For more information on these deprecated APIs, see Dreamweaver API Reference for CS3.

## Conventions used in this guide

#### Typographical conventions

The following typographical conventions are used in this guide:

- · Code font indicates code fragments and API literals, including class names, method names, function names, type names, scripts, SQL statements, and both HTML and XML tag and attribute names.
- Italic code font indicates replaceable items in code.
- The continuation symbol (¬ ) indicates that a long line of code has been broken across two or more lines. Due to margin limits in this book's format, what is otherwise a continuous line of code must be split. When copying the lines of code, eliminate the continuation symbol and type the lines as one line.
- Curly braces ({}) that surround a function argument indicate that the argument is optional.
- Function names that have the prefix dreamweaver. funcname can be abbreviated to dw. funcname when you are writing code. This manual uses the full dreamweaver. prefix when defining the function and in the index. Many examples use the dw. prefix, however.

#### Naming conventions

The following naming conventions are used in this guide:

- You—the developer who is responsible for writing extensions
- The user—the person using Dreamweaver

# Chapter 2: The file I/O API

Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 includes a C shared library called DWfile. The DWfile lets authors of objects, commands, behaviors, data translators, floating panels, and Property inspectors read and write files on the local file system. The chapter describes the File I/O API and how to use it.

For general information on how C libraries interact with the JavaScript interpreter in Dreamweaver, see "C-Level Extensibility" in *Extending Dreamweaver*.

## **About configuration folders**

On Microsoft Windows 2000 and Windows XP, and Mac OS X platforms, users have their own copies of configuration files. Whenever Dreamweaver writes to a configuration file, Dreamweaver writes it to the user's Configuration folder. Similarly, when Dreamweaver reads a configuration file, Dreamweaver searches for it first in the user's Configuration folder and then in the Dreamweaver Configuration folder. DWfile functions use the same mechanism. In other words, if your extension reads or writes a file in the Dreamweaver Configuration folder, your extension also accesses the user's Configuration folder. For more information about configuration folders on multiuser platforms, see *Extending Dreamweaver*.

## About the file I/O API

All functions in the file I/O API are methods of the DWfile object.

## DWfile.copy()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function copies the specified file to a new location.

#### Arguments

originalURL, copyURL

- The *originalURL* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file you want to copy.
- The copyURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the location where you want to save the copied file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the copy succeeds; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following code copies a file called myconfig.cfg to myconfig\_backup.cfg:

```
var fileURL = "file:///c|/Config/myconfig.cfg";
var newURL ="file:///c|/Config/myconfig_backup.cfg";
DWfile.copy(fileURL, newURL);
```

## DWfile.createFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function creates a folder at the specified location.

#### Arguments

folderURL

• The folderURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the location of the folder you want to create.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the folder is created successfully; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following code tries to create a folder called tempFolder at the top level of the C drive and displays an alert box that indicates whether the operation was successful:

```
var folderURL = "file:///c|/tempFolder";
if (DWfile.createFolder(folderURL)) {
   alert("Created " + folderURL);
}else{
   alert("Unable to create " + folderURL);
```

### DWfile.exists()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function tests for the existence of the specified file.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The *fileURL* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the requested file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the file exists; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following code checks for the mydata.txt file and displays an alert message that tells the user whether the file exists:

```
var fileURL = "file:///c|/temp/mydata.txt";
if (DWfile.exists(fileURL)){
   alert(fileURL + " exists!");
}else{
   alert(fileURL + " does not exist.");
```

## DWfile.getAttributes()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function gets the attributes of the specified file or folder.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file or folder for which you want to get attributes.

#### Returns

A string that represents the attributes of the specified file or folder. If the file or folder does not exist, this function returns a null value. The following characters in the string represent the attributes:

- R is read only.
- D is folder.
- н is hidden.
- s is system file or folder.

The following code gets the attributes of the mydata.txt file and displays an alert box if the file is read only:

```
var fileURL = "file:///c|/temp/mydata.txt";
var str = DWfile.getAttributes(fileURL);
if (str && (str.indexOf("R") != -1)){
   alert(fileURL + " is read only!");
```

## DWfile.getModificationDate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function gets the time when the file was last modified.

fileURL

• The file URL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file for which you are checking the last modified time.

#### Returns

A string that contains a hexadecimal number that represents the number of time units that have elapsed since some base time. The exact meaning of time units and base time is platform-dependent; in Windows, for example, a time unit is 100ns, and the base time is January 1st, 1600.

#### Example

It's useful to call the function twice and compare the return values because the value that this function returns is platform-dependent and is not a recognizable date and time. The following code example gets the modification dates of file1.txt and file2.txt and displays an alert message that indicates which file is newer:

```
var file1 = "file:///c|/temp/file1.txt";
var file2 = "file:///c|/temp/file2.txt";
var time1 = DWfile.getModificationDate(file1);
var time2 = DWfile.getModificationDate(file2);
if (time1 == time2) {
    alert("file1 and file2 were saved at the same time");
}else if (time1 < time2) {</pre>
    alert("file1 older that file2");
    alert("file1 is newer than file2");
```

## DWfile.getCreationDate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

This function gets the time when the file was created.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file for which you are checking the creation time.

#### Returns

A string that contains a hexadecimal number that represents the number of time units that have elapsed since some base time. The exact meaning of time units and base time is platform-dependent; in Windows, for example, a time unit is 100ns, and the base time is January 1st, 1600.

#### Example

You can call this function and the DWfile.getModificationDate() function on a file to compare the modification date to the creation date:

```
var file1 = "file:///c|/temp/file1.txt";
var time1 = DWfile.getCreationDate(file1);
var time2 = DWfile.getModificationDate(file1);
if (time1 == time2) {
    alert("file1 has not been modified since it was created");
}else if (time1 < time2) {</pre>
   alert("file1 was last modified on " + time2);
```

## DWfile.getCreationDateObj()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function gets the JavaScript object that represents the time when the file was created.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file for which you are checking the creation time.

#### Returns

A JavaScript Date object that represents the date and time when the specified file was created.

## DWfile.getModificationDateObj()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function gets the JavaScript Date object that represents the time when the file was last modified.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file for which you are checking the time of the most recent modification.

#### Returns

A JavaScript Date object that represents the date and time when the specified file was last modified.

## DWfile.getSize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function gets the size of a specified file.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file for which you are checking the size.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the actual size, in bytes, of the specified file.

## DWfile.listFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function gets a list of the contents of the specified folder.

#### Arguments

folderURL, {constraint}

- The folderURL argument is the folder for which you want a contents list, which is expressed as a file:// URL, plus an optional wildcard file mask. Valid wildcards are asterisks (\*), which match one or more characters, and question marks (?), which match a single character.
- The constraint argument, if it is supplied, must be either "files" (return only files) or "directories" (return only folders). If it is omitted, the function returns files and folders.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents the contents of the folder.

#### Example

The following code gets a list of all the text (TXT) files in the C:/temp folder and displays the list in an alert message:

```
var folderURL = "file:///c|/temp";
var fileMask = "*.txt";
var list = DWfile.listFolder(folderURL + "/" + fileMask, "files");
if (list) {
   alert(folderURL + " contains: " + list.join("\n"));
```

## DWfile.read()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function reads the contents of the specified file into a string.

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file you want to read.

#### Returns

A string that contains the contents of the file or a null value if the read fails.

#### Example

The following code reads the mydata.txt file and, if it is successful, displays an alert message with the contents of the file:

```
var fileURL = "file:///c|/temp/mydata.txt";
var str = DWfile.read(fileURL);
if (str) {
    alert(fileURL + " contains: " + str);
```

## DWfile.remove()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function deletes the specified file.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The file URL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the file you want to remove.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true value if the operation succeeds; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example uses the DWfile.getAttributes() function to determine whether the file is read-only and the confirm() function to display a Yes/No dialog box to the user:

```
function deleteFile(){
   var delAnyway = false;
   var selIndex = document.theForm.menu.selectedIndex;
   var selFile = document.theForm.menu.options[selIndex].value;
   if (DWfile.getAttributes(selFile).indexOf('R') != -1) {
       delAnyway = confirm('This file is read-only. Delete anyway?');
       if (delAnyway) {
           DWfile.remove(selFile);
       }
   }
```

## DWfile.setAttributes()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function sets the system-level attributes of a particular file.

#### Arguments

fileURL, strAttrs

- The file URL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, identifies the file for which you are setting the attributes.
- The strAttrs argument specifies the system-level attributes for the file that is identified by the fileURL argument. The following table describes valid attribute values and their meaning:

Attribute Value	Description
R	Read only
W	Writable (overrides R)
н	Hidden
V	Visible (overrides H)

Acceptable values for the strAttrs string are R, W, H, V, RH, RV, WH, or WV.

You should not use R and W together because they are mutually exclusive. If you combine them, R becomes meaningless, and the file is set as writable (w). You should not use H and V together because they are also mutually exclusive. If you combine them, H becomes meaningless, and the file is set as visible (V).

If you specify H or V without specifying an R or W read/write attribute, the existing read/write attribute for the file is not changed. Likewise, if you specify R or W, without specifying an H or V visibility attribute, the existing visibility attribute for the file is not changed.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## DWfile.write()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function writes the specified string to the specified file. If the specified file does not yet exist, it is created.

#### Arguments

fileURL, text, {mode}

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file://URL, is the file to which you are writing.

Note: If the path contains spaces, this function will not write files.

- The text argument indicates the string the function has to write.
- The mode argument, if it is supplied, must be append. If this argument is omitted, the string overwrites the contents of the file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the string is successfully written to the file; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following code attempts to write the string xxx to the mydata.txt file and displays an alert message if the write operation succeeds. It then tries to append the string aaa to the file and displays a second alert if the write operation succeeds. After executing this script, the mydata.txt file contains the text xxxaaa and nothing else.

```
var fileURL = "file:///c|/temp/mydata.txt";
if (DWfile.write(fileURL, "xxx")){
   alert("Wrote xxx to " + fileURL);
if (DWfile.write(fileURL, "aaa", "append")){
   alert("Appended aaa to " + fileURL);
```

# **Chapter 3: The HTTP API**

Extensions are not limited to working in the local file system. Adobe® Dreamweaver® provides a mechanism to get information from and send information to a web server by using hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP). The chapter describes the HTTP API and how to use it.

## **How the HTTP API works**

All functions in the HTTP API are methods of the MMHttp object. Most of these functions take a URL as an argument, and most return an object. The default port for URL arguments is 80. To specify a port other than 80, append a colon and the port number to the URL, as shown in the following example:

```
MMHttp.getText("http://www.myserver.com:8025");
```

For functions that return an object, the object has two properties: statusCode and data.

The statusCode property indicates the status of the operation; possible values include, but are not limited to, the following values:

- · 200: Status OK
- 400: Unintelligible request
- · 404: Requested URL not found
- 405: Server does not support requested method
- 500: Unknown server error
- 503: Server capacity reached

For a comprehensive list of status codes for your server, check with your Internet service provider or system administrator.

The value of the data property varies according to the function; possible values are specified in the individual function listings.

Functions that return an object also have a callback version. Callback functions let other functions execute while the web server processes an HTTP request. This capability is useful if you are making multiple HTTP requests from Dreamweaver. The callback version of a function passes its ID and return value directly to the function that is specified as its first argument.

## The HTTP API

This section details the functions that are methods of the MMHttp object.

## MMHttp.clear Server Scripts Folder ()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Deletes the mmServerScripts folder—and all its files—under the root folder for the current site, which can be local or remote. The \_mmServerScripts folder is located in Configuration/Connections/Scripts/server-model/\_mmDBScripts folder.

#### Arguments

serverScriptsfolder

• The serverScriptsfolder argument is a string that names a particular folder, relative to the Configuration folder on the application server, from which you want to retrieve and clear server scripts.

#### Returns

An object that represents the reply from the server. The data property of this object is a string that contains the contents of the deleted scripts. If an error occurs, Dreamweaver reports it in the statusCode property of the returned object.

#### Example

The following code, in a menu command file inside the Configuration/Menus folder, removes all the files from the \_mmServerScripts folder when it is called from a menu:

```
<!-- MENU-LOCATION=NONE -->
<html>
<head>
<TITLE>Clear Server Scripts</TITLE>
<SCRIPT SRC="ClearServerScripts.js"></SCRIPT>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="javascript">
</SCRIPT>
<body onLoad="MMHttp.clearServerScriptsFolder()">
</body>
</html>
```

## MMHttp.clearTemp()

#### Description

This function deletes all the files in the Configuration/Temp folder, which is located in the Dreamweaver application folder.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following code, when saved in a file within the Configuration/Shutdown folder, removes all the files from the Configuration/Temp folder when the user quits Dreamweaver:

```
<html>
cheads
<title>Clean Up Temp Files on Shutdown</title>
<body onLoad="MMHttp.clearTemp()">
</body>
</html>
```

## MMHttp.getFile()

#### Description

This function gets the file at the specified URL and saves it in the Configuration/Temp folder, which is located in the Dreamweaver application folder. Dreamweaver automatically creates subfolders that mimic the folder structure of the server; for example, if the specified file is at www.dreamcentral.com/people/index.html, Dreamweaver stores the index.html file in the People folder inside the www.dreamcentral.com folder.

#### Arguments

URL, {prompt}, {saveURL}, {titleBarLabel}

- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server; if http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The *prompt* argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to prompt the user to save the file. If saveURL is outside the Configuration/Temp folder, a prompt value of false is ignored for security reasons.
- The saveURL argument, which is optional, is the location on the user's hard disk where the file should be saved, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If prompt is a true value or saveURL is outside the Configuration/Temp folder, the user can override *saveURL* in the Save dialog box.
- The titleBarLabel argument, which is optional, is the label that should appear in the title bar of the Save dialog box.

#### Returns

An object that represents the reply from the server. The data property of this object is a string that contains the location where the file is saved, which is expressed as a file:// URL. Normally, the statusCode property of the object contains the status code that is received from the server. However, if a disk error occurs while Dreamweaver is saving the file on the local drive, the statusCode property contains an integer that represents one of the following error codes if the operation is not successful:

- 1: Unspecified error
- · 2: File not found
- 3: Invalid path
- 4: Number of open files limit reached
- · 5: Access denied
- 6: Invalid file handle
- 7: Cannot remove current working folder
- 8: No more folder entries
- 9: Error setting file pointer
- 10: Hardware error
- · 11: Sharing violation

- 12: Lock violation
- · 13: Disk full
- 14: End of file reached

#### Example

The following code gets an HTML file, saves all the files in the Configuration/Temp folder, and then opens the local copy of the HTML file in a browser:

```
var httpReply = MMHttp.getFile("http://www.dreamcentral.com/people/profiles/scott.html",
false):
if (Boolean == 200) {
   var saveLoc = httpReply.data;
   dw.browseDocument(saveLoc);
```

## MMHttp.getFileCallback()

#### Description

This function gets the file at the specified URL, saves it in the Configuration/Temp folder inside the Dreamweaver application folder, and then calls the specified function with the request ID and reply result. When saving the file locally, Dreamweaver automatically creates subfolders that mimic the folder structure of the server; for example, if the specified file is at www.dreamcentral.com/people/index.html, Dreamweaver stores the index.html file in the People folder inside the www.dreamcentral.com folder.

#### **Arguments**

callbackFunction, URL, {prompt}, {saveURL}, {titleBarLabel}

- The callbackFunction argument is the name of the JavaScript function to call when the HTTP request is complete.
- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server; if http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The prompt argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to prompt the user to save the file. If saveURL argument specifies a location outside the Configuration/Temp folder, a prompt value of false is ignored for security reasons.
- The saveURL argument, which is optional, is the location on the user's hard disk where the file should be saved, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If prompt is a true value or saveURL is outside the Configuration/Temp folder, the user can override *saveURL* in the Save dialog box.
- The titleBarLabel argument, which is optional, is the label that should appear in the title bar of the Save dialog box.

An object that represents the reply from the server. The data property of this object is a string that contains the location where the file was saved, which is expressed as a file:// URL. Normally the statusCode property of the object contains the status code that is received from the server. However, if a disk error occurs while Dreamweaver is saving the file on the local drive, the statusCode property contains an integer that represents an error code. See "MMHttp.getFile()" on page 17 for a list of possible error codes.

## MMHttp.getText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Retrieves the contents of the document at the specified URL.

#### Arguments

URL, {serverScriptsFolder}

- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server. If http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The serverScriptsFolder argument is an optional string that names a particular folder—relative to the Configuration folder on the application server—from which you want to retrieve server scripts. To retrieve the scripts, Dreamweaver uses the appropriate transfer protocol (such as FTP, WebDAV, or Remote File System). Dreamweaver copies these files to the mmServerScripts subfolder under the root folder for the current site.

If an error occurs, Dreamweaver reports it in the statusCode property of the returned object.

## MMHttp.getTextCallback()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Retrieves the contents of the document at the specified URL and passes it to the specified function.

#### **Arguments**

callbackFunc, URL, {serverScriptsFolder}

- The callbackFunc argument is the JavaScript function to call when the HTTP request is complete.
- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server; if http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The serverScriptsFolder argument is an optional string that names a particular folder—relative to the Configuration folder on the application server—from which you want to retrieve server scripts. To retrieve the scripts, Dreamweaver uses the appropriate transfer protocol (such as FTP, WebDAV, or Remote File System). Dreamweaver retrieves these files and passes them to the function that *callbackFunc* identifies.

If an error occurs, Dreamweaver MX reports it in the statusCode property of the returned object.

## MMHttp.postText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Performs an HTTP post of the specified data to the specified URL. Typically, the data associated with a post operation is form-encoded text, but it could be any type of data that the server expects to receive.

#### Arguments

URL, dataToPost, {contentType}, {serverScriptsFolder}

- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server; if http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The dataToPost argument is the data to post. If the third argument is "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" or omitted, data To Post must be form-encoded according to section 8.2.1 of the RFC 1866 specification (available at www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1866.html).
- The content Type argument, which is optional, is the content type of the data to post. If omitted, this argument defaults to "application/x-www-form-urlencoded".
- The serverScriptsFolder argument is an optional string that names a particular folder—relative to the Configuration folder on the application server—to which you want to post the data. To post the data, Dreamweaver uses the appropriate transfer protocol (such as FTP, WebDAV, or Remote File System).

If an error occurs, Dreamweaver reports it in the statusCode property of the returned object.

#### Example

In the following example of an MMHttp.postText() function call, assume that a developer has placed the myScripts.cfm file in a folder named DeployScripts, which is located in the Configuration folder on the local computer:

```
MMHttp.postText(
    "http://ultraqa8/DeployScripts/myScripts.cfm",
    "arq1=Foo",
    "application/x-www-form-urlencoded",
    "Configuration/DeployScripts/"
```

When Dreamweaver executes this function call, the following sequence occurs:

- 1 The myScripts.cfm file in the Configuration/DeployScripts folder on the local computer is copied to another folder named DeployScripts, which is a subfolder of the root folder on the ultraqa8 website. To deploy the files, Dreamweaver uses the protocol specified in the site configuration properties.
- **2** Dreamweaver uses HTTP protocol to post the arg1=Foo data to the web server.
- 3 As a result of the post request, the web server on ultraqa8 executes the myScripts.cfm script using the arg1 data.

## MMHttp.postTextCallback()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Performs an HTTP post of the text to the specified URL and passes the reply from the server to the specified function. Typically, the data associated with a post operation is form-encoded text, but it could be any type of data that the server expects to receive.

callbackFunc, URL, dataToPost, {contentType}, {serverScriptsFolder}

- The *callbackFunc* argument is the name of the JavaScript function to call when the HTTP request is complete.
- The URL argument is an absolute URL on a web server; if http:// is omitted from the URL, Dreamweaver assumes HTTP protocol.
- The dataToPost argument is the data to be posted. If the third argument is "application/x-www-formurlencoded or omitted, data must be form-encoded according to section 8.2.1 of the RFC 1866 specification (available at www.faqs.org/rfcs/rfc1866.html).
- The content Type argument, which is optional, is the content type of the data to be posted. If omitted, this argument defaults to "application/x-www-form-urlencoded".
- The serverScriptsFolder argument is an optional string. It names a particular folder, relative to the Configuration folder on the application server—to which you want to post the data. To post the data, Dreamweaver uses the appropriate transfer protocol (such as FTP, WebDAV, or Remote File System). Dreamweaver retrieves these data and passes them to the function identified by callbackFunc.

If an error occurs, Dreamweaver reports it in the statusCode property of the returned object.

## **Chapter 4: The Design Notes API**

Adobe<sup>®</sup> Dreamweaver<sup>®</sup>, Adobe<sup>®</sup> Fireworks<sup>®</sup>, and Adobe<sup>®</sup> Flash<sup>®</sup> give web designers and developers a way to store and retrieve extra information about documents. The information is stored in files that are called Design Notes. It gives extra information about documents like review comments, change notes, or the source file for a GIF or JPEG.

For more information about using the Design Notes feature from within Dreamweaver, see *Using Dreamweaver*.

## **How Design Notes work**

Each Design Notes file stores information for a single document. If one or more documents in a folder has an associated Design Notes file, Dreamweaver creates a \_notes subfolder where Design Notes files can be stored. The \_notes folder and the Design Notes files that it contains are not visible in the Site panel, but they appear in the Finder (Macintosh) or Windows Explorer. A Design Notes filename comprises the main filename plus the .mno extension. For example, the Design Notes file that is associated with avocado8.gif is avocado8.gif.mno.

Design Notes files are XML files that store information in a series of key/value pairs. The key describes the type of information that is being stored, and the value represents the information. Keys are limited to 64 characters.

The following example shows the Design Notes file for foghorn.gif.mno:

## The Design Notes JavaScript API

All functions in the Design Notes JavaScript API are methods of the MMNotes object. MMNotes is a C shared library that lets extensions authors read and write Design Notes files. As with the DWfile shared library, MMNotes has a JavaScript API that lets you call the functions. The functions are called from objects, commands, behaviors, floating panels, Property inspectors, and data translators in the library. The MMNotes shared library can be used independently, even if Dreamweaver is not installed.

## MMNotes.close()

#### Description

This function closes the specified Design Notes file and saves any changes. If all the key/value pairs are removed, Dreamweaver deletes the Design Notes file. If it is the last Design Notes file in the \_notes folder, Dreamweaver deletes the folder also.

**Note:** Always call the MMNotes.close() function when you finish with Design Notes so Dreamweaver writes to the file.

fileHandle

• The  $\it file Handle$  argument is the file handle that the MMNotes.open() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

See "MMNotes.set()" on page 27.

## MMNotes.filePathToLocalURL()

#### Description

This function converts the specified local drive path to a file:// URL.

#### Arguments

drivePath

• The *drivePath* argument is a string that contains the full drive path.

A string that contains the file:// URL for the specified file.

#### Example

A call to MMNotes.filePathToLocalURL('C:\sites\webdev\index.htm') returns "file:///c|/sites/webdev/index.htm".

## MMNotes.get()

#### Description

This function gets the value of the specified key in the specified Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

fileHandle, keyName

- The *fileHandle* argument is the file handle that MMNotes.open() returns.
- The *keyName* argument is a string that contains the name of the key.

#### Returns

A string that contains the value of the key.

#### Example

See "MMNotes.getKeys()" on page 24.

## MMNotes.getKeyCount()

#### Description

This function gets the number of key/value pairs in the specified Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

fileHandle

• The fileHandle argument is the file handle that the MMNotes.open() function returns.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the number of key/value pairs in the Design Notes file.

## MMNotes.getKeys()

#### Description

This function gets a list of all the keys in a Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

fileHandle

• The fileHandle argument is the file handle that the MMNotes.open() function returns.

#### Returns

An array of strings where each string contains the name of a key.

#### Example

The following code might be used in a custom floating panel to display the Design Notes information for the active

```
var noteHandle = MMNotes.open(dw.getDocumentDOM().URL);
var theKeys = MMNotes.getKeys(noteHandle);
var noteString = "";
var theValue = "";
for (var i=0; i < theKeys.length; i++) {
   theValue = MMNotes.get(noteHandle,theKeys[i]);
   noteString +=OtheKeys[i] + " = " theValue + "\n";
document.theForm.bigTextField.value = noteString;
// always close noteHandle
MMNotes.close(noteHandle);
```

## MMNotes.getSiteRootForFile()

#### Description

This function determines the site root for the specified Design Notes file.

fileURL

• The fileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the path to a local file.

#### Returns

A string that contains the path of the Local Root folder for the site, which is expressed as a file:// URL, or an empty string if Dreamweaver is not installed or the Design Notes file is outside any site that is defined with Dreamweaver. This function searches for all the sites that are defined in Dreamweaver.

## MMNotes.getVersionName()

#### Description

This function gets the version name of the MMNotes shared library, which indicates the application that implemented it.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the application that implemented the MMNotes shared library.

#### Example

Calling the MMNotes.getVersionName() function from a Dreamweaver command, object, behavior, Property inspector, floating panel, or data translator returns "Dreamweaver". Calling the MMNotes.getVersionName() function from Fireworks also returns "Dreamweaver" because Fireworks uses the same version of the library, which was created by the Dreamweaver engineering team.

## MMNotes.getVersionNum()

#### Description

This function gets the version number of the MMNotes shared library.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the version number.

## MMNotes.localURLToFilePath()

#### Description

This function converts the specified file:// URL to a local drive path.

fileURL

• The *fileURL* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the path to a local file.

#### Returns

A string that contains the local drive path for the specified file.

#### Example

A call to MMNotes.localURLToFilePath('file:///MacintoshHD/images/moon.gif') returns "MacintoshHD: images: moon.gif".

## MMNotes.open()

#### Description

This function opens the Design Notes file that is associated with the specified file or creates one if none exists.

#### Arguments

filePath, {bForceCreate}

- The filePath argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the path to the main file with which the Design Notes file is associated.
- The bForceCreate argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to create the note even if Design Notes is turned off for the site or if the *filePath* argument is not associated with any site.

#### Returns

The file handle for the Design Notes file or 0 if the file was not opened or created.

#### Example

See "MMNotes.set()" on page 27.

## MMNotes.remove()

#### Description

The function removes the specified key (and its value) from the specified Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

fileHandle, keyName

- The fileHandle argument is the file handle that the MMNotes.open() function returns.
- The *keyName* argument is a string that contains the name of the key to remove.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise.

### MMNotes.set()

#### Description

This function creates or updates one key/value pair in a Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

fileHandle, keyName, valueString

- The fileHandle argument is the file handle that the MMNotes.open() function returns.
- The *keyName* argument is a string that contains the name of the key.
- The *valueString* argument is a string that contains the value.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example opens the Design Notes file that is associated with a file in the dreamcentral site called peakhike99/index.html, adds a new key/value pair, changes the value of an existing key, and then closes the Design Notes file:

```
var noteHandle = MMNotes.open('file:///c|/sites/dreamcentral/peakhike99/
    index.html',true);
if(noteHandle > 0){
   MMNotes.set(noteHandle, "Author", "M. G. Miller");
   MMNotes.set(noteHandle, "Last Changed", "August 28, 1999");
   MMNotes.close(noteHandle);
```

## The Design Notes C API

In addition to the JavaScript API, the MMNotes shared library also exposes a C API that lets other applications create Design Notes files. It is not necessary to call these C functions directly if you use the MMNotes shared library in Dreamweaver because the JavaScript versions of the functions call them.

This section contains descriptions of the functions, their arguments, and their return values. You can find definitions for the functions and data types in the MMInfo.h file in the Extending/c\_files folder inside the Dreamweaver application folder.

### void CloseNotesFile()

#### Description

This function closes the specified Design Notes file and saves any changes. If all key/value pairs are removed from the Design Note file, Dreamweaver deletes it. Dreamweaver deletes the \_notes folder when the last Design Notes file is deleted.

noteHandle

• The noteHandle argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## **BOOL FilePathToLocalURL()**

#### Description

This function converts the specified local drive path to a file:// URL.

#### Arguments

const char\* drivePath, char\* localURLBuf, int localURLMaxLen

- The *drivePath* argument is a string that contains the full drive path.
- The *localURLBuf* argument is the buffer where the file:// URL is stored.
- The *localURLMaxLen* argument is the maximum size of *localURLBuf*.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The localURLBuf argument receives the file:// URL value.

## **BOOL GetNote()**

#### Description

This function gets the value of the specified key in the specified Design Notes file.

#### **Arguments**

FileHandle noteHandle, const char keyName[64], char\* valueBuf, int valueBufLength

- The *noteHandle* argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.
- The keyName[64] argument is a string that contains the name of the key.
- The *valueBuf* argument is the buffer where the value is stored.
- The valueBufLength argument is the integer that GetNoteLength (noteHandle, keyName) returns, which indicates the maximum length of the value buffer.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The valueBuf argument receives the value of the key.

#### Example

The following code gets the value of the comments key in the Design Notes file that is associated with the welcome.html file:

```
FileHandle noteHandle = OpenNotesFile("file:///c|/sites/avocado8/iwjs/welcome.html");
if(noteHandle > 0){
   int valueLength = GetNoteLength( noteHandle, "comments");
    char* valueBuffer = new char[valueLength + 1];
   GetNote(noteHandle, "comments", valueBuffer, valueLength + 1);
   printf("Comments: %s", valueBuffer);
   CloseNotesFile(noteHandle);
```

### int GetNoteLength()

#### Description

This function gets the length of the value that is associated with the specified key.

#### Arguments

FileHandle noteHandle, const char keyName[64]

- The noteHandle argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.
- The keyName[64] argument is a string that contains the name of the key.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the length of the value.

#### Example

```
See "BOOL GetNote()" on page 28.
```

## int GetNotesKeyCount()

#### Description

This function gets the number of key/value pairs in the specified Design Notes file.

### Arguments

FileHandle noteHandle

• The *noteHandle* argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the number of key/value pairs in the Design Notes file.

## **BOOL GetNotesKeys()**

#### Description

This function gets a list of all the keys in a Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

FileHandle noteHandle, char\* keyBufArray[64], int keyArrayMaxLen

• The noteHandle argument is the file handle that OpenNotesFile() returns.

- The *keyBufArray*[64] argument is the buffer array where the keys are stored.
- The keyArrayMaxLen argument is the integer that GetNotesKeyCount (noteHandle) returns, indicating the maximum number of items in the key buffer array.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The keyBufArray argument receives the key names.

#### Example

The following code prints the key names and values of all the keys in the Design Notes file that are associated with the welcome.html file:

```
typedef char[64] InfoKey;
FileHandle noteHandle = OpenNotesFile("file:///c|/sites/avocado8/iwjs/welcome.html");
if (noteHandle > 0){
    int keyCount = GetNotesKeyCount(noteHandle);
    if (keyCount <= 0)
    InfoKey* keys = new InfoKey[keyCount];
    BOOL succeeded = GetNotesKeys(noteHandle, keys, keyCount);
    if (succeeded) {
        for (int i=0; i < \text{keyCount}; i++) {
            printf("Key is: %s\n", keys[i]);
            printf("Value is: %s\n\n", GetNote(noteHandle, keys[i]);
        }
    delete []keys;
CloseNotesFile(noteHandle);
```

#### **BOOL GetSiteRootForFile()**

#### Description

This function determines the site root for the specified Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

const char\*filePath, char\*siteRootBuf, intsiteRootBufMaxLen, {InfoPrefs\* infoPrefs}

- The *filePath* argument is the file://URL of the file for which you want the site root.
- The *siteRootBuf* argument is the buffer where the site root is stored.
- The siteRootBufMaxLen argument is the maximum size of the buffer that siteRootBuf references.
- The infoPrefs argument, which is optional, is a reference to a struct in which the preferences for the site are stored.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The siteRootBuf argument receives the address of the buffer that stores the site root. If you specify the infoPrefs argument, the function also returns the Design Notes preferences for the site. The InfoPrefs struct has two variables: bUseDesignNotes and bUploadDesignNotes, both of type BOOL.

### **BOOL GetVersionName()**

#### Description

This function gets the version name of the MMNotes shared library, which indicates the application that implemented it.

#### Arguments

char\* versionNameBuf, intversionNameBufMaxLen

- The *versionNameBuf* argument is the buffer where the version name is stored.
- The versionNameBufMaxLen argument is the maximum size of the buffer that the versionNameBuf argument references.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. Dreamweaver stores "Dreamweaver" in versionNameBuf argument.

## **BOOL GetVersionNum()**

#### Description

This function gets the version number of the MMNotes shared library, which lets you determine whether certain functions are available.

#### Arguments

char\* versionNumBuf, intversionNumBufMaxLen

- The *versionNumBuf* argument is the buffer where the version number is stored.
- The versionNumBufMaxLen argument is the maximum size of the buffer that versionNumBuf references.

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The version NumBuf argument stores the version number.

## **BOOL LocalURLToFilePath()**

#### Description

This function converts the specified file:// URL to a local drive path.

#### Arguments

const char\* localURL, char\* drivePathBuf, int drivePathMaxLen

- The localURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the path to a local file.
- The *drivePathBuf* argument is the buffer where the local drive path is stored.
- The drivePathMaxLen argument is the maximum size of the buffer that the drivePathBuf argument references.

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise. The drivePathBuf argument receives the local drive path.

### FileHandle OpenNotesFile()

### Description

This function opens the Design Notes file that is associated with the specified file or creates one if none exists.

#### **Arguments**

```
const char* localFileURL, {BOOL bForceCreate}
```

- The localFileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is a string that contains the path to the main file with which the Design Notes file is associated.
- The bForceCreate argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to create the Design Notes file even if Design Notes is turned off for the site or if the path specified by the *localFileURL* argument is not associated with any site.

### FileHandle OpenNotesFilewithOpenFlags()

### Description

This function opens the Design Notes file that is associated with the specified file or creates one if none exists. You can open the file in read-only mode.

### Arguments

```
const char* localFileURL, {BOOL bForceCreate}, {BOOL bReadOnly}
```

- The localFileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is a string that contains the path to the main file with which the Design Notes file is associated.
- The bForceCreate argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to create the Design Notes file even if Design Notes are turned off for the site or the path is not associated with any site. The default value is false. This argument is optional, but you need to specify it if you specify the third argument.
- The bReadOnly argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to open the file in read-only mode. The default value is false. You can specify the bReadOnly argument starting in version 2 of the MMNotes.dll file.

### **BOOL RemoveNote()**

### Description

This function removes the specified key (and its value) from the specified Design Notes file.

#### Arguments

FileHandlenoteHandle, const char keyName[64]

- The noteHandle argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.
- The *keyName*[64] argument is a string that contains the name of the key to remove.

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise.

### **BOOL SetNote()**

### Description

This function creates or updates one key/value pair in a Design Notes file.

### Arguments

FileHandle noteHandle, const char keyName[64], const char\* value

- The noteHandle argument is the file handle that the OpenNotesFile() function returns.
- The keyName[64] argument is a string that contains the name of the key.
- The *value* argument is a string that contains the value.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the operation is successful; false otherwise.

# **Chapter 5: Fireworks integration**

FWLaunch is a C shared library that lets authors of objects, commands, behaviors, and Property inspectors communicate with Adobe® Fireworks®. Using FWLaunch, you write JavaScript to open the Fireworks user interface and provide commands to Fireworks through its own JavaScript API documented in *Extending Fireworks*. For general information on how C libraries interact with the JavaScript interpreter in Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4, and for details on C-level extensibility see *Extending Dreamweaver*.

### The FWLaunch API

The FWLaunch object lets extensions open Fireworks, perform Fireworks operations using the Fireworks JavaScript API, and then return values back to Dreamweaver. This chapter describes the FWLaunch Communication API and how to use it.

### FWLaunch.bringDWToFront()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, Fireworks 3.

### Description

This function brings Dreamweaver to the front.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### FWLaunch.bringFWToFront()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, Fireworks 3.

### Description

This function brings Fireworks to the front if it is running.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks()

### **Availability**

Dreamweaver 3, Fireworks 3.

### Description

This function passes the specified JavaScript, or a reference to a JavaScript file, to Fireworks to execute.

### Arguments

javascriptOrFileURL

• The javascriptOrFileURL argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is either a string of literal JavaScript or the path to a JavaScript file.

#### Returns

A cookie object if the JavaScript passes successfully or a nonzero error code that indicates one of the following errors occurred:

- · Invalid usage, which indicates that the javascriptOrFileURL argument is specified as a null value or as an empty string, or the path to the JS or JSF file is invalid.
- File I/O error, which indicates that Fireworks cannot create a Response file because the disk is full.
- Error notifying Dreamweaver that the user is not running a valid version of Dreamweaver (version 3 or later).
- Error starting Fireworks process, which indicates that the function does not open a valid version of Fireworks (version 3 or later).
- User cancelled the operation.

### FWLaunch.getJsResponse()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, Fireworks 3.

### Description

This function determines whether Fireworks is still executing the JavaScript passed to it by the FWLaunch . execJsInFireworks () function, whether the script completed successfully, or whether an error occurred.

### Arguments

progressTrackerCookie

• The progressTrackerCookie argument is the cookie object that the FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks() function returns.

### Returns

A string that contains the result of the script passed to the FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks() function if the operation completes successfully, a null value if Fireworks is still executing the JavaScript, or a nonzero error code that indicates that one of the following errors occurred:

· Invalid usage, which indicates that a JavaScript error occurred while Fireworks executed the script.

- File I/O error, which indicates that Fireworks cannot create a Response file because the disk is full.
- Error notifying Dreamweaver that the user is not running a valid version of Dreamweaver (version 3 or later).
- · Error starting Fireworks process, which indicates that the function does not open a valid version of Fireworks (version 3 or later).
- User cancelled the operation.

#### Example

```
The following code passes the string "prompt ('Please enter your name:')" to
FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks() and checks for the result:
var progressCookie = FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks("prompt('Please enter your name:')");
var doneFlag = false;
while (!doneFlag) {
    // check for completion every 1/2 second
    setTimeout('checkForCompletion()',500);
function checkForCompletion(){
    if (progressCookie != null) {
        var response = FWLaunch.getJsResponse(progressCookie);
        if (response != null) {
            if (typeof(response) == "number") {
                // error or user-cancel, time to close the window
                // and let the user know we got an error
                window.close();
                alert("An error occurred.");
            }else{
                // got a valid response!
                alert("Nice to meet you, " + response);
                window.close();
                doneFlag = true;
        }
    }
}
```

### FWLaunch.mayLaunchFireworks()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, Fireworks 2.

### Description

This function determines whether it is possible to open a Fireworks optimization session.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the platform is Windows or Macintosh; if it is Macintosh, the value indicates if another Fireworks optimization session is already running.

### FWLaunch.optimizeInFireworks()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, Fireworks 2.

### Description

This function opens a Fireworks optimization session for the specified image.

### **Arguments**

docURL, imageURL, {targetWidth}, {targetHeight}

- The *docURL* argument is the path to the active document, which is expressed as a file:// URL.
- The imageURL argument is the path to the selected image. If the path is relative, it is relative to the path that you specify in the docURL argument.
- The targetWidth argument, which is optional, defines the width to which the image should be resized.
- The targetHeight argument, which is optional, defines the height to which the image should be resized.

#### Returns

Zero, if a Fireworks optimization session successfully opens for the specified image; otherwise, a nonzero error code that indicates that one of the following errors occurred:

- Invalid usage, which indicates that the docURL argument, the imageURL argument, or both, are specified as a null value or an empty string.
- File I/O error, which indicates that Fireworks cannot create a response file because the disk is full.
- Error notifying Dreamweaver that the user is not running a valid version of Dreamweaver (version 2 or later).
- Error starting Fireworks process, which indicates that the function does not open a valid version of Fireworks (version 2 or later).
- User cancelled the operation.

### FWLaunch.validateFireworks()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, Fireworks 2.

### Description

This function looks for the specified version of Fireworks on the user's hard disk.

### Arguments

{versionNumber}

• The versionNumber argument is an optional floating-point number that is greater than or equal to 2; it represents the required version of Fireworks. If this argument is omitted, the default is 2.

A Boolean value that indicates whether the specified version of Fireworks was found.

### Example

The following code checks whether Fireworks is installed:

```
if (FWLaunch.validateFireworks(6.0)){
   alert("Fireworks 6.0 or later is installed.");
}else{
   alert("Fireworks 6.0 is not installed.");
```

### A simple FWLaunch communication example

The following command asks Fireworks to prompt the user for their name and returns the name to Dreamweaver:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Prompt in Fireworks</title>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; ¬</pre>
charset=iso-8859-1">
<script>
function commandButtons(){
   return new Array("Prompt", "promptInFireworks()", "Cancel", ¬
    "readyToCancel()", "Close", "window.close()");
var gCancelClicked = false;
var gProgressTrackerCookie = null;
function readyToCancel() {
    gCancelClicked = true;
function promptInFireworks() {
    var isFireworks3 = FWLaunch.validateFireworks(3.0);
    if (!isFireworks3) {
        alert ("You must have Fireworks 3.0 or later to use this ¬
        command");
    return;
}
    // Tell Fireworks to execute the prompt() method.
    gProgressTrackerCookie = FWLaunch.execJsInFireworks¬
    ("prompt('Please enter your name:')");
    // null means it wasn't launched, a number means an error code
    if (gProgressTrackerCookie == null | | ¬
    typeof(gProgressTrackerCookie) == "number") {
        window.close();
        alert("an error occurred");
        gProgressTrackerCookie = null;
    } else {
        // bring Fireworks to the front
        FWLaunch.bringFWToFront();
        // start the checking to see if Fireworks is done yet
        checkOneMoreTime();
    }
}
```

```
function checkOneMoreTime() {
    // Call checkJsResponse() every 1/2 second to see if Fireworks
    // is done yet
   window.setTimeout("checkJsResponse();", 500);
function checkJsResponse() {
   var response = null;
    // The user clicked the cancel button, close the window
    if (gCancelClicked) {
       window.close();
        alert("cancel clicked");
        // We're still going, ask Fireworks how it's doing
       if (gProgressTrackerCookie != null)
           response = FWLaunch.getJsResponse(gProgressTrackerCookie);
        if (response == null) {
           // still waiting for a response, call us again in 1/2\ a
           // second
           checkOneMoreTime();
        } else if (typeof(response) == "number") {
           // if the response was a number, it means an error occurred
           // the user cancelled in Fireworks
           window.close();
           alert ("an error occurred.");
        } else {
           // got a valid response!This return value might not
           // always be a useful one, since not all functions in
           // Fireworks return a string, but we know this one does,
           // so we can show the user what we got.
           window.close();
           FWLaunch.bringDWToFront();// bring Dreamweaver to the front
           alert("Nice to meet you, " + response + "!");
       }
    }
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<form>
This command asks Fireworks to execute the prompt() ¬
function. When you click Prompt, Fireworks comes forward and \neg
asks you to enter a value into a dialog box. That value is then \neg
returned to Dreamweaver and displayed in an alert.
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

# **Chapter 6: Flash integration**

Adobe® Dreamweaver® provides support for the Flash Object API, which leverages the Flash Generator Template file to create new Flash objects. The Flash Objects API topic provides details for the creation of Flash objects (SWF files) from Flash Generator templates (SWT files).

For information about adding Flash content to Dreamweaver objects or commands, see Extending Dreamweaver.

## The Flash Objects API

The Flash Objects API lets extension developers build objects that create simple SWF files through Flash Generator. This API provides a way to set parameters in a Flash Generator template and output as a SWF file, or image file. The API lets you create new Flash objects as well as read and manipulate existing Flash objects.

The SWT file is a Flash Generator Template file, which contains all the information necessary for you to construct a Flash Object file. These API functions let you create a SWF file (or image file) from an SWT file. The SWF file is created by replacing the parameters of the SWT file with real values. For more information on Flash, see the Flash documentation. The following functions are methods of the SWFFile object.

### SWFFile.createFile()

### Description

This function generates a new Flash Object file with the specified template and array of parameters. It also creates a GIF, PNG, JPEG, and MOV versions of the title if filenames for those formats are specified.

If you want to specify an optional parameter that follows optional parameters that you do not want to include, you need to specify empty strings for the unused parameters. For example, if you want to specify a PNG file, but not a GIF file, you need to specify an empty string before specifying the PNG filename.

#### Arguments

templateFile, templateParams, swfFileName, {gifFileName}, {pngFileName}, {jpgFileName}, {movFileName}, {generatorParams}

- The templateFile argument is a path to a template file, which is expressed as a file:// URL. This file can be a SWT file.
- The *templateParams* argument is an array of name/value pairs where the names are the parameters in the SWT file, and the values are what you want to specify for those parameters. For Dreamweaver to recognize a SWF file as a Flash object, the first parameter must be "dwType". Its value should be a string that represents the name of the object type, such as "Flash Text".
- The *swfFileName* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the output filename of an SWF file or an empty string to ignore.
- The *gifFileName* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the output filename of a GIF file. This argument is optional.
- The *pngFileName* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the output filename of a PNG file. This argument is optional.

- The jpgFileName argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the output filename of a JPEG file. This argument is optional.
- The movFileName argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is the output filename of a QuickTime file. This argument is optional.
- The *generatorParams* argument is an array of strings that represents optional Generator command line flags. This argument is optional. Each flag's data items must follow it in the array. Some commonly used flags are listed in the following table:

Option Flag	Data	Description	Example
-defaultsize	Width, height	Sets the output image size to the specified width and height	"- defaultsize", "640", "480"
-exactFit	None	Stretches the contents in the output image to fit exactly into the specified output size	"-exactFit"

A string that contains one of the following values:

- "noError" means the call completed successfully.
- "invalidTemplateFile" means the specified template file is invalid or not found.
- "invalidOutputFile" means at least one of the specified output filenames is invalid.
- "invalidData" means that one or more of the templateParams arguments' name/value pairs is invalid.
- "initGeneratorFailed" means the Generator cannot be initialized.
- "outOfMemory" means there is insufficient memory to complete the operation.
- "unknownError" means an unknown error occurred.

### Example

The following JavaScript creates a Flash object file of type "myType", which replaces any occurrences of the string "text" inside the Template file with the string, "Hello World". It creates a GIF file as well as a SWF file.

```
var params = new Array;
params[0] = "dwType";
params[1] = "myType";
params[2] = "text";
params[3] = "Hello World";
errorString = SWFFile.createFile( "file:///MyMac/test.swt", ¬
params, "file:///MyMac/test.swf", "file:///MyMac/test.gif");
```

### SWFFile.getNaturalSize()

### Description

This function returns the natural size of any uncompressed Flash content.

### Arguments

fileName

• The *fileName* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is a path to the Flash content.

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#### Returns

An array that contains two elements that represent the width and the height of an uncompressed SWF file or a null value if the file is not an uncompressed SWF file.

### SWFFile.getObjectType()

### Description

This function returns the Flash object type; the value that passed in the dwType parameter when the SWFFile.createFile() function created the file.

### Arguments

fileName

• The *fileName* argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is a path to a Flash Object file. This file is usually a SWF file.

### Returns

A string that represents the object type, or null if the file is not a Flash Object file or if the file cannot be found.

### Example

The following code checks to see if the test.swf file is a Flash object of type myType:

```
if ( SWFFile.getObjectType("file:///MyMac/test.swf") == "myType" ) {
   alert ("This is a myType object.");
}else{
   alert ("This is not a myType object.");
```

### SWFFile.readFile()

### Description

This function reads a Flash Object file.

### Arguments

fileName

• The fileName argument, which is expressed as a file:// URL, is a path to a Flash Object file.

### Returns

An array of strings where the first array element is the full path to the template SWT file. The following strings represent the parameters (name/value pairs) for the object. Each name is followed in the array by its value. The first name/value pair is "dwType", followed by its value. The function returns a null value if the file cannot be found or if it is not a Flash Object file.

### Example

Calling var params = SWFFile.readFile("file:///MyMac/test.swf") returns the following values in the parameters array:

```
"file:///MyMac/test.swt" // template file used to create this .swf file
"dwType"
                        // first parameter
"myType"
                         // first parameter value
                       // second parameter
"text"
"Hello World"
                         // second parameter value
```

## Flash panels and dialogs functions

The following APIs enable you to add SWF files in panels and dialogs.

### dreamweaver.flash.newControl()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function enables you to create a Flash control. It is referred to later through the controlID parameter. The control displays the Flash file (.swf) specified by the SWF path. The control is positioned and has the size specified in the defaultGeometry parameter.

Note: Dreamweaver displays the Flash controls when you call flash. requestStateChange. Dreamweaver displays the Dialog controls when you call newControl; you need not call flash.requestStateChange.

### Arguments

controlID, controlType, controlData

- The controlID argument is a string value.
- The control Type argument specifies whether the panel is a standard extension ("standard"), a trusted standard extension ("trusted"), or a plus extension (any other value). If it is a plus extension, the value is an identifier known specially to the host application that indicates the type of custom integration required. If the application does not understand the custom integration type, it returns an error.
- The controlData is an object. Some of the following are the key properties of this argument:

Property	Description	Values
controlData.swfUTF8Path	Location of the SWF. This property is required and it is passed in as a string of Unicode characters, since all characters in JavaScript are in unicode.	The possible values for controlData.windowType  • PanelWindow.The table following this table lists the specifications for this value.  • ModalDialogWindow
{controlData.scriptPath }	Path to .js file that contains the functions to execute from .swf using External Interface call. This property is optional. If you want to call back into JavaScript code of Dreamweaver from the .swf file using an External Interface. You can provide a .js file containing functions that you can then call from the .swf file. For more information, see the dw.flash.executeScript call.	
controlData.defaultGeom etry	The defaultGeometry values are represented as screen coordinates from the upper left of the screen. This property is required.	
	Object /*!< default creation geometry, including positioning */ { topleftx: Number, toplefty: Number, width: Number, height: Number }	

The following table lists the  ${\tt PanelWindow}$  specifications:

Options	Туре	Descriptions
name	String	The name of the panel that appears on the tab. If you don't specify it, it is named "UNDEFINED". All panel names appear in uppercase. You cannot change it to lowercase.
{controlData.minSize}	Object	<pre>minSize only applies to controls of type PanelWindow. This option controls the minimum size that the panel can be resized to. This option is optional. If minSize is not specified, it defaults to the width and height specified in defaultGeometry and the panel cannot be resized. { width: Number, height: Number }</pre>
{controlData.maxSize}	Object	maxSize applies to controls of type PanelWindow only. This option is optional. This option controls the maximum size that the panel can be resized to. If maxSize is not specified, it defaults to the width and height specified in defaultGeometry and the panel cannot be resized  { width: Number, height: Number }

Options	Туре	Descriptions
{iconPathNormal}	String	Path to icon that must be used in the floating panel when the panel is collapsed in icon mode. This option is optional.
{iconPathRollOver}	String	Path to icon that must be used in the floating panel when the panel is collapsed in icon mode and the user rolls over it. This option is optional.
{iconPathDisable}	String	Path to icon that must be used in the floating panel when the panel is collapsed in icon mode and it is disabled. This option is optional.

One of the following success or error codes:

- The code PlugPlugErrorCode success indicates that creating the control succeeded.
- The code PlugPlugErrorCode\_extensionRegistrationFailed indicates that you were unable to register the control.

### dreamweaver.flash.requestStateChange()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function changes the state of the floating panel identified by uniqueID for the extension with extensionID.

### Arguments

controlID, stateChange, stateData

- The control ID argument is a string value.
- The stateChange argument is a string with the following possible values:

Value	Description
Move	Change of origin but not the size
Resize	New size and possibly a new origin
Show	Visibility only, but no geometric changes
Hide	Visibility only, but no geometric changes
Minimize	Like hide, but explains why it is hidden
Restore	Like show, but explains why it is displayed
Open	The window is created and its extension is loaded
Close	The contained extension is unloaded

• The values of the stateData argument are strings as shown in the following table:

Value of stateChange	Value of stateData
Move	<pre>eventData = { topleftx: Number, toplefty: Number }</pre>
Resize	<pre>eventData = { width: Number, height: Number }</pre>

The following table contains the return values, which are strings:

Value	Description
RequestPosted	An event or command to execute the request has been queued in the host application.
RequestComplete	The host application has successfully completed the request.
RequestFailed	The host application attempted to complete the request, but failed.
RequestDenied	The host application refused the request, typically because it doesn't support the action requested.

### Example

```
controlData = {};
controlData.defaultGeometry = {topleftx : 100, toplefty : 100, width : 200, height : 200 };
controlData.minSize = {width : 100; height : 100 };
controlData.maxSize = {width : 300; height : 300 };
var swfPath = dw.getConfigurationPath();
swfPath += '/flash/PhotoAlbum.swf';
controlData.swfUTF8Path = swfPath;
// open the window
flash.requestStateChange("com.adobe.extension.foo","Open",controlData.defaultGeometry);
```

### dreamweaver.flash.controlEvent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to pass events to a flash control. Event calls are passed as an XML string that captures the function and the relevant parameters. The XML string captures the function in the SWF files that must be started.

#### **Arguments**

inControlID, inXMLString

- The inControlID argument is a string.
- The *inXMLString* argument is a string. Pass the following *inXMLString* to call the function in the flashCallback flash file and pass a single string, 'Hello' as an argument.

```
<invoke name="flashCallback" returntype="xml">
    <arguments>
        <string>Hello</string>
    </arquments>
</invoke>
```

Returns an XML string.

#### Example

The following example calls the flashCallback function from JavaScript. In this example, you pass the callback function name and its arguments as an XML string.

```
var xmlString = '<invoke name="flashCallback" returntype="xml">
<arquments>
<string>Hello</string>
</arguments>
</invoke>';
```

In this example, you use dw.flash.controlEvent to call back into the flash file (.swf):

```
dw.flash.controlEvent('Flickr', xmlString);
```

The following arguments are used in this function:

- Flickr, which is the ID of the extension that is passed in when the .swf control was created with dw.flash.newControl.
- The XML string containing call back function and arguments.

The following example is the implementation of the flashcallback function implemented in flashcallback.mxml. In the following example, add the flashcallback function. This function must be called from external applications.

```
public function initApp():void {
ExternalInterface.addCallback("flashCallback",flashCallback);
```

This function is called back from outside the flash file(.swf).

Note: Ensure that you call the ExternalInterface.addCallback ("flashCallback",flashCallback) before trying to call this function.

```
public function flashCallback(inputStr:String):String
   out.text += inputStr + " got flashCallback!\n";
    return "it worked!";
```

### dreamweaver.flash.setMenu()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function enables you to provide Fly Out commands for extensions of type "PanelWindow".

### Arguments

inControlID, inMenuPosition, inMenu

• The inControl ID is an extension ID. Calling the function affects the Fly Out menu of an open panel housing the extension. If this argument is undefined, the call affects the main menus of the application.

- The inMenuPosition is a string describing where the given commands must be placed.
  - If this string is undefined, an entire menu is replaced.
  - If this string is for a panel, the entire user-settable area of the Fly Out menu is replaced. (The application reserves some fixed flyout items.)
  - If this string is for the application, the entire default Controls submenu of the Windows menu is replaced.
  - · If this string is an XML string in a to-be-determined schema for setting sections of menus, this form is provided for future compatibility.
- inMenu is equivalent to MenuItem. This argument indicates a list of commands, which are added at the indicated menu position. It replaces any previous items that are added at that position by an earlier call.

One of the following success or error codes:

- The code PlugPlugErrorCode success indicates success.
- The code PlugPlugErrorCode\_extensionMenuCreationFailed indicates that the extension menu creation failed.
- The code PlugPlugErrorCode\_unknown indicates that the function failed for unknown reasons.

### Example

The following example is used for setting up the menu:

```
function initializeMenuItem(menuID, menuName,extensionID, submenu)
   var menuItem = {};
   menuItem.menuId = menuID; //!< unique menu ID, if NULL menu is disabled</pre>
   menuItem.nameUtf8 = menuName; //!< Item title, if "---" item is a separator</pre>
   menuItem.extensionId = extensionID; //!< optional extension ID, used for panels only
   menuItem.submenu = submenu; //!< if non-NULL, this is a submenu
   return menuItem;
function setupMenu()
   var menuItems = new Array();
   menuItems.push(initializeMenuItem('id1','Call .swf
                   ActionScript',undefined,undefined));
    menuItems.push(initializeMenuItem('id0','---',undefined,undefined));
   menuItems.push(initializeMenuItem('id2','Call Dw JavaScript',undefined,undefined));
   dw.flash.setMenu('Flickr',controlID,menuItems);
```

Note: Specify a function named "onSelectMenuItem" in the JavaScript file specified in the scriptPath in the object passed to newControl.

The onselectMenuItem is a menu Item Handler. It gets called with the corresponding menu ID when a command is selected from the Floater's Fly Out menu.

The following example specifies the Callback handler definition in 'Configuration/flash/Flickr.js':

```
function onSelectMenuItem(menuID)
   if (menuID == 'id1') {
                            var flashCallbackString = '<invoke name= " flash Callback"</pre>
                            returntype="xml">
                            <arquments><string>Hello</string></arquments></invoke>';
                            dw.flash.control Event('Flickr', flashCallbackString);
                                   return("PlugPlugRequestCompleted");
                        } else {
                                alert ( ' You selected: menuID = ' + menuID);
                                       return ( " PlugPlugRequestCompleted");
                                }
}
```

### dreamweaver.flash.evalScript()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to call a JavaScript function for one of the following purposes:

- To execute a JavaScript function defined in the script file associated with the extension (for CSXS extensions).
- The .js file defined in the scriptPath parameter for non-CSXS based Extensions.

### **Arguments**

controlID, javascript function call

- The controlID argument is the ID of the extension to execute the script. This ID must match with the ID specified as the first parameter to the dw.flash.newControl().
- The JavaScript function call argument enables the user to call a function with any number of parameters.

A Boolean value: true if the function executed successfully; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.flash.executeScript()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

The function is used to execute functions in a .js file. The ActionScript in the .swf file starts the dreamweaver.flash.executeScript() function.

### **Arguments**

```
javascript function call
```

**Note:** Specify a path to the .js file that contains the functions you want to call.

An XML string that serializes into an ActionScript object.

The following example contains a sample file, Sample.mxml and a JavaScript function in a JavaScript file, Sample.js.

```
private function executeScript():void
        if(ExternalInterface.available)
            out.text += "SwfCalledHost\n";
            var scriptText:String = "helloWorld('scott'); \n";
            var resultStr:Object =
                ExternalInterface.call("dw.flash.executeScript",scriptText);
            out.text += "Result: " + resultStr.strResult + '\n';
        }
}
```

The following JavaScript file contains a JavaScript function helloworld() that is called from the .swf. This function uses the dw.getAppLanguage() call to return a five-letter language code that Dreamweaver is running in Sample.js.

```
function helloWorld(nameStr)
   alert('hello ' + nameStr);
   var appLanguage = dw.getAppLanguage();
   var returnStr = '<object>property id="strResult"><string>Language: ' + appLanguage
           + '</string></property></object>'
   alert(returnStr);
   return (returnStr);
}
```

### See also

"dreamweaver.flash.newControl()" on page 43

### dreamweaver.flash.controlExists

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to check the existence of the controls. PanelWindow controls are saved between the launches of Dreamweaver.

### Arguments

controlID

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the control has already been created, false otherwise.

# **Chapter 7: Photoshop integration**

Adobe® Dreamweaver CS4® facilitates a compact integration with Adobe® Photoshop®. Users can insert Photoshop images as Smart Objects in Dreamweaver. Smart Objects automatically updates images in Dreamweaver if changes are made to the original images using Photoshop.

## **How Smart Objects work**

Photoshop images are inserted as Smart Objects in Dreamweaver. The Smart Objects stay linked to the original Photoshop images. When users edit the image in Photoshop, they view an updated image in Dreamweaver. A Smart Object has a specific state, mainly resulting from the connection of the web image to its original asset file. Users can view the status of a Smart Object visually. The sync state of a Smart Object is indicated with the Sync badge.

## **The Smart Objects API**

The Smart Object functions handle operations related to Dreamweaver and Photoshop integration. The functions enable you to perform the following tasks:

- · Retrieve the state of an image
- · Retrieve the height and width of an image

### dream we aver. as set Palette. can Update Smart Object From Original ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

#### Description

Enabler: This function checks to see whether a Smart Object, on which we can issue the command "Update From Original," is selected in the Assets panel.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if "Update From Original" can be applied to current selection. false otherwise.

### dream we aver. as set Palette. update Smart Object From Original ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function re-creates the selected web image based on the current contents of the connected original source file.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

None.

### dreamweaver.getSmartObjectState()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function returns the state of a web image in terms of Smart Objects functionality.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL of a web image.

### Returns

The state of the Smart Object as a numeric value such as:

Numeric value	Description
-10	Unknown error
0	No Smart Object
1	In sync with contents of the original asset file
100	Web image modified after last sync
200	Original asset modified after last sync
+2	Dimensions of the original asset differ from width and height attributes in HTML
+4	Dimensions of web image differ from width and height attributes in HTML
10	Unable to access the original asset file
20	Unable to access web image file

## dreamweaver.get Smart Object Original Width ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function evaluates and returns the pixel width of the original asset file of a Smart Object.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL of the web image.

#### Returns

Pixel width of the original asset file.

### dreamweaver.getImageWidth()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function evaluates and returns the pixel width of an image.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL of a web image.

### Returns

Pixel width of the image.

### dreamweaver.getImageHeight()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function evaluates and returns the pixel height of an image.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL of a web image.

### Returns

Pixel height of the image.

### dream we aver. resolve Original Asset File URL To Absolute Local File Path ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function resolves a file path to an original asset file (as it is stored in Design Notes). The path can be empty, site relative, or absolute.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL or site relative URL to the web image. This URL is required to resolve the site.

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Absolute local file path.

### dreamweaver.canUpdateSmartObjectFromOriginal()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function answers the question whether a Smart Object can be updated from its original asset file.

### Arguments

Numeric status of Smart Object. ImageManipulatorSettings:GetSmartObjectStatus() returns this status.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if an update from the original image can be performed according to the status; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.updateSmartObjectFromOriginal()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function updates a web image based on the current contents of an original asset file.

### Arguments

Absolute local URL of a web image.

### Returns

None.

# **Chapter 8: The database API**

Functions in the database API let you manage database connections and access information that is stored in databases. The database API is divided by two distinct purposes: managing database connections and accessing database connections.

Database API functions are used at design time when users are building web applications, not at runtime when the web application is deployed.

You can use these functions in any extension. In fact, the Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 server behavior, data format, and data sources APIs all use these database functions.

### How database API functions work

The following example shows how the server behavior function, getDynamicBindings(), is defined for Recordset.js. This example uses the MMDB.getColumnAndTypeList() function:

```
function getDynamicBindings(ss)
   var serverModel = dw.getDocumentDOM().serverModel.getServerName();
   var bindingsAndTypeArray = new Array();
   var connName=ss.connectionName;
   var statement = ss.source;
   var rsName= ss.rsName;
   // remove SQL comments
   statement = statement.replace(/\/*[\S\s]*?\*\//g, " ");
   var bIsSimple = ParseSimpleSQL(statement);
   statement = stripCFIFSimple(statement);
   if (bIsSimple) {
   statement = RemoveWhereClause(statement, false);
   var pa = new Array();
       if (ss.ParamArray != null) {
       for (var i = 0; i < ss.ParamArray.length; i++) {</pre>
           pa[i] = new Array();
           pa[i][0] = ss.ParamArray[i].name;
           pa[i][1] = ss.ParamArray[i].value;
       }
   var statement = replaceParamsWithVals(statement, pa, serverModel);
   bindingsAndTypeArray = MMDB.getColumnAndTypeList(connName, statement);
   return bindingsAndTypeArray;
```

### **Database connection functions**

Database connection functions let you make and manage any connection, including the Dreamweaver-provided ADO, ColdFusion, and JDBC connections.

These functions interface with the Connection Manager only; they do not access a database. For functions that access a database, see "Database access functions" on page 68.

In managing database connections, you can get the user name and password to perform activities including:

- Making a connection to a database
- · Opening a database connection dialog box

### MMDB.deleteConnection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function deletes the named database connection.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is the name of the database connection as it is specified in the Connection Manager. This argument identifies, by name, the database connection to delete.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

The following example deletes a database connection:

```
function clickedDelete()
   var selectedObj = dw.serverComponents.getSelectedNode();
   if (selectedObj && selectedObj.objectType=="Connection")
       var connRec = MMDB.getConnection(selectedObj.name);
       if (connRec)
           MMDB.deleteConnection(selectedObj.name);
           dw.serverComponents.refresh();
```

### MMDB.getColdFusionDsnList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function gets the ColdFusion data source names (DSNs) from the site server, using the getRDSUserName() and getRDSPassword() functions.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array that contains the ColdFusion DSNs that are defined on the server for the current site.

### MMDB.getConnection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function gets a named connection object.

### Arguments

name

• The *name* argument is a string variable that specifies the name of the connection that you want to reference.

A reference to a named connection object. Connection objects contain the following properties:

Property	Description
name	Connection name
type	Indicates, if useHTTP is a value of false, which DLL to use for connecting to a database at runtime
string	Runtime ADO connection string or JDBC URL
dsn	ColdFusion DSN
driver	Runtime JDBC driver
username	Runtime user name
password	Runtime password
useHTTP	String that contains either a true or false value, specifying whether to use a remote driver (HTTP connection) at design time; otherwise, use a local driver (DLL)
includePattern	Regular expression used to find the file include statement on the page during Live Data and Preview In Browser

Property	Description
variables	Array of page variable names and their corresponding values used during Live Data and Preview In Browser
catalog	Used to restrict the metadata that appears (for more information, see "MMDB.getProcedures()" on page 71)
schema	Used to restrict the metadata that appears (for more information, see "MMDB.getProcedures()" on page 71)
filename	Filename of dialog box that was used to create the connection

Note: These properties are the standard ones that Dreamweaver implements. Developers can define their connection types and add new properties to this standard set or provide a different set of properties.

### MMDB.getConnectionList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function gets a list of all the connection strings that are defined in the Connection Manager.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array of strings where each string is the name of a connection as it appears in the Connection Manager.

### Example

A call to MMDB.getConnectionList() can return the strings ["EmpDB", "Test", TestEmp"].

## MMDB.getConnectionName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function gets the connection name that corresponds to the specified connection string. This function is useful when you need to reselect a connection name in the user interface (UI) from data on the page.

If you have a connection string that references two drivers, you can specify the connection string and the driver that corresponds to the connection name that you want to return. For example, you can have two connections.

• Connection 1 has the following properties:

```
ConnectionString="jdbc:inetdae:velcro-qa-5:1433?database=pubs"
DriverName="com.inet.tds.TdsDriver"
```

• Connection 2 has the following properties:

```
ConnectionString="jdbc:inetdae:velcro-qa-5:1433?database=pubs"
DriverName="com.inet.tds.TdsDriver2"
```

The connection strings for Connection 1 and Connection 2 are the same. Connection 2 connects to a more recent version of the TdsDriver driver. You should pass the driver name to this function to fully qualify the connection name you want to return.

#### Arguments

connString, {driverName}

- The *connString* argument is the connection string that gets the connection name.
- The *driverName* argument, which is optional, further qualifies the *connString* argument.

#### Returns

A connection name string that corresponds to the connection string.

### Example

The following code returns the string "EmpDB":

```
var connectionName = MMDB.getConnectionName ¬
("dsn=EmpDB;uid=;pwd=");
```

### MMDB.getConnectionString()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function gets the connection string that is associated with the named connection.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

#### Returns

A connection string that corresponds to the named connection.

### Example

The code var connectionString = MMDB.getConnectionString ("EmpDB") returns different strings for an ADO or JDBC connection.

• For an ADO connection, the following string can return:

```
"dsn=EmpDB;uid=;pwd=";
```

• For a JDBC connection, the following string can return:

```
"jdbc:inetdae:192.168.64.49:1433?database=pubs&user=JoeUser&¬
password=joesSecret"
```

### MMDB.getDriverName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function gets the driver name that is associated with the specified connection. Only a JDBC connection has a driver name.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

### Returns

A string that contains the driver name.

### Example

The statement MMDB.getDriverName ("EmpDB"); might return the following string:

"jdbc/oracle/driver/JdbcOracle"

### MMDB.getLocalDsnList()

### **Availability**

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function gets ODBC DSNs that are defined on the user's system.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array that contains the ODBC DSNs that are defined on the user's system.

## MMDB.getPassword()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function gets the password that is used for the specified connection.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

### Returns

A password string that is associated with the connection name.

### Example

The statement MMDB.getPassword ("EmpDB"); might return "joessecret".

### MMDB.getRDSPassword()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function gets the Remote Development Services (RDS) password (for use with ColdFusion connections).

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that contains the RDS password.

### MMDB.getRDSUserName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function gets the RDS user name (for use with ColdFusion connections).

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that contains the RDS user name.

### MMDB.getRemoteDsnList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4, enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function gets the ODBC DSNs from the site server. The getRDSUserName() and getRDSPassword() functions are used when the server model of the current site is ColdFusion. This function provides an option for a developer to specify a URL parameter string to be appended to the Remote Connectivity URL that MMDB.getRemoteDsnList() generates. If the developer provides a parameter string, this function passes it to the HTTP connectivity scripts.

### Arguments

{urlParams}

• The urlParams argument, which is optional, is a string that contains a list of name=value expressions, which are separated by ampersand (&) characters. You must not enclose values with quotes. Some characters, such as the space in the value Hello World, need to be encoded. The following example shows a valid sample argument that you can pass to MMDB.getRemoteDsnList(): a=1&b=Hello%20World

#### Returns

Returns an array that contains the ODBC DSNs that are defined on the server for the current site.

### MMDB.getRuntimeConnectionType()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function returns the runtime connection type of the specified connection name.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

### Returns

A string that corresponds to the connection type. This function can return one of the following values: "ADO", "ADODSN", "JDBC", or "CFDSN".

### Example

The following code returns the string "ADO" for an ADO connection:

```
var connectionType = MMDB.getRuntimeConnectionType ("EmpDB")
```

### MMDB.getUserName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function returns a user name for the specified connection.

### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

#### Returns

A user name string that is associated with the connection name.

### Example

The statement MMDB.getUserName ("EmpDB"); might return "amit".

### MMDB.hasConnectionWithName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function determines whether a connection of a given name exists.

### Arguments

name

• The *name* argument is the connection name.

### Returns

Returns a Boolean value: true indicates that a connection with the specified name exists; false otherwise.

### MMDB.needToPromptForRdsInfo()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function determines whether Dreamweaver should open the RDS Login Information dialog box.

### Arguments

**bForce** 

• The bForce argument is a Boolean value; true indicates that the user who has previously cancelled out of the RDS login dialog box still needs to be prompted for RDS login information.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates that the user needs to be prompted for RDS login information; false otherwise.

### MMDB.needToRefreshColdFusionDsnList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function tells the Connection Manager to empty the cache and get the ColdFusion data source list from the application server the next time a user requests the list.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### MMDB.popupConnection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function starts a connection dialog box. This function has the following three signatures:

- If the argument list consists only of dialogFileName (a string), the popupConnection() function makes Dreamweaver open the Connection dialog box so you can define a new connection.
- If the argument list consists only of connRec (a connection reference), the popupConnection() function makes Dreamweaver launch the Connection dialog box in edit mode for editing the named connection. In this mode, the name text field is dimmed.
- If the argument list consists of *connRec* and the Boolean value *bDuplicate*, the popupConnection() function makes Dreamweaver open the Connection dialog box in duplicate mode. In this mode, the name text field is blanked out, and the remaining properties are copied to define a duplicate connection.

### Arguments

dialogFileName or connRec or connrec, bDuplicate

- The dialogFileName argument is a string that contains the name of an HTML file that resides in the Configuration/Connections/server-model folder. This HTML file defines the dialog box that creates a connection. This file must implement three JavaScript API functions: findConnection(), inspectConnection(), and applyConnection(). Typically, you create a JavaScript file that implements these functions and then include that file in the HTML file. (For more information on creating a connection, see "The database connectivity API" on page 80.)
- The *connRec* argument is a reference to an existing Connection object.
- The *bDuplicate* argument is a Boolean value.

#### Returns

Nothing. The defined connection dialog box appears.

### MMDB.setRDSPassword()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function sets the RDS password.

### Arguments

password

• The *password* argument is a string that contains the RDS password.

### Returns

Nothing.

### MMDB.setRDSUserName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function sets the RDS user name.

### Arguments

username

• The username argument is a valid RDS user name.

### Returns

Nothing.

### MMDB.showColdFusionAdmin()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function displays the ColdFusion Administrator dialog box.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing. The ColdFusion Administrator dialog box appears.

### MMDB.showConnectionMgrDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

This function displays the Connection Manager dialog box.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing. The Connection Manager dialog box appears.

### MMDB.showOdbcDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4 (Windows only).

### Description

This function displays the System ODBC Administration dialog box or the ODBC Data Source Administrator dialog box.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing. The System ODBC Administration dialog box or the ODBC Data Source Administrator dialog box appears.

### MMDB.showRdsUserDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

This function displays the RDS user name and password dialog box.

### Arguments

username, password

- The *username* argument is the initial user name.
- The *password* argument is the initial password.

#### Returns

An object that contains the new values in the username and password properties. If either property is not defined, it indicates that the user cancelled the dialog box.

### MMDB.showRestrictDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function displays the Restrict dialog box.

### Arguments

catalog, schema

- The *catalog* argument is the initial catalog value.
- The schema argument is the initial schema value.

#### Returns

An object that contains the new values in the catalog and schema properties. If either property is not defined, it indicates that the user cancelled the dialog box.

### MMDB.testConnection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function tests connection settings. It displays a modal dialog box that describes the results.

### Arguments

*serverPropertiesArray* 

This function expects a single argument, an array object that contains values from the following list, which are appropriate for the current server model. For properties that do not apply to the connection being tested, set them to empty ("").

- The type argument indicates, when useHTTP is a false value, which DLL to use for connecting to a database at design time to test connection settings.
- The *string* argument is the ADO connection string or JDBC URL.
- The *dsn* argument is the data source name.
- The *driver* argument is the JDBC driver.
- The *username* argument is the user name.
- The *password* argument is the password.
- The useHTTP argument is a Boolean value. A value of true specifies that Dreamweaver should use an HTTP connection at design time; otherwise, Dreamweaver uses a DLL.

A Boolean value: true if the connection test is successful; false otherwise.

## **Database access functions**

Database access functions let you query a database.

In accessing database information, you can, for example, retrieve metadata that describes the schema or structure of a database. This metadata includes information such as the names of tables, columns, stored procedures, and views. You can also show the results of executing a database query or stored procedure. When accessing a database through this API, you use structured query language (SQL) statements.

For the collection of functions that manage a database connection, see "Database connection functions" on page 56.

The following list describes some of the arguments that are common to the functions that are available:

- Most database access functions use a connection name as an argument. You can see a list of valid connection names in the Connection Manager, or you can use the MMDB.getConnectionList() function to get a list of all the connection names programmatically.
- · Stored procedures often require parameters. You can specify parameter values for database access functions in two ways. First, you can provide an array of parameter values (paramValuesArray). If you specify only parameter values, the values must be in the sequence in which the stored procedure requires the parameters. Second, you specify parameter values to provide an array of parameter names (paramNameArray). You can use the MMDB.getSPParamsAsString() function to get the parameters of the stored procedure. If you provide parameter names, the values that you specify in paramValuesArray must be in the sequence of the parameter names that you specify in paramNameArray.

## MMDB.getColumnAndTypeList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of columns and their types from an executed SQL SELECT statement.

#### Arguments

connName, statement

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *statement* argument is the SQL SELECT statement to execute.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents a list of columns (and their types) that match the SELECT statement, or an error if the SQL statement is invalid or the connection cannot be made.

#### Example

The code var columnArray = MMDB.getColumnAndTypeList("EmpDB", "Select \* from Employees") returns the following array of strings:

```
columnArray[0] = "EmpName"
columnArray[1] = "varchar"
columnArray[2] = "EmpFirstName"
columnArray[3] = "varchar"
columnArray[4] = "Age"
columnArray[5] = "integer"
```

## MMDB.getColumnList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of columns from an executed SQL select statement.

#### **Arguments**

connName, statement

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *statement* argument is the SQL SELECT statement to execute.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents a list of columns that match the SELECT statement, or an error if the SQL statement is invalid or the connection cannot be made.

#### Example

```
The code var columnArray = MMDB.getColumnList("EmpDB", "Select * from Employees") returns the
following array of strings:
columnArray[0] = "EmpName"
columnArray[1] = "EmpFirstName"
columnArray[2] = "Age"
```

## MMDB.getColumns()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX, arguments updated in Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

This function returns an array of objects that describe the columns in the specified table.

#### Arguments

connName, tableName

- The connName argument is the connection name. This value identifies the connection containing the string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *tableName* argument is the table to query.

#### Returns

An array of objects, one object for each column. Each object defines the following three properties for the column with which it is associated.

Property Name	Description	
name	Name of the column (for example, price)	
datatype	Data type of the column (for example, small money)	
definedsize	Defined size of the column (for example, 8)	
nullable	Indicates whether the column can contain null values	

#### Example

The following example uses MMDB.getColumns() to set the tooltip text value:

```
var columnNameObjs = MMDB.getColumns(connName,tableName);
var databaseType = MMDB.getDatabaseType(connName);
    for (i = 0; i < columnNameObjs.length; i++)</pre>
        var columnObj = columnNameObjs[i];
        var columnName = columnObj.name;
        var typename = columnObj.datatype;
        if (dwscripts.isNumber(typename))
            // it already is a num
            typename = dwscripts.getDBColumnTypeAsString(typename, databaseType);
        }
        var tooltiptext = typename;
```

## MMDB.getColumnsOfTable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of all the columns in the specified table.

#### Arguments

connName, tableName

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The tableName argument is the name of a table in the database that is specified by the connName argument.

#### Returns

An array of strings where each string is the name of a column in the table.

#### Example

The statement MMDB.getColumnsOfTable ("EmpDB", "Employees"); returns the following strings:

```
["EmpID", "FirstName", "LastName"]
```

## MMDB.getPrimaryKeys()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function returns the column names that combine to form the primary key of the named table. A primary key serves as the unique identifier for a database row and consists of at least one column.

#### Arguments

connName, tableName

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The tableName argument is the name of the table for which you want to retrieve the set of columns that comprises the primary key of that table.

An array of strings. The array contains one string for each column that comprises the primary key.

The following example returns the primary key for the specified table.

```
var connName
                  = componentRec.parent.parent.parent.name;
var tableName
                  = componentRec.name;
var primaryKeys
                  = MMDB.getPrimaryKeys(connName,tableName);
```

## MMDB.getProcedures()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function returns an array of procedure objects that are associated with a named connection.

#### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

#### Returns

An array of procedure objects where each procedure object has the following set of three properties:

Property Name	Description	
schema	Name of the schema that is associated with the object.	
	This property identifies the user that is associated with the stored procedure in the SQL database that the getProcedures() function accesses. The database that this function accesses depends on the type of connection.	
	For ODBC connections, the ODBC data source defines the database. The DSN is specified by the dsn property in the connection object (connName) that you pass to the getProcedures() function.	
	For OLE DB connections, the connection string names the database.	
catalog	Name of the catalog that is associated with the object (owner qualifier).	
	The value of the <code>catalog</code> property is defined by an attribute of the OLE DB driver. This driver attribute defines a default <code>user.database</code> property to use when the OLE DB connection string does not specify a database.	
procedure	Name of the procedure.	

**Note:** Dreamweaver connects to and gets all the tables in the database whenever you modify a recordset. If the database has many tables, Dreamweaver might take a long time to retrieve them on certain systems. If your database contains a schema or catalog, you can use the schema or catalog to restrict the number of database items Dreamweaver gets at design time. You must first create a schema or catalog in your database application before you can apply it in Dreamweaver. Consult your database documentation or your system administrator.

#### Example

The following code gets a list of procedures:

```
var procObjects = MMDB.getProcedures(connectionName);
for (i = 0; i < procObjects.length; i++)</pre>
   var thisProcedure = procObjects[i]
   thisSchema =Trim(thisProcedure.schema)
   if (thisSchema.length == 0)
   thisSchema = Trim(thisProcedure.catalog)
    if (thisSchema.length > 0)
    thisSchema += "."
    var procName = String(thisSchema + thisProcedure.procedure);
}
```

## MMDB.getSPColumnList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of result set columns that are generated by a call to the specified stored procedure.

#### **Arguments**

connName, statement, paramValuesArray

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The statement argument is the name of the stored procedure that returns the result set when it executes.
- The paramValuesArray argument is an array that contains a list of design-time parameter test values. Specify the parameter values in the order in which the stored procedure expects them. You can use the MMDB.getSPParamsAsString() function to get the parameters for the stored procedure.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents the list of columns. This function returns an error if the SQL statement or the connection string is invalid.

#### Example

The following code can return a list of result set columns that are generated from the executed stored procedure, getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast:

```
var paramValueArray = new Array("2/1/2000", "50000")
var columnArray = MMDB.getSPColumnList("EmpDB", ¬
"getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast", paramValueArray)
The following values return:
columnArray[0] = "EmpID", columnArray[1] = "LastName", ¬
columnArray[2] ="startDate", columnArray[3] = "salary"
```

## MMDB.getSPColumnListNamedParams()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of result set columns that are generated by a call to the specified stored procedure.

#### Arguments

connName, statement, paramNameArray, paramValuesArray

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The statement argument is the name of the stored procedure that returns the result set when it executes.
- The paramNameArray argument is an array that contains a list of parameter names. You can use the MMDB.getSPParamsAsString() function to get the parameters of the stored procedure.
- The paramValuesArray argument is an array that contains a list of design-time parameter test values. You can specify if the procedure requires parameters when it executes. If you have provided parameter names in paramNameArray, specify the parameter values in the same order that their corresponding parameter names appear in paramNameArray. If you did not provide paramNameArray, specify the values in the order in which the stored procedure expects them.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents the list of columns. This function returns an error if the SQL statement or the connection string is invalid.

#### Example

The following code can return a list of result set columns that are generated from the executed stored procedure, getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast:

```
var paramNameArray = new Array("startDate", "salary")
var paramValueArray = new Array("2/1/2000", "50000")
var columnArray = MMDB.getSPColumnListNamedParams("EmpDB", ¬
"getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast", paramNameArray, paramValueArray)
```

#### The following values return:

```
columnArray[0] = "EmpID", columnArray[1] = "LastName", ¬
columnArray[2] ="startDate", columnArray[3] = "salary"
```

## MMDB.getSPParameters()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function returns an array of parameter objects for a named procedure.

#### Arguments

connName, procName

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *procName* argument is the name of the procedure.

#### Returns

An array of parameter objects, each specifying the following set of properties:

Property name	Description	
name	Name of the parameter (for example, @@lolimit)	
datatype	Datatype of the parameter (for example, smallmoney)	
direction	Direction of the parameter:	
	1–The parameter is used for input only.	
	2–The parameter is used for output only. In this case, you pass the parameter by reference and the method places a value in it. You can use the value after the method returns.	
	3– The parameter is used for both input and output.	
	4 – The parameter holds a return value.	

#### Example

The following example retrieves the parameter objects for the specified procedure and creates a tooltip for each object using its properties.

```
var paramNameObjs = MMDB.getSPParameters(connName,procName);
for (i = 0; i < paramNameObjs.length; i++)</pre>
   var paramObj = paramNameObjs[i];
   var tooltiptext = paramObj.datatype;
   tooltiptext+=" ";
    tooltiptext+=GetDirString(paramObj.directiontype);
```

## MMDB.getSPParamsAsString()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a comma-delimited string that contains the list of parameters that the stored procedure takes.

#### Arguments

connName, procName

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *procName* argument is the name of the stored procedure.

#### Returns

A comma-delimited string that contains the list of parameters that the stored procedure requires. The parameters' names, direction, and data type are included, separated by semicolons (;).

#### Example

The code MMDB.getSPParamsAsString ("EmpDB", "getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast") can return a string of form name startDate; direction:in; datatype:date, salary; direction:in; datatype:integer.

In this example, the stored procedure, getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast, has two parameters: startDate and Salary. For startDate, the direction is in and the data type is date. For salary, the direction is in and the data type is date.

## MMDB.getTables()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function gets a list of all the tables that are defined for the specified database. Each table object has three properties: table, schema, and catalog.

#### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

#### Returns

An array of objects where each object has three properties: table, schema, and catalog. Table is the name of the table. Schema is the name of the schema that contains the table. Catalog is the catalog that contains the table.

#### Example

The statement MMDB.getTables ("EmpDB"); might produce an array of two objects. The first object's properties might be similar to the following example:

```
object1[table: "Employees", schema: "personnel", catalog: "syscat"]
```

The second object's properties might be similar to the following example:

```
object2[table:"Departments", schema:"demo", catalog:"syscat2"]
```

## MMDB.getViews()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

#### Description

This function gets a list of all the views that are defined for the specified database. Each view object has catalog, schema, and view properties.

#### Arguments

connName

• The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.

#### Returns

An array of view objects where each object has three properties: catalog, schema, and view. Use catalog or schema to restrict or filter the number of views that pertain to an individual schema name or catalog name that is defined as part of the connection information.

#### Example

The following example returns the views for a given connection value, CONN LIST.getValue():

```
var viewObjects = MMDB.getViews(CONN LIST.getValue())
for (i = 0; i < viewObjects.length; i++)</pre>
    thisView = viewObjects[i]
    thisSchema = Trim(thisView.schema)
    if (thisSchema.length == 0)
        thisSchema = Trim(thisView.catalog)
    if (thisSchema.length > 0)
        thisSchema += "."
    views.push(String(thisSchema + thisView.view))
```

## MMDB.showResultset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function displays a dialog box that contains the results of executing the specified SQL statement. The dialog box displays a tabular grid in which the header provides column information that describes the result set. If the connection string or the SQL statement is invalid, an error appears. This function validates the SQL statement.

#### Arguments

connName, SQLstatement

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The SQL statement argument is the SQL SELECT statement.

#### Returns

Nothing. This function returns an error if the SQL statement or the connection string is invalid.

#### Example

The following code displays the results of the executed SQL statement:

```
MMDB.showResultset("EmpDB", "Select EmpName, EmpFirstName, Age ¬
from Employees")
```

## MMDB.showSPResultset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function displays a dialog box that contains the results of executing the specified stored procedure. The dialog box displays a tabular grid in which the header provides column information that describes the result set. If the connection string or the stored procedure is invalid, an error appears. This function validates the stored procedure.

#### **Arguments**

connName, procName, paramValuesArray

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The *procName* argument is the name of the stored procedure to execute.
- The paramValuesArrayargument is an array that contains a list of design-time parameter test values. Specify the parameter values in the order in which the stored procedure expects them. You can use the MMDB.getSPParamsAsString() function to get the parameters of the stored procedure.

#### Returns

This function returns an error if the SQL statement or the connection string is invalid; otherwise, it returns nothing.

#### Example

The following code displays the results of the executed stored procedure:

```
var paramValueArray = new Array("2/1/2000", "50000")
{\tt MMDB.showSPResultset("EmpDB", "getNewEmployeesMakingAtLeast", \lnot {\tt matter})}
paramValueArray)
```

## MMDB.showSPResultsetNamedParams()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

This function displays a dialog box that contains the result set of the specified stored procedure. The dialog box displays a tabular grid in which the header provides column information that describes the result set. If the connection string or the stored procedure is invalid, an error appears. This function validates the stored procedure. This function differs from the MMDB. showSPResultset() function because you can specify the parameter values by name instead of the order in which the stored procedure expects them.

#### Arguments

connName, procName, paramNameArray, paramValuesArray

- The connName argument is a connection name that is specified in the Connection Manager. It identifies the connection string that Dreamweaver should use to make a database connection to a live data source.
- The procName argument is the name of the stored procedure that returns the result set when it executes.
- The paramNameArray argument is an array that contains a list of parameter names. You can use the MMDB.getSPParamsAsString() function to get the parameters of the stored procedure.
- The paramValuesArray argument is an array that contains a list of design-time parameter test values.

#### Returns

This function returns an error if the SQL statement or the connection string is invalid; otherwise, it returns nothing.

The following code displays the results of the executed stored procedure:

```
var paramNameArray = new Array("startDate", "salary")
var paramValueArray = new Array("2/1/2000", "50000")
MMDB.showSPResultsetNamedParams("EmpDB", "getNewEmployees¬
MakingAtLeast", paramNameArray, paramValueArray)
```

# **Chapter 9: The database connectivity API**

As a developer, you can create new connection types and corresponding dialog boxes for new or existing server models for Adobe® Dreamweaver®. Then, a user can create a connection object when setting up a site to start building pages. To create a connection object, the user has to first select the particular type of connection that you created.

# Select a new connection type

The user can select your new connection type in the following ways:

- On the Application panel, the user can click the Plus (+) button and select Recordset. In the Recordset dialog box, the user can expand the Connection pop-up menu.
- · On the Database tab of the Databases panel, the user can click the Plus (+) button and select Data Source Name.

## **Develop a new connection type**

The following steps outline the process for creating a new connection type:

1 Create the layout for the connection dialog box.

Create an HTML file that lays out the user interface (UI) for your connection dialog box. Name this file using the name of the connection (for example, myConnection.htm). For information about creating a dialog box, see *Getting Started with Dreamweaver*.

Make sure this HTML file includes a reference to the JavaScript implementation file that you define in Step 2, Create a JavaScript file that implements at least the following elements, as shown in the following example:

Store this HTML file, which defines your connection dialog box, in the Configuration/Connections/server-model/platform folder (where the platform is either Windows or Macintosh).

For example, the default ADO connection dialog box for an ASP JavaScript document on a Windows platform is stored in the ASP\_Js/Win folder and is named Connection\_ado\_conn\_string.htm.

**Note:** At runtime, Dreamweaver dynamically builds the list of connection types that are available to the user from the collection of dialog boxes that are in the ASP\_Js/Win folder.

The Configuration/ServerModels folder has HTML files that define each server model. Inside each HTML file is the getServerModelFolderName() function, which returns the name of the folder that is associated with the server model. The following example shows the function for the ASP JavaScript document type:

```
function getServerModelFolderName()
   return "ASP JS";
```

You can also look at the MMDocumentTypes.xml file, which is located in the Configuration/DocumentTypes folder, to determine the mapping between server models and document types.

**2** Create a JavaScript file that implements at least the following elements:

Element	Description Examples	
A set of variables	Each variable defines a specific connection property	Type of connection, data source name, and so on
A set of buttons	Each button appears in the connection dialog box	Test, Help, and so on (OK and Cancel are automatically included)
Connectivity functions	Together, these functions define the Connectivity API	• findConnection()
		applyConnection()
		inspectConnection()

You can select any name for this implementation file, but it must have a .js extension (for example, myConnectionImpl.js). You can store this implementation file on either your local or a remote computer. You might want to store your implementation file in the appropriate subfolder within the Configuration/Connections folder.

Note: The HTML file that you defined in Step 1, Create the layout for the connection dialog box, must include this connection type implementation file.

Unless you need to define connection parameters other than the ones provided in the standard connection\_includefile.edml file, these two steps are the minimum to create a new connection dialog box.

**Note:** The title of the dialog box that the user sees is in the title tag, which is specified in the HTML document.

The functions listed in the next section let you create a connection dialog box. Along with implementing the calls for generating include files for the user, you can register your connectivity type within the server model section of the connection XML file.

For information about the Database Connectivity API that is associated with creating a new connection, see "Database connection functions" on page 56.

## The Connection API

To create a new type of connection, including the dialog box with which users interact, you must implement the following three functions: findConnection(), inspectConnection(), and applyConnection(). You write these three functions and include them in the JavaScript implementation file that is associated with your new connection type (see Step 2: Create a JavaScript file that implements at least the following elements:).

The applyConnection () function returns an HTML source within an include file. You can see examples of the HTML source in "The generated include file" on page 84. The findConnection() function takes the HTML source and extracts its properties. You can implement findConnection() to use the search patterns in XML files to extract the information that returns from applyConnection(). For an example of such an implementation, see the following two JavaScript files:

- The connection\_ado\_conn\_string.js file is located in Configuration/Connections/ASP\_Js folder.
- The connection common.js file is located in Configuration/Connections/Shared folder.

When the user opens a site, Dreamweaver goes through each file in the Connections folder, opens it, and passes the contents to findConnection(). If the contents of a file match the criteria for a valid connection, findConnection() returns a connection object. Dreamweaver then lists all the connection objects in the Database Explorer panel.

When the user opens a connection dialog box and selects to create a new connection or duplicate or edit an existing connection, Dreamweaver calls the inspectConnection() function and passes back the same connection object that findConnection() created. This process lets Dreamweaver populate the dialog box with the connection information.

When the user clicks OK in a connection dialog box, Dreamweaver calls the applyConnection () function to build the HTML, which is placed in the connection include file that is located in the Configuration/Connections folder. The applyConnection() function returns an empty string that indicates there is an error in one of the fields and the dialog box should not be closed. The include file has the default file extension type for the current server model.

When the user adds to the page a server behavior that uses the connection, such as a recordset or a stored procedure, Dreamweaver adds a statement to the page that includes the connection include file.

## findConnection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

#### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function to detect a connection in the specified HTML source and to parse the connection parameters. If the contents of this source file match the criteria for a valid connection, findConnection() returns a connection object; otherwise, this function returns a null value.

#### Argument

htmlSource

The htmlSource argument is the HTML source for a connection.

#### Returns

A connection object that provides values for a particular combination of the properties that are listed in the following table. The properties for which this function returns a value depend on the document type.

Property	Description	
name	Name of the connection	
type	If $use {\tt HTTP}$ is false, indicates which DLL to use for connecting to database at runtime	
string	Runtime connection string. For ADO, it is a string of connection parameters; for JDBC, it is a connection URL	

Property	Description	
dsn	Data source name used for ODBC or Cold Fusion runtime connections	
driver	Name of a JDBC driver used at runtime	
username	Name of the user for the runtime connection	
password	Password used for the runtime connection	
designtimeString	Design-time connection string (see string)	
designtimeDsn	Design-time data source name (see dsn)	
designtimeDriver	Name of a JDBC driver used at design time	
designtimeUsername	Name of the user used for the design-time connection	
designtimePassword	Password used for the design-time connection	
designtimeType	Design-time connection type	
usesDesigntimeInfo	When false, Dreamweaver uses runtime properties at design time; otherwise, Dreamweaver uses design-time properties	
useHTTP	String containing either true or false: true specifies to use HTTP connection at design time; false specifies to use DLL	
includePattern	Regular expression used to find the file include statement on the page during Live Data and Preview In Browser	
variables	Object with a property for each page variable that is set to its corresponding value. This object is used during Live Data and Preview In Browser	
catalog	String containing a database identifier that restricts the amount of metadata that appears	
schema	String containing a database identifier that restricts the amount of metadata that appears	
filename	Name of the dialog box used to create the connection	

If a connection is not found in htmlSource, a null value returns.

**Note:** Developers can add custom properties (for example, metadata) to the HTML source, which applyConnection() returns along with the standard properties.

## inspectConnection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

## Description

Dreamweaver calls this function to initialize the dialog box data for defining a connection when the user edits an existing connection. This process lets Dreamweaver populate the dialog box with the appropriate connection information.

#### Argument

parameters

The *parameters* argument is the same object that the findConnection() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## applyConnection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

#### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function when the user clicks OK in the connection dialog box. The applyConnection () function generates the HTML source for a connection. Dreamweaver writes the HTML to the Configuration/Connections/connection-name.ext include file, where connection-name is the name of your connection (see "Develop a new connection type" on page 80), and .ext is the default extension that is associated with the server model.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The HTML source for a connection. Dreamweaver also closes the connection dialog box. If a field validation error occurs, applyConnection () displays an error message and returns an empty string to indicate that the dialog box should remain open.

# The generated include file

The include file that applyConnection() generates declares all the properties of a connection. The filename for the include file is the connection name. It has the filename extension that is defined for the server model associated with the current site.

Note: Connections are shared, so set the allowMultiple value to false. It ensures that the connection file is included in the document only once. It also ensures that the server script remains in the page if any other server behaviors use it.

You can see some sample include files that applyConnection() generates for various default server models illustrated in the coming sections.

Note: To create a connection include file format, define a new EDML mapping file, which is like connection\_includefile.edml, as shown in "The definition file for your connection type" on page 85.

## **ASP JavaScript**

The ASP and JavaScript include file should be named MyConnection1.asp, where MyConnection1 is the name of the connection. The following sample is an include file for an ADO connection string:

```
<%
    // Filename="Connection_ado_conn_string.htm"
    // Type="ADO"
    // HTTP="true"
    // Catalog=""
    // Schema=""
   var MM_MyConnection1_STRING = "dsn=pubs";
응>
```

The server behavior file includes this connection by using the relative file include statement, as shown in the following example:

```
<!--#include file="../Connections/MyConnection1.asp"-->
```

#### ColdFusion

When you use UltraDev 4 ColdFusion, Dreamweaver relies on a ColdFusion include file to get a list of data sources.

Note: For regular Dreamweaver ColdFusion, Dreamweaver ignores any include files and, instead, makes use of RDS to retrieve the list of data sources from ColdFusion.

The UltraDev 4 ColdFusion include file should be named MyConnection1.cfm, where MyConnection1 is the name of your connection. The following example shows the include file for a ColdFusion connection to a product table:

```
<!-- FileName="Connection_cf_dsn.htm" "dsn=products" -->
<!-- Type="ADO" -->
<!-- Catalog="" -->
<!-- Schema="" -->
<!-- HTTP="false" -->
<CFSET MM MyConnection1 DSN
                                   = "products">
<CFSET MM MyConnection1 USERNAME = "">
                                    = "">
<CFSET MM_Product_USERNAME</pre>
<CFSET MM MyConnection1 PASSWORD
                                     = "">
```

The server behavior file includes this connection by using the cfinclude statement, as shown in the following example:

```
<cfinclude template="Connections/MyConnection1.cfm">
```

# The definition file for your connection type

For each server model, there is a connection\_includefile.edml file that defines the connection type and maps the properties that are defined in the include file to elements in the Dreamweaver interface.

Dreamweaver provides default definition files, one for each of the predefined server models, as listed in the following table.

Server model	Subfolder within the Configuration/Connections folder	
ASP JavaScript	ASP_Js	
ASP.NET CSharp	ASP.NET_Csharp	
ASP.NET VBScrip	ASP.NET_VB	
ASP VBScript	ASP_Vbs	

Server model	Subfolder within the Configuration/Connections folder	
ColdFusion	ColdFusion	
JavaServer Page	JSP	
PHP MySql	PHP_MySql	

Dreamweaver uses the quickSearch and searchPattern parameters to recognize connection blocks and the insertText parameter to create connection blocks. For more information on EDML tags and attributes, and regular expression search patterns, see "Server Behaviors" in Extending Dreamweaver.

**Note:** If you change the format of your include file or define an include file for a new server model, you need to map the connection parameters with the Dreamweaver UI, Live Data, and Preview In Browser. The following sample EDML file, which is associated with the default ASP JS server model, maps all connection page variables with their respective live values before sending the page to the server. For more information on EDML and regular expression search patterns, see "Server Behaviors" in Extending Dreamweaver.

```
<participant name="connection includefile" version="5.0">
    <quickSearch>
        <![CDATA[// HTTP=]]></quickSearch>
    <insertText location="">
<! [CDATA [<%
// FileName="@@filename@@"
// Type="@@type@@" @@designtimeString@@
// DesigntimeType="@@designtimeType@@"
// HTTP="@@http@@"
// Catalog="@@catalog@@"
// Schema="@@schema@@"
var MM @@cname@@ STRING = @@string@@
]]>
    </insertText>
    <searchPatterns whereToSearch="directive">
        <searchPattern paramNames="filename">
            <![CDATA[/\/\s*FileName="([^"]*)"/]]></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="type,designtimeString">
           <! [CDATA[/\/\s+Type="(\w*)"([^\r\n]*)/]]></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="designtimeType" isOptional="true">
            <![CDATA[/\/\s*DesigntimeType="(\w*)"/]]></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="http">
            <! [CDATA[/\/\s*HTTP="(\w+)"/]] ></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="catalog">
            <! [CDATA[/\/\s*Catalog="(\w*)"/]] ></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="schema">
            <! [CDATA[/\/\s*Schema="(\w*)"/]] ></searchPattern>
        <searchPattern paramNames="cname,string">
            <![CDATA[/var\s+MM (\w*) STRING\s*=\s*([^\r\n]+)/]]></searchPattern>
    </searchPatterns>
</participant>
```

Tokens in an EDML file—such as @@filename@@ in this example—map values in the include file to properties of a connection object. You set the properties of connection objects in the JavaScript implementation file.

All the default connection dialog boxes that come with Dreamweaver use the connection includefile.edml mapping file. To let Dreamweaver find this file, its name is set in the JavaScript implementation file, as shown in the following example:

```
var PARTICIPANT_FILE = "connection_includefile";
```

When you create a custom connection type, you can use any mapping file in your custom dialog boxes. If you create a mapping file, you can use a name other than connection\_includefile for your EDML file. If you use a different name, you need to use this name in your JavaScript implementation file when you specify the value that is assigned to the PARTICIPANT\_FILE variable, as shown in the following example:

```
var PARTICIPANT_FILE = "myConnection_mappingfile";
```

# Chapter 10: The source control integration API

The source control integration API lets you write shared libraries. These APIs enable you to extend the Adobe® Dreamweaver® Check In/Check Out feature using source control systems (such as Sourcesafe or CVS).

Your libraries must support a minimum set of API functions for Dreamweaver to integrate with a source control system. And, your libraries must reside in the Program Files/Adobe/Adobe Dreamweaver CS4/Configuration/SourceControl folder.

When Dreamweaver starts, it loads each library. Dreamweaver determines which features the library supports by calling <code>GetProcAddress()</code> for each API function. If an address does not exist, Dreamweaver assumes that the library does not support the API. If the address exists, Dreamweaver uses the library version of the function to support the functionality. When a Dreamweaver user defines or edits a site and then selects the Web Server SCS tab, the choices that correspond to the DLLs appear on the tab. These choices appear in addition to the standard items on the tab. The DLLs are loaded from the Program Files/Adobe/Adobe Dreamweaver CS4/Configuration/SourceControl folder.

To create a Site > Source Control menu to which you can add custom items, add the following code. Add the code in the Site menu in the menus.xml file:

```
<menu name="Source Control" id="DWMenu_MainSite_Site_Source¬
Control"><menuitem dynamic name="None"file="Menus/MM/¬
File_SCSItems.htm" id="DWMenu_MainSite_Site_NewFeatures_¬
Default" />
</menu>
```

# How source control integration with Dreamweaver works

When a Dreamweaver user selects server connection, file transfer, or Design Notes features, Dreamweaver calls the DLL's version of the corresponding API function (Connect(), Disconnect(), Get(), Put(), Checkin(), Checkout(), Undocheckout(), and Synchronize()). The DLL handles the request, including displaying dialog boxes that gather information or letting the user interact with the DLL. The DLL also displays information or error messages.

The source control system can optionally support Design Notes and Check In/Check Out. The Dreamweaver user enables Design Notes in source control systems by selecting the Design Notes tab in the Edit Sites dialog box and checking the box that enables the feature; this process is same to enable Design Notes with FTP and LAN. If the source control system does not support Design Notes and the user wants to use this feature, Dreamweaver transports Design Note (MNO) files to maintain the Design Notes (as it does with FTP and LAN).

Check In/Check Out is treated differently than the Design Notes feature; if the source control system supports it, the user cannot override its use from the Design Notes dialog box. If the user tries to override the source control system, an error message appears.

## Adding source control system functionality

You can add source control system functionality to Dreamweaver by writing a GetNewFeatures handler that returns a set of menu items and corresponding C functions. For example, if you write a Sourcesafe library and want to let Dreamweaver users see the history of a file, you can write a GetNewFeatures handler that returns the History menu item and the C function name of history. Then, in Windows, when the user right-clicks a file, the History menu item is one of the items on the menu. If a user selects the History menu item, Dreamweaver calls the corresponding function, passing the selected files to the DLL. The DLL displays the History dialog box so the user can interact with it in the same way as Sourcesafe.

# The source control integration API required functions

The source control integration API has required and optional functions. The functions listed in this section are required.

## bool SCS\_GetAgentInfo()

#### Description

This function asks the DLL to return its name and description, which appear in the Edit Sites dialog box. The name appears in the Server Access pop-up menu (for example, Sourcesafe, WebDav, Perforce) and the description below the pop-up menu.

#### Arguments

char name[32], char version[32], char description[256], const char \*dwAppVersion

- The name argument is the name of the source control system. The name appears in the combo box for selecting a source control system on the Source Control tab in the Edit Sites dialog box. The name can be a maximum of 32 characters.
- The *version* argument is a string that indicates the version of the DLL. The version appears on the Source Control tab in the Edit Sites dialog box. The version can be a maximum of 32 characters.
- The description argument is a string that indicates the description of the source control system. The description appears on the Source Control tab in the Edit Sites dialog box. The description can be a maximum of 256 characters.
- The dwAppVersion argument is a string that indicates the version of Dreamweaver that is calling the DLL. The DLL can use this string to determine the version and language of Dreamweaver.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Connect()

#### Description

This function connects the user to the source control system. If the DLL does not have log-in information, the DLL must display a dialog box to prompt the user for the information and must store the data for later use.

#### Arguments

void \*\*connectionData, const char siteName[64]

- The connectionData argument is a handle to the data that the agent wants Dreamweaver to pass to it when calling other API functions.
- The siteName argument is a string that points to the name of the site. The site name can be a maximum of 64 characters.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Disconnect()

#### Description

This function disconnects the user from the source control system.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_IsConnected()

#### Description

This function determines the state of the connection.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetRootFolderLength()

#### Description

This function returns the length of the name of the root folder.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the length of the name of the root folder. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## bool SCS\_GetRootFolder()

#### Description

This function returns the name of the root folder.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, char remotePath[], const int folderLen

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePath* is a buffer where the full remote path of the root folder is stored.
- The folderLen argument is an integer that indicates the length of remotePath. This is the value that GetRootFolderLength returns.

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetFolderListLength()

#### Description

This function returns the number of items in the passed-in folder.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the full path and name of the remote folder that the DLL checks for the number of items.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the number of items in the current folder. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## bool SCS\_GetFolderList()

#### Description

This function returns a list of files and folders in the passed-in folder, including pertinent information such as modified date, size, and whether the item is a folder or file.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath, itemInfo itemList[], const int numItems

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

- The remotePath argument is the path of the remote folder that the DLL checks for the number of items.
- The *itemList* argument is a preallocated list of itemInfo structures:

name	char[256]	Name of file or folder
isFolder	bool	true if folder; false if file
month	int	Month component of modification date 1-12
day	int	Day component of modification date 1-31
year	int	Year component of modification date 1900+
hour	int	Hour component of modification date 0-23
minutes	int	Minute component of modification date 0-59
seconds	int	Second component of modification date 0-59
type	char[256]	Type of file (if not set by DLL, Dreamweaver uses file extensions to determine type, as it does now)
size	int	In bytes

- The numItems argument is the number of items that are allocated for the itemList (returned from GetFolderListLength).

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Get()

#### Description

This function gets a list of files or folders and stores them locally.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of the remote files or folders to retrieve, which is specified as complete paths and names.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Put()

#### Description

This function puts a list of local files or folders into the source control system.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, const char \*localPathList[], const char \*remotePathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The localPathList argument is the list of local filenames or folder paths to put into the source control system.
- The *remotePathList* argument is a mirrored list of remote filenames or folder paths.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_NewFolder()

#### Description

This function creates a new folder.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePath* argument is the full path of the remote folder that the DLL creates.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Delete()

#### Description

This function deletes a list of files or folders from the source control system.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to delete.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in *remotePathList*.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Rename()

#### Description

This function renames or moves a file or folder, depending on the values that are specified for *oldRemotePath* and newRemotePath. For example, if oldRemotePath equals "\$/folder1/file1" and newRemotePath equals "\$/folder1/renamefile1", file1 is renamed renamefile1 and is located in folder1.

If oldRemotePath equals "\$/folder1/file1" and newRemotePath equals "\$/folder1/subfolder1/file1", file1 is moved to the subfolder1 folder.

To find out if an invocation of this function is a move or a rename, check the parent paths of the two input values; if they are the same, the operation is a rename.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*oldRemotePath, const char \*newRemotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *oldRemotePath* argument is a remote file or folder path to rename.
- The *newRemotePath* argument is the remote path of the new name for the file or folder.

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_ItemExists()

#### Description

This function determines whether a file or folder exists on the server.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePath* argument is a remote file or folder path.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## The source control integration API optional functions

The source control integration API has required and optional functions. The functions in this section are optional.

## bool SCS\_GetConnectionInfo()

#### Description

This function displays a dialog box to let the user change or set the connection information for this site. It does not make the connection. This function is called when the user clicks the Settings button in the Remote Info section of the Edit Sites dialog box.

#### Arguments

void \*\*connectionData, const char siteName[64]

- The connectionData argument is a handle to data that the agent wants Dreamweaver to pass when calling other API functions.
- The *siteName* argument is a string that points to the name of the site. The name cannot exceed 64 characters.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

### bool SCS SiteDeleted()

#### Description

This function notifies the DLL that the site has been deleted or that the site is no longer tied to this source control system. It indicates that the source control system can delete its persistent information for this site.

#### Arguments

const char siteName[64]

• The siteName argument is a string that points to the name of the site. The name cannot exceed 64 characters.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_SiteRenamed()

#### Description

This function notifies the DLL when the user has renamed the site so that it can update its persistent information about the site.

#### Arguments

const char oldSiteName[64], const char newSiteName[64]

- The oldSiteName argument is a string that points to the original name of the site before it was renamed. The name cannot exceed 64 characters.
- The newSiteName argument is a string that points to the new name of the site after it was renamed. The name cannot exceed 64 characters.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetNumNewFeatures()

#### Description

This function returns the number of new features to add to Dreamweaver (for example, File History, Differences, and

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the number of new features to add to Dreamweaver. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## bool SCS\_GetNewFeatures()

#### Description

This function returns a list of menu items to add to the Dreamweaver main and context menus. For example, the Sourcesafe DLL can add History and File Differences to the main menu.

#### Arguments

char menuItemList[][32], scFunction functionList[], scFunction enablerList[], const int numNewFeatures

- The menuItemList argument is a string list that is populated by the DLL; it specifies the menu items to add to the main and context menus. Each string can contain a maximum of 32 characters.
- The functionList argument is populated by the DLL; it specifies the routines in the DLL to call when the user selects the corresponding menu item.
- The enablerList argument is populated by the DLL; it specifies the routines in the DLL to call when Dreamweaver needs to determine whether the corresponding menu item is enabled.
- The numNewFeatures argument is the number of items being added by the DLL; this value is retrieved from the GetNumNewFeatures() call.

The following function signature defines the functions and enablers that passed to the SCS GetNewFeatures() call in the functionlist and enablerList arguments.

```
bool (*scFunction)(void *connectionData, const char *remotePathList[],
   const char *localPathList[], const int numItems)
```

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_GetCheckoutName()

#### Description

This function returns the check-out name of the current user. If it is unsupported by the source control system and this feature is enabled by the user, this function uses the Dreamweaver internal Check In/Check Out functionality, which transports LCK files to and from the source control system.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, char checkOutName[64], char emailAddress[64]

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *checkOutName* argument is the name of the current user.
- The *emailAddress* argument is the e-mail address of the current user.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS Checkin()

#### Description

This function checks a list of local files or folders into the source control system. The DLL is responsible for making the file read-only. If it is unsupported by the source control system and this feature is enabled by the user, this function uses the Dreamweaver internal Check In/Check Out functionality, which transports LCK files to and from the source control system.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*localPathList[], const char \*remotePathList[], bool successList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *localPathList* argument is a list of local filenames or folder paths to check in.
- The *remotePathList* argument is a mirrored list of remote filenames or folder paths.
- The successList argument is a list of Boolean values that are populated by the DLL to let Dreamweaver know which of the corresponding files are checked in successfully.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_Checkout()

#### Description

This function checks out a list of local files or folders from the source control system. The DLL is responsible for granting the privileges that let the file be writable. If it is unsupported by the source control system and this feature is enabled by the user, this function uses the Dreamweaver internal Check In/Check Out functionality, which transports LCK files to and from the source control system.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], bool successList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePathList* argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to check out.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.

- The successList argument is a list of Boolean values that are populated by the DLL to let Dreamweaver know which of the corresponding files are checked out successfully.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_UndoCheckout()

#### Description

This function undoes the check-out status of a list of files or folders. The DLL is responsible for making the file readonly. If it is unsupported by the source control system and this feature is enabled by the user, this function uses the Dreamweaver internal Check In/Check Out functionality, which transports LCK files to and from the source control system.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], bool successList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths on which to undo the check out.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.
- The successList argument is a list of Boolean values that are populated by the DLL to let Dreamweaver know which corresponding files' check outs are undone successfully.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetNumCheckedOut()

#### Description

This function returns the number of users who have a file checked out.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path to check to see how many users have it checked out.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the number of people who have the file checked out. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## bool SCS\_GetFileCheckoutList()

#### Description

This function returns a list of users who have a file checked out. If the list is empty, no one has the file checked out.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath, char checkOutList[][64], char emailAddressList[][64], const int numCheckedOut

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path to check how many users have it checked out.
- The checkOutList argument is a list of strings that corresponds to the users who have the file checked out. Each user string cannot exceed a maximum length of 64 characters.
- The emailAddressList argument is a list of strings that corresponds to the users' e-mail addresses. Each e-mail address string cannot exceed a maximum length of 64 characters.
- The numCheckedOut argument is the number of people who have the file checked out. This is returned from GetNumCheckedOut().

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetErrorMessageLength()

#### Description

This function returns the length of the DLL's current internal error message. This allocates the buffer that passes into the GetErrorMessage () function. This function should be called only if an API function returns false or <0, which indicates a failure of that API function.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

### Returns

An integer that represents the length of the error message.

## bool SCS\_GetErrorMessage()

This function returns the last error message. If you implement getErrorMessage(), Dreamweaver calls it each time one of your API functions returns the value false.

If a routine returns -1 or false, it indicates that an error message should be available.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, char errorMsg[], const int \*msgLength

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *errorMsg* argument is a preallocated string for the DLL to fill in with the error message.
- The msgLength argument is the length of the buffer represented by the errorMsg[] argument.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## int SCS\_GetNoteCount()

#### Description

This function returns the number of Design Note keys for the specified remote file or folder path. If unsupported by the source control system, Dreamweaver gets this information from the companion MNO file.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path that the DLL checks for the number of attached Design Notes.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the number of Design Notes that are associated with this file. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## int SCS\_GetMaxNoteLength()

#### Description

This function returns the length of the largest Design Note for the specified file or folder. If it is unsupported by the source control system, Dreamweaver gets this information from the companion MNO file.

### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path that the DLL checks for the maximum Design Note length.

#### Returns

An integer that indicates the size of the longest Design Note that is associated with this file. If the function returns < 0, Dreamweaver considers it an error and tries to retrieve the error message from the DLL, if supported.

## bool SCS\_GetDesignNotes()

#### Description

This function retrieves key-value pairs from the meta information for the specified file or folder. If it is unsupported by the source control system, Dreamweaver retrieves the information from the companion MNO file.

#### **Arguments**

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath, char keyList[][64], char \*valueList[], bool showColumnList[], const int noteCount, const int noteLength

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path that the DLL checks for the number of items.
- The keyList argument is a list of Design Note keys, such as "Status".
- · The valueList argument is a list of Design Note values that correspond to the Design Note keys, such as "Awaiting Signoff".
- · The showColumnList argument is a list of Boolean values that correspond to the Design Note keys, which indicate whether Dreamweaver can display the key as a column in the Site panel.
- The noteCount argument is the number of Design Notes that are attached to a file or folder; the GetNoteCount() call returns this value.
- The noteLength argument is the maximum length of a Design Note; this is the value that the GetMaxNoteLength() call returns.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS SetDesignNotes()

#### Description

This function stores the key-value pairs in the meta information for the specified file or folder. This replaces the set of meta information for the file. If it is unsupported by the source control system, Dreamweaver stores Design Notes in MNO files.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath, const char keyList[][64], const char \*valueList[], bool showColumnList[], const int noteCount, const int noteLength

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePath argument is the remote file or folder path that the DLL checks for the number of items.
- The keyList argument is a list of Design Note keys, such as "Status".
- The valueList argument is a list of Design Note values that corresponds to the Design Note keys, such as "Awaiting Signoff".
- The showColumnList argument is a list of Boolean values that correspond to the Design Note keys, which indicate whether Dreamweaver can display the key as a column in the Site panel.
- The noteCount argument is the number of Design Notes that are attached to a file or folder; this number lets the DLL know the size of the specified lists. If *noteCount* is 0, all the Design Notes are removed from the file.

• The noteLength argument is the length of the largest Design note for the specified file or folder.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_IsRemoteNewer()

#### Description

This function checks each specified remote path to see if the remote copy is newer. If it is unsupported by the source control system, Dreamweaver uses its internal isRemoteNewer algorithm.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], int remoteIsNewerList[], const int

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to compare for newer status.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.
- The remoteIsNewerList argument is a list of integers that are populated by the DLL to let Dreamweaver know which of the corresponding files is newer on the remote side. The following values are valid: 1 indicates the remote version is newer; -1 indicates the local version is newer; 0 indicates the versions are the same.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## **Enablers**

If the optional enablers are not supported by the source control system or the application is not connected to the server, Dreamweaver determines when the menu items are enabled, based on the information it has about the remote files.

## bool SCS\_canConnect()

#### Description

This function returns whether the Connect menu item should be enabled.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_canGet()

#### Description

This function returns whether the Get menu item should be enabled.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to get.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS canCheckout()

#### Description

This function returns whether the Checkout menu item should be enabled.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], const int numItems

- The connection Data argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to check out.
- The *localPathList* argument is a mirrored list of local filenames or folder paths.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

## bool SCS\_canPut()

#### Description

This function returns whether the Put menu item should be enabled.

#### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*localPathList[], const char \*remotePathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The localPathList argument is a list of local filenames or folder paths to put into the source control system.
- The remotePathList argument is a mirrored list of remote filenames or folder paths to put into the source control
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS\_canCheckin()

# Description

This function returns whether the Checkin menu item should be enabled.

# Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*localPathList[], const char \*remotePathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *localPathList* argument is a list of local filenames or folder paths to check in.
- The *remotePathList* argument is a mirrored list of remote filenames or folder paths.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS CanUndoCheckout()

# Description

This function returns whether the Undo Checkout menu item should be enabled.

### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const char \*localPathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The remotePathList argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to check out.
- The localPathList argument is a list of the local filenames or folder paths to put to the source control system.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

# Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS\_canNewFolder()

### Description

This function returns whether the New Folder menu item should be enabled.

### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

• The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

• The remotePath argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths that the user selected to indicate where the new folder will be created.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS\_canDelete()

# Description

This function returns whether the Delete menu item should be enabled.

# Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePathList[], const int numItems

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePathList* argument is a list of remote filenames or folder paths to delete.
- The *numItems* argument is the number of items in each list.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS\_canRename()

### Description

This function returns whether the Rename menu item should be enabled.

### Arguments

void \*connectionData, const char \*remotePath

- The connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.
- The *remotePathList* argument is the remote filenames or folder paths that can be renamed.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# bool SCS\_BeforeGet()

### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function before getting or checking out one or more files. This function lets your DLL perform one operation, such as adding a check-out comment, to a group of files.

# Arguments

\*connectionData

• The \*connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

### Example

To get a group of files, Dreamweaver makes calls to the DLL in the following order:

```
SCS BeforeGet(connectionData);
SCS Get(connectionData,remotePathList1,localPathList1,successList1);
SCS Get(connectionData,remotePathList2,localPathList2,successList2);
SCS Get(connectionData,remotePathList3,localPathList3,successList3);
SCS_AfterGet(connectionData);
```

# bool SCS\_BeforePut()

### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function before putting or checking in one or more files. This function lets your DLL perform one operation, such as adding a check-in comment, to a group of files.

### Arguments

\*connectionData

• The \*connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

### Example

To get a group of files, Dreamweaver makes calls to the DLL in the following order:

```
SCS BeforePut(connectionData);
SCS Put(connectionData,localPathList1,remotePathList1,successList1);
SCS_Put(connectionData,localPathList2,remotePathList2,successList2);
SCS Put (connectionData, localPathList3, remotePathList3, successList3);
SCS AfterPut(connectionData);
```

# bool SCS\_AfterGet()

### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function after getting or checking out one or more files. This function lets your DLL perform any operation after a batch get or check out, such as creating a summary dialog box.

# Arguments

\*connectionData

• The \*connectionData argument is a pointer the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# Example

See "bool SCS\_BeforeGet()" on page 105.

# bool SCS\_AfterPut()

# Description

Dreamweaver calls this function after putting or checking in one or more files. This function lets the DLL perform any operation after a batch put or check in, such as creating a summary dialog box.

# Arguments

\*connectionData

• The \*connectionData argument is a pointer to the agent's data that passed into Dreamweaver during the Connect () call.

# Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# Example

See "bool SCS\_BeforePut()" on page 106.

# **Chapter 11: Application**

The application functions perform operations related to the Adobe® Dreamweaver® interaction with other applications or Dreamweaver operations independent of individual documents. For example, setting preferences, exiting Dreamweaver, and so on.

# **External application functions**

External application functions handle operations that are related to applications, such as Adobe\* Flash\*, and to the browsers and external editors that are defined in the Preview in Browser and External Editors preferences. These functions let you get information about these external applications and open files with them.

# dreamweaver.browseDocument()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 2; enhanced in 3 and 4.

### Description

Opens the specified URL in the specified browser.

# Arguments

fileName, {browser}

- The fileName argument is the name of the file to open, which is expressed as an absolute.
- The browser argument specifies a browser. This argument can be the name of a browser, as defined in the Preview in Browser preferences, or either primary or secondary. If the argument is omitted, the URL opens in the primary browser of the user.

**Note:** Some browsers cannot locate the file if the URL contains an anchor, such as "Configuration/ExtensionHelp/browseHelp.htm#helpyou."

### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following function uses the dreamweaver.browseDocument () function to open the Adobe Home page in a browser:

```
function goToadobe() {
    dreamweaver.browseDocument('http://www.adobe.com/');
}
```

In Dreamweaver 4, you can expand this operation to open the document in Microsoft Internet Explorer using the following code:

```
function goToadobe(){
   var prevBrowsers = dw.getBrowserList();
   var theBrowser = "";
   for (var i=1; i < prevBrowsers.length; i+2) {</pre>
        if (prevBrowsers[i].indexOf('Iexplore.exe') != -1) {
            theBrowser = prevBrowsers[i];
            break;
        }
   dw.browseDocument('http://www.adobe.com/',theBrowser);
```

For more information on the dreamweaver.getBrowserList() function, see "dreamweaver.getBrowserList()" on

# dreamweaver.getBrowserList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Gets a list of all the browsers in the File > Preview in Browser submenu.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array that contains a pair of strings for each browser in the list. The first string in each pair is the name of the browser, and the second string is its location on the computer of the user, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If no browsers appear in the submenu, the function returns nothing.

# dreamweaver.getExtensionEditorList()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3

# Description

Gets a list of editors for the specified file from the External Editors preferences.

# Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument can be a complete file:// URL, a filename, or a file extension (including the period).

An array that contains a pair of strings for each editor in the list. The first string in each pair is the name of the editor, and the second string is its location on the computer of the user, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If no editors appear in Preferences, the function returns an array that contains one empty string.

### Example

A call to the dreamweaver.getExtensionEditorList(".gif") function might return an array that contains the following strings:

- "Fireworks 3"
- "file:///C|/Program Files/Adobe/Fireworks 3/Fireworks 3.exe"

# dreamweaver.getExternalTextEditor()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Gets the name of the currently configured external text editor.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the text editor that is suitable for presentation in the user interface (UI), not the full path.

# dreamweaver.getFlashPath()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the full path to the Flash MX application in the form of a file URL.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array that contains two elements. Element [0] is a string that contains the name of the Flash MX editor. Element [1] is a string that contains the path to the Flash application on the local computer, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If Flash is not installed, it returns nothing.

# Example

The following example calls the dw.getFlashPath() function to obtain the path to the Flash application and then passes the path in the form of a file://URL to the dw.openWithApp() function to open the document with Flash:

```
var myDoc = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM();
if (dreamweaver.validateFlash()) {
   var flashArray = dreamweaver.getFlashPath();
   dreamweaver.openWithApp(myDoc.myForm.swfFilePath, flashArray[1]);
```

# dreamweaver.getPrimaryBrowser()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the path to the primary browser.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the path on the computer of the user to the primary browser, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If no primary browser is defined, it returns nothing.

# dreamweaver.get Primary Extension Editor ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the primary editor for the specified file.

### Arguments

fileURL

• The *fileURL* argument is the path to the file to open, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

An array that contains a pair of strings. The first string in the pair is the name of the editor, and the second string is its location on the computer of the user, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If no primary editor is defined, the function returns an array that contains one empty string.

# dreamweaver.getSecondaryBrowser()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the path to the secondary browser.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the path on the computer of the user to the secondary browser, which is expressed as a file:// URL. If no secondary browser is defined, it returns nothing.

# dreamweaver.openHelpURL()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Opens the specified Help file in the operating system Help viewer.

Dreamweaver displays help content in the standard operating system help viewer instead of a browser. Help content is in HTML, but it is packaged for Windows HTML Help or Help Viewer for Mac OS X.

The following four types of files comprise the full help content. For more information on Help files, see your operating system documentation.

Help book

The Help book consists of the HTML Help files, images, and indexes. In Windows, the Help book is a file that has a name with a .chm extension. On the Macintosh, the Help book is a folder.

The Help book files reside in the Dreamweaver Help folder.

The help.xml file

The help.xml file maps book IDs to help book names. For example, the following XML code maps the book ID for Dreamweaver Help to the filenames that contains help on both the Windows and Macintosh operating systems:

```
<?xml version = "1.0" ?> <help-books><book-id id="DW Using" win-</pre>
mapping="UsingDreamweaver.chm" mac-mapping="Dreamweaver Help"/> </help-books>
```

Each book-id entry has the following attributes:

- The id attribute is the book ID that is used in the help.map and HelpDoc.js files.
- The win-mapping attribute is the Windows book name, which is "UsingDreamweaver.chm" in this example.
- The mac-mapping attribute is the Macintosh book name, which is "Dreamweaver Help" in this example.
- The help.map file

The help.map file maps a help content ID to a specific help book. Dreamweaver uses the help.map file to locate specific help content when it calls help internally.

• The helpDoc.js file

The helpDoc.js file lets you map variable names that you can use in place of the actual book ID and page string. The helpDoc.js file maps a help content ID to an HTML page in a specific help book. Dreamweaver uses the helpDoc.js file when it calls help from JavaScript.

# Arguments

bookID

• The bookID argument, which is required, has the format: ID:page

The ID portion is the bookID of the entry in the help.xml file that names the file that contains the help content to display. The page portion of the entry identifies the specific page to display. The pages are referenced in the help.map file.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false if Dreamweaver cannot open the specified file in the help viewer.

### Example

openHelpURL("DW\_Using:index.htm");

# dreamweaver.openWithApp()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the specified file with the specified application.

# Arguments

fileURL, appURL

- The fileURL argument is the path to the file to open, which is expressed as a file:// URL.
- The appURL argument is the path to the application that is to open the file, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.openWithBrowseDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the Select External Editor dialog box to let the user select the application with which to open the specified file.

# Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument is the path to the file to open, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dream we aver. open With External Text Editor ()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the current document in the external text editor that is specified in the External Editors entry in the Preferences dialog box.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.openWithImageEditor()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the named file with the specified image editor.

Note: This function starts a special Adobe Fireworks integration mechanism that returns information to the active document if Fireworks is specified as the image editor. To prevent errors if no document is active, never call this function from the Site panel.

# Arguments

fileURL, appURL

- The *fileURL* argument is the path to the file to open, which is expressed as a file:// URL.
- The appURL argument is the path to the application with which to open the file, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.validateFlash()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

# Description

Determines whether Flash MX (or a later version) is installed on the local computer.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Flash MX (or a later version) is installed on the local computer; false otherwise.

# dom.insertFiles()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Inserts one or more files into the current document at the current insertion point or in place of the current selection, prompting the user for parameters, if necessary.

# **Arguments:**

strFiles

• The strFiles argument is a string that specifies the file \paths and names of the files to insert. Multiple filenames can be passed to this function.

#### Returns

Nothing

# dreamweaver.activateApp()

# **Availability**

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Makes the specified application the frontmost application.

# **Arguments:**

applicationID

• The *applicationID* is a string that specifies the application to activate, such as dreamweaver.

# Returns

Nothing

# dreamweaver.printDocument()

# Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Performs the equivalent of the Dreamweaver File > Print Code command on the requested file.

Arg	um	en	ts:

fileName

The fileName argument is a string that specifies the name of the file to print, expressed as a URL.

### Returns

Nothing

# dreamweaver.revealDocument()

# Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Gives Dreamweaver the operating-system focus and, if the specified file is open in Dreamweaver, brings it to the foreground.

### **Arguments:**

fileName

• The *fileName* is a string that specifies the name of the file to reveal, expressed as a URL.

# Returns

Nothing

# **Global application functions**

Global application functions act on the entire application. They handle tasks such as quitting and accessing Preferences.

# dreamweaver.beep()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

# Description

Creates a system beep.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example calls dw.beep() to call the user's attention to a message that the alert() function displays:

```
beep(){
    if(confirm("Is your order complete?")
        dreamweaver.beep();
        alert("Click OK to submit your order");
}
```

# dreamweaver.getShowDialogsOnInsert()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Checks whether the Show Dialog When Inserting Objects option is turned on in the General category of Preferences.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the option is on.

# dreamweaver.quitApplication()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Quits Dreamweaver after the script that calls this function finishes executing.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.showAboutBox()

### **Availability**

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the About dialog box.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.showDynamicDataDialog()

# Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

# Description

Displays the Dynamic Data or the Dynamic Text dialog box, and waits for the user to dismiss the dialog box. If the user clicks OK, the showDynamicDataDialog() function returns a string to insert into the user's document. (This string returns from the Data Sources API function, generateDynamicDataRef(), and passes to the Data Format API function, formatDynamicDataRef(); the return value from formatDynamicDataRef() is the one that the showDynamicDataDialog() function returns.)

#### **Arguments**

source, {title}

- The source argument is a string that contains source code, which represents the dynamic data object. It is the same string that a previous call to this function returned. The function uses the contents of the source argument to initialize all the dialog box controls, so they appear exactly as when the user clicked OK to create this string.
  - Dreamweaver passes this string to the inspectDynamicDataRef() function to determine if the string matches any of the nodes in the tree. If the string matches a node, that node is selected when the dialog box appears. You can also pass an empty string, which does not initialize the dialog box. For example, a dialog box is not initialized when used to create a new item.
- The title argument, which is optional, is a string that contains the text to display in the title bar of the dialog box. If this argument is not supplied, Dreamweaver displays Dynamic Data in the title bar.

A string that represents the dynamic data object, if the user clicks OK.

# dreamweaver.showPasteSpecialDialog()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function displays the Paste Special dialog box. If the user clicks OK, the showPasteSpecialDialog() function performs the paste.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

dw.showPasteSpecialDialog();

# dreamweaver.showPreferencesDialog()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3. Added the strCategory argument in Dreamweaver 8. Updated in CS4.

# Description

This function opens the Preferences dialog box.

### Arguments

{strCategory}

• The strCategoryargument, which is optional, must be one of the following strings to open the correlating category of the Preferences dialog box: general, accessibility, "html colors" (for the Code Coloring category), "html format" (for the Code Format category), "code hints", "html rewriting" (for the Code Rewriting category), copyPaste , "css styles", "file compare", "external editors" (for the File Types/Editors category), fonts, highlighting, "invisible elements", layers, "new document", floaters (for the Panels category), browsers, (for the Preview in Browser category), "site ftp" (for the Site category), "status bar", and validator. If Dreamweaver does not recognize the argument as a valid pane name, the dialog box opens to the last active pane. Dreamweaver does the same, if the argument is omitted.

### Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example opens the Preferences dialog box and selects the Code Coloring category:

dw.showPreferencesDialog("html colors");

# dreamweaver.showTagChooser()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

# Description

Toggles the visibility of the Tag Chooser dialog box for users to insert tags into the Code view. The function shows the Tag Chooser dialog box on top of all other Dreamweaver windows. If the dialog box is not visible, the function opens it, brings it to the front, and sets focus to it. If the Tag Chooser is visible, the function hides the dialog box.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dw.registerIdleHandler()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

This function registers a JavaScript function to be called on a periodic basis during idle processing time.

### Arguments

id, idleFunction, interval

- The id argument is a unique string used to identify the idle task to register. To ensure uniqueness, prefix the ID with a unique identifier. For example you might want a beep every 5 seconds, but you wouldn't want to call the task "beep", because someone else might also have created a task of the same name. A better name would be something like "acme\_beep\_task", thus providing both context and uniqueness.
- The idleFunction argument is the JavaScript function to be called during idle processing time.
- The interval argument is the number of seconds between calls of idleFunction, subject to idle-time availability.

#### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the idle task was successfully registered.

### Example

The following example causes the system to beep once every 5 seconds:

```
dw.registerIdleHandler("acme beep task", function() { dw.beep();}, 5);
```

# dw.revokeldleHandler()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function removes an idle task previously spawned by the registerIdleHandler() function. The intention is to provide a way to remove a previously registered idle task. If an idle task is expected to remain active until the application is terminated, it is unnecessary to call this function. In this case, the idle task is removed automatically before termination.

# Arguments

• The id is a unique string used to identify the registered idle task to remove. This is the same ID that was initially used to register the task.

#### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the idle task was successfully removed.

The following example removes the idle task known as "dw\_beep\_task" from the idle task queue:

```
dw.revokeIdleHandler("acme_beep_task");
```

# **Bridge communication functions**

The bridge communication functions allow communication between Dreamweaver and the Bridge application. One feature of this communication is to allow the user to browse files in Bridge easily from Dreamweaver.

# BridgeTalk.bringToFront()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Makes the specified application the frontmost process, by calling the BridgeTalk::bringToFront() function.

### Arguments

applicationID

• The applicationID argument is a string, such as bridge or dreamweaver, that specifies the application to activate.

#### Returns

Nothing

### Example

This example shows how Dreamweaver implements the browseInBridge() function. First, you create a BridgeTalk instance, then the two most important properties are set: target and body. <target> is the target application. In this case it is the Bridge application. It's identifier is bridge. <body> is the message to send. Usually <body> is a script that the target application can understand and execute after it is received. The send () function is called to send the <body> to the <target>.

```
if (!JSBridge.isRunning('bridge'))
var bt = new BridgeTalk;
var scriptSavePath = browsePath.replace(/['"\\]/g, "\$&");
var script = "app.document.thumbnail = new Thumbnail(decodeURI('" + scriptSavePath + "'));";
// Send the script to bridge and give it 10 sec to launch before assuming an error.
bt.target = "bridge";
bt.body = script;
result = bt.send(10);
if (result)
BridgeTalk.bringToFront('bridge');
```

# Bridgetalk.send()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Establishes communications with the Bridge application.

### **Arguments:**

timeout

• The timeout argument is an optional attribute that sets the time out interval in seconds.

### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether communication with the Bridge application was a success (True = success, False = fail).

### Example

result = bridgeTalk.send(10);

# BridgeTalk.suppressStartupScreen()

# Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Searches the launch options for -nostartupscreen to determine whether to suppress the modal windows after startup.

# Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether to suppress startup screens.

# dw.browseInBridge()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Allows you to browse files in Bridge from Dreamweaver. The dw.browseInBridge() function launches the Bridge application. If Bridge is already running, dw.browseInBridge switches to the Bridge application.

# **Arguments:**

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the browsing script was sent to the Bridge application successfully (true = success, false = fail).

# Chapter 12: Workspace

Workspace API functions create or operate on an element of the Adobe® Dreamweaver® workspace. They perform tasks that include the following:

- · Redoing steps that appear in the History panel
- · Placing an object on the Insert bar
- · Navigating with Keyboard functions
- · Reloading menus
- · Manipulating stand-alone or built-in results windows
- · Setting options
- Positioning a toolbar
- · Getting or setting focus

# **History functions**

History functions handle undoing, redoing, recording, and playing steps that appear in the History panel. A step is any repeatable change to the document or to a selection in the document. Methods of the dreamweaver.historyPalette object either control or act on the selection in the History panel, not in the current document.

# dom.redo()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Redoes the step that was most recently undone in the document.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canRedo()" on page 457.

# dom.undo()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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Undoes the previous step in the document.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Enabler

See "dom.canUndo()" on page 460.

# dreamweaver.getRedoText()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the text that is associated with the editing operation that will be redone if the user selects Edit > Redo or presses Control+Y (Windows) or Command+Y (Macintosh).

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that contains the text that is associated with the editing operation that will be redone.

### Example

If the user's last action applied bold to selected text, a call to the dreamweaver.getRedoText() function returns "Repeat Apply Bold".

# dreamweaver.getUndoText()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the text that is associated with the editing operation that will be undone if the user selects Edit > Undo or presses Control+Z (Windows) or Command+Z (Macintosh).

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that contains the text that is associated with the editing operation that will be undone.

# Example

If the user's last action applied a Cascading Style Sheet (CSS) style to a selected range of text, a call to the dreamweaver.getUndoText() function returns "Undo Apply <span>".

# dream we aver. play Recorded Command ()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Plays the recorded command in the active document.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canPlayRecordedCommand()" on page 464.

# dreamweaver.redo()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Redoes the step that was most recently undone in the active Document window, dialog box, floating panel, or Site panel.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canRedo()" on page 465.

# dreamweaver.startRecording()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

<b>Description</b> Starts recording steps in the active document; the previously recorded command is immediately discarded.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
Enabler See "dreamweaver.isRecording()" on page 472 (must return a value of false).
dreamweaver.stopRecording()
Availability Dreamweaver 3.
<b>Description</b> Stops recording without prompting the user.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
Enabler See "dreamweaver.isRecording()" on page 472 (must return a value of true).
dreamweaver.undo()
Availability Dreamweaver 3.
<b>Description</b> Undoes the previous step in the Document window, dialog box, floating panel, or Site panel that has focus.
Arguments None.

Enabler

Returns Nothing.

See "dom.canUndo()" on page 460.

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.clearSteps()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Clears all steps from the History panel and disables the Undo and Redo menu items.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.copySteps()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Copies the specified history steps to the Clipboard. Dreamweaver warns the user about possible unintended consequences if the specified steps include an unrepeatable action.

### Arguments

arrayOfIndices

• The arrayOfIndices argument is an array of position indices in the History panel.

A string that contains the JavaScript that corresponds to the specified history steps.

### Example

The following example copies the first four steps in the History panel:

```
dreamweaver.historyPalette.copySteps([0,1,2,3]);
```

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.getSelectedSteps()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Determines which portion of the History panel is selected.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array that contains the position indices of all the selected steps. The first position is position 0 (zero).

If the second, third, and fourth steps are selected in the History panel, as shown in the following figure, a call to the dreamweaver.historyPalette.getSelectedSteps() function returns [1,2,3]:



# dreamweaver.historyPalette.getStepCount()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the number of steps in the History panel.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

An integer that represents the number of steps that are currently listed in the History panel.

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.getStepsAsJavaScript()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the JavaScript equivalent of the specified history steps.

# Arguments

arrayOfIndices

• The arrayOfIndices argument is an array of position indices in the History panel.

# Returns

A string that contains the JavaScript that corresponds to the specified history steps.

# Example

If the three steps shown in the following example are selected in the History panel, a call to the dreamweaver.historyPalette.getStepsAsJavaScript(dw.historyPalette.getSelectedSteps()) function returns "dw.getDocumentDOM().insertText('Hey diddle diddle, a cat and a fiddle, the cow jumped over the moon.');\ ndw.getDocumentDOM().newBlock();\n dw.getDocumentDOM().insertHTML('<img</pre> src=\ "../wdw99/50browsers/images/sun.gif\">', true);\n":



# dreamweaver.historyPalette.getUndoState()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the current undo state.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

The position of the Undo marker in the History panel.

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.replaySteps()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Replays the specified history steps in the active document. Dreamweaver warns the user of possible unintended consequences if the specified steps include an unrepeatable action.

# Arguments

arrayOfIndices

• The arrayOfIndices argument is an array of position indices in the History panel.

A string that contains the JavaScript that corresponds to the specified history steps.

# Example

A call to dreamweaver.historyPalette.replaySteps([0,2,3]) function plays the first, third, and fourth steps in the History panel.

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.saveAsCommand()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Opens the Save As Command dialog box, which lets the user save the specified steps as a command. Dreamweaver warns the user of possible unintended consequences if the steps include an unrepeatable action.

### **Arguments**

arrayOfIndices

• The *arrayOfIndices* argument is an array of position indexes in the History panel.

#### Returns

A string that contains the JavaScript that corresponds to the specified history steps.

# Example

The following example saves the fourth, sixth, and eighth steps in the History panel as a command:

dreamweaver.historyPalette.saveAsCommand([3,5,7]);

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.setSelectedSteps()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Selects the specified steps in the History panel.

# Arguments

arrayOfIndices

• The arrayOfIndices function is an array of position indices in the History panel. If no argument is supplied, all the steps are unselected.

### Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example selects the first, second, and third steps in the History panel

dreamweaver.historyPalette.setSelectedSteps([0,1,2]);

# dreamweaver.historyPalette.setUndoState()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Performs the correct number of undo or redo operations to arrive at the specified undo state.

### Arguments

undoState

• The undoState argument is the object that the dreamweaver.historyPalette.getUndoState() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Insert object functions**

Insert object functions handle operations related to the objects on the Insert bar or listed on the Insert menu.

# dreamweaver.objectPalette.getMenuDefault()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

# Description

Retrieves the ID string of the default item for the associated menu.

# Arguments

menuId

• The *menuId* argument is the string that defines the menu in the insertbar.xml file.

### Returns

A string value defining the ID of the default item.

# Example

The following example assigns the current default object for the Media menu to the defid variable:

```
var defId = dw.objectPalette.getMenuDefault("DW_Media");
```

# dreamweaver.objectPalette.setMenuDefault()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

# Description

Sets the default object for a pop-up menu. The default object's icon represents the specified pop-up menu on the Insert bar. The user can click on the default object to insert it, or click on the arrow beside the default object to open the popup menu and see the other objects in that menu. Dreamweaver sets the new menu default the next time the user opens Dreamweaver or uses the Reload Extensions command.

# Arguments

menuId, defaultId

- The *menuId* argument is the string that defines the menu in the insertbar.xml file.
- The *defaultId* argument is the string that defines the new default object in the insertbar.xml field.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the new default is successfully set; false otherwise.

# Example

The following example sets the Flash object as the default object for the Media menu:

```
dw.objectPalette.setMenuDefault("DW Media", "DW Flash");
```

# dreamweaver.reloadObjects()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

# Description

Reloads all the objects on the Insert bar. This function is the equivalent of Control+left-clicking the mouse on the Categories menu on the Insert bar and selecting the Reload Extensions menu option.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the objects were successfully loaded; false otherwise.

# dom.convertActiveContent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Converts all the active content in the given document.

### Arguments

*forceUpdate* 

• The forceUpdate argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to override the user's preference settings (true, = override). This argument is optional.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if all active content was converted successfully. Returns false if some active content that needed to be converted was not converted, such as object tags in a locked region of a template instance.

```
if( !dom.convertActiveContent(true) ) {
alert(dw.loadString("ActiveContent/notAllConverted"));
```

# dom.convertNextActiveContent()

# Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

# Description

Specifies that the next object tag that is inserted (for the remainder of the current edit—one undoable action) has a script built for it. This function allows you to use a third-party extension to generate the appropriate script for the specific active content.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

```
dom.convertNextActiveContent();
dom.insertHTML("<object classid=\"clsid:D27CDB6E-AE6D-11cf-96B8-444553540000\" codebase=\
"http://download.Macromedia.com/pub/shockwave/cabs/flash/swflash.cab#version=7,0,19,0\"
"quality\" value=\"high\" /><embed src=\"button1.swf\" quality=\"high\" pluginspage=\
"http://www.Macromedia.com/go/getflashplayer\" type=\"application/
x-shockwave-flash\"width=\"100\" height=\"22\"></embed></object>\");
```

# **Keyboard functions**

Keyboard functions mimic document navigation tasks that are accomplished by pressing the arrow, Backspace, Delete, Page Up, and Page Down keys. In addition to such general arrow and key functions as arrowLeft() and backspaceKey(), Dreamweaver also provides methods for moving to the next or previous word or paragraph as well as moving to the start of the line or document or the end of the line or document.

# dom.arrowDown()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point down the specified number of times.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument is the number of times that the insertion point must move down. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.arrowLeft()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the left the specified number of times.

# Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of times that the insertion point must move left. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.arrowRight()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the right the specified number of times.

# Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of times that the insertion point must move right. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.arrowUp()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function moves the insertion point up the specified number of times.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of times that the insertion point must move up. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.backspaceKey()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function is equivalent to pressing the Backspace key a specified number of times. The exact behavior depends on whether there is a current selection or only an insertion point.

# Arguments

{nTimes}

• The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of times that a backspace operation must occur. If the argument is omitted, the default is 1.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.deleteKey()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function is equivalent to pressing the Delete key the specified number of times. The exact behavior depends on whether there is a current selection or only an insertion point.

# Arguments

 $\{nTimes\}$ 

• The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of times that a delete operation must occur. If the argument is omitted, the default is 1.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.endOfDocument()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the end of the document (that is, after the last visible content in the Document window or after the closing HTML tag in the Code inspector, depending on which window has focus).

# Arguments

{bShiftIsDown}

• The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If the argument is omitted, the default is false.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.endOfLine()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the end of the line.

# Arguments

{bShiftIsDown}

• The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If the argument is omitted, the default is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.nextParagraph()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the next paragraph or skips multiple paragraphs if *nTimes* is greater than 1.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of paragraphs that the insertion point must move ahead. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.nextWord()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the next word or skips multiple words if *nTimes* is greater than 1.

# Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of words that the insertion point must move ahead. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.pageDown()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point down one page (equivalent to pressing the Page Down key).

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move down. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.pageUp()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point up one page (equivalent to pressing the Page Up key).

# Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move up. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.previousParagraph()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the previous paragraph or skips multiple paragraphs if nTimes is greater than 1.

# **Arguments**

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of paragraphs that the insertion point must move back. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.previousWord()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the previous word or skips multiple words if *nTimes* is greater than 1.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The nTimes argument, which is optional, is the number of words that the insertion point must move back. If this argument is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If this argument is omitted, the default is false.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.startOfDocument()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the document (that is, before the first visible content in the Document window, or before the opening HTML tag in the Code inspector, depending on which window has focus).

### Arguments

{bShiftIsDown}

• The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If the argument is omitted, the default is false.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.startOfLine()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the line.

### Arguments

{bShiftIsDown}

• The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to extend the selection. If the argument is omitted, the default is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.mapKeyCodeToChar()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Takes a key code as retrieved from the event object's keyCode field and translates it to a character. You should check whether the key code is a special key, such as HOME, PGUP, and so on. If the key code is not a special key, this method can be used to translate it to a character code that is suitable for display to the user.

### Arguments

keyCode

• The *keyCode* argument is the key code to translate to a character.

### Returns

Returns the character code if mapping was successful. Returns 0 otherwise.

# **Menu functions**

Menu functions handle optimizing and reloading the menus in Dreamweaver. The dreamweaver.qetMenuNeedsUpdatinq() function and the dreamweaver.notifyMenuUpdated() function are designed specifically to prevent unnecessary update routines from running on the dynamic menus that are built into Dreamweaver. See "dreamweaver.getMenuNeedsUpdating()" on page 141 and "dreamweaver.notifyMenuUpdated()" on page 141 for more information.

# dreamweaver.getMenuNeedsUpdating()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether the specified menu needs to be updated.

### Arguments

menuId

• The menuId argument is a string that contains the value of the id attribute for the menu item, as specified in the menus.xml file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the menu needs to be updated. This function returns false only if dreamweaver.notifyMenuUpdated() has been called with this menuId, and the return value of menuListFunction has not changed. For more information, see "dreamweaver.notifyMenuUpdated()" on page 141.

## dreamweaver.notifyMenuUpdated()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Notifies Dreamweaver when the specified menu needs to be updated.

#### Arguments

menuId, menuListFunction

- The menuId argument is a string that contains the value of the id attribute for the menu item, as specified in the menus.xml file.
- The menuListFunction argument must be one of the following strings: "dw.cssStylePalette.getStyles()", "dw.getDocumentDOM().getFrameNames()", "dw.getDocumentDOM().getEditableRegionList", "dw.getBrowserList()","dw.getRecentFileList()","dw.getTranslatorList()","dw.getFontList()", "dw.getDocumentList()", "dw.htmlStylePalette.getStyles()", or "site.getSites()".

### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.reloadMenus()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Reloads the entire menu structure from the menus.xml file in the Configuration folder.

Δ	ra	um	ρn	te
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None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Results window functions**

Results window functions let you interact with the built-in panels in the Results panel group or create a stand-alone window that displays columns of formatted data.

## The built-in Results panel group

These functions produce output in the Results panel group. The Results panel group displays tabbed panels for searches, source validation, sitewide reports, browser compatibility checking, server debugging, FTP logging, and link checking.

### Specific child panels

The following child panels are built-in Results windows that always exist in the Dreamweaver interface and can be accessed directly.

- dreamweaver.resultsPalette.siteReports
- dreamweaver.resultsPalette.validator
- dreamweaver.resultsPalette.bcc

Because these panels are Results windows, you can use the following methods that are defined for stand-alone Results windows:

- getItem()
- getItemCount()
- getSelectedItem()
- setSelectedItem()

For more information about using the resWin methods, see "A stand-alone results window" on page 147.

### The active child panel

The following general API functions apply to whichever child panel is active. Some child panels might ignore some of these functions. If the active child panel does not support the function, calling it has no effect.

# dreamweaver.showResults()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Opens the specified results floating panel and selects the item.

**Note:** This function is supported only in the Validation, Browser Compatibility Check, and Site Reports panels of the Results panel group.

### Arguments

floaterName, floaterIndex

- The *floaterName* argument is a string that specifies the results floating panel to open. Valid values are 'validation', or 'reports'.
- The *floaterIndex* argument is a number or string. Use a number to specify the index of an item to select in the Results panel. Use a string to specify the URL of a document. If you specify a URL, the function selects the first visible item for that document.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

The following example checks for errors at the offset of the current selection in the document and, if errors are present, displays them in the specified window (floaterName) of the Results panel. Otherwise, it opens the Browser Compatibility Check window of the Results panel and displays the first visible item for the current document.

```
var offset = dw.getDocumentDOM().source.getSelection()[0];
var errors = dw.getDocumentDOM().source.getValidationErrorsForOffset(offset);
if ( errors && errors.length > 0 )
   dw.showResults( errors[0].floaterName, errors[0].floaterIndex );
else
    dw.showResults('bcc', dw.getDocumentDOM().URL);
```

# dreamweaver.resultsPalette.siteReports.addResultItem()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Adds a new results entry to the Site Reports panel, based on the information in the file that the processfile () function processes.

This function is only available in the processFile() callback of a site report. For details on site reports, see "Reports" in Extending Dreamweaver.

### **Arguments**

strFilePath, strIcon, strDisplay, strDesc, {iLineNo}, {iStartSel}, {iEndSel}

- The *strFilePath* argument is a fully qualified URL path of the file to process.
- The strIcon argument is the path to the icon to use. To display a built-in icon, use a value "1" through "10" instead of the fully qualified path for the icon (use "0" for no icon). The following table shows the icons that correspond to the values of "1" through "10":

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

- The strDisplay argument is the string to display to the user in the first column of the Results window (usually, the filename).
- The *strDesc* argument is the description that goes with the entry.
- The *iLineNo* argument is the number of lines in the file (optional).
- The iStartSel argument is the start of offset into the file (optional, but if it is used, the iEndSel argument must also be used.).
- The *iEndSel* argument is the end of offset into the file (required if *iStartSel* is used).

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.clear()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Clears the contents of the panel in focus.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canClear()" on page 473.

# dreamweaver.resultsPalette.Copy()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Sends a copied message to the window that is in focus (often used for the FTP logging window).

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canCopy()" on page 473.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.cut()

None.

# Availability Dreamweaver MX. Description Sends a cut message to the window in focus (often used for the FTP logging window). Arguments None. Returns Nothing. **Enabler** See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canCut()" on page 473. dreamweaver.resultsPalette.Paste() Availability Dreamweaver MX. Description Sends a pasted message to the window in focus (often used for the FTP logging window). Arguments None. Returns Nothing. Enabler See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canPaste()" on page 474. dreamweaver.resultsPalette.openInBrowser Availability Dreamweaver MX. Description Sends a report (Site Reports, Browser Target Check, Validation, and Link Checker) to the default browser. Arguments

Returns Nothing.
Enabler See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canOpenInBrowser()" on page 474.
dreamweaver.resultsPalette.openInEditor()
Availability Dreamweaver MX.
<b>Description</b> Jumps to the selected line for specific reports (Site Reports, Browser Target Check, Validation, and Link Checker), and opens the document in the editor.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
Enabler See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canOpenInEditor()" on page 474.
dreamweaver.resultsPalette.save()
Availability Dreamweaver MX.
<b>Description</b> Opens the Save dialog box for a window that supports the Save function (Site Reports, Browser Target Check, Validation, and Link Checker).
Arguments None.
Returns

Enabler

See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canSave()" on page 475.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.selectAll()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Sends a Select All command to the window in focus.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canSelectAll()" on page 475.

### A stand-alone results window

The dreamweaver.createResultsWindow() function, creates a results window.

# dreamweaver.createResultsWindow()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Creates a new Results window and returns a JavaScript object reference to the window.

### Arguments

strName, arrColumns

- The *strName* argument is the string to use for the window's title.
- The *arrColumns* argument is an array of column names to use in the list control.

### Returns

An object reference to the created window.

### resWin.addItem()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Adds a new item to the Results window.

Note: Use only on stand-alone results windows created with "dreamweaver.createResultsWindow()" on page 147. The resWin.addItem() function cannot be used with the built-in results windows, including Validation, Browser Compatibility Check, or Site Reports.

### Arguments

resultWindowObj, strIcon, strDesc, itemData, iStartSel, iEndSel, colNdata

- The resultWindowObj argument is the object that the createResultsWindow() function returns.
- The *strIcon* argument is a string that specifies the path to the icon to use. To display a built-in icon, use a value "1" through "10" instead of the fully qualified path of the icon. Specify "0" (zero) for no icon. The following table shows the icons that correspond to the values of "1" through "10":

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

- The *strDesc* argument is a detailed description of the item. Specify "0" if there is no description.
- The itemData argument is a string you can use to store specific data about the item being added such as a document line number.
- The iStartSel argument is the start of selection offset in the file. Specify the value null if you are not specifying an
- The *iEndSel* argument is the end of selection offset in the file. Specify the value null if you are not specifying an offset.
- The colNdata argument is an array of strings that provide the data for each column (that is, if there are 3 columns, an array of 3 strings).

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the item was added successfully; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example creates a Results window called reswin that has the column headings: Frodo, Sam, and Gollum. The call to the resWin.addItem() function adds a folder icon and then the three strings, msg1, msg2, and msg3 into the three columns defined for the window.

```
var resWin = dw.createResultsWindow("Test Window", ["Frodo", "Sam", "Gollum"]);
resWin.addItem(resWin, "3", "Description", null, null, null, ["msg1", "msg2", "msg3"]);
```

# resWin.getItem()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Retrieves an array of items that include the name of the command that added the item and the same strings that were passed to the addItem() function.

### Arguments

itemIndex

• The *itemIndex* argument is the index of the item whose data is to be retrieved.

### Returns

An array of strings. The first element in the array is the name of the command that added the item; the remaining elements are the same strings that were passed to the addItem() function.

# resWin.getItemCount()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Retrieves the number of items in the list.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

The number of items in the list.

# resWin.getSelectedItem()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Retrieves the index of the selected item.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

The index of the currently selected item.

### resWin.setButtons()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Sets the buttons specified by the *arrButtons* argument.

### Arguments

cmdDoc, arrButtons

- The cmdDoc argument is a document object that represents the command that is calling the function. Commands should use the keyword this.
- The arrButtons argument is an array of strings that correspond to the button text and the JavaScript code to execute when the button is clicked. This is similar to the way the commandButtons () function works for commands. Only two buttons can be set in the window.

### Returns

Nothing.

### resWin.setCallbackCommands()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Tells the Results window on which commands to call the processFile() method. If this function is not called, the command that created the Results window is called.

### Arguments

arrCmdNames

• The arrCmdNames argument is an array of command names on which to call the processFile() function.

### Returns

Nothing.

### resWin.setColumnWidths()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Sets the width of each column.

### Arguments

arrWidth

• The *arrWidth* argument is an array of integers that represents the widths to use for each column in the control.

### Returns

Nothing.

# resWin.setFileList()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Gives the Results window a list of files, folders, or both to call a set of commands to process.

### Arguments

arrFilePaths, bRecursive

- The *arrFilePaths* argument is an array of file or folder paths to iterate through.
- The bRecursive argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether the iteration should be recursive (true) or not (false).

### Returns

Nothing.

### resWin.setSelectedItem()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Sets the selected item to the one specified by *itemIndex*.

### Arguments

itemIndex

• The index of the item in the list to select.

### Returns

The index of the previously selected item

### resWin.setTitle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Sets the title of the window.

### Arguments

strTitle

• The *strTitle* argument is the new name of the floating panel.

### Returns

Nothing.

# resWin.startProcessing()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Starts processing the file.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# resWin.stopProcessing()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Stops processing the file.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# Server debugging

Dreamweaver can request files from Adobe ColdFusion and display the response in its embedded browser. When the response returns from the server, Dreamweaver searches the response for a packet of XML that has a known signature. If Dreamweaver finds XML with that signature, it processes the XML and displays the contained information in a tree control. This tree displays information about the following items:

- · All templates, custom tags, and include files that are used to generate the rendered CFM page
- · Exceptions
- SQL queries
- · Object queries
- Variables
- Trace trail

Additionally, the Server Debug panel can display debug data from other server models. To set up Dreamweaver to debug other server models, use the dreamweaver.resultsPalette.debugWindow.addDebugContextData() function.

# dreamweaver.results Palette.debug Window.add Debug Context Data ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Interprets a customized XML file that returns from the server that is specified in the Site Definition dialog box. The contents of the XML file display as tree data in the Server Debug panel, so you can use the Server Debug panel to evaluate server-generated content from various server models.

### Arguments

treedata

• The treedata argument is the XML string that the server returns. The XML string should use the following formatting:

server debug node	Root node for the debug XML data
debugnode	Corresponds to every node
context	Name of item that appears in the context list
icon	Icon to use for tree node
name	Name to display
value	Value to display
timestamp	Only applicable to context node

### The following strings are optional:

jumptoline	Link to a specific line number
template	Name of the template file part of the URL
path	Path of the file from server point of view
line number	Line number within the file
start position	Opening character offset within the line
end position	Ending character offset within the line

For example:

```
<serverdebuginfo>
    <context>
        <template><![CDATA[/ooo/master.cfm]]></template>
        <path><! [CDATA[C:\server\wwwroot\ooo\master.cfm]]></path>
        <timestamp><![CDATA[0:0:0.0]]></timestamp>
    </context>
    <debugnode>
        <name><! [CDATA[CGI]]></name>
        <icon><![CDATA[ServerDebugOutput/ColdFusion/CGIVariables.gif]]></icon>
            <name><![CDATA[Pubs.name.sourceURL]]></name>
            <icon><![CDATA[ServerDebugOutput/ColdFusion/Variable.gif]]></icon>
            <value><![CDATA[jdbc:Macromedia:sqlserver:</pre>
                //name.Macromedia.com:1111;databaseName=Pubs]]></value>
        </debugnode>
    </debugnode>
    <debugnode>
        <name><![CDATA[Element Snippet is undefined in class</pre>
coldfusion.compiler.TagInfoNotFoundException]] ></name>
        <icon><![CDATA[ServerDebugOutput/ColdFusion/Exception.gif]]></icon>
        <jumptoline linenumber="3" startposition="2" endposition="20">
            <template><![CDATA[/ooo/master.cfm]]></template>
            <path><! [CDATA[C:\Neo\wwwroot\ooo\master.cfm]] ></path>
        </jumptoline>
    </debugnode>
</serverdebuginfo>
```

### Returns

Nothing.

# **Toggle functions**

Toggle functions get and set various options either on or off.

# dom.getEditNoFramesContent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the Modify > Frameset > Edit NoFrames Content option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the NOFRAMES content is the active view; false otherwise.

# dom.getHideAllVisualAids()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether visual aids are set as hidden.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true sets Hide All Visual Aids to hidden; false otherwise.

# dom.getPreventLayerOverlaps()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the Prevent Layer Overlaps option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true turns on the Prevent Layer Overlaps option; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowAutoIndent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

This function determines whether auto-indenting is on in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if auto-indenting is on; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowFrameBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Frame Borders option.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates frame borders are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowGrid()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Grid > Show option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the grid is visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowHeadView()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

This function gets the current state of the View > Head Content option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the head content is visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowInvalidHTML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether invalid HTML code is currently highlighted in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if invalid HTML code is highlighted; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowImageMaps()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Image Maps option.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the image maps are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowInvisibleElements()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Invisible Elements option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the invisible element markers are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowLayerBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Layer Borders option.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the layer borders are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowLineNumbers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether line numbers are shown in the Code view.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the line numbers are shown; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowRulers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Rulers > Show option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the rulers are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowSyntaxColoring()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether syntax coloring is on in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if syntax coloring is on; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowTableBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Table Borders option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the table borders are visible; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowToolbar()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether the toolbar appears.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the toolbar appears; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowTracingImage()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Tracing Image > Show option.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the option is on; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowWordWrap()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether word wrap is on in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if word wrap is on; false otherwise.

# dom.getSnapToGrid()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the View > Grid > Snap To option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates that the snap-to-grid option is on; false otherwise.

### dom.setEditNoFramesContent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the Modify > Frameset > Edit NoFrames Content option on and off.

### Arguments

bEditNoFrames

• The bEditNoFrames argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Edit NoFrames Content option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canEditNoFramesContent()" on page 454.

### dom.setHideAllVisualAids()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns off the display of all borders, image maps, and invisible elements, regardless of their individual settings in the View menu.

### Arguments

bSet

• The bSet argument is a Boolean value: true hides visual aids; false otherwise.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setPreventLayerOverlaps()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the Prevent Layer Overlaps option on and off.

### Arguments

bPreventLayerOverlaps

• The bPreventLayerOverlaps argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Prevent Layer Overlaps option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowFrameBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Frame Borders option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowFrameBorders

• The bShowFrameBorders argument is a Boolean value: true turns the Frame Borders on; false otherwise.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setShowGrid()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Grid > Show option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowGrid

• The bShowGrid argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the View > Grid > Show option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowHeadView()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Head Content option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowHead

• The bShowHead argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Head Content option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowInvalidHTML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns highlighting of invalid HTML code on or off in the Code view of the document window.

This function determines whether invalid HTML code is currently highlighted.

### Arguments

bShow

· The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that highlighting invalid HTML code is visible; false otherwise.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowImageMaps()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Image Maps option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowImageMaps

• The bShowImageMaps argument is a Boolean value, true turns on the Image Maps option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setShowInvisibleElements()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Invisible Elements option on and off.

### Arguments

bViewInvisibleElements

• The bViewInvisibleElements argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Invisible Elements option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowLayerBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Layer Borders option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowLayerBorders

• The bShowLayerBorders argument is a Boolean value, true turns on the Layer Borders option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowLineNumbers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function shows or hides the line numbers in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates the line numbers should be visible; false hides them.

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### dom.setShowRulers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View >Rulers > Show option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowRulers

• The bShowRulers argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Show option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setShowSyntaxColoring()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns syntax coloring on or off in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that syntax coloring should be visible; false otherwise.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowTableBorders()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Table Borders option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowTableBorders

• The bShowTableBorders argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Table Borders option; false turns it off.

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### dom.setShowToolbar()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function shows or hides the Toolbar.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates the toolbar should be visible; false otherwise.

### Returns

Nothing.

## dom.setShowTracingImage()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Tracing Image > Show option on and off.

### Arguments

bShowTracingImage

• The bShowTracingImage argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Show option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowWordWrap()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function toggles the Word Wrap option off or on in the Code view of the document window.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that the lines should wrap; false otherwise.

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# dom.setSnapToGrid()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Grid > Snap To option on or off.

### Arguments

bSnapToGrid

• The bSnapToGrid argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Snap To option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.getHideAllFloaters()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

### Description

Determines if all panels, docked or floating, are hidden. The result does not include the visibility state of the Insert bar. It does not consider the following components hidden:

- · The closed panels
- · The collapsed tab groups
- The collapsed panels

*Note:* The result does not include the Insert bar, but includes the Insert panel.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if all panels are hidden, false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.getShowStatusBar()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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This function gets the current state of the View > Status Bar option.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates the status bar is visible; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowAutoIndent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether the Auto Indent option is on in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if auto-indenting is on; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowInvalidHTML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether invalid HTML code is currently highlighted in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if invalid HTML code is highlighted; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowLineNumbers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether line numbers appear in the Code inspector.

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None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if line numbers appear; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowSyntaxColoring()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether syntax coloring is on in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if syntax coloring is on; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowWordWrap()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function determines whether the Word Wrap is on in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if word wrap is on; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.htmlInspector.setShowAutoIndent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns the Auto Indent option on or off in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true turns the auto-indenting on; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.htmlInspector.setShowInvalidHTML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns highlighting of invalid HTML code on or off in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that the highlighting of invalid HTML code should be visible; false indicates it should not.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.htmlInspector.setShowLineNumbers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function shows or hides the line numbers in the Code view of the Code inspector.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true sets the line numbers to visible; false hides them.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.htmlInspector.setShowSyntaxColoring()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns syntax coloring on or off in the Code view of the Code inspector.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that the syntax coloring should be visible; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.htmlInspector.setShowWordWrap()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function turns the Word Wrap option off or on in the Code inspector.

### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true turns Word Wrap on; false turns it off.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.setHideAllFloaters()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

### Description

This function shows or hides all panels. This operation does not affect the Insert Bar.

### Arguments

bShowFloatingPalettes

• The bShowFloatingPalettes argument is a Boolean value: true to hide all panels; false to show all panels. When any panel is visible, passing false shows the remaining panels. When all panels are visible, passing false has no effect.

Note: This command does not hide any panels unless all panels are visible. Therefore, passing true when any panel is visible has no effect.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.setShowStatusBar()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the View > Status Bar option on or off.

### Arguments

bShowStatusBar

• The bShowStatusBar argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Status Bar option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# site.getShowToolTips()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function gets the current state of the Tool Tips option.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true indicates that the tool tips are visible in the Site panel; false otherwise.

# site.setShowToolTips()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function toggles the Tool Tips option on or off.

### Arguments

bShowToolTips

• The bShowToolTips argument is a Boolean value: true turns on the Tool Tips option; false turns it off.

### Returns

Nothing.

# **Toolbar functions**

The following JavaScript functions let you get and set the visibility of toolbars and toolbar labels, obtain the labels of toolbar items in the current window, position toolbars, and obtain toolbar IDs. For more information on creating or modifying toolbars, see "Toolbars" in Extending Dreamweaver Help.

### dom.getShowToolbarlconLabels()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function determines whether labels for buttons are visible in the current document window. Dreamweaver always shows labels for non-button controls, if the labels are defined.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if labels for buttons are visible in the current document window; false otherwise.

### Example

The following example makes labels for buttons visible:

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDom();
if (dom.getShowToolbarIconLabels() == false)
    dom.setShowToolbarIconLabels(true);
```

# dom.getToolbarldArray()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function returns an array of the IDs of all the toolbars in the application. You can use dom.getToolbarIdArray() to turn off all toolbars so you can reposition them and make only a specific set visible.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

An array of all toolbar IDs.

### Example

The following example stores the array of toolbar IDs in the tb ids variable:

```
var tb ids = new Array();
tb_ids = dom.getToolbarIdArray();
```

### dom.getToolbarItemValue()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Gets the value of the specified toolbar item.

#### **Arguments**

toolbarID, itemID

- The toolbarID argument is a string that specifies the ID of the toolbar that contains the item for which you want a
- The itemID argument is a string that specifies the ID of the item for which you want the value.

### Returns

A string that represents the value of the toolbar item.

### Example

The following example of receiveArguments () is in a toolbar command that controls the behavior of a Size text field; it gets the value of the Size field as an argument and then reads the value of the Units field in order to produce a valid value for the CSS property font-size function:

```
receiveArguments(newSize) {
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (newSize != "") {
    dom.applyFontMarkupAsStyle('font-size', newSize +
    dom.getToolbarItemValue("DW_Toolbar_Text","DW_Text_Units"));
else{
    dom.removeFontMarkupAsStyle('font-size');
```

# dom.getToolbarLabel()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function obtains the label of the specified toolbar. You can use dom.getToolbarLabel() for menus that show or hide toolbars.

### Arguments

toolbar\_id

• The toolbar id argument is the ID of the toolbar, which is the value of the ID attribute on the toolbar tag in the toolbars.xml file.

#### Returns

The label name string that is assigned as an attribute on the toolbar tag.

### Example

The following example stores the label for myEditbar in the variable label:

```
var label = dom.getToolbarLabel("myEditbar");
```

## dom.getToolbarVisibility()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the toolbar that is specified by toolbar id is visible.

### Arguments

toolbar\_id

• The toolbar id argument is the ID string that is assigned to the toolbar.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the toolbar is visible, false if the toolbar is not visible or does not exist.

### Example

The following example checks whether the toolbar myEditbar is visible in the document window, and then stores that value in the retval variable:

```
var retval = dom.getToolbarVisibility("myEditbar");
return retval;
```

# dom.setToolbarItemAttribute()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Changes an attribute value for the three image attributes or the tooltip attribute on a toolbar item.

### Arguments

toolbarID, toolbarItemId, attrName, attrValue

• The *toolbarID* argument is a string that specifies the ID of the toolbar.

- The *toolbarItemId* argument is a string that specifies the ID of the toolbar item.
- The attrName argument is a string that specifies the name of the attribute to set. Valid values are 'image', 'overImage', 'disabledImage', or 'tooltip'.
- The attrValue argument is a string that specifies the value to set.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example calls dom.setToolbarItemAttribute() three times to set the image, imageOver, and tooltip attributes for the toolbar item MyButton on the toolbar having the ID DW Toolbar Main:

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
dom.setToolbarItemAttribute('DW_Toolbar_Main', 'MyButton', 'image',
    'Toolbars/imgs/newimage.gif');
dom.setToolbarItemAttribute('DW Toolbar Main', 'MyButton', 'imageOver',
    'Toolbars/imgs/newimageOver.gif');
dom.setToolbarItemAttribute('DW Toolbar Main', 'MyButton', 'tooltip', 'One fine button');
```

## dom.setShowToolbarlconLabels()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function tells Dreamweaver to show the labels of buttons that have labels. Dreamweaver always shows labels for non-button controls, if the labels are defined.

## Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value: true shows the labels for buttons; false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example tells Dreamweaver to show the labels for the buttons on the toolbars:

```
dom.setShowToolbarIconLabels(true);
```

## dom.setToolbarPosition()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

## Description

This function moves the specified toolbar to the specified position.

*Note:* There is no way to determine the current position of a toolbar.

## Arguments

toobar\_id, position, relative\_to

- The toolbar id argument is the ID of the toolbar, which is the value of the ID attribute on the toolbar tag in the toolbars.xml file.
- The position argument specifies where Dreamweaver positions the toolbar, relative to other toolbars. The possible values for *position* are described in the following list:
  - top is the default position. The toolbar appears at the top of the document window.
  - below makes the toolbar appear at the beginning of the row immediately below the toolbar that *relative* to specifies. Dreamweaver reports an error if the toolbar does not find the toolbar that relative to specifies.
  - floating makes the toolbar float above the document. Dreamweaver automatically places the toolbar so it is offset from other floating toolbars. On the Macintosh, floating is treated the same way as top.
  - relative to="toolbar id" is required if position specifies below. Otherwise, it is ignored. Specifies the ID of the toolbar below which this toolbar should be positioned.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example sets the position of myEditbar below the myPicturebar toolbar:

```
dom.setToolbarPosition("myEditbar", "below", "myPicturebar");
```

## dom.setToolbarVisibility()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function shows or hides the specified toolbar.

## Arguments

toolbar\_id, bShow

- The toolbar id argument is the ID of the toolbar, the value of the ID attribute on the toolbar tag in the toolbars.xml file.
- The bShow argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to show or hide the toolbar. If bshow is true, dom.setToolbarVisibility() makes the toolbar visible. If bShow is false, dom.setToolbarVisibility() makes the toolbar invisible.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example checks to see if the toolbar myEditbar is visible in the document window; if it is not visible, it sets myEditbar to be visible:

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if(dom != null && dom.getToolbarVisibility("myEditbar") == false)
   dom.setToolbarVisibility("myEditbar", true);
```

## dreamweaver.reloadToolbars()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function reloads all the JavaScript toolbars in the Configuration/Toolbars folder.

## Arguments

{resetToDefault}

• The resetToDefault argument is a Boolean value indicating whether to read the default visibility and position for each toolbar from the toolbars.xml file. If this value is false or not supplied, toolbar positions and visibilities are maintained when reloading. This argument is optional.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## **Window functions**

Window functions handle operations that are related to the document window and the floating panels. The window functions show and hide floating panels, determine which part of the Document window has focus, and set the active document. For operations that are related specifically to the Site panel, see "Site functions" on page 206.

Note: Some of the functions in this section operate only on Windows. The description of a function indicates whether this is the case.

## dom.getFocus()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function determines the part of the document that is currently in focus.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

One of the following strings:

- The "head" string if the HEAD area is active
- The "body" string if the BODY or NOFRAMES area is active
- The "frameset" string if a frameset or any of its frames is selected
- The "none" string if the focus is not in the document (for example, if it's in the Property inspector or another floating panel)

## dom.getView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4, updated in CS4.

## Description

This function determines which view is visible.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

design, code, split, or "split code" depending on the visible view.

## dom.getWindowTitle()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function gets the title of the window that contains the document.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

A string that contains the text that appears between the TITLE tags in the document, or nothing, if the document is not in an open window.

## dom.setView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4; updated in CS4.

## Description

This function shows or hides the Design or Code view to produce a design-only, code-only, or split view.

## Arguments

viewString

• The viewstring argument is the view to produce; it must be one of the following values: design, code, split, or "split code".

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.bringAttentionToFloater()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

## Description

Brings the specified panel or inspector to the front, and draws attention to the panel or inspector by making it flash, which is a slightly different functionality than dw.toggleFloater().

## Arguments

floaterName

• The *floaterName* argument is the name of the window, panel, or inspector.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example opens and flashes the Assets panel:

```
dw.bringAttentionToFloater("library");
```

## dreamweaver.cascade()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX (Windows only), Dreamweaver 8 (added Macintosh support).

## Description

Cascades the document windows, starting in the upper-left corner and positioning each window below and slightly offset from the previous one.

## Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example cascades the open documents:

dw.cascade()

## dreamweaver.getActiveWindow()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function gets the document in the active window.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The document object that corresponds to the document in the active window; or, if the document is in a frame, the document object that corresponds to the frameset.

## dreamweaver.getDocumentList()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function gets a list of all the open documents.

## **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

An array of document objects, each corresponding to an open Document window. If a document window contains a frameset, the document object refers to the frameset, not the contents of the frames.

## dreamweaver.getFloatersVisible()

## Availability

#### Description

Determines if any panel, docked or floating, is visible. The result does not include the following:

- The visibility state of the Insert bar
- · The closed panels

*Note:* The result does not include the Insert bar, but includes the Insert panel.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if any panel is visible; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.getFloaterVisibility()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

## Description

This function checks whether the specified panel or inspector is visible.

## Arguments

floaterName

• The floaterName argument is the name of a floating panel. If floaterName does not match one of the built-in panel names, Dreamweaver searches in the Configuration/Floaters folder for a file called floaterName.htm, where floaterName is the name of a floating panel.

The floaterName values for built-in Dreamweaver panels are the strings to the right of the panel names in the following list:

Assets = "assets"
Behaviors = "behaviors"
Bindings = "data bindings"
Code inspector = "html"
Components = "server components"
CSS Styles = "css styles"
Databases = "databases"
Frames = "frames"
History = "history"
Insert bar = "objects"
Layers = "layers"
Library = "library"
Link Checker Results = "linkchecker"
Properties = "properties"
Reference = "reference"
Report Results = "reports"
Search Results = "search"
Selection inspector = "selection inspector"
Server Behaviors = "server behaviors"
Site = "site"

```
Site Files = "site files"
Snippets = "snippets"
Browser Compatibility Check = "bcc"
Validation Results = "validation"
```

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the floating panel is visible and in the front; false otherwise or if Dreamweaver cannot find a floating panel named floaterName.

## dreamweaver.getFocus()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function determines what part of the application is currently in focus.

## Arguments

bAllowFloaters

• The ballowFloaters argument is a Boolean value: true if you want the function to return the name of the floating panel, if a floating panel has focus; false otherwise.

## Returns

One of the following strings:

- The "document" string if the document window is in focus
- The "site" string if the Site panel is in focus
- The "textView" string if the Text view is in focus
- The "html" string if the Code inspector is in focus
- The floaterName string, if bAllowFloaters is true and a floating panel has focus, where floaterName is "objects", "properties", "launcher", "library", "css styles", "html styles", "behaviors", "timelines", "layers", "frames", "templates", or "history"
- (Macintosh) The "none" string if neither the Site panel nor any document windows are open

## dreamweaver.getPrimaryView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function determines which view is visible as the primary view in the front.

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None.

#### Returns

The "design" or "code" strings, depending on which view is visible or on the top in a Split view.

## dreamweaver.getSnapDistance()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function returns the snapping distance in pixels.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the snapping distance in pixels. The default is 10 pixels; 0 indicates that the Snap feature is off.

## dreamweaver.minimizeRestoreAll()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function minimizes (reduces to an icon) or restores all windows in Dreamweaver.

## Arguments

bMinimize

• The bMinimize argument is a Boolean value: true if windows should be minimized; false if the minimized windows should be restored.

## Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.setActiveWindow()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function activates the window that contains the specified document.

## Arguments

documentObject, {bActivateFrame}

- The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree (the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).
- The bActivateFrame argument is optional, and is applicable only if documentObject is inside a frameset. The bActivateFrame argument is a Boolean value: true activates the frame that contains the document as well as the window that contains the frameset; false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.setFloaterVisibility()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

## Description

This function specifies whether to make a particular floating panel or inspector visible.

#### Arguments

floaterName, bIsVisible

• The floaterName argument is the name of a floating panel. If floaterName does not match one of the built-in panel names, Dreamweaver searches in the Configuration/Floaters folder for a file called floaterName.htm. If Dreamweaver cannot find a floating panel named floaterName, this function has no effect.

The floaterName values for built-in Dreamweaver panels are the strings to the right of the panel names in the following list:

Assets = "assets"
Behaviors = "behaviors"
Bindings = "data sources"
Code inspector = "html"
Components = "server components"
CSS Styles = "css styles"
Databases = "databases"
Frames = "frames"
History = "history"
HTML Styles = "html styles"
Insert bar = "objects"
Layers = "layers"
Library = "library"
Link Checker Results = "linkchecker"

```
Properties = "properties"
Reference = "reference"
Report Results = "reports"
Search Results = "search"
Server Behaviors = "server behaviors"
Site = "site"
Site Files = "site files"
Snippets = "snippets"
Tag inspector = "tag inspector"
Browser Compatibility Check= "bcc"
Templates = "templates"
Validation Results = "validation"
```

• The bIsVisible argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to make the floating panel visible.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.setPrimaryView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function displays the specified view at the top of the document window.

## Arguments

viewString

• The viewString argument is the view to display at the top of the document window; it can be one of the following values: "design" or "code".

## Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.setSnapDistance()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

This function sets the snapping distance in pixels.

## Arguments

snapDistance

• The *snapDistance* argument is an integer that represents the snapping distance in pixels. The default is 10 pixels. Specify 0 to turn off the Snap feature.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.showProperties()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function makes the Property inspector visible and gives it focus.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.tileHorizontally()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX (Windows only), Dreamweaver 8 (added Macintosh support).

## Description

Tiles the document windows horizontally, positioning each window next to another one without overlapping the documents. This process is similar to splitting the workspace vertically.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example tiles the open documents horizontally:

dw.tileHorizontally()

## dreamweaver.tileVertically()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX (Windows only), Dreamweaver 8 (added Macintosh support).

## Description

Tiles the document window vertically, positioning one document window behind the other without overlapping documents. This is similar to splitting the workspace horizontally.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example tiles the open documents vertically:

dw.tileVertically()

## dreamweaver.toggleFloater()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

This function shows, hides, or brings to the front the specified panel or inspector.

Note: This function is meaningful only in the menus.xml file. To show, bring forward, or hide a floating panel, use dw.setFloaterVisibility().

## Arguments

floaterName

• The floaterName argument is the name of the window. If the floating panel name is reference, the visible/invisible state of the Reference panel is updated by the user's selection in Code view. All other panels track the selection all the time, but the Reference panel tracks the selection in Code view only when the user starts tracking.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.updateReference()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

This function updates the Reference floating panel. If the Reference floating panel is not visible, dw.updateReference() makes it visible and then updates it.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Information bar functions

The Information bar is used to display error messages without disrupting the workflow. The following Information bar functions are used to hide or to display the Information bar with error messages.

## dom.showInfoBar()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function displays the Information bar with the message passed in. If the Information bar is already displayed, the message is updated with the new message being passed in. If no message is passed in, a JS error occurs.

## Arguments

Message.

## Returns

None.

## dom.hideInfoBar()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function hides the Information bar.

## **Arguments**

None.

## Returns

None.

## **Related files functions**

The related files functions enhance the editing experience of coders by providing easy access to supporting and related files that are used actively.

## dreamweaver.getRelatedFiles()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function gets a list of all the related files. The related files can be child documents, source HTML files, and generated source files.

## Arguments

A Boolean value that specifies the display names of the parent document and generated source files.

- Use the value true if you want to display Source HTML and Generated Source in the menu.
- Use the value false if you want to display the actual names of the related files in the menu.

An array of strings, which contains all the scanned related files in the form of absolute local URLs.

## dreamweaver.openRelatedFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

Displays the selected related file in the Code view of the current document.

## Arguments

A string that is the absolute local URL of the file.

#### Returns

None.

## dreamweaver.getActiveRelatedFilePath()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function gets the full path of the currently opened related file.

### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A string that is the absolute local URL of the related file.

# **Vertical Split view functions**

The Vertical Split view functions facilitate a side-by-side view of the Code and Design or Code and Code Layout modes. The functions also enable users to choose and switch between the horizontal and vertical orientations of Split view and Split code.

## dreamweaver.getSplitViewOrientation()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

#### Description

This function displays the current Split view orientation. The orientation can be retrieved even if the view is not split. In such a case, the return value indicates the orientation if the view is changed to Split view or Split code.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string value that specifies the orientation. Returns the value vertical or horizontal depending on the current orientation.

## dreamweaver.setSplitViewOrientation()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function changes the current Split view orientation. The orientation can be changed even if the view is not split. In such a case, the argument indicates the orientation the next time the view is changed to Split view or Split code.

#### Arguments

A string value that indicates the orientation. Use vertical or horizontal respectively to indicate the orientation. This argument is required.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful, false if an error occurs.

## dreamweaver.getPrimaryView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function gets the name of the primary view. In Split view or Split code, the primary view is the top window or the left window, depending on the Split view orientation.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the primary view, which is one of the following values:

Value	Description
code	The primary view is the Code window.
design	The primary view is the Design window.
related file	The primary view is the related file window. This value is returned when the document view is Split code and a related file has been opened.

## dreamweaver.setPrimaryView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function changes the primary view. In Split view or Split code, the primary view is the top window or the left window depending on the Split view orientation.

### Arguments

A string that contains the name of the primary view, which is one of the following values:

Value	Description
code	The primary view is the Code window.
design	The primary view is the Design window.
related file	The primary view is the related file window. This value is used when the document view is Split code and a related file has been opened.

## Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful, false otherwise.

## dom.isRelatedFileViewOpen()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function determines if the view contains a related file view.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if a related file view is open, false otherwise.

# **Code collapse functions**

Code collapse functions let you visually collapse and expand code. You can collapse or expand arbitrary selections of code, or fragments between opening and closing tags. Although the code collapse functions exist in both the dom and htmlInspector, the collapsed ranges are the same in both Code view and Cold Inspector.

## dom.collapseFullTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the selection in Code view is entirely within a single pair of start and end tags or contains a single pair of start and end tags. If so, it collapses the code fragment that starts just before the start tag and ends after the end tag; if not, the function does nothing.

## Arguments

allowCodeFragmentAdjustment

• The allowCodeFragmentAdjustment argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, this argument currently has no effect, or has the same effect as a value of false. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code that begins immediately before the opening tag and ends immediately after the ending tag without any modification.

## Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example collapses the code fragment in the current selection in Code view that starts just before the start tag and ends just after the end tag:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.collapseFullTag(false);
```

## dom.collapseFullTagInverse()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the selection in Code view is entirely within a single pair of start and end tags or contains a single pair of start and end tags. If so, it collapses the code that precedes the start tag and the code that follows the end tag; if not, the function does nothing.

#### **Arguments**

allow Adjustment Of Code Fragments

• The allowAdjustmentOfCodeFragments argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver adjusts the boundaries of the code before the start tag and of the code after the end tag to perform a smart collapse, which preserves current indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code fragments that are before the open tag and after the end tag exactly as indicated by the selection.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example adjusts the boundaries of the code before the starting tag after the ending tag to perform a *smart* collapse that preserves indenting and spacing:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.collapseFullTagInverse(true);
```

## dom.collapseSelectedCodeFragment()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function collapses the selected code in Code view. If the selection is already collapsed, this function does nothing.

#### **Arguments**

allow Code Fragment Adjustment

• The allowCodeFragmentAdjustment is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver modifies the boundaries of the current selection to perform a smart collapse, which preserves current indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the currently selected code fragment exactly as indicated by the selection.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example collapses the selected code fragment, without modification, in Code view:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.collapseSelectedCodeFragment(false);
```

## dom.collapseSelectedCodeFragmentInverse()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function collapses all code before and after the selected code in Code view.

#### **Arguments**

allow Adjust ment Of Code Fragments

• The allowAdjustmentOfCodeFragments argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver adjusts the boundaries of the code before and after the current selection to perform a smart collapse, which preserves the current indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code fragments exactly as indicated by the selection.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example adjusts and then collapses all code before and after the selected code in Code view:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.collapseSelectedCodeFragmentInverse(true);
```

## dom.expandAllCodeFragments()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function expands all collapsed code fragments in Code view, including nested collapsed code fragments.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example expands all collapsed code in Code view:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.expandAllCodeFragments();
```

## dom.expandSelectedCodeFragments()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function expands all collapsed code fragments in Code view that are within the current selection. If the selection is already expanded, this function does nothing.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example expands all collapsed code in the current selection in Code view:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.expandSelectedCodeFragments();
```

## dreamweaver.htmlinspector.collapseFullTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the selection in the Code inspector is entirely within a single pair of start and end tags or contains a single pair of start and end tags. If so, it collapses the code fragment that starts just before the start tag and ends after the end tag; if not, the function does nothing.

## Arguments

allow A Code Fragment Adjustment

• The allowCodeFragmentAdjustment argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, this argument currently has no effect, or has the same effect as a value of false. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code that begins immediately before the opening tag and ends immediately after the ending tag, without any modification.

## Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example collapses the code fragment in the current selection in the Code inspector that starts just before the start tag and ends just after the end tag:

```
dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseFullTag(false);
```

## dreamweaver.htmlinspector.collapseFullTagInverse()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the selection in the Code inspector is entirely within a single pair of start and end tags or contains a single pair of start and end tags. If so, it collapses the code before the start tag and the code after the end tag; if not, the function does nothing.

### **Arguments**

allow Adjustment Of Code Fragments

• The allowAdjustmentOfCodeFragments argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver adjusts the boundaries of the code before the start tag and of the code after the end tag to perform a smart collapse, which preserves the existing indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code before the open tag and the code after the end tag, without any modifications.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example performs a *smart collapse* on the code sections occurring before the starting tag and after the ending tag of the current selection:

dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseFullTagInverse(true);

## dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseSelectedCodeFragment()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function collapses the selected code in the Code inspector. If the selection is already collapsed, this function does nothing.

## Arguments

allowCodeFragmentAdjustment

• The allowCodeFragmentAdjustment is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver modifies the current selection to perform a smart collapse, which preserves the existing indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the currently selected code fragment exactly as indicated by the selection.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example adjusts and collapses the selected code in the Code inspector:

dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseSelectedCodeFragment(true);

## dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseSelectedCodeFragmentInverse()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function collapses all code before and after the selected code in the Code inspector. If the selection is already collapsed, this function does nothing.

#### Arguments

allow Adjust ment Of Code Fragments

• The allowAdjustmentOfCodeFragments argument is a required, Boolean value. If true, Dreamweaver adjusts the boundaries of the code sections before and after the current selection to perform a *smart collapse*, which preserves the current indenting and spacing. If false, Dreamweaver collapses the code sections exactly as indicated by the selection.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example collapses all code before and after the selected code in the Code inspector, exactly as indicated by the selection:

dreamweaver.htmlInspector.collapseSelectedCodeFragmentInverse(false);

## dreamweaver.htmlInspector.expandAllCodeFragments()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function expands all collapsed code fragments in the Code inspector, including nested collapsed code fragments.

## **Arguments**

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example expands all collapsed code in the Code inspector:

dreamweaver.htmlInspector.expandAllCodeFragments();

## dream we aver. html Inspector. expand Selected Code Fragments ()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function expands all collapsed code fragments within the current selection in the Code inspector. If the selection is already expanded, this function does nothing.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example expands all collapsed code in the current selection in the Code inspector:

dreamweaver.htmlInspector.expandSelectedCodeFragments();

## **Code view toolbar functions**

Code view toolbar functions let you insert text, remove comments, show or hide special characters for white spaces in Code view, and get the path of the current document.

Note: There are two different Coding toolbars: one for Code view and one for the Code inspector. Both are customized in the file Configuration/Toolbars/toolbars.xml.

## dom.getOpenPathName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function gets the absolute file path of the open document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that is the absolute file path of the open document.

## Example

The following example assigns the string that contains the path of the currently open document to the variable

```
var fileName = dom.getOpenPathName();
```

## dom.getShowHiddenCharacters()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the special characters for white spaces are shown in the Code view of the Document window.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean: true if the hidden characters are displayed; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example turns off the display of the special characters for white space, if the display of special characters is turned on initially:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowHiddenCharacters()){
   currentDOM.setShowHiddenCharacters(false);
```

## dom.setShowHiddenCharacters()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function shows or hides the special characters for white spaces in the Code view of the Code inspector.

See "dom.getShowHiddenCharacters()" on page 200 for an example.

## Arguments

show

• The *show* argument, which is required, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to display the hidden characters.

## Returns

Nothing.

## dom.source.applyComment()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function inserts the text specified in the before Text argument before the current selection and the text specified in the afterText argument after the current selection. The function then extends the current selection to include the added text. However, if there is no current selection, the function does not select anything. If the text specified in the afterText argument is null, the function inserts the text specified in the beforeText argument at the beginning of every line in the current selection.

#### **Arguments**

beforeText, afterText

- The beforeText argument is required. It specifies the text to insert at the beginning of the selection, or, if the value of the *afterText* argument is null, it specifies the text to insert at the beginning of every line in the selection.
- The *afterText* argument, which is optional, specifies the text to insert at the end of the selection.

## Returns

Nothing.

### Example

The following example makes the current selection an HTML comment:

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().source.applyComment('<!--', '-->')
```

## dom.source.refreshVariableCodeHints()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

## Description

Rescans the page looking for variables and corresponding class associations. This function rebuilds the color state engine and the variable list.

#### Arguments

*bSyncDoc* 

• This is a Boolean value. The default is false. If set to true, the Design view is synchronized with the Code view.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

dom.source.refreshVariableCodeHints();

## dom.source.removeComment()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function removes comments. If you specify no arguments, it removes all types of comments from the current selection, except server-side includes and Dreamweaver-specific comments. If there are nested comments, it removes only the outer comment. If there is no current selection, it removes only the first line comment of the line on which the cursor is located. If you specify arguments, the function removes only comments that match the values specified in the before Text and after Text arguments, even if the matching comments are nested inside other types of comments.

#### **Arguments**

beforeText, afterText

- The before Text argument is optional. It specifies the text to identify the beginning of the comment to remove from the selection, or, if the value of the *afterText* argument is null, it specifies the type of line comment to remove from the current selection.
- The afterText argument, which is optional, specifies the text to identify the end of the comment to remove from the

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example removes an HTML comment:

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().source.removeComment('<!--', '-->')
```

## dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowHiddenCharacters()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function determines whether the special characters for white spaces are displayed in the Code view of the Code inspector.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the hidden characters are displayed; false otherwise.

## Example

The following example turns off the display of the special characters for white space in the Code inspector, if the display of special characters is turned on initially:

```
if (dreamweaver.htmlinspector.getShowHiddenCharacters()) {
   dreamweaver.htmlinspector.setShowHiddenCharacters(false);
```

## dream we aver. html Inspector. set Show Hidden Characters ()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function shows or hides the special characters for white spaces in the Code view of the Code inspector.

#### Arguments

show

· The show argument, which is required, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to display hidden characters for white spaces.

#### Returns

A Boolean: true if the hidden characters are displayed; false otherwise.

#### Example

See "dreamweaver.htmlInspector.getShowHiddenCharacters()" on page 202.

## **Color functions**

The following color functions enable you to ensure that the extensions have the same skin as the application user interface.

## dreamweaver.getPanelColor()

## Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function retrieves the panel colors of the application user interface. You can use these colors as panel colors for the extensions. This function helps you to ensure that the panel colors of extensions blend with the panel color of the application user interface.

## Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array of strings of size 4 with the following values:

- Green
- · Blue
- Alpha

## Example

```
var panelColorArray = dw.getPanelColor();
```

The return values for this example are:

- panelColorArray[0]:Red
- panelColorArray[1]: Green
- panelColorArray[2]:Blue
- panelColorArray[3]: Alpha

## dreamweaver.getAppBarColor()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

## Description

This function retrieves the application bar colors of the user interface. You can use these colors as bar colors for the extensions. This function helps you to ensure that the bar colors of extensions blend with the bar color of the application user interface.

## **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings of size 4 with the following values:

- Red
- Green
- Blue
- Alpha

## Example

```
var appBarColorArray = dw.getAppBarColor();
```

The return values for this example are:

- appBarColorArray[0]: Red
- appBarColorArray[1]: Green
- appBarColorArray[2]:Blue
- appBarColorArray[3]: Alpha

# Chapter 13: Site

The Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 site functions perform operations related to managing a website. These operations include customizing a report, defining a new site, checking in and checking out files, running validation on a site, and so on.

# **Report functions**

Report functions provide access to the reporting features so you can initiate, monitor, and customize the reporting process. For more information, see "Reports" in *Extending Dreamweaver Help*.

## dreamweaver.isReporting()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

Checks to see if a reporting process is currently running.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if a process is running; false otherwise.

## dream we aver. show Reports Dialog ()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

Opens the Reports dialog box.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## **Site functions**

Site functions handle operations that are related to files in the site files. These functions let you perform the following tasks:

- · Create links between files
- Get, place, check in, and check out files
- · Select and deselect files
- · Create and remove files
- · Get information about the sites that the user has defined
- Import and export site information

## dom.getSiteURLPrefixFromDoc()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function gets the site URL prefix that is extracted from the HTTP address defined in the Local Info section of the Site Definition dialog box.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string, which specifies the site URL prefix.

## Example

The following example gets the site URL prefix for the current document:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var sitePrefix = dom.getSiteURLPrefixFromDoc();
```

## dom.localPathToSiteRelative()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function converts a local file path to a site-relative URI reference.

#### **Arguments**

local File Path

• The localFilePath attribute, which is required, is a string that contains the path to a local file on your local computer.

#### Returns

A string, which specifies the site-relative URI.

#### Example

The following example returns "/myWebApp/myFile.cfm", based on your site mappings and the HTTP address specified in the Local Info section of the Site Definition dialog box.

var siteRelativeURI = site.localPathToSiteRelative("C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\siteA\myFile.cfm")

## dom.siteRelativeToLocalPath()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function converts a site-relative URI reference to a local file path.

#### Arguments

siteRelativeURI

• The siteRelativeURI attribute, which is required, is a string that contains the site-relative URI.

#### Returns

A string, which specifies the path to a local file on your local computer.

#### Example

The following

```
var filePath = siteRelativeToLocalPath("/myWebApp/myFile.xml");
```

returns "C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\siteA\myFile.xml", based on your site mappings and the HTTP address specified in the Local Info section of the Site Definition dialog box.

## dreamweaver.compareFiles()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function launches the file comparison tool that the user installed in the Diff section of the Preferences dialog box.

## Arguments

file1, file2

- The *file1* attribute, which is required, is a string that contains the full path to the first file to compare.
- The file2 attribute, which is required, is a string that contains the full path to the second file to compare.

### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example compares two files, red.htm and blue.htm:

dw.compareFiles(hc:\data\red.htm", "e:\data\blue.htm");

## dreamweaver.loadSitesFromPrefs()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Loads the site information for all the sites from the system registry (Windows) or the Dreamweaver Preferences file (Macintosh) into Dreamweaver. If a site is connected to a remote server when this function is called, the site is automatically disconnected.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.saveSitesToPrefs()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

Saves all information for each site that the user has defined to the system registry (Windows) or the Dreamweaver Preferences file (Macintosh).

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.compare()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function runs the file compare application specified in the File Compare Category of the Preferences dialog box to compare the selected files on the local and remote sites.

Arguments
None.
Returns
Nothing.
Enabler
See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canCompare()" on page 475.
dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.markDelete()
Availability
Dreamweaver 8.
Description
This function changes the action for the selected items in the Site Synchronization dialog box to Delete.
Arguments
None.
Returns
Nothing.
Enabler
See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkDelete()" on page 476.
dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.markGet()
Availability
Dreamweaver 8.
Description
This function changes the action for the selected items in the Site Synchronization dialog box to Get.
Arguments
None.
Returns
Nothing.
Enabler

See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkGet()" on page 476.

## dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.markIgnore()

Arguments None.

# Availability Dreamweaver 8. Description This function changes the action for the selected items in the Site Synchronization dialog box to Ignore. Arguments None. Returns Nothing. **Enabler** See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkIgnore()" on page 476. dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.markPut() Availability Dreamweaver 8. Description This function changes the action for the selected items in the Site Synchronization dialog box to Put. Arguments None. Returns Nothing. Enabler See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkPut()" on page 477. dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.markSynced() Availability Dreamweaver 8. Description This function changes the action for the selected items in the Site Synchronization dialog box to Synced.

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Nothing.

## Enabler

See "dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkSynced()" on page 477.

## dream we aver. site Sync Dialog. toggle Show All Files ()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function lets you see which files Dreamweaver thinks are the same on the remote and local sites in the Site Synchronize preview dialog box. If the function is called when the Show All Files checkbox is selected, it deselects it; conversely, if the Show all Files checkbox is not selected, this function selects it.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## site.addLinkToExistingFile()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Opens the Select HTML File dialog box to let the user select a file and creates a link from the selected document to that file.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## site.changeLinkSitewide()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Opens the Change Link Sitewide dialog box.

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None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.changeLink()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Select HTML File dialog box to let the user select a new file for the link.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.checkIn()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks in the selected files and handles dependent files in one of the following ways:

- If the user selects Prompt on Put/Check In in the Site FTP preferences, the Dependent Files dialog box appears.
- · If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked Yes, dependent files are uploaded and no dialog box appears.
- · If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked No, dependent files are not uploaded and no dialog box appears.

#### **Arguments**

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canCheckIn()" on page 478.

## site.checkLinks()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Link Checker dialog box and checks links in the specified files.

#### Arguments

scopeOfCheck

• The scopeOfCheck argument specifies the scope of the link checking. The value must be "document", "selection", or "site".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### site.checkOut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks out the selected files and handles dependent files in one of the following ways:

- If the user selects Prompt on Get/Check Out in the Site FTP preferences, the Dependent Files dialog box appears.
- · If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked Yes, dependent files are downloaded and no dialog box appears.
- · If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked No, dependent files are not downloaded and no dialog box appears.

### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canCheckOut()" on page 479.

## site.checkTargetBrowsers()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Runs a target browser check on the selected files.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.cloak()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Cloaks the current selection in the Files panel or the specified folder.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

The *siteOrURL* argument must contain one of the following two values:

- The keyword "site", which indicates that cloak() should act on the selection in the Files panel.
- The URL of a particular folder, which indicates that cloak() should act on the specified folder and all its contents.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canCloak()" on page 479.

## site.compareFiles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function launches the Diff tool integration application to compare two files.

#### Arguments

url

The *url* argument, which is required, must contain one of the following two values:

- The keyword "site", which indicates that compare () should act on the selection in the Files panel.
- The URL of a local file to compare with its remote version.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the compare succeeded; false otherwise.

#### Enabler

See "site.canCompareFiles()" on page 480.

#### Example

The following example compares the files selected in the Files panel with their remote versions:

```
site.compareFiles("site");
```

## site.defineSites()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function opens the Site Definition dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.deleteSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Deletes the selected files.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.deployFilesToTestingServerBin()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Puts a specified file (or files) in the testing server's bin folder. If the current site does not have any settings defined for deploying supporting files, this function starts the Deploy Supporting Files To Testing Server dialog box.

### Arguments

filesToDeploy

• The *filesToDeploy* argument is an array of filenames that Dreamweaver will deploy.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the files deploy successfully; false otherwise.

#### Example

This example deploys the files image1.jpg and script1.js to the testing server's bin folder:

```
site.deployFilesToTestingServerBin("image1.jpg", "script1.js");
```

## site.displaySyncInfoForFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Presents a dialog box that contains the local, remote, and testing times of the file corresponding to the parameter passed. This information is stored in the synchronization dwsync.xml file.

The dialog box displays four times:

- The Local Remote Time, which indicates for the local file, the time stamp of the last put or get command to the remote server.
- The Remote Time, which indicates for the file on the remote server, the time stamp of the last get or put command to the remote server.
- The Local Testing Time, which indicates for the local file, the time stamp of the last get or put command to the testing server.
- The Testing Time, which indicates for the file on the testing server, the time stamp of the last get or put command to the testing server.

If the dwsync.xml file does not contain any information for the file, a message appears indicating that no information is available. If the time is set in the XML file, it is displayed in the date/time format for the locale (such as: 6/24/05 2:43pm). If the time isn't set in the entry for the file, a dash (-) is displayed.

This function works on the selected file in the Local File View, if 'site' is passed, or the file corresponding to the local URL, if a URL is passed.

#### Arguments

path, 'site'

- *path* is the URL to a local file.
- 'site' indicates that the function uses the file selected in the Files panel.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canDisplaySyncInfoForFile()" on page 480.

## site.editColumns()

#### Description

This function displays the Site Definition dialog box, which shows the File View Columns section.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### site.exportSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX; updated in Dreamweaver CS4.

#### Description

Exports a Dreamweaver site to an XML file, which can be imported into another Dreamweaver instance to duplicate the former site.

All the information that is contained in the Site Definition dialog box is saved in an XML file. It includes the list of cloaked folders and information about the default document type. The exception is that the user can omit the user login and password when FTP access is set.

#### Arguments

siteName, {askAboutLoginInfo}, {warnAboutSCS}, {savePath}

- The siteName argument identifies the site to export. If siteName is an empty string, Dreamweaver exports the current site.
- The askAboutLoginInfo argument specifies whether the user is shown a dialog box asking them if they want to save their login information. This argument is optional.
- The warnAbout SCS argument lets you control whether the user is shown a warning about login information not being saved if they access their site via source control. This argument is optional.
- The savePath argument is the local path to a folder (for example, C:\sites\mySites\). If you supply a savePath, the .ste file is always saved with the name of the site. This argument is optional.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the named site exists and if the XML file is successfully exported; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example shows a sample XML file that Dreamweaver creates when you export a site:

```
<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<site>
    <localinfo
        sitename="DW00"
        localroot="C:\Documents and Settings\jlondon\Desktop\DWServer\"
        imagefolder="C:\Documents and Settings\jlondon\Desktop\DWServer\Images\"
        spacerfilepath=""
        refreshlocal="TRUE"
        cache="FALSE"
       httpaddress="http://" curserver="webserver" />
    <remoteinfo
        accesstype="ftp"
        host="dreamweaver"
        remoteroot="kojak/"
        user="dream"
        checkoutname="Jay"
        emailaddress="jay@Adobe.com"
        usefirewall="FALSE"
        usepasv="TRUE"
        enablecheckin="TRUE"
        checkoutwhenopen="TRUE" />
    <designnotes
        usedesignnotes="TRUE"
        sharedesignnotes="TRUE" />
    <sitemap
       homepage="C:\Documents and Settings\jlondon\Desktop\DWServer\Untitled-2.htm"
        pagesperrow="200" columnwidth="125" showdependentfiles="TRUE"
        showpagetitles="FALSE" showhiddenfiles="TRUE" />
    <fileviewcolumns sharecolumns="TRUE">
        <column name="Local Folder"
            align="left" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="180" remotewidth="180" />
        <column name="Notes"
            align="center" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="36" remotewidth="36" />
        <column name="Size"
            align="right" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="-2" remotewidth="-2" />
        <column name="Type"
            align="left" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="60" remotewidth="60" />
        <column name="Modified"
           align="left" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="102" remotewidth="102" />
        <column name="Checked Out By"</pre>
            align="left" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="TRUE"
            localwidth="50" remotewidth="50" />
        <column name="Status" note="status"</pre>
            align="left" show="TRUE" share="FALSE" builtin="FALSE"
            localwidth="50" remotewidth="50" />
    </fileviewcolumns>
    <appserverinfo
```

```
servermodel="ColdFusion"
        urlprefix="http://dreamweaver/kojak/"
        serverscripting="CFML"
        serverpageext=""
        connectionsmigrated="TRUE"
        useUD4andUD5pages="TRUE"
        defaultdoctype=""
        accesstype="ftp"
        host="dreamweaver"
        remoteroot="kojak/"
        user="dream"
       usefirewall="FALSE"
        usepasv="TRUE" />
    <cloaking enabled="TRUE" patterns="TRUE">
        <cloakedfolder folder="databases/" />
        <cloakedpattern pattern=".png" />
        <cloakedpattern pattern=".jpg" />
        <cloakedpattern pattern=".jpeg" />
    </cloaking>
</site>
```

## site.get()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the specified files and handles dependent files in one of the following ways:

- If the user selects Prompt on Get/Check Out in the Site FTP preferences, the Dependent Files dialog box appears.
- If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked Yes, dependent files are downloaded and no dialog box appears.
- · If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked No, dependent files are not downloaded and no dialog box appears.

### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

```
See "site.canGet()" on page 481.
```

## site.getAppServerAccessType()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Returns the access method that is used for all files on the current site's application server. The current site is the site that is associated with the document that currently has focus. If no document has focus, the site that you opened in Dreamweaver is used.

Note: ColdFusion Component Explorer uses this function; see "site.getAppServerPathToFiles()" on page 220 and "site.getLocalPathToFiles()" on page 223.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

One of the following strings:

- "none"
- "local/network"
- "ftp"
- "source\_control"

## site.getAppServerPathToFiles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines the path to the remote files on the application server that is defined for the current site. The current site is the site that is associated with the document that currently has focus. If no document has focus, the site that you opened in Dreamweaver is used.

Note: ColdFusion Component Explorer uses this function; see "site.getAppServerAccessType()" on page 220 and "site.getLocalPathToFiles()" on page 223.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

If the access type to the application server file is local/network, this function returns a path; otherwise, this function returns an empty string.

## site.getAppURLPrefixForSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the value of the URL prefix that is extracted from the HTTP address defined in the Local Info section of the site definition dialog. It is the path that appears after the http://hostname:portnumber/.

#### Arguments

 ${siteName}$ 

The siteName argument, which is optional, is the name of the site for which you want to get the URL prefix. If you do not specify a site, the function gets the URL prefix for the current site.

#### Returns

A string that contains the URL prefix of the currently selected site.

#### Example

var sitePrefix = site.getAppURLPrefixForSite();

## site.getCheckOutUser()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Gets the login and check-out name that is associated with the current site.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains a login and check-out name, if defined, or an empty string if Check In/Check Out is disabled.

### Example

A call to site.getCheckOutUser() might return "denise (deniseLaptop)". If no check-out name is specified, only the login name returns (for example, "denise").

## site.getCheckOutUserForFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Gets the login and check-out name of the user who has the specified file checked out.

#### Arguments

fileName

• The fileName argument is the path to the file being queried, which is expressed as a file://URL.

#### Returns

A string that contains the login and check-out name of the user who has the file checked out or an empty string if the file is not checked out.

#### Example

A call to site.getCheckOutUserForFile("file://C:/sites/avocado8/index.html") might return "denise (deniseLaptop) ". If no check-out name is specified, only the login name returns (for example, "denise").

## site.getCloakingEnabled()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines whether cloaking is enabled for the current site.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if cloaking is enabled for the current site; false otherwise.

## site.getConnectionState()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the current connection state.

#### **Arguments**

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the remote site is connected.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canConnect()" on page 480.

## site.getCurrentSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Gets the current site.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the current site.

#### Example

If you defined several sites, a call to site.getCurrentSite() returns the one that is currently showing in the Current Sites List in the Files panel.

### site.getFocus()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Determines which pane of the Files panel has focus.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

One of the following strings local or remote.

## site.getLocalPathToFiles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines the path to the local files that are defined for the current site. The current site is the site that is associated with the document that currently has focus. If no document has focus, the site that you opened in Dreamweaver is used.

Note: ColdFusion Component Explorer uses this function; see "site.getAppServerAccessType()" on page 220 and "site.getAppServerPathToFiles()" on page 220.

Arg	um	ent	8

None.

#### Returns

The path to the files residing on the local computer for the current site.

## site.getLocalRootURL()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

Gets the local root folder of the site.

#### Arguments

siteName

• The siteName argument is a string that specifies the name of the site.

#### Returns

A string that contains the local root folder of the named site, expressed as file://URL. The string is empty when the specified site does not exist.

## site.getSelection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Determines which files are currently selected in the Files panel.

#### Arguments

None.

An array of strings that represents the paths of the selected files and folders, which is expressed as a file:// URL or an empty array if no files or folders are selected.

## site.getSiteForURL()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Gets the name of the site, if any, that is associated with a specific file.

#### Arguments

fileURL

• The *fileURL* argument is the fully qualified URL (including the string "*file://*") for a named file.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the site, if any, in which the specified file exists. The string is empty when the specified file does not exist in any defined site.

## site.getSites()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets a list of the defined sites.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents the names of the defined sites, or an empty array if no sites are defined.

## site.getSiteRootForURL()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

Gets the local root folder of the site associated with a specific file URL.

### Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument is a string argument that contains the fully qualified URL (including the string file://) for a named file.

#### Returns

A string that contains the local root folder of the site, expressed as a file://URL, in which the specified file exists. The string is empty when the specified file does not exist in any defined site.

#### Example

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var siteRoot = site.getSiteRootForURL(dom.URL);
```

## site.getSiteURLPrefix()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

Gets the site URL prefix that is extracted from the HTTP Address defined in Local Info section.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the site URL prefix.

#### Example

sitePrefix = getSiteURLPrefix();

### site.importSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Creates a Dreamweaver site from an XML file. Dreamweaver uses the localroot attribute of the <localinfo> element to identify the local root folder for the site. During import, if this folder does not exist on the local computer, Dreamweaver prompts for a different local root folder. Dreamweaver behaves the same way when it tries to locate the default images folder that the imagefolder attribute of the <localinfo> element specifies.

#### **Arguments**

pathToSteFile

• The pathToSteFile argument is a string that contains the URL for the STE file. Dreamweaver uses this file to create a site. If pathToSteFile is an empty string, Dreamweaver prompts the user to select a STE file to import.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the named STE file exists and if the site is created successfully; false otherwise.

## site.isCloaked()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines whether the current selection in the Files panel or the specified folder is cloaked.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

- The *siteOrURL* argument must contain one of the following two values:
  - The keyword "site", which indicates that the isCloaked() function should test the selection in the Files panel.
  - The file URL of a particular folder, which indicates that isCloaked() should test the specified folder.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the specified object is cloaked; false otherwise.

### site.locateInSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Locates the specified file (or files) in the specified pane of the Files panel and selects the files.

#### Arguments

localOrRemote, siteOrURL

- The localOrRemote argument must be either "local" or "remote".
- The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canLocateInSite()" on page 481.

## site.makeEditable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Turns off the read-only flag on the selected files.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

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See "site.canMakeEditable()" on page 482.

## site.makeNewDreamweaverFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Creates a new Dreamweaver file in the Files panel in the same folder as the first selected file or folder.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canMakeNewFileOrFolder()" on page 482.

## site.makeNewFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Creates a new folder in the Files panel in the same folder as the first selected file or folder.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canMakeNewFileOrFolder()" on page 482.

## site.newSite()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Opens the Site Definition dialog box for a new, unnamed site.

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None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### site.open()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the files that are currently selected in the Files panel. If any folders are selected, they are expanded in the Site Files view.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canOpen()" on page 482.

## site.put()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Puts the selected files and handles dependent files in one of the following ways:

- If the user selects Prompt on Put/Check In in the Site FTP preferences, the Dependent Files dialog box appears.
- If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked Yes, dependent files are uploaded and no dialog box appears.
- If the user previously selected the Don't Show Me Again option in the Dependent Files dialog box and clicked No, dependent files are not uploaded and no dialog box appears.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canPut()" on page 483.

### site.recreateCache()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Re-creates the cache for the current site.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canRecreateCache()" on page 483.

## site.refresh()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Refreshes the file listing on the specified side of the Files panel.

### Arguments

whichSide

• The whichSide argument must be local, or remote.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Enabler

See "site.canRefresh()" on page 483.

## site.remotelsValid()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether the remote site is valid.

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None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether a remote site has been defined and, if the server type is Local/Network, whether the drive is mounted.

### site.renameSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Turns the name of the selected file into a text field, so the user can rename the file. If more than one file is selected, this function acts on the last selected file.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.runValidation()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Runs the Validator on the entire site or only highlighted items.

#### Arguments

selection

• The selection argument is the parameter that specifies that the Validator should check only the highlighted items; otherwise, the Validator checks the entire current site.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.selectAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Selects all files in the active view.

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None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.selectNewer()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects all files that are newer on the specified side of the Files panel.

#### Arguments

whichSide

• The which Side argument must be either "local" or "remote".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canSelectNewer()" on page 484.

## site.serverActivity()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function determines whether Dreamweaver is currently interacting with a server. Because Dreamweaver cannot do more than one server activity at a time, this function lets you determine whether to disable functionality that requires server interaction.

#### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether Dreamweaver is currently interacting with a server.

#### Example

The following example, from the menus.xml file, displays a menu item if there is no server activity (and if there is a current site specified in Dreamweaver):

```
<menuitem name="Remove Connection Scripts" enabled="!site.serverActivity() &&</pre>
site.getCurrentSite() != ''" command="alert(MMDB.removeConnectionScripts())"
id="SiteOptionsSiteMenu_RemoveConnectionScripts" />
```

## site.setCloakingEnabled()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines whether cloaking should be enabled for the current site.

#### Arguments

enable

• The enable argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether cloaking should be enabled. A value of true enables cloaking for the current site; a value of false disables cloaking for the current site.

#### Returns

None.

### site.setConnectionState()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Sets the connection state of the current site.

#### Arguments

**bConnected** 

• The bConnected argument is a Boolean value that indicates if there is a connection (true) or not (false) to the current site.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.setCurrentSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the specified site in the local pane of the Files panel.

#### Arguments

whichSite

• The which Site argument is the name of a defined site (as it appears in the Current Sites list in the Files panel or the Site Definition dialog box).

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

If three sites are defined (for example, avocado8, dreamcentral, and testsite), a call to site.setCurrentSite("dreamcentral"); makes dreamcentral the current site.

### site.setFocus()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Gives focus to a specified pane in the Files panel. If the specified pane is not showing, this function displays the pane and gives it focus.

#### Arguments

whichPane, nextTextView

- The whichPane argument must be one of the following strings: local or remote.
- The nextTextView argument toggles focus between views in split view.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.setSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects files or folders in the active pane in the Files panel.

### Arguments

arrayOfURLs

• The arrayOfURLs argument is an array of strings where each string is a path to a file or folder in the current site, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

*Note:* Omit the trailing slash (/) when specifying folder paths.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## site.siteRelativeToLocalPath()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

Converts a site-relative URI reference to a local file path.

#### Arguments

siteRelativeURI

• The siteRelativeURI attribute, which is required, is a string that contains the site-relative URI.

#### Returns

A string, which specifies the path to a local file on your local computer.

#### Example

The following example

```
var filePath = site.siteRelativeToLocalPath("/myWebApp/myFile.xlml");
```

returns "C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\siteA\myFile.xml" based on your site mappings and HTTP address specified in the Local info of the Site Definition dialog box.

## site.synchronize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Synchronize Files dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canSynchronize()" on page 484.

## site.uncloak()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Uncloaks the current selection in the Files panel or the specified folder.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

- The *siteOrURL* argument must contain one of the following values:
  - The keyword "site", which indicates that the unCloak() function should act on the selection in the Files panel.
  - The URL of a particular folder, which indicates that the uncloak() function should act on the specified folder and all its contents.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canUncloak()" on page 485.

## site.uncloakAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Uncloaks all folders in the current site and deselects the Cloak Files Ending With: checkbox in the Cloaking settings.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "site.canUncloak()" on page 485.

## site.undoCheckOut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Removes the lock files that are associated with the specified files from the local and remote sites, and replaces the local copy of the specified files with the remote copy.

### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the keyword "site", which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Files panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "site.canUndoCheckOut()" on page 485.

# **Chapter 14: Document**

The Document functions in Adobe® Dreamweaver® perform operations that affect the document on which the user is working. The Document functions enable you to perform the following:

- · Convert tables to layers
- Run a command in the Configuration/Commands folder
- Browse for a file URL
- Convert a relative URL to an absolute URL
- · Get the currently selected node
- · Perform URL encoding on a string
- · Run a translator on the document

## **Conversion functions**

Conversion functions convert tables to layers, layers to tables, and cascading style sheets (CSS) to HTML markup. Each function exactly duplicates the behavior of one of the conversion commands in the File or Modify menu.

## dom.convertLayersToTable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Convert Layers to Table dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canConvertLayersToTable()" on page 452.

## dom.convertTablesToLayers()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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Des	crid	uon

Opens the Convert Tables to Layers dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canConvertTablesToLayers()" on page 452.

## **Command functions**

Command functions help you make the most of the files in the Configuration/Commands folder. They manage the Command menu and call commands from other types of extension files.

## dreamweaver.editCommandList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Edit Command List dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.runCommand()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Executes the specified command; it works the same as selecting the command from a menu. If a dialog box is associated with the command, it appears and the command script blocks other edits until the user closes the dialog box. This function provides the ability to call a command from another extension file.

Note: This function can be called within the objectTag() function, from any script in a command file, or from the Property inspector file.

#### Arguments

commandFile, {commandArg1}, {commandArg2},...{commandArgN}

- The *commandFile* argument is a filename in the Configuration/Commands folder.
- The remaining arguments, commandArg1, commandArg2, and so on, which are optional, pass to the receiveArguments() function in the commandFile argument.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

You can write a custom Property inspector for tables that lets users get to the Format Table command from a button on the inspector by calling the following function from the button's onClick event handler:

```
function callFormatTable(){
   dreamweaver.runCommand('Format Table.htm');
```

# File manipulation functions

File manipulation functions handle creating, opening, and saving documents (including XML and XHTML), converting existing HTML documents into XHTML, and exporting CSS to external files. These functions accomplish such tasks as browsing for files or folders, creating files based on templates, closing documents, and getting information about recently opened files.

## dom.cleanupXHTML()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function is similar to the convertTOXHTML () function, but it cleans up an existing XHTML document. This function can run on a selection within the document. You can run the cleanupXHTML() function to clean up the syntax in an entire XHTML document or in the current selection of a document.

#### Arguments

bWholeDoc

• The bWholeDoc argument holds a Boolean value. If the value is true, the cleanupXHTML() function cleans up the entire document; otherwise, this function cleans up only the selection.

An array of six integers that quantify the number of the following elements:

- · XHTML errors that Dreamweaver fixed
- The map elements that do not have an id attribute and cannot be fixed
- The script elements that do not have a type attribute and cannot be fixed

- The style elements that do not have a type attribute and cannot be fixed
- The img elements that do not have an alt attribute and cannot be fixed
- The area elements that do not have an alt attribute and cannot be fixed

## dom.convertToXHTML()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Parses the HTML into a DOM tree, inserts missing items that are required for XHTML, cleans up the tree, and then writes the tree as clean XHTML. The missing directives, declarations, elements, and attributes that the convertToXHTML() function adds to the DOM tree, as necessary, include the following items:

- · An XML directive
- A doctype declaration
- The xmlns attribute in the html element
- A head section
- A title element
- · A body section

During the conversion, the dom.convertTOXHTML() function converts pure HTML tags and attributes to lowercase, writes HTML tags and attributes with correct XHTML syntax, and adds missing HTML attributes where it can. This function treats third-party tags and attributes according to the settings in the Preferences dialog box.

If the document is a template, the dom.convertToXHTML() function alerts the user but does not perform the conversion.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of six integers that quantify the following items:

- · XHTML errors that Dreamweaver fixed
- The map elements that do not have an id attribute and cannot be fixed
- The script elements that do not have a type attribute and cannot be fixed
- The style elements that do not have a type attribute and cannot be fixed
- The img elements that do not have an alt attribute and cannot be fixed
- The area elements that do not have an alt attribute and cannot be fixed

#### Example

In normal use, an extension first calls the dreamweaver.openDocument() or dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() functions to get a reference to the document. The extension then calls the dom.getIsXHTMLDocument() function to determine whether the document is already in XHTML form. If it is not, the extension calls the dom.convertToXHTML() function to convert the document into XHTML. Then the extension calls the dreamweaver.saveDocument() function to save the converted file with a new filename.

## dom.getIsXHTMLDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks a document (specifically, the <!DOCTYPE> declaration) to see whether it is XHTML.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A true value if the document is XHTML; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.browseForFileURL()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1, enhanced in 2, 3, and 4.

#### Description

Opens the specified type of dialog box with the specified label in the title bar.

#### Arguments

```
openSelectOrSave, {titleBarLabel}, {bShowPreviewPane}, {bSupressSiteRootWarnings},
{arrayOfExtensions}, {startFolder}, {allowDynamic}, {fileToLocate}
```

- The openSelectOrSave argument is a string that indicates the type of dialog box as open, select, or save.
- The titleBarLabel argument (added in Dreamweaver 2) is the label that appears in the title bar of the dialog box. If this argument is omitted, Dreamweaver uses the default label that the operating system supplies.
- The bShowPreviewPane argument (added in Dreamweaver 2) is a Boolean value that indicates whether to display the Image Preview Pane in the dialog box. If the value of this argument is true, the dialog box filters for image files; if omitted, it defaults to false.
- The bSupressSiteRootWarnings argument (added in Dreamweaver 3) is a Boolean value that indicates whether to suppress warnings when the selected file is outside the site root. If this argument is omitted, it defaults to false.
- The arrayOfExtensions argument (added in Dreamweaver 4) is an array of strings. It specifies the default content for the Files of type list menu, which appears at the bottom of the dialog box. The syntax for this argument is menuEntryText | .xxx[;.yyy;.zzz] | CCCC|, where:
  - menuEntryText is the name of the file type.

- You can specify the extensions as .xxx[;.yyy;.zzz] or CCCC:
  - .xxx specifies the filename extension for the file type. Use .yyy and .zzz to specify multiple filename extensions.
  - *CCCC* is the four-character file type constant for Macintosh.

The following example provides two filters in your Select dialog, one for mp3 files and one for All Files:

```
dw.browseForFileURL("select", "Please select an mp3",false, true, new Array("mp3 Files
(*.MP3)|*.mp3||","All Files (*.*)|*.*||"));
```

- The startFolder argument is a string value that can be used to specify the file URL of the folder in which the search begins. If this argument is not specified, then the search begins from the last directory that was used. This argument is optional.
- The allowDynamic argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to allow dynamic URLs or parameters. If the value of this argument is true, it indicates that dynamic URLs or parameters are allowed. This argument is optional.
- The fileToLocate argument is a string value that is used to specify the file URL of the file you want to locate. This argument is optional.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the file expressed as a file://URL.

## dreamweaver.browseForFolderURL()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Choose Folder dialog box with the specified label in the title bar.

#### **Arguments**

{titleBarLabel}, {directoryToStartIn}

- The titleBarLabel argument is the label that should appear in the title bar of the dialog box. If it is omitted, the titleBarLabel argument defaults to Choose Folder.
- The *directoryToStartIn* argument is the path where the folder should open, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the folder, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

#### Example

The following code returns the URL of a folder:

```
return dreamweaver.browseForFolderURL('Select a Folder', ¬
dreamweaver.getSiteRoot());
```

## dreamweaver.closeDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Closes the specified document.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree (the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns). If the documentObject argument refers to the active document, the Document window might not close until the script that calls this function finishes executing.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.createDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, enhanced in Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Depending on the argument that you pass to this function, it opens a new document either in the same window or in a new window. The new document becomes the active document.

**Note:** This function can be called only from the menus.xml file, a command, or the Property inspector file. If a behavior action or object tries to call this function, Dreamweaver displays an error message.

#### Arguments

{bOpenInSameWindow}, {type}

- The bOpenInSameWindow argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to open the new document in the current window. If the bOpenInSameWindow argument is a value of false, if it is omitted, or if the function is called on the Macintosh, the new document opens in a separate window.
- The type argument specifies the type of document to create, as declared in the Dreamweaver Configuration/DocumentTypes/MMDocumentTypes.xml file as the id attribute of the documenttype tag. For example, the type argument could be "HTML", "ASP-JS", "ASP-VB", "ColdFusion", "CFC", "JSP", "ASP. NET VB", and so on. For a complete list of possible types, see the MMDocument Types.xml file. If you do not specify *type*, the value defaults to "HTML".

Note: You can extend the MMDocumentTypes file by adding your own document types. For information on extending document types, see Extending Dreamweaver.

#### Returns

The document object for the newly created document. This is the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

## dreamweaver.createXHTMLDocument()

#### **Availability**

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Depending on the argument that you pass to this function, it opens a new XHTML document either in the same window or in a new window. The new document becomes the active document. It is similar to the dreamweaver.createDocument() function.

When Dreamweaver creates a new XHTML document, it reads a file named default.xhtml, which is located in the Configuration/Templates folder, and, using the content of that file, creates an output file that contains the following skeleton declarations:

```
<?xml version="1.0">
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</pre>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<title>Untitled Document</title>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=" />
</head>
<body bgcolor="#FFFFFF" text="#000000">
</body>
</html>
```

The default document type definition (DTD) declaration is XHTML 1.0 Transitional, rather than Strict. If the user adds a frameset to the document, Dreamweaver switches the DTD to XHTML 1.0 Frameset. Content-Type is text/html, and charset is intentionally left out of the default.xhtml file but is filled in before the user views the new document. The ?xml directive is not required if the document uses UTF-8 or UTF-16 character encoding; if it is present, it might be rendered by some older browsers. However, because this directive should be in an XHTML document, by default, Dreamweaver uses it (for both new and converted documents). Users can manually delete the directive. The ?xml directive includes the encoding attribute, which matches the charset in the Content-Type attribute.

#### Arguments

{bOpenInSameWindow}

• The bOpenInSameWindow argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to open the new document in the current window. If this value is false or omitted, or if the function is called on the Macintosh, the new document opens in a separate window.

#### Returns

The document object for the newly created document, which is the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

## dreamweaver.createXMLDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Creates and opens a new XML file, which is empty except for the XML directive.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The DOM of the new XML file.

#### Example

The following example creates a new document, which is empty except for the XML directive:

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.createXMLDocument("document");
```

## dreamweaver.exportTemplateDataAsXML()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Exports the current document to the specified file as XML. This function operates on the document that has focus, which must be a template. If you do not specify a filename argument, Dreamweaver MX opens a dialog box to request the export file string.

#### Arguments

{filePath}

• The filePath argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the filename to which Dreamweaver exports the template. Express the filePath argument as a URL file string, such as "file:///c|/temp/mydata.txt".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canExportTemplateDataAsXML()" on page 462.

#### Example

```
if(dreamweaver.canExportTemplateDataAsXML())
   dreamweaver.exportTemplateDataAsXML("file:///c|/dw temps/mytemplate.txt")
```

## dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

### Description

Provides access to the objects tree for the specified document. After the tree of objects returns to the caller, the caller can edit the tree to change the contents of the document.

#### Arguments

{sourceDoc}

- The sourceDoc argument must be "document", "parent", "parent .frames [number] ", "parent . frames ['frameName']", or a URL. The sourceDoc value defaults to "document" if you do not supply a value. These argument values have the following meanings:
  - The document value specifies the document that has focus and contains the current selection.
  - The parent value specifies the parent frameset (if the currently selected document is in a frame).
  - The parent.frames [number] and parent.frames ['frameName'] values specify a document that is in a particular frame within the frameset that contains the current document.
- If the argument is a relative URL, it is relative to the extension file.

**Note:** If the argument is "document", the calling function must be the applyBehavior(), deleteBehavior(), objectTag() functions, or any function in a command or Property inspector file that can perform edits to the document.

#### Returns

The JavaScript document object at the root of the tree.

#### **Examples**

The following example uses the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function to access the current document:

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM("document");
```

In the following example, the current document DOM identifies a selection and pastes it at the end of another document:

```
var currentDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM('document');
currentDOM.setSelection(100,200);
currentDOM.clipCopy();
var otherDOM = dreamweaver.openDocument(dreamweaver.¬
getSiteRoot() + "html/foo.htm");
otherDOM.endOfDocument();
otherDOM.clipPaste();
```

Note: The openDocument () argument is used because DOM methods normally operate only on open documents. Running a function on a document that isn't open causes a Dreamweaver error. The DOM methods that can operate only on the active document or on closed documents indicate this fact in their descriptions.

### dreamweaver.getNewDocumentDOM()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX; added document Type argument in Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

Provides access to the editable tree for a new, empty document. This function works in the same way as the getDocumetDOM() function, except that it points to a new document, not an existing one, and does not open the document.

#### Arguments

{documentType}

• The documentType argument is a string. Its value must be a document type specified in the DocumentTypes.xml file.

#### Returns

A pointer to a new, empty document.

#### Example

The following code returns the DOM for a new, empty document:

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.getNewDocumentDOM();
```

### dreamweaver.getRecentFileList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets a list of all the files in the recent files list at the bottom of the File menu.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represents the paths of the most recently accessed files. Each path is expressed as a file:// URL. If there are no recent files, the function returns nothing.

## dreamweaver.importXMLIntoTemplate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Imports an XML text file into the current template document. This function operates on the document that has focus, which must be a template. If you do not specify a filename argument, Dreamweaver opens a dialog box to request the import file string.

{filePath}

• The *filePath* argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the filename to which Dreamweaver imports the template. Express the filePath argument as a URL file string, such as "file:///c/temp/mydata.txt".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.newDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Opens a document in the current site and starts the New Document dialog box.

#### **Arguments**

{bopenWithCurSiteAndShowDialog}

· The bopen With CurSite And Show Dialog argument, which is optional, has a value of true or false. Specify true to open a document with the current site and to cause the New Document dialog box to appear; false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.newFromTemplate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Creates a new document from the specified template. If no argument is supplied, the Select Template dialog box appears.

#### Arguments

{templateURL}, bMaintain

- The templateURL argument is the path to a template in the current site, which is expressed as a file:// URL.
- The bMaintain argument is a Boolean value, true or false, that indicates whether to maintain the link to the original template.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.openDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Opens a document for editing in a new Dreamweaver window and gives it the focus. For a user, the effect is the same as selecting File > Open and selecting a file. If the specified file is already open, the window that contains the document comes to the front. The window that contains the specified file becomes the currently selected document. In Dreamweaver 2, if Check In/Check Out is enabled, the file is checked out before it opens. In Dreamweaver 3 and later, you must use "dreamweaver.openDocumentFromSite()" on page 250 to get this behavior.

Note: This function will cause an error if called from Behavior action or object files.

#### Arguments

fileName

• The fileName argument is the name of the file to open, which is expressed as a URL. If the URL is relative, it is relative to the file that contains the script that called this function.

The document object for the specified file, which is the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

### dreamweaver.openDocumentFromSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens a document for editing in a new Dreamweaver window and gives it the focus. For a user, the effect is the same as double-clicking a file in the Site panel. If the specified file is already open, the window that contains the document comes to the front. The window that contains the specified file becomes the currently selected document.

**Note:** This function cannot be called from Behavior action or object files because it causes an error.

#### Arguments

fileName

• The *fileName* argument is the file to open, which is expressed as a URL. If the URL is relative, it is relative to the file that contains the script that called this function.

#### Returns

The document object for the specified file, which is the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

### dreamweaver.openInFrame()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Open In Frame dialog box. When the user selects a document, it opens into the active frame.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canOpenInFrame()" on page 463.

### dreamweaver.releaseDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Explicitly releases a previously referenced document from memory.

Documents that are referenced by the dreamweaver.getObjectTags(), dreamweaver.getObjectRefs(), dreamweaver.getDocumentPath(), or dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() functions are automatically released when the script that contains the call finishes executing. If the script opens many documents, you must use this function to explicitly release documents before finishing the script to avoid running out of memory.

Note: This function is relevant only for documents that were referenced by a URL, are not currently open in a frame or document window, and are not extension files. Extension files are loaded into memory at startup and are not released until you quit Dreamweaver.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.revertDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Reverts the specified document to the previously saved version.

#### Arguments

documentObject, warn

- The documentObject argument is the object at the root of the DOM tree of the document, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.
- The warn argument is a Boolean value that specifies whether to warn the users that unsaved changes will be discarded. If not supplied, this value defaults to true.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver must warn the user; false otherwise.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canRevertDocument()" on page 465.

### dreamweaver.saveAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Saves all open documents, opening the Save As dialog box for any documents that have not been saved previously.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canSaveAll()" on page 465.

### dreamweaver.saveDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Saves the specified file on a local computer.

Note: In Dreamweaver 2, if the file is read-only, Dreamweaver tries to check it out. If the document is still read-only after this attempt, or if it cannot be created, an error message appears.

documentObject, {fileURL}

- The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.
- The *fileURL* argument, which is optional, is a URL that represents a location on a local computer. If the URL is relative, it is relative to the extension file. In Dreamweaver 2, this argument is required. If the fileURL argument is omitted in Dreamweaver 4, the file is saved to its current location if it has been previously saved; otherwise, a Save dialog box appears.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates success (true) or failure (false).

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canSaveDocument()" on page 466.

### dreamweaver.saveDocumentAs()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Save As dialog box.

#### **Arguments**

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.saveDocumentAsTemplate()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Save As Template dialog box.

#### Arguments

documentObject, {fileName}

- The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() returns.
- The *fileName* argument, which is optional, is the name of the file to open, expressed as an absolute URL.

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Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canSaveDocumentAsTemplate()" on page 466.

### dreamweaver.saveFrameset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Saves the specified frameset or opens the Save As dialog box if the frameset has not previously been saved.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canSaveFrameset()" on page 466.

### dreamweaver.saveFramesetAs()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Opens the Save As dialog box for the frameset file that includes the specified DOM.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree, which is the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canSaveFramesetAs()" on page 467.

## **Global document functions**

Global document functions act on an entire document. They check spelling, check target browsers, set page properties, and determine correct object references for elements in the document.

### dom.checkSpelling()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks the spelling in the document, opening the Check Spelling dialog box if necessary, and notifies the user when the check is complete.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.checkTargetBrowsers()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Runs a target browser check on the document. To run a target browser check on a folder or group of files, see "site.checkTargetBrowsers()" on page 213.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.getParseMode()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Gets the current parsing mode of the document, which controls how the document is validated and whether it shows up in the main document window as HTML.

None.

#### Returns

A string that specifies the current parsing mode: "html", "xml", "css", or "text".

### dom.hideInfoMessagePopup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Hides the tooltip-like message, if it is visible, for the document window.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### See also

"dom.showInfoMessagePopup()" on page 257.

### dom.runValidation()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX, optional arguments added in Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Runs the Validator on a single specified document (this function is similar to "site.runValidation()" on page 231. The Validator checks the document for conformance with the language specified in the document doctype (such as HTML 4.0 or HTML 3.2) and the language specified by the server model (such as ColdFusion or ASP). If the document has no doctype, then the Validator uses the language setting specified in the Validator section of the Preferences dialog box.

#### **Arguments**

{controlString}, {bOpenResultsWindow}, {bShowInfoMessage}

- The controlString argument is an optional string with four possible values: an empty string, "xml", "autoexplicit", or "auto-implicit".
  - If the argument is an empty string, the Validator performs a default validation. If the argument is "xml", the Validator validates the document as XML.
  - If the argument is "auto-explicit" or "auto-implicit", Dreamweaver performs an automatic validation (also known as an inline validation), which underlines errors in the Code view instead of opening the Validation results window (see "dom.source.getValidationErrorsForOffset()" on page 436 and "dom.getAutoValidationCount()" on page 430).

- If the controlString argument is "auto-explicit", Dreamweaver prompts the user to save an unsaved document before running the validation.
- If the controlString argument is "auto-implicit", the validation fails without notifying the user that the current document is unsaved.

Note: An automatic validation (that the controlString value "auto-explicit" or "auto-implicit" defines) is currently available only for a browser compatibility check.

- The bOpenResultsWindow argument is an optional Boolean value: true opens the Validation results window; false otherwise. The default value is true.
- The bShowInfoMessage argument is used only when the controlString argument is defined as "auto-explicit" or "auto-implicit". The bShowInfoMessage argument is a Boolean value: true shows an informational message under the toolbar item, DW ValidatorErrors, with the number of errors found; false displays nothing. The default value is false.

#### Returns

The Validation results window object.

#### Example

The following example runs a regular validation when the user selects the File > Check Page > Validate Markup menu option (or Validate Current Document in the Validation panel):

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().runValidation('');
```

The following example prompts the user to save an unsaved document, runs an automatic validation, does not open the Validation results window, but does show the total number of errors over the document toolbar button for DW ValidatorErrors:

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().runValidation('auto-explicit', false, true);
```

The following example does not prompt the user to save an unsaved document. If the document has not been saved, the validation will not start. If the document has been saved, Dreamweaver runs an automatic validation, does not open the Validation results window, and does not indicate the total number of errors encountered on the document toolbar:

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().runValidation('auto-implicit', false);
```

### dom.showInfoMessagePopup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Shows a tooltip-like message in the document window or under a toolbar item.

location, message, timeout

- The location argument is a string that specifies a toolbar item, or is an empty string, or is one of the following keywords: "top", "topright", "right", "bottomright", "bottom", "bottomleft", "left", or "topleft". The tooltip is placed against the specified edge or corner and is centered. An empty string causes it to be centered in the document. To specify a toolbar item, use "toolbar: toolbar: toolbar: toolbar: toolbar ID", where the toolbar ID and toolbar item ID match the IDs in the toolbars.xml file.
- The *message* argument is a string that contains the message.
- The timeout argument is a number that specifies the milliseconds for which to display the message. The default is 0. If the value is 0, the message stays indefinitely. Dreamweaver automatically dismisses it if the user clicks it or switches documents, or if the time out expires.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example displays two tooltip messages. The first line of code displays the message "This message is in the center" in the center of the document. The second call to showInfoMessagePopup() displays the tooltip message "Don't forget the title for the Window" for the Title text edit box, which has the ID DW SetTitle, on the toolbar with the ID DW Toolbar Main.

```
dw.getDocumentDOM.showInfoMessagePopup('', 'This message is in the center', 5000);
dw.getDocumentDOM.showInfoMessagePopup('toolbar:DW Toolbar Main:DW SetTitle', 'Don't
    forget the title for the window', 5000);
```

#### See also

"dom.hideInfoMessagePopup()" on page 256.

### dom.showPagePropertiesDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Page Properties dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.doURLDecoding()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Uses the internal Dreamweaver URL decoding mechanism to decode special characters and symbols in URL strings. For example, this function decodes \$20 to a space character and the name &quot to ".

#### Arguments

inStr

The inStr argument is the string to decode.

#### Returns

A string that contains the decoded URL.

#### Example

The following example calls dw.dourlDecoding() to decode the special characters in its argument and store the resulting string in outstr:

outStr = dreamweaver.doURLDecoding("http://maps.yahoo.com/py/ddResults.py?Pyt= ¬ Tmap&tarname=&tardesc=&newname=&newdesc=&newHash=&newTHash=&newSts=&newTSts=&tlt=&tln= ¬ &slt=&sln=&newFL=Use+Address+Below&newaddr=2000+Shamrock+Rd&newcsz=Metroo+Park%2C+CA& newcountry=us&newTFL=Use+Address+Below&newtaddr=500+El+Camino&newtcsz=Santa+Clara%2C+CA& newtcountry=us&Submit=Get+Directions")

### dreamweaver.getElementRef()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Gets the Netscape Navigator or Internet Explorer object reference for a specific tag object in the DOM tree.

#### Arguments

NSorIE, tagObject

- The NSorIE argument must be either "NS 4.0" or "IE 4.0". The DOM and rules for nested references differ in Netscape Navigator 4.0 and Internet Explorer 4.0. This argument specifies for which browser to return a valid reference.
- The *tagObject* argument is a tag object in the DOM tree.

A string that represents a valid JavaScript reference to the object, such as document .layers['myLayer']. The string is subject to the following conditions:

- Dreamweaver returns correct references for Internet Explorer for A, AREA, APPLET, EMBED, DIV, SPAN, INPUT, SELECT, OPTION, TEXTAREA, OBJECT, and IMG tags.
- Dreamweaver returns correct references for Netscape Navigator for A, AREA, APPLET, EMBED, LAYER, ILAYER, SELECT, OPTION, TEXTAREA, OBJECT, and IMG tags, and for absolutely positioned DIV and SPAN tags. For DIV and SPAN tags that are not absolutely positioned, Dreamweaver returns "cannot reference <tag>".

- Dreamweaver does not return references for unnamed objects. If an object does not contain either a NAME or an ID attribute, Dreamweaver returns "unnamed <tag>". If the browser does not support a reference by name, Dreamweaver references the object by index (for example, document.myform.applets[3]).
- · Dreamweaver returns references for named objects that are contained in unnamed forms and layers (for example, document.forms[2].myCheckbox).

### dreamweaver.getPreferenceInt()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Lets you retrieve an integer preference setting for an extension.

#### **Arguments**

section, key, default\_value

- The section argument is a string that specifies the preferences section that contains the entry.
- The *key* argument is a string that specifies the entry of the value to retrieve.
- The default\_value argument is the default value that Dreamweaver returns if it cannot find the entry. This value must be an unsigned integer in the range 0 through 65,535 or a signed integer in the range -32,768 through 32,767.

#### Returns

Integer value of the specified entry in the specified section or the default value if the function does not find the entry. Returns 0 if the value of the specified entry is not an integer.

The following example returns the integer value of the Snap Distance setting in the My Extension section of Preferences. If there is no MyExtension section or no Snap Distance entry, the function returns the specified default value of 0.

```
var snapDist; //default value if entry not found
snapDist = dreamweaver.getPreferenceInt("My Extension", "Snap Distance", 0);
```

## dreamweaver.getPreferenceString()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

Note: To access the preferences for sites, you must have version 7.0.1. Check dw. appVersion for the correct version before accessing site information.

#### Description

Lets you retrieve a string preference setting that you stored for an extension.

section, key, default\_value

- The section argument is a string that specifies the preferences section that contains the entry.
- The *key* argument is a string that specifies the value to retrieve.
- The default\_value argument is the default string value that Dreamweaver returns if it cannot find the entry.

#### Returns

The requested preference string, or if the string cannot be found, the default value.

#### Example

The following example returns the String value of the Text Editor setting in the My Extension section of Preferences. If there is no MyExtension section or no Text Editor entry, the function returns the default value specified by the variable txtEditor.

```
var txtEditor = getExternalTextEditor(); //set default text Editor value
txtEditor = dreamweaver.qetPreferenceString("My Extension", "Text Editor", txtEditor);
```

### dreamweaver.setPreferenceInt()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Lets you set an integer preference setting for an extension. This setting is stored with Dreamweaver preferences when Dreamweaver is not running.

#### Arguments

section, key, new\_value

- The section argument is a string that specifies the preferences category in which the option is set. If the category does not exist, Dreamweaver creates it.
- The key argument is a string that specifies the category option that the function sets. If the option does not exist, Dreamweaver creates it.
- The new\_value argument is an integer that specifies the value of the category option.

#### Returns

A true value if successful; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example sets the Snap Distance entry to the value of the variable snapDist in the My Extension category of Preferences:

```
var snapDist = getSnapDistance();
if(snapDist > 0)
   dreamweaver.setPreferenceInt("My Extension", "Snap Distance", snapDist);
```

### dreamweaver.setPreferenceString()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

Note: To access the preferences for sites, you must have version 7.0.1. Check dw. appVersion for the correct version before accessing site information.

### Description

Lets you write a string preference setting for an extension. This setting is stored with Dreamweaver preferences when Dreamweaver is not running.

#### Arguments

section, key, new\_value

- The section argument is a string that specifies the Preferences category in which the option is set. If the category does not exist, Dreamweaver creates it.
- The key argument is a string that specifies the category option that the functions sets. If the category option does not exist, Dreamweaver creates it.
- The *new\_value* argument is a string that specifies the value of the category option.

A true value if successful; false otherwise.

#### Example

```
var txtEditor = getExternalTextEditor();
dreamweaver.setPreferenceString("My Extension", "Text Editor", txtEditor);
```

## dreamweaver.showTargetBrowsersDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Opens the Target Browsers dialog box. The Target Browsers dialog box lets a user specify which browser versions the Browser Target Check feature should use for checking the current page's browser compatibility issues.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### **Path functions**

Path functions get and manipulate the paths to various files and folders on a user's hard disk. These functions determine the path to the root of the site in which the current document resides, convert relative paths to absolute URLs, and more.

### dreamweaver.absoluteURLToDocRelative()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Given an absolute URL and the path to a document, this function converts the absolute URL to a document-relative path.

#### Arguments

docPathURL, siteRootURL, absoluteURL

- The docPathURL argument is the path to a document on the computer of the user (for example, the current document), expressed as a file://URL.
- The siteRootURL argument is the path to the site root, expressed as a file://URL.
- The absoluteURL argument is the file://URL to convert to a document-relative path.

#### Returns

A string representing the path to the document at absoluteURL, expressed relative to the document at docPathURL.

#### Example

```
In the following example, if the values of docPathURL and siteRootURL are
file://C:/sites/cherrystreet/archives/october.shtml and file://C:/sites/cherrystreet/
respectively, then the return value is "../includes/header.html". Use this value to reference
/includes/header.html from /archives/october.shtml.
var docPathURL = dw.getDocumentDOM().URL;
var siteRootURL = dw.getSiteRoot();
var absoluteURL= dw.relativeToAbsoluteURL(docPathURL, siteRootURL, "/includes/header.html");
var docRelPath = dw.absoluteURLToDocRelative(docPathURL, siteRootURL, absoluteURL);
```

### dreamweaver.getConfigurationPath()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Gets the path to the Dreamweaver Configuration folder, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

For information on how Dreamweaver accesses Configuration folders on a multiuser platform, see "C-Level Extensibility" in Extending Dreamweaver Help.

None.

#### Returns

The path to the application configurations.

#### Example

The following function is useful when referencing other extension files, which are stored in the Configuration folder in the Dreamweaver application folder:

```
var sortCmd = dreamweaver.getConfigurationPath() + ¬
"/Commands/Sort Table.htm"
var sortDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM(sortCmd);
```

### dreamweaver.getDocumentPath()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1.2.

#### Description

Gets the path of the specified document, which is expressed as a file:// URL. This function is equivalent to calling dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() and reading the URL property of the return value.

#### Arguments

sourceDoc

 The value of the sourceDoc argument must be "document", "parent", "parent .frames [number]", or "parent . frames ['frameName']". The "document" value specifies the document that has the focus and contains the current selection. The "parent" value specifies the parent frameset (if the currently selected document is in a  $frame), and the \verb"parent.frames[number]" and \verb"parent.frames['frameName']" values specify a document$ that is in a particular frame within the frameset that contains the current document.

#### Returns

Either a string that contains the URL of the specified document if the file was saved or an empty string if the file was not saved.

## dreamweaver.getSiteRoot()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1.2.

#### Description

Gets the local root folder (as specified in the Site Definition dialog box) for the site that is associated with the currently selected document, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Either a string that contains the URL of the local root folder of the site where the file is saved or an empty string if the file is not associated with a site.

### dreamweaver.getTempFolderPath()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Gets the full path to a temporary folder where you can store temporary or transient files. This function looks for a Temp folder inside the Dreamweaver Configuration folder. If the system supports multiple users, it looks in the user's Configuration folder. If a Temp folder does not exist, the function creates it. Shared files that are not transient should be stored in the Configuration/Shared folder.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The full path to the folder, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

#### Example

The following line of code returns the full path for the specified file. The dw.getTempFolderPath() function does not return a slash (/) at the end of the path, as do other Dreamweaver functions (such as dreamweaver.getSiteRoot()):

```
var myTempfile = dw.getTempFolderPath() + "/myTempFile.txt";
```

### dreamweaver.relativeToAbsoluteURL()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Given a relative URL and a point of reference (either the path to the current document or the site root), this function converts the relative URL to an absolute file:// URL.

#### Arguments

docPath, siteRoot, relURL

- The docPath argument is the path to a document on the user's computer (for example, the current document), which is expressed as a file:// URL or an empty string if relURL is a root-relative URL.
- The siteRoot argument is the path to the site root, which is expressed as a file:// URL or an empty string if relURL is a document-relative URL.
- The *relURL* argument is the URL to convert.

#### Returns

An absolute URL string. The return value is generated, as described in the following list:

- If relURL is an absolute URL, no conversion occurs, and the return value is the same as relURL.
- If relURL is a document-relative URL, the return value is the combination of docPath and relURL.
- If *relURL* is a root-relative URL, the return value is the combination of *siteRoot* and *relURL*.

## **Selection functions**

Selection functions get and set the selection in open documents. For information on getting or setting the selection in the Site panel, see "Site functions" on page 206.

### dom.getSelectedNode()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the selected node. Using this function is equivalent to calling the dom.getSelection() function and passing the return value to the dom.offsetsToNode() function.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The tag, text, or comment object that completely contains the specified range of characters.

### dom.getSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the selection, which is expressed as character offsets into the document's source code.

#### Arguments

{bAllowMultiple}

• The bAllowMultiple argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the function should return multiple offsets if more than one table cell, image map hotspot, or layer is selected.

If this argument is omitted, it defaults to false.

#### Returns

For simple selections, an array that contains two integers. The first integer is the character offset of the opening of the selection. The second integer is the character offset at the closing of the selection. If the two numbers are the same, the current selection is an insertion point.

For complex selections (multiple table cells, multiple layers, or multiple image map hotspots), an array that contains 2*n* integers, where *n* is the number of selected items. The first integer in each pair is the character offset of the opening of the selection (including the opening TD, DIV, SPAN, LAYER, ILAYER, or MAP tag); the second integer in each pair is the character offset of the closing of the selection (including the closing TD, DIV, SPAN, LAYER, ILAYER, or MAP tag). If multiple table rows are selected, the offsets of each cell in each row return. The selection never includes the TR tags.

### dom.getSelectorsDefinedInStylesheet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

Gets an array of selectors that match the type passed in as an attribute.

#### Arguments

selector

• The selector argument is a string of value class or ID. It specifies whether the function returns selectors of the type class or ID.

#### Returns

An array of selectors that can be either of the type class or ID.

#### Example

The following code is used to get an array of selectors of the type class:

```
var dom=dw.getDocumentDOM();
var classSelectors = dom.qetSelectorsDefinedInStylesheet('class');
The following code is used to get an array of selectors of the type ID:
var dom=dw.getDocumentDOM();
```

var classSelectors = dom.getSelectorsDefinedInStylesheet('ID');

### dom.nodeToOffsets()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the position of a specific node in the DOM tree, which is expressed as character offsets into the document's source code. It is valid for any document on a local drive.

node

• The node argument must be a tag, comment, or range of text that is a node in the tree that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns.

#### Returns

An array that contains two integers. The first integer is the character offset of the beginning of the tag, text, or comment. The second integer is the character offset of the end of the node, from the beginning of the HTML document.

#### Example

The following code selects the first image object in the current document:

```
var theDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var theImg = theDOM.images[0];
var offsets = theDom.nodeToOffsets(theImg);
theDom.setSelection(offsets[0], offsets[1]);
```

### dom.offsetsToNode()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the object in the DOM tree that completely contains the range of characters between the specified opening and closing points. It is valid for any document on a local drive.

#### Arguments

offsetBegin, offsetEnd

- The offsetBegin argument specifies the offset from the beginning of the document to the beginning of a range of characters that is an object in the DOM tree.
- The offsetEnd argument specifies the offset from the beginning of the document to the end of a range of characters that is an object in the DOM tree.

#### Returns

The tag, text, or comment object that completely contains the specified range of characters.

#### Example

The following code displays an alert if the selection is an image:

```
var offsets = dom.getSelection();
var theSelection = dreamweaver.offsetsToNode(offsets[0], ¬
offsets[1]);
if (theSelection.nodeType == Node.ELEMENT NODE && ¬
theSelection.tagName == 'IMG') {
    alert('The current selection is an image.');
```

### dom.selectAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Performs a Select All operation.

Note: In most cases, this function selects all the content in the active document. In some cases (for example, when the insertion point is inside a table), it selects only part of the active document. To set the selection to the entire document, use dom.setSelection().

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setSelectedNode()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the selected node. This function is equivalent to calling the dom.nodeToOffsets() function and passing the return value to the dom.setSelection() function.

#### Arguments

node, {bSelectInside}, {bJumpToNode}

- The *node* argument is a text, comment, or element node in the document.
- The bSelectInside argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to select the innterHTML of the node. This argument is relevant only if node is an element node, and it defaults to false if it is omitted.
- The bJumpToNode argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether to scroll the Document window, if necessary, to make the selection visible. If it is omitted, this argument defaults to false.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the selection in the document.

offsetBegin, offsetEnd

· These arguments are the opening and closing points, respectively, for the new selection, which is expressed as character offsets into the document's source code. If the two numbers are the same, the new selection is an insertion point. If the new selection is not a valid HTML selection, it is expanded to include the characters in the first valid HTML selection. For example, if offsetBegin and offsetEnd define the range SRC="myImage.gif" within <IMG SRC="myImage.gif">, the selection expands to include the entire IMG tag.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.nodeExists()

#### Available

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether the reference to the specified node is still good. Often when writing extensions, you reference a node and then perform an operation that deletes it (such as setting the innerHTML or outerHTML properties of its parent). This function lets you confirm that the node hasn't been deleted before you attempt to reference any of its properties or methods. The referenced node does not need to be in the current document.

#### Arguments

node

• The *node* argument is the node that you want to check.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the node exists; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example gets the current node, locates a table within it, and later calls dw.nodeExists() to see if the original node still exists:

```
function applyFormatToSelectedTable(){
    // get current selection
   var selObj = dw.getDocumentDOM().getSelectedNode();
   alternateRows(dwscripts.findDOMObject("presetNames").selectedIndex,
       findTable());
// restore original selection, if it still exists; if not, just select the
// table.
   var selArr;
   if (dw.nodeExists(selObj))
        selArr = dom.nodeToOffsets(selObj);
    else
        selArr = dom.nodeToOffsets(findTable());
   dom.setSelection(selArr[0],selArr[1]);
}
```

## dreamweaver.selectAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Performs a Select All operation in the active document window, the Site panel or, on the Macintosh, the text field that has focus in a dialog box or floating panel.

**Note:** If the operation takes place in the active document, it usually selects all the content in the active document. In some cases (for example, when the insertion point is inside a table), however, it selects only part of the active document. To set the selection to the entire document, use the dom.setSelection() function.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canSelectAll()" on page 467.

# **String manipulation functions**

String manipulation functions help you get information about a string as well as convert a string from Latin 1 encoding to platform-native encoding and back.

### dreamweaver.doURLEncoding()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1.

#### Description

Takes a string and returns a URL-encoded string by replacing all the spaces and special characters with specified entities.

#### Arguments

stringToConvert

• The *stringToConvert* argument is a string that contains the unencoded URL that the function encodes.

#### Returns

A URL-encoded string.

#### Example

The following example shows the URL.value for "My URL-encoded string":

```
var URL = dw.doURLEncoding(theURL.value);
returns "My%20URL-encoded%20string"
```

### dreamweaver.getTokens()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1.

#### Description

Accepts a string and splits it into tokens.

#### Arguments

searchString, separatorCharacters

- The *searchString* argument is the string to separate into tokens.
- The separatorCharacters argument is the character or characters that signifies the end of a token. Separator characters in quoted strings are ignored. Any white-space characters that occur in separatorCharacters (such as tabs) are treated as separator characters, as if they are explicitly specified. Two or more consecutive white space characters are treated as a single separator.

#### Returns

An array of token strings.

#### Example

The following call to the dw.getTokens() function returns the tokens that come after it:

```
dreamweaver.getTokens('foo("my arg1", 34)', '(),')
```

• foo

- "my arg 1"
- 34

### dreamweaver.latin1ToNative()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Converts a string in Latin 1 encoding to the native encoding on the user's computer. This function is intended to display the UI of an extension file in another language.

Note: This function has no effect in Windows because Windows encodings are already based on Latin 1.

#### Arguments

stringToConvert

• The stringToConvert argument is the string to convert from Latin 1 encoding to native encoding.

#### Returns

The converted string.

### dreamweaver.nativeToLatin1()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Converts a string in native encoding to Latin 1 encoding.

Note: This function has no effect in Windows because Windows encodings are already based on Latin 1.

#### Arguments

stringToConvert

• The stringToConvert argument is the string to convert from native encoding to Latin 1 encoding.

#### Returns

The converted string.

## dreamweaver.scanSourceString()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

#### Description

Scans a string of HTML and finds the tags, attributes, directives, and text. For each tag, attribute, directive, and text span that it finds, the scanSourceString() function starts a callback function that you must supply. Dreamweaver supports the following callback functions:

- openTagBegin()
- openTagEnd()
- closeTagBegin()
- closeTagEnd()
- directive()
- attribute()
- text()

Dreamweaver calls the seven callback functions on the following occasions:

- Dreamweaver calls openTagBegin() for each opening tag (for example, <font>, as opposed to </font>) and each empty tag (for example, <img> or <hr>). The openTagBegin() function accepts two arguments: the name of the tag (for example, "font" or "imq") and the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the beginning of the tag. The function returns true if scanning should continue or false if it should stop.
- After openTagBegin() executes, Dreamweaver calls attribute() for each HTML attribute. The attribute() function accepts two arguments, a string that contains the attribute name (for example, "color" or "src") and a string that contains the attribute value (for example, "#000000" or "foo.gif"). The attribute () function returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.
- After all the attributes in the tag have been scanned, Dreamweaver calls openTagEnd(). The openTagEnd() function accepts one argument, the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the end of the opening tag. It returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.
- Dreamweaver calls closeTagBeqin() for each closing tag (for example, </font>). The function accepts two arguments, the name of the tag to close (for example, "font") and the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the beginning of the closing tag. The function returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.
- After closeTagBegin() returns, Dreamweaver calls the closeTagEnd() function. The closeTagEnd() function accepts one argument, the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the end of the closing tag. It returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.
- Dreamweaver calls the directive () function for each HTML comment, ASP script, JSP script, or PHP script. The directive () function accepts two arguments, a string that contains the directive and the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the end of the closing tag. The function returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.
- Dreamweaver calls the text() function for each span of text in the document (that is, everything that is not a tag or a directive). Text spans include text that is not visible to the user, such as the text inside a <title> or <option> tag. The text () function accepts two arguments, a string that contains the text and the document offset, which is the number of bytes in the document before the closing of the closing tag. The text () function returns a Boolean value that indicates whether scanning should continue.

#### **Arguments**

HTMLstr, parserCallbackObj

• The *HTMLstr* argument is a string that contains code.

• The parserCallbackObj argument is a JavaScript object that has one or more of the following methods: openTagBegin(), openTagEnd(), closeTagBegin(), closeTagEnd(), directive(), attribute(), and text(). For best performance, parserCallbackObj should be a shared library that is defined using the C-Level Extensibility interface. Performance is also improved if parserCallbackObj defines only the callback functions that it needs.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the operation completed successfully; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following sequence of steps provide an example of how to use the dreamweaver.scanSourceString() function:

- 1 Create an implementation for one or more of the seven callback functions.
- 2 Write a script that calls the dreamweaver.scanSourceString() function.
- 3 The dreamweaver.scanSourceString() function passes a string that contains HTML and pointers to the callback functions that you wrote. For example, the string of HTML is "<font size=2>hello</font>".
- 4 Dreamweaver analyzes the string and determines that the string contains a font tag. Dreamweaver calls the callback functions in the following sequence:
  - The openTagBegin() function
  - The attribute() function (for the size attribute)
  - The openTagEnd() function
  - The text() function (for the "hello" string)
  - The closeTagBegin() and closeTagEnd() functions

# **Translation functions**

Translation functions deal either directly with translators or with translation results. These functions get information about or run a translator, edit content in a locked region, and specify that the translated source should be used when getting and setting selection offsets.

### dom.runTranslator()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function runs the specified translator on the document. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

translatorName

• The *translatorName* argument is the name of a translator as it appears in the Translation preferences.

Retu	rns
------	-----

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.editLockedRegions()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

Depending on the value of the argument, this function makes locked regions editable or non-editable. By default, locked regions are non-editable; if you try to edit a locked region before specifically making it editable with this function, Dreamweaver beeps and does not allow the change.

Note: Editing locked regions can have unintended consequences for library items and templates. You should not use this function outside the context of data translators.

#### Arguments

bAllowEdits

• The bAllowEdits argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that edits are allowed; false otherwise. Dreamweaver automatically restores locked regions to their default (non-editable) state when the script that calls this function finishes executing.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.getTranslatorList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function gets a list of the installed translators.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings where each string represents the name of a translator as it appears in the Translation preferences.

## dreamweaver.useTranslatedSource()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2.

#### Description

This function specifies that the values that dom.nodeToOffsets() and dom.getSelection() return. These are used by dom.offsetsToNode() and dom.setSelection() and should be offsets into the translated source (the HTML that is contained in the DOM after a translator runs), not the untranslated source.

*Note:* This function is relevant only in Property inspector files.

#### Arguments

bUseTranslatedSource

• The bUseTranslatedSource argument is a Boolean value: true if the function uses offsets into the translated source; false if the function uses the untranslated source.

The default value of the argument is false. Dreamweaver automatically uses the untranslated source for subsequent calls to dw.getSelection(), dw.setSelection(), dw.nodeToOffsets(), and dw.offsetsToNode() when the script that calls dw.useTranslatedSource() finishes executing, if dw.useTranslatedSource() is not explicitly called with an argument of false before then.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### **XSLT functions**

XSLT functions deal with XML files. These functions get information about XML documents, including the schema tree or the reference to an XML document, and prompt the user to specify the XML document associated with the current XSLT document.

### MMXSLT.getXML()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Gets an XML source string for an XML file.

#### Arguments

xmlSourceURI

· A string representing a URI to an XML file. It can be absolute (http or https), site relative, or doc relative.

#### Returns

A string containing the contents of the XML file.

```
var xmlSource = MMXSLT.getXML(this.fileDataSetURL);
```

### MMXSLT.getXMLSchema()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function returns the schema tree for the specified XML file.

#### Arguments

schemaURI, {bRefresh}

- The schemaURI argument, which is required, is a string that is a reference to a local or remote XML file.
- The bRefresh argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value: true forces refreshing of the schema; false returns the copy of the schema from the XML schema cache. The default value is false.

#### Returns

A string that contains the XML schema tree.

#### Example

The following example gets the schema tree from the XML schema cache for menus.xml:

```
var theSchema = MMXSLT.qetXMLSchema("file:///c:/Program Files/Adobe/¬
   Adobe Dreamweaver CS4/Configuration/Menus/menus.xml"");
```

### MMXSLT.getXMLSourceURI()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function gets a reference to the XML source document associated with the current XSLT document.

#### Arguments

xsltfileURI, {bUseTempForRemote}

- The xsltfileURI argument is a string that is the local file URI that points to the location of the XSL file.
- The bUseTempForRemote argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value: true returns a reference to the temporary XML file (for example, file:///C:/Documents and Settings/username/Local Settings/Temporary Internet Files/Content.IE5/GTSLQ9KZ/rss[1].xml) that is downloaded when the original XML file is remote (for example, http://myHost/rssfeed.xml); false returns an absolute reference.

#### Returns

A string that contains the reference to the XML source document associated with the current XSLT document. If the XML source reference is a remote reference, the function returns the downloaded filepath to the temporary location.

#### Example

The following example gets the reference to the XML source document associated with c:\myxslt\myxsltdocument.xsl:

var theXMLSource = MMXSLT.getXMLSourceURI("file:///c:/myxslt/myxsltdocument.xsl");

## MMXSLT.launchXMLSourceDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function prompts the user to specify the XML source document that is associated with the current XSLT document. The user can choose either a local or remote reference to an XML document.

#### Arguments

{xsltfileURI}, {bUseTempForRemote}, {bAddSchemaReference}

- The xsltfileURI argument is optional. It is a string that is the local file URI that points to the location of the XSL file. If this argument is omitted, it defaults to the current open document.
- The bUseTempForRemote argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value: true returns a reference to the temporary XML file (for example, file:///C:/Documents and Settings/username/Local Settings/Temporary Internet Files/Content.IE5/GTSLQ9KZ/rss[1].xml) that is downloaded when the original XML file is remote (for example, http://myHost/rssfeed.xml); false returns an absolute reference.
- The bAddSchemaReference argument is optional. It adds a reference in the current document that points to the XML source URI that is specified in the XML source dialog box. If this argument is omitted, it defaults to the current open document.

#### Returns

A string that contains the reference to the XML source document associated with the current XSLT document. If the XML source reference is a remote reference, the function returns the downloaded filepath to the temporary location.

#### Example

The following example launches the XML Source Document dialog box without specifying any values:

MMXSLT.launchXMLSourceDialog()

# **Chapter 15: Page content**

The Adobe® Dreamweaver® page content functions perform operations that affect the content of a web page. The operations include the following:

- · Manipulating assets in the Assets panel
- · Adding behaviors
- · Cutting and pasting elements from the Clipboard
- Applying a template
- · Inserting a code snippet
- · Creating Spry XML data sets
- · Enhanced editing of Spry and other widgets
- · Inserting widgets
- · Creating page layouts that work well across multiple browsers using The browser compatibility check functions

# **Assets panel functions**

Assets panel functions, which are programmed into the API as an asset panel, let you manage and use the elements in the Assets panel (templates, libraries, images, Adobe Shockwave and Adobe Flash content, URLs, colors, and scripts).

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.addToFavoritesFrom Document()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Adds the element that is selected in the Document window to the Favorites list. This function handles only images, Shockwave files, Flash files, text font colors, and URLs.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.addToFavoritesFromSiteAssets()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

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Adds elements that are selected in the Site list to the Favorites list and gives each item a nickname in the Favorites list. This function does not remove the element from the Site list.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.addToFavoritesFromSiteWindow()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Adds the elements that are selected in the Site panel to the Favorites list. This function handles only images, movies, scripts, Shockwave files, and FLA files. If other folders or files are selected, they are ignored.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.assetPalette.copyToSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Copies selected elements to another site and puts them in that site's Favorites list. If the elements are files (other than colors or URLs), the actual file is copied into that site.

#### Arguments

targetSite

• The targetSite argument is the name of the target site, which the site.getSites() call returns.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.edit()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Edits selected elements with primary external editor or Custom Edit control. For colors, the color picker appears. For URLs, a dialog box appears and prompts the user for a URL and a nickname. This function is not available for the Site list of colors and URLs.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.assetPalette.canEdit()" on page 460.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.getSelectedCategory()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns the currently selected category.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The currently selected category, which can be one of the following: "templates", "library", "images", "movies", "shockwave", "flash", "scripts", "colors", or "urls".

## dreamweaver.assetPalette.getSelectedItems()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns an array of the selected items in the Assets panel, either in the Site or Favorites list.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of the following three strings for each selected item:

- The name string, which is the name/filename or nickname that appears in the Assets panel.
- · The value string, which is the full path, full URL, or color value, depending on the selected item.

• The type string, which is either "folder" or one of the following categories: "templates", "library", "images", "movies", "shockwave", "flash", "scripts", "colors", or "urls".

**Note:** If nothing is selected in the Assets panel, this function returns an array that contains one empty string.

#### Example

If URLs is the category, and a folder MyFolderName and a URL MyFavoriteURL are both selected in the Favorites list, the function returns the following list:

```
items[0] = "MyFolderName"
items[1] = "//path/FolderName"
items[2] = "folder"
items[3] = "MyFavoriteURL"
items[4] = "http://www.MyFavoriteURL.com"
items[5] = "urls"
```

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.getSelectedView()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Indicates which list is currently shown in the Assets panel.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Returns a string that has a value of either "site" or "favorites".

## dreamweaver.assetPalette.insertOrApply()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Inserts selected elements or applies the element to the current selection. It applies templates, colors, and URLs to the selection; it also inserts URLs and other elements at the insertion point. If a document isn't open, the function is not available.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.assetPalette.canInsertOrApply()" on page 461.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.locateInSite()

## Availability Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Selects files that are associated with the selected elements in the local side of the Site panel. This function does not work for colors or URLs. It is available in the Site list and the Favorites list. If a folder is selected in the Favorites list, the folder is ignored.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.newAsset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Creates a new element for the current category in the Favorites list. For library and templates, this is a new blank library or template file that the user can name immediately. For colors, the color picker appears. For URLs, a dialog box appears and prompts the user for a URL and a nickname. This function is not available for images, Shockwave files, Flash files, or scripts.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.newFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Creates a new folder in the current category with the default name (untitled) and puts a text box around the default name. It is available only in the Favorites list.

#### **Arguments**

None.

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.recreateLibraryFrom Document()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Replaces the deprecated libraryPalette function, recreateLibraryFromDocument(). It creates a Library item (LBI) file for the selected instance of a library item in the current document. This function is equivalent to clicking Recreate in the Property inspector.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.refreshSiteAssets()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Scans the site, switches to the Site list, and populates the list.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.removeFromFavorites()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Removes the selected elements from the Favorites list. This function does not delete the actual file on disk, except in the case of a library or template where the user is prompted before the file is deleted. It works only in the Favorites list or if the category is Library or Templates.

#### Arguments

None.

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Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.renameNickname()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Edits the folder name or the file's nickname by displaying a text box around the existing nickname. It is available only in the Favorites list or in the Library or Template category.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.setSelectedCategory()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Switches to show a different category.

#### Arguments

categoryType

• The category Type argument can be one of the following categories: "templates", "library", "images", "movies", "shockwave", "flash", "scripts", "colors", Or "urls".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.assetPalette.setSelectedView()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Switches the display to show either the Site list or the Favorites list.

#### Arguments

viewType

• The viewType argument is a string that can be "site" or "favorites".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.referencePalette.getFontSize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns the current font size of the Reference panel display region.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The relative font size as small, medium, or large.

### dreamweaver.referencePalette.setFontSize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Changes the font size that appears in the Reference panel.

#### Arguments

fontSize

• The font Size argument is one of the following relative sizes: small, medium, or large.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Behavior functions**

Behavior functions let you add behaviors to, and remove them from, an object, find out which behaviors are attached to an object, get information about the object to which a behavior is attached, and so on. Methods of the dreamweaver.behaviorInspector object either control or act on only the selection in the Behaviors panel, not the selection in the current document.

### dom.addBehavior()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Adds a new event/action pair to the selected element. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

event, action, {eventBasedIndex}

- The *event* argument is the JavaScript event handler that should attach the behavior to the element (for example, onClick, onMouseOver, or onLoad).
- The action argument is the function call that applyBehavior() returns if the action is added using the Behaviors panel (for example, "MM popupMsg('Hello World')").
- The eventBasedIndex argument, which is optional, is the position at which this action should be added. The eventBasedIndex argument is a zero-based index; if two actions already are associated with the specified event, and you specify eventBasedIndex as 1, this action executes between the other two. If you omit this argument, the action is added after all existing actions for the specified event.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.getBehavior()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the action at the specified position within the specified event. This function acts on the current selection and is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

event, {eventBasedIndex}

- The event argument is the JavaScript event handler through which the action is attached to the element (for example, onClick, onMouseOver, or onLoad).
- The eventBasedIndex argument, which is optional, is the position of the action to get. For example, if two actions are associated with the specified event, 0 is first and 1 is second. If you omit this argument, the function returns all the actions for the specified event.

#### Returns

A string that represents the function call (for example,

"MM swapImage('document.Image1','document.Image1','foo.gif','#933292969950')") or an array of strings if *eventBasedIndex* is omitted.

### dom.reapplyBehaviors()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks to make sure that the functions that are associated with any behavior calls on the specified node are in the HEAD section of the document and inserts them if they are missing.

#### Arguments

elementNode

• The elementNode argument is an element node within the current document. If you omit the argument, Dreamweaver checks all element nodes in the document for orphaned behavior calls.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### dom.removeBehavior()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the action at the specified position within the specified event. This function acts on the current selection and is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

event, {eventBasedIndex}

- The event argument is the event handler through which the action is attached to the element (for example, onclick, onMouseOver, or onLoad). If you omit this argument, all actions are removed from the element.
- The eventBasedIndex argument, which is optional, is the position of the action to be removed. For example, if two actions are associated with the specified event, 0 is first and 1 is second. If you omit this argument, all the actions for the specified event are removed.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.getBehaviorElement()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Gets the DOM object that corresponds to the tag to which the behavior is being applied. This function is applicable only in Behavior action files.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A DOM object or a null value. This function returns a null value under the following circumstances:

- When the current script is not executing within the context of the Behaviors panel
- When dreamweaver.popupAction() starts the currently executing script
- · When the Behaviors panel is attaching an event to a link wrapper and the link wrapper does not yet exist
- When this function appears outside an action file

#### Example

The dreamweaver.getBehaviorElement() function can be used in the same way as

"dreamweaver.getBehaviorTag()" on page 290 to determine whether the selected action is appropriate for the selected HTML tag. The difference is that it gives you access to more information about the tag and its attributes. If you write an action that can be applied only to a hypertext link (A HREF) that does not target another frame or window, you can use the getBehaviorElement () function. You can use the getBehaviorElement() function as part of the function that initializes the user interface for the Parameters dialog box. It is shown in the following example:

```
function initializeUI(){
   var theTag = dreamweaver.getBehaviorElement();
   var CANBEAPPLIED = (theTag.tagName == "A" && ¬
   theTag.getAttribute("HREF") != null && ¬
   theTag.getAttribute("TARGET") == null);
   if (CANBEAPPLIED) {
        // display the action user interface
   } else{
       // display a helpful message that tells the user
       // that this action can only be applied to a
       // link without an explicit target]
}
```

### dreamweaver.getBehaviorTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1.2.

#### Description

Gets the source of the tag to which the behavior is being applied. This function is applicable only in action files.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A string that represents the source of the tag. This is the same string that passes as an argument (HTMLelement) to the canAcceptBehavior() function. If this function appears outside an action file, the return value is an empty string.

If you write an action that can be applied only to a hypertext link (A HREF), you can use the getBehaviorTag() function, as the following example shows, in the function that initializes the user interface for the Parameters dialog box:

```
function initializeUI(){
   var theTag = dreamweaver.getBehaviorTag().toUpperCase();
   var CANBEAPPLIED = (theTag.indexOf('HREF') != -1));
   if (CANBEAPPLIED) {
       // display the action UI
   } else{
       // display a helpful message that tells the user
       // that this action can only be applied to a
       // hyperlink
}
```

### dreamweaver.popupAction()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 2, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Starts a Parameters dialog box for the specified behavior action. To the user, the effect is the same as selecting the action from the Actions pop-up menu in the Behaviors panel. This function lets extension files other than actions attach behaviors to objects in the document of the user. It blocks other edits until the user dismisses the dialog box.

**Note:** This function can be called within the objectTag() function or in any script in a command file or in the Property inspector file.

#### Arguments

```
actionName, {funcCall}
```

- The actionName argument is a string that contains the name of a file in the Configuration/Behaviors/Actions folder. The file contains a JavaScript behavior action (for example, "Swap Image.htm").
- The funcCall argument, which is optional, is a string that contains a function call for the action that is specified in actionName; for example, "MM SwapImage (...)". The applyBehavior () function in the action file supplies this argument, if specified.

#### Returns

The function call for the behavior action. When the user clicks OK in the Parameters dialog box, the behavior is added to the current document. The appropriate functions are added to the HEAD section of the document. HTML is added to the top of the BODY section, and other edits can be made to the document. The function call (for example, "MM SwapImage (...)") is not added to document, but becomes the return value of this function.

### dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getBehaviorAt()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the event/action pair at the specified position in the Behaviors panel.

#### Arguments

positionIndex

• The positionIndex argument is the position of the action in the Behaviors panel. The first action in the list is at position 0.

#### Returns

An array of two items:

- · An event handler
- · A function call or JavaScript statement

Because positionIndex is a zero-based index, if the Behaviors panel displays the list, a call to the dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getBehaviorAt(2) function returns an array that contains two strings: "onMouseOver" and "MM changeProp('document.moon','document.moon','src','sun.gif','MG')".

### dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getBehaviorCount()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Counts the number of actions that are attached to the currently selected element through event handlers.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the number of actions that are attached to the element. This number is equivalent to the number of actions that are visible in the Behaviors panel and includes Dreamweaver behavior actions and custom JavaScript.

#### Example

```
A call to dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getBehaviorCount() for the selected link <A
HREF="javascript:setCookie()" onClick="MM popupMsg('A cookie has been
set.'); parent.rightframe.location.href='aftercookie.html'">returns 2.
```

## dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getSelectedBehavior()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the position of the selected action in the Behaviors panel.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the position of the selected action in the Behaviors panel, or -1 if no action is selected.

#### Example

If the first action in the Behaviors panel is selected, a call to the  ${\tt dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getSelectedBehavior()}\ function\ returns\ 0.$ 

### dream we aver. behavior In spector. move Behavior Down ()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Moves a behavior action lower in sequence by changing its execution order within the scope of an event.

#### Arguments

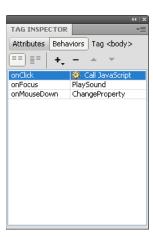
positionIndex

• The positionIndex argument is the position of the action in the Behaviors panel. The first action in the list is at position 0.

#### Returns

Calling the dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.moveBehaviorDown(2) function swaps the positions of the Preload Images and the Change Property actions on the onMouseDown event. Calling the

dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.moveBehaviorDown() function for any other position has no effect because the onClick and onFocus events each have only one associated behavior, and the behavior at position 3 is already at the bottom of the onMouseDown event group.



#### See also

"dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getSelectedBehavior()" on page 292

### dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.moveBehaviorUp()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Moves a behavior higher in sequence by changing its execution order within the scope of an event.

#### Arguments

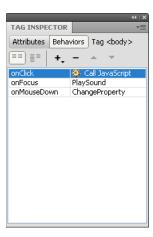
positionIndex

• The positionIndex argument is the position of the action in the Behaviors panel. The first action in the list is at position 0.

#### Returns

Calling the dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.moveBehaviorUp(3) function swaps the positions of the Preload Images and the Change Property actions on the onMouseOver event. Calling the

 ${\tt dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.moveBehaviorUp()} \ \ function \ for \ any \ other \ position \ has \ no \ effect \ because \ the$ onClick and onFocus events each have only one associated behavior, and the behavior at position 2 is already at the top of the onMouseDown event group.



#### See also

"dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getSelectedBehavior()" on page 292

### dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.setSelectedBehavior()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects the action at the specified position in the Behaviors panel.

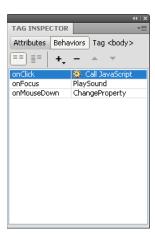
#### Arguments

positionIndex

• The positionIndex argument is the position of the action in the Behaviors panel. The first action in the list is at position 0. To deselect all actions, specify a positionIndex of -1. Specifying a position for which no action exists is equivalent to specifying -1.

#### Returns

Calling the dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.setSelection(2) function selects the Change Property action that is associated with the onMouseDown event:



#### See also

"dreamweaver.behaviorInspector.getSelectedBehavior()" on page 292

# **Clipboard functions**

Clipboard functions are related to cutting, copying, and pasting. On the Macintosh, some Clipboard functions can also apply to text fields in dialog boxes and floating panels. Functions that can operate in text fields are implemented as methods of the dreamweaver object and as methods of the DOM object. The dreamweaver version of the function operates on the selection in the active window: the current Document window, the Code inspector, or the Site panel. On the Macintosh, the function can also operate on the selection in a text box if it is the current field. The DOM version of the function always operates on the selection in the specified document.

## dom.clipCopy()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Copies the selection, including any HTML markup that defines the selection, to the Clipboard.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

### dom.clipCopyText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Copies the selected text to the Clipboard, ignoring any HTML markup.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canClipCopyText()" on page 451.

### dom.clipCut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the selection, including any HTML markup that defines the selection, to the Clipboard.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.clipPaste()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Pastes the contents of the Clipboard into the current document at the current insertion point or in place of the current selection. If the Clipboard contains HTML, it is interpreted as such.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

#### Enabler

See "dom.canClipPaste()" on page 451.

#### Example

If the Clipboard contains ABC Widgets, a call to dw.getDocumentDOM().clipPaste() results in the following figure:

```
1 <!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN"
2 "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
3 <html>
4 <head>
5 <title>Untitled_Document</title>
6 <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=iso-8859-1">
9 <body>
10 ABC Widgets</body>
11 </html>
12
ABC Widgets
```

### dreamweaver.clipCopy()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Copies the current selection from the active Document window, dialog box, floating panel, or Site panel to the Clipboard.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canClipCopy()" on page 461.

# dreamweaver.clipCut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the selection from the active Document window, dialog box, floating panel, or Site panel to the Clipboard.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canClipCut()" on page 461.

### dreamweaver.clipPaste()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3. Added the *strPasteOption* argument in Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

Pastes the contents of the Clipboard into the current document, dialog box, floating panel, or Site panel.

#### Arguments

{strPasteOption}

• The strPasteOption argument, which is optional, specifies the type of paste to perform. Values include: "text", "structured", "basicFormat", and "fullFormat".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canClipPaste()" on page 462.

#### Example

The following example pasts the contents of the Clipboard as text:

```
dw.clipPaste("text");
```

## dreamweaver.getClipboardText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets all the text that is stored on the Clipboard.

#### **Arguments**

{bAsText}

• The bAsText Boolean value, which is optional, specifies whether the Clipboard content is retrieved as text. If bAsText is a value of true, the Clipboard content is retrieved as text. If bAsText is a value of false, the content retains formatting. This argument defaults to false.

#### Returns

A string that contains the contents of the Clipboard, if the Clipboard contains text (which can be HTML); otherwise, it returns nothing.

#### Example

```
If dreamweaver.getClipboardText() returns "text <b>bold</b> text",
dreamweaver.getClipboardText(true) returns "text bold text".
```

# Library and template functions

Library and template functions handle operations that are related to library items and templates, such as creating, updating, and breaking links between a document and a template or library item. Methods of the dreamweaver.libraryPalette object either control or act on the selection in the Assets panel library items, not in the current document. Likewise, methods of the dreamweaver.templatePalette object control or act on the selection in the Assets panel template objects.

### dom.applyTemplate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Applies a template to the current document. If no argument is supplied, the Select Template dialog box appears. This function is valid only for the document that has focus.

#### Arguments

{templateURL}, bMaintainLink

- The templateURL argument is the path to a template in the current site, which is expressed as a file:// URL.
- The bMaintainLink argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to maintain the link to the original template (true) or not (false).

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canApplyTemplate()" on page 450.

### dom.detachFromLibrary()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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Des	scrip	tion

Detaches the selected library item instance from its associated LBI file by removing the locking tags from around the selection. This function is equivalent to clicking Detach from Original in the Property inspector.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.detachFromTemplate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Detaches the current document from its associated template.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.getAttachedTemplate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the path of the template that is associated with the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the path of the template, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

# dom.getEditableRegionList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets a list of all the editable regions in the body of the document.

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None.

#### Returns

An array of element nodes.

#### Example

"dom.getSelectedEditableRegion()" on page 302.

### dom.getIsLibraryDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether the document is a library item.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is an LBI file.

### dom.getIsTemplateDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Determines whether the document is a template.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is a DWT file.

### dom.getSelectedEditableRegion()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

If the selection or insertion point is inside an editable region, this function gets the position of the editable region among all others in the body of the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An index into the array that the dom.getEditbableRegionList() function returns. For more information, see "dom.getEditableRegionList()" on page 301.

#### Example

The following code shows a dialog box with the contents of the selected editable region:

```
var theDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var edRegs = theDOM.getEditableRegionList();
var selReg = theDOM.getSelectedEditableRegion();
alert(edRegs[selReg].innerHTML);
```

### dom.insertLibraryItem()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Inserts an instance of a library item into the document.

#### Arguments

libraryItemURL

• The libraryItemURL argument is the path to an LBI file, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.markSelectionAsEditable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Displays the New Editable Region dialog box. When the user clicks New Region, Dreamweaver marks the selection as editable and doesn't change any text.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

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See "dom.canMarkSelectionAsEditable()" on page 456.

### dom.newEditableRegion()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Displays the New Editable Region dialog box. When the user clicks New Region, Dreamweaver inserts the name of the region, surrounded by curly braces ({}), into the document at the insertion point location.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canMakeNewEditableRegion()" on page 456.

### dom.removeEditableRegion()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes an editable region from the document. If the editable region contains any content, the content is preserved; only the editable region markers are removed.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canRemoveEditableRegion()" on page 457.

## dom.updateCurrentPage()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Updates the document's library items, templates, or both. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

{typeOfUpdate}

• The optional typeOfUpdate argument must be "library", "template", or "both". If you omit the argument, the default is "both".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.updatePages()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Update Pages dialog box and selects the specified options.

#### Arguments

{typeOfUpdate}

• The optional typeOfUpdate argument must be "library", "template", or "both", if you specify it. If the argument is omitted, it defaults to "both".

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Snippets panel functions**

Using Dreamweaver, web developers can edit and save reusable blocks of code in the Snippets panel and retrieve them as needed.

The Snippets panel stores each code snippet in a CSN file within the Configuration/Snippets folder. Snippets that come with Dreamweaver are stored in the following folders:

- Accessible
- · Comments
- · Content\_tables
- · Filelist.txt
- Footers
- · Form\_elements
- Headers
- Javascript

- Meta
- · Navigation
- · Text

Snippet files are XML documents, so you can specify the encoding in the XML directive, as shown in the following example:

```
<?XML version="1.0" encoding="utf-8">
```

The following sample shows a snippet file:

```
<snippet name="Detect Flash" description="VBscript to check for Flash ActiveX control"</pre>
preview="code" factory="true" type="wrap" >
    <insertText location="beforeSelection">
       <![CDATA[ ----- code ----- ]]>
    </insertText>
    <insertText location="afterSelection">
       <![CDATA[ ----- code ----- ]]>
    </insertText>
</snippet>
```

Snippet tags in CSN files have the following attributes:

Attribute	Description
name	Name of snippet
description	Snippet description
preview	Type of preview: "code" to display the snippet in preview area or "design" to display the snippet rendered in HTML in the Preview area.
type	If the snippet is used to wrap a user selection, "wrap"; if the snippet should be inserted before the selection, "block".

You can use the following methods to add Snippets panel functions to your extensions.

## dreamweaver.snippetPalette.getCurrentSnippetPath()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Returns the path to the snippet that is currently selected in the Snippets panel.

#### Arguments

None.

The path, relative to the Snippets folder, to the snippet selected in the Snippets panel. Returns an empty string if no snippet is selected.

# dream we aver. snippet Palette.new Folder ()

See "dreamweaver.snippetpalette.canEditSnippet()" on page 477.

Availability Dreamweaver MX.
<b>Description</b> Creates a new folder with the default name <i>untitled</i> and puts a text box around the default name.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
dreamweaver.snippetPalette.newSnippet()
Availability Dreamweaver MX.
<b>Description</b> Opens the Add Snippet dialog box and gives it focus.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
dreamweaver.snippetPalette.editSnippet()
Availability Dreamweaver MX.
<b>Description</b> Opens the Edit Snippet dialog box and gives it focus, enabling editing for the selected element.
Arguments None.
Returns Nothing.
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### dreamweaver.snippetPalette.insert()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Applies the selected snippet from the Snippets panel to the current selection.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.snippetpalette.canInsert()" on page 478.

### dreamweaver.snippetPalette.insertSnippet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Inserts the indicated snippet into the current selection.

#### Arguments

path

• A string that specifies the path to the snippet relative to the Snippets folder.

#### Returns

A Boolean value.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.snippetpalette.canInsert()" on page 478.

#### Example

The following call to the dw.snippetPalette.insertSnippet() function inserts the code snippet at the location specified by the argument into the current document at the insertion point:

```
dw.snippetPalette.insertSnippet('Text\\Different_Link_Color.csn');
```

# dreamweaver.snippetPalette.rename()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

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Activates a text box around the selected folder name or file nickname and lets you edit the selected element.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.snippetPalette.remove()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Deletes the selected element or folder from the Snippets panel and deletes the file from the disk.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Spry widget editing functions**

Dreamweaver CS4 provides enhanced editing functions for Spry and other dynamic widgets.

### element.getTranslatedAttribute()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function is the same as the W3C getAttribute() function, but acts on translated attributes. The element.getTranslatedAttribute() function retrieves an attribute value by name.

#### **Arguments**

name

• The *name* argument is a DOMString that is the name of the attribute to retrieve.

#### Returns

Returns the name of the attribute as a DOMString. If the attribute does not have a specified or default value, this function returns an empty string.

### element.removeTranslatedAttribute()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function is the same as the W3C removeAttribute() function, but acts on translated attributes. The  $\verb|element.removeTrans|| at \verb|edAttribute|| () function removes an attribute by name. If the attribute has a default value, and the stribute of the stribute$ an attribute appears containing the default value and the corresponding namespace URI, local name, and prefix, if applicable.

#### Arguments

name

• The *name* argument is a DOMString that is the name of the attribute to remove.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### element.setTranslatedAttribute()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function is the same as the W3C setAttribute() function, but acts on translated attributes. The element.setTranslatedAttribute() function adds a new attribute with the value specified. If an attribute with the specified name already exists in the element, its value is changed to that specified in the value argument.

The value is a simple string; it is not parsed as it is being set. Therefore, any syntax included in the string is treated as simple text, and must be appropriately escaped by the implementation when it is written out.

To assign an attribute value that contains syntax intended to be recognized as an entity reference, you must create an Attr node plus any Text and EntityReference nodes, build the appropriate subtree, and use setAttributeNode to assign it as the value of an attribute.

#### Arguments

name, value

- The *name* argument is a DOMString that is the name of the attribute to create or change.
- The *value* argument is a DOMString that is the value to set for the attribute.

#### Returns

### element.translatedClassName

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function is the same as the element . ClassName () function, but acts on the translated className attribute.

### element.translatedStyle

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function is the same as the element.style() function, but acts on the translated style attribute.

#### Example

```
var div1 = dom.getElementById("div1");
div1.translatedStyle.display = "none";
```

# **Inserting Spry widgets functions**

Dreamweaver provides the following functions to facilitate inserting Spry widgets.

### dom.addJavaScript()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

This function tells Dreamweaver to insert a JavaScript block either in the head or in the body. If the location is inside the body, the JavaScript block is inserted immediately before the </body> tag. If the document already has a JavaScript block there, Dreamweaver does not insert a new <script> tag, but appends "code" to the content of the <script>.

#### Arguments

code, insideHead

- The code argument is a string containing the JavaScript code to be inserted into the page
- The insideHead argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to insert the JavaScript block in the head or in the body. The default is true, which inserts the code in the head. If false, the code is inserted in the body immediately before the </body> tag. This argument is optional.

#### Returns

```
function objectTag()
   var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
   var id = dwscripts.getUniqueId("accordion");
   var code = "new Accordion('" + id + "',250,{duration:200,step:20})";
   dom.addJavaScript(code, false);
   return retVal;
}
```

### dom.copyAssets()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

An extension author can use this API to copy external dependent files to the site of the user. The author can also add the necessary file references into the head of the page.

#### Arguments

assetArray

An array of JavaScript objects. Each JavaScript object has srcuRL, destURL, referenceType, useDefaultFolder, and documentRelativefields.

- The srcurL argument is a path to the asset, expressed as a file://URL.
- The destURL argument is a relative path specifying the location to copy the asset to. What destURL is relative to depends on the value of useDefaultFolder. If useDefaultFolder is true, the path is relative to the default Asset folder. If useDefaultFolder is false, the path is relative to the site root. If the site is not defined, the path is relative to the document. See the useDefaultFolder description.
- The referenceType argument is necessary for the extension author to insert a file reference into the head. The valid values for referenceType are as follows:
  - link to insert a LINK tag for an external CSS file
  - import to insert a STYLE tag with @import
  - javascript to insert a SCRIPT tag with type=text/javascript
  - vbscript to insert a SCRIPT tag with type=text/vbscript
  - "" not to insert a reference in the head
- The useDefaultFolder argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether the path specified in destURLis relative to the default Assets folder. When the value is false, meaning that this property is not set, desturL is assumed to be relative to the site root. If the site is not defined, destURL is assumed to be relative to the document. The default value of this argument is false.
- The documentRelative argument is a Boolean value. The default value is false. When this parameter is false, the assets are copied to the folder specified in desturl relative to the site root, when the file is saved in a site. If the value is true, then the assets are copied to the path specified in desturl relative to the document.

#### Returns

An array of strings that are expressed as file://URLs. Each string represents a file that was included in the head of the document through a script or a link tag.

#### Example

```
function objectTag()
   var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
   var assetList = new Array();
   var assetInfo = new AssetInfo("Objects/Ajax/Accordion.css",
                                "Objects/Ajax/Accordion.css",
                                "Accordion.css", "link");
   assetList.push(assetInfo);
   assetInfo = new AssetInfo("Objects/Ajax/Accordion.js", "Accordion.js",
                            "javascript");
   assetList.push(assetInfo);
   assetInfo = new AssetInfo("Objects/Ajax/Images", "Images", "");
   assetList.push(assetInfo);
   dom.copyAssets(assetList);
   return retVal;
```

### dom.getDefaultAssetFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Gets the default asset folder of the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that is the default asset folder name.

#### Example

```
function objectTag()
var defaultAssetFolder = dom.getDefaultAssetFolder();
return retVal;
```

# **Browser compatibility check functions**

The following functions facilitate locating combinations of HTML and CSS that can trigger browser rendering bugs (for more information, refer to "The Browser Compatibility Check Issues API" chapter in Extending Dreamweaver), but they can also be used in other types of extensions (such as Commands).

**Note:** The values that these functions return represent the styles currently in effect in Design view. When the functions are used in Issue files as part of a browser compatibility check, Dreamweaver automatically filters the styles based on how the target browsers would read them (for example, styles defined using Star HTML are taken into account if the target browser is Internet Explorer 6 or earlier), but this filtering is not done when you use the functions outside the scope of a browser compatibility check.

### elem.getComputedStyleProp()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Gets the value of the specified CSS property that is used to render the specified element, regardless of where the property is specified in the cascade. Lengths are reported in pixels (although, unlike the browsers, "px" is not specified with the value).

#### Arguments

propName, pseudoElt

- The propName argument is the name of a CSS property (use intercaps in place of hyphens; for example, "fontsize" would become "fontSize").
- The *pseudoElt* argument is the CSS pseudoelement, or null if there is none.

#### Returns

A string containing the computed value for the property.

Note: Numerical values are also returned as strings; to use these values in calculations, convert them to numbers with parseInt() or parseFloat().

#### Example

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var myDiv = dom.getElementsByTagName('myDiv');
var float = myDiv.getComputedStyleProp("float");
if (float == "left")
   alert("This div is floated left.");
```

### window.getDeclaredStyle()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Gets the CSS styles that are declared for the specified element. Differs from the getComputedStyle() function in that styles that are not specifically declared are undefined, and it gives actual length values as declared in the style sheet (e.g., 20%, .8em) rather than computed pixel values. If bGetInherited is false (default case), getDeclaredStyle() also gets only the styles that directly apply to the element; it does not include styles that are inherited from a parent.

#### Arguments

elt, pseudoElt, psuedoClassList, bGetInherited

- elt a node in the document whose style information is desired
- pseudoElt the CSS pseudoelement, or null if there is none
- psuedoClassList an optional string consisting of a space-separated list of pseudoclasses
- bGetInherited an optional Boolean value indicating whether to include styles inherited from ancestors (defaults to false).

#### Returns

A read-only object containing style properties that can be accessed by name.

#### Example

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var myDiv = dom.getElementById('myDiv');
var props = window.getDeclaredStyle(myDiv);
var marleft = "";
var units = "";
if (typeof(props.marginLeft) != "undefined") {
   marleft = props.marginLeft;
   units = marleft.replace(/\d+/,""); // remove digits, leaving units
    alert(units); // should show %, px, pt, em, etc.
else
alert("no margin-left property has been set for myDiv.");
```

### dom.getMinDisplayWidth()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Gets the minimum width required for a block-level container to display its entire contents.

**Note:** The actual width of the container could be smaller if a value less than the value that the dom.minDisplayWidth() function returns is specified by using CSS.

#### Arguments

container

• container is the containing element for which a minimum width is required.

#### Returns

An integer representing the minimum display width of the specified container, in pixels, or -1 if the element is not a container or its minimum width cannot be determined

#### Example

```
var dom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var myDiv = dom.getElementById('myDiv');
var props = window.getComputedStyle(myDiv);
var minW = dom.getMinDisplayWidth(myDiv);
var setW = props.width;
if (minW > setW)
alert("Depending on the browser, your content will either be n" +
        "clipped, or the container will expand beyond its set width.");
```

### dom.getBlockElements() elem.getBlockElements()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Scans the document (or element) for descendants with an inherent or specified display value of 'block'.

#### Arguments

None

#### Returns

An array of element nodes.

```
[...]
var blocks = DOM.getBlockElements();
var dProps = null, children = null;
for (var i=0; i < blocks.length; i++) {
    // get the declared styles so we can see whether width
    // or height have been specified explicitly
    dProps = window.getDeclaredStyle(blocks[i]);
    // if the block has children, border-left, and padding-bottom
    // but no width or height
    if (blocks[i].hasChildNodes() && |
        issueUtils.hasBorder(blocks[i],null,"left") &&
        (parseFloat(blocks[i].getComputedStyleProp("padding-bottom")) > 0) &&
        typeof(dProps.width) == "undefined" && typeof(dProps.height) == "undefined") {
        children = blocks[i].getBlockElements();
        var hasLayout = false;
        // loop through the block-level children to see if
        // any have width or height defined. width or height on any
        // of the children of the outer block will prevent the bug.
        for (var j=0; j < children.length; j++) {</pre>
            dProps = window.getDeclaredStyle(children[j]);
            if (typeof(dProps.width) != "undefined" || typeof(dProps.height) !=
            hasLayout = true;
                break:
    [...]
[...]
```

### dom.getInlineElements() elem.getInlineElements()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Scans the document (or element) for descendents with an inherent or specified display value of 'inline'.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of element nodes.

```
[...]
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var inEls = DOM.body.getInlineElements();
var next = null, prev = null, parent = null;
var props = null;
// look through all inline elements for replaced elements.
// if no replaced elements are found, don't bother going forward.
for (var i=0; i < inEls.length; i++) {
    if (inEls[i].tagName == 'IMG' | |
        inEls[i].tagName == 'INPUT' ||
        inEls[i].tagName == 'TEXTAREA' | |
        inEls[i].tagName == 'SELECT' | |
        inEls[i].tagName == 'OBJECT'){
        // do something
    }
}
[...]
```

### dom.getHeaderElements() elem.getHeaderElements()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Scans the document (or element) for header tags (H1 to H6).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of element nodes.

#### Example

```
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var headers = DOM.getHeaderElements();
for (var i=0; i < headers.length; i++) {</pre>
    alert(headers[i].tagName);
```

### dom.getListElements() elem.getListElements()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Scans the document (or element) for ordered, unordered, and definition lists.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of element nodes.

#### Example

```
[...]
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
// get all the UL, OL, and DL elements in the document.
var lists = DOM.getListElements();
var props = null;
for (var i=0; i < lists.length; i++) {</pre>
   props = window.getDeclaredStyle(lists[i]);
    if ((props.cssFloat == "left" || props.cssFloat == "right") && props.overflow == "auto"){
        // do something
}
[...]
```

### elem.isBlockElement()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

#### Description

Checks whether the element has an inherent or specified display value of 'block'.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the object is a block-level element.

#### Example

```
[...]
   var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
   var blocks = DOM.body.getBlockElements();
   var next = null;
   for (var i=0; i < blocks.length; i++) {</pre>
       // next is the node right after blocks[i]
       next = blocks[i].nextSibling;
       // if next isn't null AND next is an element node AND next is a block element,
       // we've met the "second of two consecutive block elements" test.
       if (next && (next.nodeType == 1) && next.isBlockElement()){
       // do something
[...]
```

## elem.isInlineElement()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Checks whether the element has an inherent or specified display value of 'inline'.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the object is an inline element.

### Example

```
[...]
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var floats = issueUtils.getFloats(DOM.body);
var next = null;
for (var i=0; i < floats.length; i++) {</pre>
    next = floats[i].nextSibling;
    // if nextSibling of float is a text node or an inline element
   if (next && (next.nodeType == Node.TEXT NODE | |
        (next.nodeType == Node.ELEMENT NODE && next.isInlineElement()))){
    // do something
[...]
```

### elem.isHeaderElement()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Checks whether the element is one of the following tags: h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the object is a header element.

### Example

```
[...]
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var floats = issueUtils.getFloats(DOM.body);
var prev = null;
// first float in the document isn't affected, so start
// at 1.
for (var i=1; i < floats.length; i++) {</pre>
    prev = floats[i].previousSibling;
    // if the element before the float is a header
   if (prev && prev.isHeaderElement()){
    // do something
    }
[...]
```

# elem.isListElement()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Checks whether the element is one of the following tags: ul, ol, dl.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value indicating whether the object is a list element.

### Example

```
[...]
var DOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var floats = issueUtils.getFloats(DOM.body);
var prev = null, children = null;
for (var i=0; i < floats.length; i++) {</pre>
    children = floats[i].childNodes;
    for (var k=0; k < children.length; <math>k++) {
        if (children[k].isListElement()){
        // do something
[...]
```

# **Chapter 16: Dynamic documents**

The dynamic documents functions in Adobe® Dreamweaver® perform operations that are related to web server pages. The operations include the following:

- Returning a property for the selected node in the Components panel
- Getting a list of all data sources in the user document
- Displaying dynamic content in Design view
- Applying a server behavior to a document
- · Getting the names of all currently defined server models

# **Server components functions**

Server components functions let you access the currently selected node of the Server Components tree control that appears in the Components panel. Using these functions, you can also refresh the view of the Components tree.

## dreamweaver.serverComponents.getSelectedNode()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Returns the currently selected ComponentRec property in the Server Components tree control.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

The ComponentRec property.

# dreamweaver.serverComponents.refresh()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Refreshes the view of the Components tree.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# **Data source functions**

Data source files are stored in the Configuration/DataSources folder. Each server model has its own folder: ASP.Net/C#, ASP.Net/VisualBasic, ASP/JavaScript, ASP/VBScript, ColdFusion, JSP, and PHP/MySQL. Each server model subfolder contains HTML and EDML files that are associated with the data sources for that server model.

For more information about using data sources in Dreamweaver, see "Data Sources" in Extending Dreamweaver.

### dreamweaver.dbi.getDataSources

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

Calls the findDynamicSources () function for each file in the Configuration/DataSources folder. You can use this function to generate a list of all the data sources in the user's document. This function iterates through all the files in the Configuration/DataSources folder, calls the findDynamicSources () function in each file, concatenates all the returned arrays, and returns the concatenated array of data sources.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array that contains a concatenated list of all the data sources in the user's document. Each element in the array is an object, and each object has the following properties:

- The title property is the label string that appears to the right of the icon for each parent node. The title property is always defined.
- The imageFile property is the path of a file that contains the icon (a GIF image) that represents the parent node in Dynamic Data or the Dynamic Text dialog box or in the Bindings panel. The imageFile property is always defined.
- The allowDelete property is optional. If this property is set to a value of false, when the user clicks on this node in the Bindings panel, the Minus (-) button is disabled. If it is set to a value of true, the Minus (-) button is enabled. If the property is not defined, the Minus (-) button is enabled when the user clicks on the item (as if the property is set to a value of true).
- The dataSource property is the simple name of the file in which the findDynamicSources () function is defined. For example, the findDynamicSources () function in the Session.htm file, which is located in the Configuration/DataSources/ASP\_Is folder, sets the dataSource property to session. htm. This property is always defined.
- The name property is the name of the server behavior associated with the data source, dataSource, if one exists. The name property is always defined but can be an empty string ("") if no server behavior is associated with the data source (such as a session variable).

### dw.dbi.setExpanded()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Sets the node to be expanded or collapsed.

### Arguments

data-source-node-name, expanded

- data-source-node-name is a string indicating the name of the data source to be expanded or collapsed.
- expanded is a Boolean value indicating whether to expand or collapse the data set node.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

dw.dbi.setExpanded(dsName, true); //expand the data source node

# **Extension Data Manager functions**

The APIs in this section comprise the Extension Data Manager (EDM). You can programmatically access and manipulate the data that is contained in the group and participant files by calling these functions. The EDM performs in the following manner:

- The EDM performs all EDML file input/output for group and participant files.
- The EDM acts as a server model filter by performing all data requests for the current server model.

# dreamweaver.getExtDataValue()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function retrieves the field values from an EDML file for the specified nodes.

### Arguments

qualifier(s)

• The qualifier(s) argument is a variable-length list (depending on the level of information you need) of commaseparated node qualifiers that includes group or participant name, subblock (if any), and field name.

### Returns

Dreamweaver expects a field value. If a value is not specified, Dreamweaver uses the default value.

### Example

The following example retrieves the location attribute value for the insertText tag of the recordset\_main participant:

```
dw.getExtDataValue("recordset_main", "insertText", "location");
```

# dreamweaver.getExtDataArray()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function retrieves an array of values from an EDML file for the specified nodes.

### **Arguments**

qualifier(s)

• The qualifier(s) argument is a variable-length list of comma-separated node qualifiers, including group or participant name, subblock (if any), and field name.

#### Returns

Dreamweaver expects an array of child-node names.

# dreamweaver.getExtParticipants()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

This function retrieves the list of participants from an EDML group file or participant files.

#### **Arguments**

value, qualifier(s)

- The value argument is a property value, or it is blank and is ignored. For example dreamweaver.getExtParticipants("", "participant");
- The *qualifier(s)* argument is a variable-length list of comma-separated node qualifiers of the required property.

### Returns

Dreamweaver expects an array of participant names that have the specified property, if it is given, and the property matches the specified value, if it is given.

# dreamweaver.getExtGroups()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

Retrieves the name of the group, which is the equivalent to the server behavior's name, from an EDML group file.

### Arguments

value, qualifier(s)

- The *value* argument is a property value or is blank to ignore.
- The qualifier(s) argument is a variable length list of comma-separated node qualifiers of the required property.

### Returns

Dreamweaver expects an array of group names that have the specified property, if it is given, and the property matches the specified value, if it is given.

### dreamweaver.refreshExtData()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

Reloads all extension data files.

You can make a useful command from this function, letting edits to server-behavior EDML files be reloaded without 🖣 restarting Dreamweaver.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Dreamweaver expects reloaded data.

# Live data functions

You can use the following live data functions to mimic menu functionality:

- The showLiveDataDialog() function is used for the View > Live Data Settings menu item.
- The setLiveDataMode() function is used for the View > Live Data and View > Refresh Live Data menu items.
- The getLiveDataMode() function determines whether Live Data mode is active.

You can use the remaining live data functions when you implement the translator API liveDataTranslateMarkup() function.

# dreamweaver.getLiveDataInitTags()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Returns the initialization tags for the currently active document. The initialization tags are the HTML tags that the user supplies in the Live Data Settings dialog box. This function is typically called from a translator's liveDataTranslateMarkup() function, so that the translator can pass the tags to the liveDataTranslate() function.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that contains the initialization tags.

### dreamweaver.getLiveDataMode()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Determines whether the Live Data window is currently visible.

### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Live Data window is visible; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.getLiveDataParameters ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Obtains the URL parameters that are specified as Live Data settings.

Live Data mode lets you view a web page in the design stage (as if it has been translated by the application server and returned). Generating dynamic content to display in Design view lets you view your page layout with live data and adjust it, if necessary.

Before you view live data, you must enter Live Data settings for any URL parameters that you reference in your document. This prevents the web server from returning errors for parameters that are otherwise undefined in the simulation.

You enter the URL parameters in name-value pairs. For example, if you reference the URL variables ID and Name in server scripts in your document, you must set these URL parameters before you view live data.

You can enter Live Data settings through Dreamweaver in the following ways:

• Through the Live Data Settings dialog box, which you can activate from the View menu.

• In the URL text field that appears at the top of the document when you click the Live Data View button on the toolbar.

For the ID and Name parameters, you can enter the following pairs:

```
ID
              22
Name
              Samuel
```

In the URL, these parameters would appear as shown in the following example:

```
http://someURL?ID=22&Name=Samuel
```

This function lets you obtain these live data settings through JavaScript.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array that contains the URL parameters for the current document. The array contains an even number of parameter strings. Each two elements form a URL parameter name-value pair. The even element is the parameter name and the odd element is the value. For example, getLiveDataParameters() returns the following array for the ID and Name parameters in the preceding example: ['ID, '22', 'Name', 'Samuel'].

### Example

The following example returns the parameters that are specified as Live Data settings and stores them in the paramsArray:

```
var paramsArray = dreamweaver.getLiveDataParameters();
```

# dream we aver. live Data Translate ()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Sends an entire HTML document to an application server, asks the server to execute the scripts in the document, and returns the resulting HTML document. This function can be called only from a translator's liveDataTranslateMarkup() function; if you try to call it at another time, an error occurs. The dreamweaver.liveDataTranslate() function performs the following operations:

- Makes the animated image (that appears near the right edge of the Live Data window) play.
- Listens for user input. If the Stop icon is clicked, the function returns immediately.
- · Accepts a single string argument from the caller. (This string is typically the entire source code of the user's document. It is the same string that is used in the next operation.)
- Saves the HTML string from the user's document as a temporary file on the live data server.
- Sends an HTTP request to the live-data server, using the parameters specified in the Live Data Settings dialog box.
- Receives the HTML response from the live data server.
- Removes the temporary file from the live data server.
- · Makes the animated image stop playing.

• Returns the HTML response to the caller.

### Arguments

string

• A single string, which typically is the entire source code of the user's current document.

#### Returns

An httpReply object. This object is the same as the value that the MMHttp.getText() function returns. If the user clicks the Stop icon, the return value's httpReply.statusCode value is equal to 200 (Status OK) and its httpReply.data value is equal to the empty string. For more information on the httpReply object, see "The HTTP API" on page 15.

## dreamweaver.setLiveDataError()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

 $Specifies \ the \ error \ message \ that \ appears \ if \ an \ error \ occurs \ while \ the \ {\tt liveDataTranslateMarkup} \ () \ function \ executes$ in a translator. If the document that Dreamweaver passed to liveDataTranslate() contains errors, the server passes back an error message that is formatted using HTML. If the translator (the code that called liveDataTranslate()) determines that the server returned an error message, it calls setLiveDataError() to display the error message in Dreamweaver. This message appears after the liveDataTranslateMarkup() function finishes executing; Dreamweaver displays the description in an error dialog box. The setLiveDataError() function should be called only from the liveDataTranslateMarkup() function.

### **Arguments**

source

• The source argument is a string that contains source code, which is parsed and rendered in the error dialog box.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.setLiveDataMode()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Toggles the visibility of the Live Data window.

### Arguments

bIsVisible

• The bIsVisible argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether the Live Data window should be visible. If you pass true to this function and Dreamweaver currently displays the Live Data window, the effect is the same as if you clicked the Refresh button.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.setLiveDataParameters()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Sets the URL parameters that you reference in your document for use in Live Data mode.

Live Data mode lets you view a web page in the design stage (as if it has been translated by the application server and returned). Generating dynamic content to display in Design view lets you view your page layout with live data and adjust it, if necessary.

Before you view live data, you must enter Live Data settings for any URL parameters that you reference in your document. This prevents the web server from returning errors for parameters that are otherwise undefined in the simulation.

You enter the URL parameters in name-value pairs. For example, if you reference the URL variables ID and Name in server scripts in your document, you must set these URL parameters before you view live data.

This function lets you set Live Data values through JavaScript.

### Arguments

liveDataString

The liveDataString argument is a string that contains the URL parameters that you want to set, in name-value pairs.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

dreamweaver.setLiveDataParameters("ID=22&Name=Samuel")

# dreamweaver.showLiveDataDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Displays the Live Data Settings dialog box.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Live view functions

Live view functions are used for the following purposes:

- Getting and setting the Design view mode
- · Getting and setting the Live view mode using the server
- · Getting Live view defaults
- Getting and setting Live view dependents
- · Viewing the Live view parameters

# dom.getDesignViewMode()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function gets the view or mode of the Design view. The Design view can be in Classic Editable Design view or Live view.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string value. Returns live if the mode of the Design view is Live view. Returns editable if the mode of the Design view is Classic Editable Design view.

# dom.setDesignViewMode()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function turns on the mode of the Design view. For example, the function turns on Live view.

### Arguments

mode

• The mode argument is a string that takes the value live or editable.

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None.

# dom.getLiveViewUsingServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function lets you know whether the current page is previewed using a server.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current page must be previewed using a server; false otherwise.

# dom.setLiveViewUsingServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function enables you to specify whether a page can be previewed using a server.

### Arguments

bool

• The bool argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether a page can be previewed using a server. If you pass true to this function, the page can be previewed using a server.

### Returns

None.

# dom.getLiveViewDefaultsToUsingServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to determine whether the default action is to preview using a server.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value. If the default action is to preview a page using a server, the Boolean value is true; false otherwise.

### dom.getLiveViewDependentsUsingServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to determine whether dependent CSS and JavaScript files are requested from the server.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value. If the dependent CSS and JavaScript files are requested from the server, the Boolean value is true; false otherwise.

# dom.setLiveViewDependentsUsingServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to specify whether dependent CSS and JavaScript files must be requested from the server.

### Arguments

bool

· A Boolean value that indicates whether the dependent CSS and JavaScript files are requested from the server. If you pass true to this function, the files are requested from the server.

### Returns

None.

# dom.showLiveViewParamatersDialog()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to view the live preview parameters dialog.

### Arguments

None

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None.

# dom.browser.getSelection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to get the current selection from the browser in Live view.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Returns an array with two offsets for the start and end positions of the selection in the source code.

# dom.browser.getStatusText()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to get the current status text for the browser. It is usually an empty string or the string "loading file ...".

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Returns text that is displayed in the status area of the chrome of a browser.

# dom.browser.getWindow()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function is used to get the window object for the browser control. You can access the browser document object model from the window object.

### Arguments

None.

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Returns an object.

### browserEle.loadHTML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This function loads an HTML string directly into the browser control. This function is useful if you have HTML strings ready to go. The HTML strings must not be associated with a document.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

None.

# dom.browser.interactivityPaused

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This property enables you to know whether interactivity is enabled.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if interactivity is enabled; false otherwise.

# dom.browser.javaScriptEnabled

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS4.

### Description

This property enables you to know whether JavaScript is enabled. This property works like dom.interactivityPaused(), but only for JavaScripts.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if JavaScript is enabled; false otherwise.

### <mm:browsercontrol>

You can use this tag in extensible dialogs to display a browser in the dialog. This tag does not have special attributes. You can control the size of the browser window using CSS styling. The DOM object returned by the tag is the same type of object as dom.browser, but it is not the same instance. The dom.browser function does not work in commands, you must get the browser object in the DOM. An example of the tag is:

```
<mm:browsercontol id="myBrowser" style="width: 500px; height:300px;" />
```

At the head of the document, you must have a script that looks like the following:

```
var browserEle = document.getElementById("myBrowser");
alert(browserEle.getWindow().document.documentElement.outerHTML);
```

The browser control also broadcasts two special events:

**BrowserControlLoad** This event is called immediately after the browser has called its load event so that you can attach your own elements to the loaded browser DOM.

BrowserControlBeforeNavigation This event is called when the browser is about to go to a new page. If the event is canceled, the navigation request is also canceled and the browser control remains on its current page. The event context also contains the requested URL.

The following example illustrates the functionality of these events:

```
var browserEle = document.getElementById("myBrowser");
browserEle.addEventListener("BrowserControlBeforeNavigation",
    function(e) { if (e.requestedLocation = "foo.com")
                 e.preventDefault(); //don't allow navigation to this site!}, true);
```

# Server behavior functions

Server behavior functions let you manipulate the Server Behaviors panel, which you can display by selecting Window > Server Behaviors. Using these functions, you can find all the server behaviors on a page and programmatically apply a new behavior to the document or modify an existing behavior.

**Note:** You can abbreviate dw.serverBehaviorInspector to dw.sbi.

# dreamweaver.getParticipants()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 4.

### Description

The JavaScript function, dreamweaver.getParticipants(), gets a list of participants from the user's document. After Dreamweaver finds all the behavior's participants, it stores those lists. Typically, you use this function with the findServerBehaviors () function (for more information, see "Server Behaviors" in Extending Dreamweaver) to locate instances of a behavior in the user's document.

### **Arguments**

edmlFilename

• The edmlFilename argument is the name of the group or participant file that contains the names of the participants to locate in the user's document. This string is the filename, without the .edml extension.

#### Returns

This function returns an array that contains all instances of the specified participant (or, in the case of a group file, any instance of any participant in the group) that appear in the user's document. The array contains JavaScript objects, with one element in the array for each instance of each participant that is found in the user's document. The array is sorted in the order that the participants appear in the document. Each JavaScript object has the following properties:

- The participantNode property is a pointer to the participant node in the user's document.
- The *participantName* property is the name of the participant's EDML file (without the .edml extension).
- The parameters property is a JavaScript object that stores all the parameter/value pairs.
- The matchRangeMin property defines the character offset from the participant node of the document to the beginning of the participant content.
- The matchRangeMax property is an integer of the participant that defines the offset from the beginning of the participant node to the last character of the participant content.

### dreamweaver.serverBehaviorInspector.getServer Behaviors()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Gets a list of all the behaviors on the page. When Dreamweaver determines that the internal list of server behaviors might be out of date, it calls the findServerBehaviors () function for each currently installed behavior. Each function returns an array. Dreamweaver merges all the arrays into a single array and sorts it, based on the order in which each behavior's selectedNode object appears in the document. Dreamweaver stores the merged array internally. The getServerBehaviors() function returns a pointer to that merged array.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of JavaScript objects. The findServerBehaviors () call returns the objects in the array. The objects are sorted in the order that they appear in the Server Behaviors panel.

# dreamweaver.popupServerBehavior()

### Availability

Dreamweaver UltraDev 1.

### Description

Applies a new server behavior to the document or modifies an existing behavior. If the user must specify parameters for the behavior, a dialog box appears.

### Arguments

{behaviorName} or {behaviorObject}

- The behaviorName argument, which is optional, is a string that represents the behavior's name, the title tag of a file, or a filename.
- The *behaviorObject* argument, which is optional, is a behavior object.

If you omit the argument, Dreamweaver runs the currently selected server behavior. If the argument is the name of a server behavior, Dreamweaver adds the behavior to the page. If the argument is one of the objects in the array that the getServerBehaviors () function returns, a dialog box appears so the user can modify the parameters for the behavior.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Server model functions

In Dreamweaver, each document has an associated document type. For dynamic document types, Dreamweaver also associates a server model (such as ASP-JS, ColdFusion, or PHP-MySQL).

Server models are used to group functionality that is specific to a server technology. Different server behaviors, data sources, and so forth, appear based on the server model that is associated with the document.

Using the server model functions, you can determine the set of server models that are currently defined; the name, language, and version of the current server model; and whether the current server model supports a named character set (such as UTF-8).

**Note:** Dreamweaver reads all the information in the server model HTML file and stores this information when it first loads the server model. So, when an extension calls functions such as dom.serverModel.getServerName(), dom.serverModel.getServerLanguage(), and dom.serverModel.getServerVersion(), these functions return the stored values.

# dom.serverModel.getAppURLPrefix()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Returns the URL for the site's root folder on the testing server. This URL is the same as that specified for the Testing Server on the Advanced tab in the Site Definition dialog box.

When Dreamweaver communicates with your testing server, it uses HTTP (the same way as a browser). When doing so, it uses this URL to access your site's root folder.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string, which holds the URL to the application server that is used for live data and debugging purposes.

### Example

If the user creates a site and specifies that the testing server is on the local computer and that the root folder is named "employeeapp", a call to the dom.serverModel.getAppURLPrefix() function returns the following string: http://localhost/employeeapp/

## dom.serverModel.getDelimiters()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Lets JavaScript code get the script delimiter for each server model, so managing the server model code can be separated from managing the user-scripted code.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array of objects where each object contains the following three properties:

- The *startPattern* property is a regular expression that matches the opening script delimiter.
- The *endPattern* property is a regular expression that matches the closing script delimiter.
- The participateInMerge pattern is a Boolean value that specifies whether the content that is enclosed in the listed delimiters should (true) or should not (false) participate in block merging.

# dom.serverModel.getDisplayName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the name of the server model that appears in the user interface (UI).

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string, the value of which is the name of the server model.

# dom.serverModel.getFolderName()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the name of the folder that is used for this server model in the Configuration folder (such as in the ServerModels subfolder).

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string, the value of which is the name of the folder.

# dom.serverModel.getServerIncludeUrlPatterns()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Returns the following list of properties, which let you access:

- Translator URL patterns
- File references
- Type

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A list of objects, one for each searchPattern. Each object has the following three properties:

Property	Description
pattern	A JavaScript regular expression that is specified in the searchPattern field of an EDML file. (A regular expression is delimited by a pair of forward slashes (//).)
fileRef	The 1-based index of the regular expression submatch that corresponds to the included file reference.
type	The portion of the paramName value that remains after removing the _includeUrl suffix. This type is assigned to the type attribute of the <mm: beginlock=""> tag. For an example, see Server Model SSI.htm in the Configuration/Translators folder.</mm:>

### Example

The following code snippet from a participant file shows a translator searchPatterns tag:

```
<searchPatterns whereToSearch="comment">
    <searchPattern paramNames=",ssi_comment_includeUrl">
        <!![CDATA[/<!--\s*#include\s+(file|virtual)\s*=\s*"([^"]*)"\s*-->/i]]>
    </searchPattern>
</searchPatterns>
```

The search pattern contains a JavaScript regular expression that specifies two submatches (both of which are contained within parentheses). The first submatch is for the text string file or virtual. The second submatch is a file reference.

To access the translator URL pattern, your code should look like the following example:

```
var serverModel = dw.getDocumentDOM().serverModel;
var includeArray = new Array();
includeArray = serverModel.getServerIncludeUrlPatterns();
```

The call to serverModel.getServerIncludeUrlPatterns() returns the following three properties:

Property	Return value
pattern	/ \s*#include\s+(file virtual)\s*=\s*"([^"]*)"\s* /i
fileRef	2
type	ssi_comment

### dom.serverModel.getServerInfo()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Returns information that is specific to the current server model. This information is defined in the HTML definition file for the server model, which is located in the Configuration/ServerModels folder.

You can modify the information in the HTML definition file or place additional variable values or functions in the file. For example, you can modify the serverName, serverLanguage, and serverVersion properties. The dom.serverModel.getServerInfo() function returns the information that the server model author adds to the definition file.

**Note:** The other values that are defined in the default server model files are for internal use only.

The serverName, serverLanguage, and serverVersion properties are special because the developer can access them directly by using the following corresponding functions:

- dom.serverModel.getServerName()
- dom.serverModel.getServerLanguage()
- dom.serverModel.getServerVersion()

### Arguments

None.

A JavaScript object that contains a variety of information that is specific to the current server model.

### dom.serverModel.getServerName()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 1; enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Retrieves the server name that is associated with the document and returns that value. The server name differentiates between server technologies (such as ASP.NET and JSP), but does not differentiate between languages on the same server technology (such as ASP.NET VB and ASP.NET C#). Possible values include ASP, ASP.NET, Cold Fusion, JSP, and PHP.

To retrieve the server model name associated with the document, see "dom.serverModel.getDisplayName()" on page 339 or "dom.serverModel.getFolderName()" on page 340.

Note: For Dreamweaver MX, or later, dom.serverModel.getServerName() reads the serverName property of the object that is returned by a call to the getServerInfo() function in the Server Models API.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the server name.

# dom.serverModel.getServerSupportsCharset()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Determines whether the server model that is associated with the document supports the named character set.

**Note:** In addition to letting you call this function from the JavaScript layer, Dreamweaver calls this function when the user changes the encoding in the Page Properties dialog box. If the server model does not support the new character encoding, this function returns false and Dreamweaver pops up a warning dialog box that asks if the user wants to do the conversion. An example of this situation is when a user attempts to convert a ColdFusion 4.5 document to UTF-8 because ColdFusion does not support UTF-8 encoding.

### Arguments

metaCharSetString

• The metaCharSetString argument is a string value that names a particular character set. This value is the same as that of the "charset=" attribute of a meta tag that is associated with a document. Supported values for a given server model are defined in the HTML definition file for the server model, which is located in the Configuration/ServerModels folder.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the server model supports the named character set; false otherwise.

# dom.serverModel.getServerVersion()

### Availability

UltraDev 1; enhanced in Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Determines the server model that is associated with the document and returns that value. Each server model has a qetVersionArray() function, as defined in the Server Models API, which returns a table of name-version pairs.

Note: For Dreamweaver, dom.serverModel.getServerVersion() first reads the serverVersion property of the object that is returned by a call to getServerInfo() in the Server Models API. If that property does not exist, dom.serverModel.getServerVersion() reads it from the getVersionArray() function.

### Arguments

name

• The *name* argument is a string that represents the name of a server model.

### Returns

A string that contains the version of the named server model.

### dom.serverModel.testAppServer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Tests whether a connection to the application server can be made.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the request to connect to the application server was successful.

# dreamweaver.getServerModels()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the names for all the currently defined server models. The set of names is the same as the ones that appear in the Server Model text field in the Site Definition dialog box.

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# Arguments

None.

### Returns

An array of strings. Each string element holds the name of a currently defined server model.

# **Chapter 17: Design**

The Design functions in Adobe® Dreamweaver® perform operations related to designing the appearance of a document. The operations include functions that enable you to perform the following:

- Apply a specified cascading style sheet (CSS) style
- Split a selected frame vertically, or horizontally
- · Align selected layers or hotspots
- Play a selected plug-in item
- · Create a layout cell
- · Manipulate table rows or column

# **CSS layout functions**

CSS functions handle applying, removing, creating, and deleting CSS styles. Methods of the dreamweaver.cssRuleTracker object either control or act on the selection in the CSS rule tracker panel of the Selection inspector. Methods of the dreamweaver.cssStylePalette object either control or act on the selection in the Styles panel, not in the current document.

# dom.applyLayout()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Applies a CSS-based layout to the document. The document body must be empty, and the document must be a page where you can apply a layout. That is:

- A page that is HTML based, such as HTML, XHTML, ColdFusion, PHP, and so on, (but *not* CSS, XML, JavaScript, and so on).
- A page that is *not* a frameset or a template instance (although a template itself is fine).

### Arguments

layout-index, CSS, cssFileName, preventOverwrite

- layout-index is an integer, zero-based index that specifies the layout to use. This is an index to the list of layouts,
  which is used to return the layoutNames and layoutDescriptions in the corresponding functions.
- CSS specifies where to put the CSS layout. Possible values are:
  - "embed" embed the CSS in the document head.
  - "link" link to cssFileName.
  - "create\_and\_link" write CSS in cssFileName and link to that.
  - "import"-import cssFileName.

- "create and import" write CSS in cssFileName and import.
- cssFileName is the name of the CSS file to link or import and create, if appropriate.
- preventOverwrite is a Boolean value, where: true: when creating a new CSS file, fail if the file already exists false: overwrite the file if it already exists

### Returns

A Boolean value: true: layout is successfully applied; false: otherwise.

### Example

```
dw.getLayoutNames();
var theDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
alert (theDOM.canApplyLayout());
if (theDOM.canApplyLayout())
   theDOM.applyLayout(1, "embed");
else
   alert("can't apply layout to this doc");
```

### dom.canApplyLayout()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Checks whether a CSS-based layout can be applied to the document. It checks that the document body is empty, and that it is a page where you can apply a layout. That is:

- · A page that is basically HTML based, such as HTML, XHTML, ColdFusion, PHP, and so on (but not CSS, XML, JavaScript, and so on).
- A page that is *not* a frameset or a template instance (although a template itself is fine). evelyn

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean where: true: layout can be applied. false: layout cannot be applied.

# dw.getFilesForLayout()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Gets the paths of the configuration files for the specified layout.

### Arguments

layoutIndex

• layoutIndex is an integer, zero-based index specifying the layout. This is an index to the list of layouts, which is used to return the layoutNames and layoutDescriptions in the corresponding functions.

### Returns

String array containing the full paths of the HTML and preview image files (which can be null).

# dw.getLayoutNames()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Gets the names of the available CSS-based layouts.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

String array of layout names.

# dw.getLayoutDescriptions()

### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3.

### Description

Gets the descriptions of the available CSS-based layouts

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

String array of layout descriptions.

# dom.applyCSSStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Applies the specified style to the specified element. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### **Arguments**

elementNode, styleName, {classOrID}, {bForceNesting}

- The elementNode argument is an element node in the DOM. If the elementNode argument is a null value or an empty string (""), the function acts on the current selection.
- The *styleName* argument is the name of a CSS style.
- The classOrID argument, which is optional, is the attribute with which the style should be applied (either "class" or "id"). If the elementNode argument is a null value or an empty string and no tag exactly surrounds the selection, the style is applied using SPAN tags. If the selection is an insertion point, Dreamweaver uses heuristics to determine to which tag the style should be applied.
- The bForceNesting argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value, which indicates whether nesting is allowed. If the bForceNesting flag is specified, Dreamweaver inserts a new SPAN tag instead of trying to modify the existing tags in the document. This argument defaults to a false value if it is not specified.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

The following code applies the red style to the selection, either by surrounding the selection with SPAN tags or by applying a CLASS attribute to the tag that surrounds the selection:

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM('document');
theDOM.applyCSSStyle('','red');
```

# dom.getElementView()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function gets the Element view for the currently selected element in the document. If the currently selected element is normal, the getElementView() function looks for the selected element's first ancestor that is either full or hidden.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A string that indicates the status of the selected element. Values include:

- "hidden", which indicates that the element has CSS properties that may cause content to be partially or completely hidden in Design view. Supported CSS properties include:
  - · overflow: hidden, scroll, or auto
  - display: none
- "full", which indicates that the element is "hidden" by default, but is currently in "full" view as set by the setElementView("full") function.
- "normal", which indicates that the element is neither "hidden" nor "full".

### Example

The following example changes the status of the selected element to "full" if it is "hidden":

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM && getElementView() == "hidden"){
   currentDOM.setElementView("full");
```

# dom.getShowDivBackgrounds()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function gets the state of the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean; true if the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid is on; false otherwise.

### Example

The following example checks whether the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid is on and, if not, turns it on:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowDivBackgrounds() == false) {
   currentDOM.setShowDivBackgrounds(true);
```

# dom.getShowDivBoxModel()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function gets the state of the Layout Block Box Model visual aid.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean; true if the Layout Block Box Model visual aid is on; false otherwise.

### Example

The following example checks whether the Layout Block Box Model visual aid is on and, if not, turns it on:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowDivBoxModel() == false) {
    currentDOM.setShowDivBoxModel(true);
```

### dom.getShowDivOutlines()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function gets the state of the Layout Block Outlines visual aid.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean; true if the Layout Block Outlines visual aid is on; false otherwise.

The following example checks whether the Layout Block Outlines visual aid is on and, if not, turns it on:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowDivOutlines() == false) {
   currentDOM.setShowDivOutlines(true);
```

# dom.removeCSSStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Removes the CLASS or ID attribute from the specified element, or removes the SPAN tag that completely surrounds the specified element. This function is valid only for the active document.

### Arguments

elementNode, {classOrID}

- The elementNode argument is an element node in the DOM. If the elementNode argument is specified as an empty string (" "), the function acts on the current selection.
- The classOrID argument, which is optional, is the attribute that should be removed (either "class" or "id"). If the classOrID argument is not specified, it defaults to "class". If no CLASS attribute is defined for the elementNode argument, the SPAN tag that surrounds the *elementNode* argument is removed.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.resetAllElementViews()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function resets the Element view of all elements in the document to the original view by removing all internally generated CSS.

### Arguments

{forceRefresh}

• The forceRefresh argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to refresh the rendering of the entire document when there is no internal CSS to remove. A value of true causes the refresh. The default value is false.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

The following example resets the Element view of all elements in the document without forcing a refresh of the rendering:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.resetAllElementViews(false);
```

# dom.setElementView()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function sets the Element view for the currently selected element in the document. If the currently selected element is "normal", the setElementView() function looks for the first ancestor of the currently selected element that is "full" or "hidden".

### **Arguments**

- The view argument, which is required, is a string that sets the currently selected element to "full" or "hidden". If the currently selected element, is "normal", the setElementView() function looks for the currently selected element's first ancestor that is either "full" or "hidden". For additional information, see "dom.getElementView()" on page 348. Possible values are:
  - "full" Removes the internal CSS that put the element in "full" view, so that the element returns to its original state.
  - "hidden" —If the currently selected element is in "hidden" view, Dreamweaver generates the CSS to cause all content to be viewed and then applies the CSS as an internal design time style sheet.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

See "dom.getElementView()" on page 348.

# dom.setShowDivBackgrounds()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function turns the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid on or off.

### Arguments

show

• The show argument, which is required, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to turn the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid on. Setting show to true turns the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid on.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

See "dom.getShowDivBackgrounds()" on page 349.

# dom.setShowDivBoxModel()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function turns the Layout Block Box Model visual aid on or off.

### Arguments

show

• The show argument, which is required, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to turn the Layout Block Box Model visual aid on. Setting show to true turns the Layout Block Box Model visual aid on.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

See "dom.getShowDivBoxModel()" on page 349.

### dom.setShowDivOutlines()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function turns the Layout Block Outlines visual aid on or off.

### Arguments

show

· The show argument, which is required, is a Boolean value that specifies whether to turn the Layout Block Outlines visual aid on. Setting show to true turns the Layout Block Outlines visual aid on.

### Returns

Nothing.

### Example

See "dom.getShowDivOutlines()" on page 350.

### dreamweaver.cssRuleTracker.editSelectedRule()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Lets the user edit the currently selected rule in the rule tracker. This function displays the selected rule in the CSS property grid, and if necessary, will show the property grid and its containing floater.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.cssRuleTracker.canEditSelectedRule()" on page 469.

### dreamweaver.cssRuleTracker.newRule()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Opens the New CSS Style dialog box, so the user can create a new rule.

Arguments
None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.applySelectedStyle()

### **Availability**

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Applies the selected style to the current active document or to its attached style sheet, depending on the selection in the Styles panel.

### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

### Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

 $See \ ``dream weaver.css Style Palette.can Apply Selected Style ()" \ on \ page \ 469.$ 

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.attachStyleSheet()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Displays a dialog box that lets users attach a style sheet to the current active document or to one of its attached style sheets, depending on the selection in the Styles panel.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.deleteSelectedStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Deletes the style that is currently selected in the Styles panel from the document.

### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

### Returns

Nothing.

### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canDeleteSelectedStyle()" on page 469.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.duplicateSelectedStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Duplicates the style that is currently selected in the Styles panel and displays the Duplicate Style dialog box to let the user assign a name or selector to the new style.

### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

### Returns

Nothing.

### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canDuplicateSelectedStyle()" on page 470.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.editSelectedStyle()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Opens the Style Definition dialog box for the style that is currently selected in the Styles panel.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditSelectedStyle()" on page 470.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.editSelectedStyleInCodeview()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function switches to Code view and moves the mouse pointer to the code for the style that is currently selected in the Styles panel.

# Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditSelectedStyleInCodeview()" on page 471.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.editStyleSheet()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Opens the Edit Style Sheet dialog box.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditStyleSheet()" on page 471.

# dream we aver. css Style Palette. get Display Styles ()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether CSS styles are being rendered. The default value is true.

## Arguments

None.

# Returns

A Boolean value: true if CSS styles are being rendered; false otherwise.

## Example

var areStylesRendered = dw.cssStylePalette.getDisplayStyles();

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getMediaType()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

Gets target media type for rendering. The default media type is "screen".

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string value that specifies the target media type.

var mediaType = dw.cssStylePalette.getMediaType();

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getSelectedStyle()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3; fullSelector available in Dreamweaver MX.

# Description

Gets the name of the style that is currently selected in the Styles panel.

## Arguments

fullSelector

• The fullSelector argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether the full selector or only the class should return. If nothing is specified, only the class name returns. For instance, p.class1 is a selector that means the style is applied to any p tag of class1, but it does not apply, for instance, to a div tag of class1. Without the full Selector argument, the dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getSelectedStyle() function returns only the class name, class1, for the selector. The fullSelector argument tells the function to return p.class1 instead of class1.

#### Returns

When the fullSelector argument is a true value, the function returns either the full selector or an empty string when the stylesheet node is selected.

When the fullSelector argument is a false value or it is omitted, a string that represents the class name of the selected style returns. If the selected style does not have a class or a stylesheet node is selected, an empty string returns.

# Example

If the style red is selected, a call to the dw.cssStylePalette.getSelectedStyle() function returns "red".

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getStyles()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets a list of all the class styles in the active document. Without arguments it just returns class selector names. If the bGetIDs argument is true, it returns just ID selector names. In either case, if the bGetFullSelector argument is true, it returns the full selector name.

For example, given an HTML file with the following code:

```
<style>
.test{ background:none };
p.foo{ background:none };
#bar {background:none };
div#hello p.world {background:none};
```

The calls in the following table return the values in the Result column.

Function call	Result
dw.cssStylePalette.getStyles()	foo, test, world
dw.cssStylePalette.getStyles(true)	bar, hello
dw.cssStylePalette.getStyles(false, true)	p.foo, .test, div#hello p.world
dw.cssStylePalette.getStyles(true, true)	#bar, div#hello p.world

# Arguments

{bGetIDs}, {bGetFullSelector}

- The bGetIDs argument is optional. It is a Boolean value that, if true, causes the function to return just ID selector names (the part after the "#"). Defaults to false.
- The bGetFullSelector argument is optional. It is a Boolean value that, if true, returns the complete selector string, instead of just the names. Defaults to false.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represent the names of all the class styles in the document.

# Example

If the Styles panel is set up as shown in the following figure, a call to the dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.getStyles() function returns an array that contains these strings: "BreadcrumbEnd", "change", "doctitle", "heading", and "highlight":



# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.newStyle()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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Opens the New Style dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.renameSelectedStyle()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Renames the class name that is used in the currently selected rule in the Styles panel and all instances of the class name in the selected rule.

#### **Arguments**

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

# Returns

Nothing.

# **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canRenameSelectedStyle()" on page 472.

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.setDisplayStyles()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether to render CSS styles and refreshes the rendering of all open documents.

## Arguments

display

• The *display* argument is a Boolean value: true to render CSS styles; false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example turns off rendering of CSS styles:

dw.cssStylePalette.setDisplayStyles(false);

# dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.setMediaType()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

# Description

Sets the target media type for rendering. Refreshes the rendering of all open documents.

## Arguments

mediaType

• The *mediaType* argument specifies the new target media type.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Example

dw.cssStylePalette.setMediaType("print");

# dreamweaver.getBlockVisBoxModelColors()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function gets the colors used to render the box model for a selected block when the Layout Block Box Model visual aid is on.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

An array of strings that contains two strings:

- marginColor, which is the hexadecimal value of the RGB color, in the form #RRGGBB.
- paddingColor, which is the hexadecimal value of the RGB color, in the form #RRGGBB.

# Example

The following example checks the value of the margin and padding color; if either isn't white, it sets them both to white:

```
var boxColors = dreamweaver.getBlockVisBoxModelColors();
if ((boxColors[0] != "#FFFFFF") | | (boxColors[1] != "#FFFFFF)) {
       currentDOM.setBlockVisBoxModelColors("#FFFFFF", "#FFFFFF");
```

# dreamweaver.getBlockVisOutlineProperties()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function gets the outline properties for the block visualization visual aids.

# Arguments

forWhat

• The forWhat argument, which is required, is a string. Possible values are "divs", "selectedDiv", or "layers". If the for What argument is "divs", the function returns the properties used for the visual aid that outlines all layout blocks. If for What is "selectedDiv", the function returns the property used for the visual aid that outlines selected layout blocks. The layers value specifies layers.

## Returns

An array of strings that contains three strings:

- color, which is the hexadecimal value of the RGB color, in the form #RRGGBB
- width, which indicates the width in pixels
- style, which is "SOLID", "DOTTED", "DASHED", or "OUTSET"

#### Example

The following example gets the outline properties for "divs" and makes the outline style "SOLID":

```
var outlineStyle = dw.getBlockVisOutlineProperties("divs");
if (outlineStyle[2] != "SOLID") {
   dw.setBlockVisOutlineProperties("divs", outlineStyle[0], outlineStyle[1], "SOLID");
```

# dreamweaver.getDivBackgroundColors()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function gets the colors used by the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings that contains the 16 colors, with each color represented by the hexadecimal value of the RGB color, in the form #RRGGBB.

## Example

The following example gets the background colors used by the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid:

var backgroundColors = dreamweaver.getDivBackgroundColors();

# dreamweaver.setBlockVisOutlineProperties()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function sets the outline properties for the block visualization visual aids.

#### Arguments

forWhat, color, width, {style}

- The forWhat argument, which is required, is a string that specifies for what the specified color and width are used. Possible values are "divs", "selectedDiv", or "layers". If the value is "layers", the specified color and width are used to outline all layers when the Layout Block Outlines visual aid is on. If the value is "divs", the color and width arguments are used to outline all divs and other layout blocks. If the value is "selectedDiv", the color and width arguments are used to outline any div or layout block that is selected.
- The color argument, which is required, is a string that contains the hexadecimal value that indicates the RGB color in the form #RRGGBB.
- The width argument, which is required, is an integer that indicates the outline width, in pixels.
- The *style* argument, which is optional, is a string that indicates the style of the outline. Possible values are "SOLID", "DOTTED", "DASHED", and "OUTSET". The "OUTSET" value is applicable to layers only. This argument is ignored when the forWhat argument's value is "selectedDiv".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

See "dreamweaver.getBlockVisOutlineProperties()" on page 362.

# dreamweaver.setDivBackgroundColors()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function sets the colors used by the Layout Block Backgrounds visual aid.

#### Arguments

colors

· The colors argument, which is required, is an array of strings that contains all the colors, represented as hexadecimal values in the form #RRGGBB. The array must contain 16 colors.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example makes sure there are no more than 16 colors specified as div background colors and, if so, sets the colors used as background colors to shades of gray:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var divColors = currentDOM.getDivBackgroundColors("divs");
var shadesOfGray = new Array["#000000", "#111111", "#222222", "#333333",¬
    "#444444", "#555555", "#666666", "#777777", "#888888", "#999999", ¬
    "#AAAAAA", "#BBBBBB", "#CCCCCC", "#DDDDDD", "#EEEEEEE", "#FFFFFF"]¬
var howManyColors = divColors.length;
if howManyColors <= 16{</pre>
    for (var i = 0; i < howManyColors; i++)</pre>
            currentDOM.setDivBackgroundColors("divs", shadeOfGray[i]);
        }
```

# Frame and frameset functions

Frame and frameset functions handle two tasks: getting the names of the frames in a frameset and splitting a frame in two.

# dom.getFrameNames()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets a list of all the named frames in the frameset.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings where each string is the name of a frame in the current frameset. Any unnamed frames are skipped. If none of the frames in the frameset is named, an empty array returns.

#### Example

For a document that contains four frames (two of which are named), a call to the dom.getFrameNames() function might return an array that contains the following strings:

"navframe"

• "main\_content"

# dom.isDocumentInFrame()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Identifies whether the current document is being viewed inside a frameset.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the document is in a frameset; false otherwise.

# dom.saveAllFrames()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

If a document is a frameset or is inside a frameset, this function saves all the frames and framesets from the Document window. If the specified document is not in a frameset, this function saves the document. This function opens the Save As dialog box for any documents that have not been previously saved.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

# dom.splitFrame()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Splits the selected frame vertically or horizontally.

# Arguments

splitDirection

• The splitDirection argument is a string that must specify one of the following directions: "up", "down", "left", or "right".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canSplitFrame()" on page 459.

# Layer and image map functions

Layer and image map functions handle aligning, resizing, and moving layers and image map hotspots. The function description indicates if it applies to layers or to hotspots.

# dom.align()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Aligns the selected layers or hotspots left, right, top, or bottom.

# Arguments

alignDirection

• The alignDirection argument is a string that specifies the edge to align with the layers or hotspots ("left", "right", "top", or "bottom").

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canAlign()" on page 450.

# dom.arrange()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the selected hotspots in the specified direction.

# Arguments

toBackOrFront

• The *toBackOrFront* argument is the direction in which the hotspots must move, either front or back.

# Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canArrange()" on page 451.

# dom.makeSizesEqual()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Makes the selected layers or hotspots equal in height, width, or both. The last layer or hotspot selected is the guide.

# Arguments

bHoriz, bVert

- The bHoriz argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to resize the layers or hotspots horizontally.
- The bVert argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to resize the layers or hotspots vertically.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.moveSelectionBy()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the selected layers or hot spots by the specified number of pixels horizontally and vertically.

# Arguments

*x*, *y* 

- The *x* argument is the number of pixels that the selection must move horizontally.
- The *y* argument is the number of pixels that the selection must move vertically.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.resizeSelectionBy()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Resizes the currently selected layer or hotspot.

# Arguments

left, top, bottom, right

- The *left* argument is the new position of the left boundary of the layer or hotspot.
- The *top* argument is the new position of the top boundary of the layer or hotspot.
- The *bottom* argument is the new position of the bottom boundary of the layer or hotspot.
- The *right* argument is the new position of the right boundary of the layer or hotspot.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

If the selected layer has the Left, Top, Width, and Height properties shown, calling dw.getDocumentDOM().resizeSelectionBy(10,30,30,10) -- is equivalent to resetting Left to 40, Top to 20, Width to 240, and Height to 240.

# dom.setLayerTag()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Specifies the HTML tag that defines the selected layer or layers.

## Arguments

tagName

• The tagName argument must be "layer", "ilayer", "div", or "span".

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Layout environment functions**

Layout environment functions handle operations that are related to the settings for working on a document. They affect the source, position, and opacity of the tracing image; get and set the ruler origin and units; turn the grid on and off and change its settings; and start or stop playing plug-ins.

# dom.getRulerOrigin()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the origin of the ruler.

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None.

## Returns

An array of two integers. The first array item is the *x* coordinate of the origin, and the second array item is the *y* coordinate of the origin. Both values are in pixels.

# dom.getRulerUnits()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Gets the current ruler units.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains one of the following values:

- "in"
- "cm"
- "px"

# dom.getTracingImageOpacity()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Gets the opacity setting for the document's tracing image.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

A value between 0 and 100, or nothing if no opacity is set.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.hasTracingImage()" on page 460.

# dom.loadTracingImage()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the Select Image Source dialog box. If the user selects an image and clicks OK, the Page Properties dialog box opens with the Tracing Image field filled in.

# Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

# dom.playAllPlugins()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Plays all plug-in content in the document.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.playPlugin()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Plays the selected plug-in item.

# Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

# Enabler

See "dom.canPlayPlugin()" on page 457.

# dom.setRulerOrigin()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Sets the origin of the ruler.

## Arguments

xCoordinate, yCoordinate

- The *xCoordinate* argument is a value, expressed in pixels, on the horizontal axis.
- The *yCoordinate* argument is a value, expressed in pixels, on the vertical axis.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setRulerUnits()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Sets the current ruler units.

# Arguments

units

• The *units* argument must be "px", "in", or "cm".

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setTracingImagePosition()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Moves the upper-left corner of the tracing image to the specified coordinates. If the arguments are omitted, the Adjust Tracing Image Position dialog box appears.

## Arguments

*x*, *y* 

- The *x* argument is the number of pixels that specify the horizontal coordinate.
- The *y* argument is the number of pixels that specify the vertical coordinate.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.hasTracingImage()" on page 460.

# dom.setTracingImageOpacity()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Sets the opacity of the tracing image.

## Arguments

opacityPercentage

• The *opacityPercentage* argument must be a number between 0 and 100.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.hasTracingImage()" on page 460.

The following code sets the opacity of the tracing image to 30%:

```
dw.getDocumentDOM().setTracingOpacity('30');
```

# dom.snapTracingImageToSelection()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Aligns the upper-left corner of the tracing image with the upper-left corner of the current selection.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.hasTracingImage()" on page 460.

# dom.stopAllPlugins()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Stops all plug-in content that is currently playing in the document.

## Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dom.stopPlugin()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Stops the selected plug-in item.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the selection is currently being played with a plug-in.

# Enabler

See "dom.canStopPlugin()" on page 459.

# dreamweaver.arrangeFloatingPalettes()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Moves the visible floating panels to their default positions.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# dream we aver. show Grid Settings Dialog ()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Opens the Grid Settings dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Layout view functions**

Layout view functions handle operations that change the layout elements within a document. They affect table, column, and cell settings, including position, properties, and appearance.

# dom.getClickedHeaderColumn()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

## Description

If the user clicks a menu button in the header of a table in Layout view and causes the table header menu to appear, this function returns the index of the column that the user clicked. The result is undefined if the table header menu is not visible.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the index of the column.

# dom.getShowLayoutTableTabs()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Determines whether the current document shows tabs for layout tables in Layout view.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Returns true if the current document displays tabs for layout tables in Layout view; false otherwise.

# dom.getShowLayoutView()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Determines the view for the current document; either Layout or Standard view.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Returns true if the current document is in Layout view; false if the document is in Standard view.

# dom.getShowBlockBackgrounds()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function gets the state of the visual aid that forces background coloring for all blocks or divs.

# Arguments

allblocks

• The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to apply to div tags only. Set the value to false to apply to all block elements.

A Boolean value. If true, backgrounds are being forced; if false, backgrounds are not being forced.

The following example checks whether the background coloring for all blocks is being forced, and if not, forces background coloring for all blocks.:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowBlockBackgrounds(false) == false) {
   currentDOM.setShowBlockBackgrounds(false);
```

# dom.getShowBlockBorders()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function gets the state of the visual aid that draws borders for all blocks or all divs.

#### Arguments

allblocks

• The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to get the state for div tags only. Set the value to false to get the state for all block elements.

#### Returns

A Boolean value; if true, borders are displayed; if false, borders are not displayed.

## Example

The following example checks whether the block borders visual aid is on and, if not, turns it on:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowBlockBorders(false) == false) {
   currentDOM.setShowBlockBorders(true);
```

# dom.getShowBlockIDs()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function gets the state of the visual aid that displays ID and class information for all blocks or divs.

# Arguments

allblocks

· The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to display ID and class for div tags only. Set the value to false to display the ID and class for all block elements.

# Returns

A Boolean value: If true, IDs are displayed; if false IDs are not displayed.

#### Example

The following example checks whether the block IDs are displayed and, if not, displays them:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowBlockIDs(false) == false) {
    currentDOM.setShowBlockIDs(true);
```

# dom.getShowBoxModel()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function turns on and off the visual aid that colors the full box model for the selected block.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example checks whether the full box model for the selected box is displayed in color, and, if not, colors it:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.getShowBoxModel() == false) {
   currentDOM.setShowBoxModel(true);
```

# dom.setShowBlockBackgrounds()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function turns on and off the visual aid that forces background coloring for all blocks or all divs.

# Arguments

allblocks

• The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to apply background coloring to div tags only. Set the value to false to apply background coloring to all block elements.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Example

See "dom.getShowBlockBackgrounds()" on page 375.

# dom.setShowBlockBorders()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function turns on or off the visual aid that draws borders for all blocks or divs.

# Arguments

allblocks

• The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to apply borders to div tags only. Set the value to false to apply borders to all block elements.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

See "dom.getShowBlockBorders()" on page 376.

# dom.setShowBlockIDs()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function turns on or off the visual aid that displays the ID and class for all blocks or divs.

# Arguments

allblocks

• The allblocks argument, which is required, is a Boolean value. Set the value to true to display the ID and class for div tags only. Set the value to false to display the ID and class for all block elements.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Example

See "dom.getShowBlockIDs()" on page 376.

# dom.setShowBoxModel()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function sets the state of the visual aid that colors the full box model for the selected block.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the box model is displayed; false if the box model is not displayed.

See "dom.getShowBoxModel()" on page 377.

# dom.setShowLayoutTableTabs()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Sets the current document to display tabs for layout tables whenever it's in Layout view. This function does not force the document into Layout view.

# Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument indicates whether to display tabs for layout tables when the current document is in Layout view. If bShow is true, Dreamweaver displays tabs; if bShow is false, Dreamweaver does not display tabs.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.setShowLayoutView()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Places the current document in Layout view if bShow is true.

# Arguments

bShow

• The bShow argument is a Boolean value that toggles the current document between Layout view and Standard view. If bShow is true, the current document is in Layout view; if bShow is false, the current document is in Standard view.

# Returns

Nothing.

# **Zoom functions**

Zoom functions zoom in and out in Design view.

# dreamweaver.activeViewScale()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

The activeViewScale property gets or sets a mutable floating-point. When you get the value, Dreamweaver returns the scale of the active view as it appears in the Zoom combo box, divided by 100. For example, 100% is 1.0; 50% is 0.5, and so on. When you set the value, Dreamweaver sets the value in the Zoom combo box. The value can be between 0.06 and 64.00, which correspond to 6% and 6400%.

# Example

The following example gets the value of the scale of current view. It also zooms in if it can and if the scale is less than or equal to 100%:

```
if (canZoom() && dreamweaver.activeViewScale <= 1.0) {</pre>
    zoomIn();
    }
```

The following example sets the value of the scale of current view to 50%:

```
dreamweaver.activeViewScale = 0.50;
```

# dreamweaver.fitAll()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function zooms in or out so that the entire document fits in the currently visible portion of the Design view.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canZoom()" on page 468.

# Example

```
if (canZoom()){
   fitAll();
```

# dreamweaver.fitSelection()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function zooms in or out so that the current selection fits in the currently visible portion of the Design view.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canFitSelection()" on page 463.

# Example

```
if (canFitSeletion()){
   fitSelection();
```

# dreamweaver.fitWidth()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function zooms in or out so that the entire document width fits in the currently visible portion of the Design view.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canZoom()" on page 468.

# Example

```
if (canZoom()){
   fitWidth();
```

# dreamweaver.zoomln()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function zooms in on the currently active Design view. The zoom level is the next preset value in the Magnification menu. If there is no next preset value, this function does nothing.

# Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canZoom()" on page 468.

# Example

```
if (canZoom()){
   zoomIn();
```

# dreamweaver.zoomOut()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function zooms out on the currently active Design view. The zoom level is the next preset value in the Magnification menu. If there is no next preset value, this function does nothing.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canZoom()" on page 468.

# Example

```
if (canZoom()) {
    zoomOut();
    }
```

# **Guide functions and properties**

Guide functions and properties let you display, manipulate, and delete guides that let users measure and lay out elements on their HTML pages.

# dom.clearGuides()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This function determines whether to delete all guides in the document.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example deletes all guides in the document if the document has at least one guide:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
   if (currentDOM.hasGuides() == true) {
   currentDOM.clearGuides();
```

# dom.createHorizontalGuide()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function creates a horizontal guide at the current location in the document.

# Arguments

location

• The location argument is the location of the guide with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

## Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example creates a horizontal guide in the document at the current location:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.createHorizontalGuide("10px");
```

# dom.createVerticalGuide()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function creates a vertical guide at the current location in the document.

#### Arguments

location

• The location argument is the location of the guide with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example creates a vertical guide in the document at the current location:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
currentDOM.createVerticalGuide("10px");
```

# dom.deleteHorizontalGuide()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function deletes the horizontal guide at the specified location.

# Arguments

location

• The location argument is a string that represents the location in the document to test, with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

## Returns

Nothing.

# Example

The following example deletes the horizontal guide at the specified location in the document:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.hasHorizontalGuide("10px") == true) {
   currentDOM.deleteHorizonalGuide("10px");
```

# dom.deleteVerticalGuide()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function deletes the vertical guide at the specified location.

# Arguments

location

• The location argument is a string that represents the location in the document to test, with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example deletes the vertical guide at the specified location in the document:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.hasVerticalGuide("10px") == true) {
   currentDOM.deleteVerticalGuide("10px");
}
```

# dom.guidesColor

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This mutable color property determines the color of guides in the document. You can set and get this property.

## Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example makes guides gray:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.guidesColor != "#444444") {
   currentDOM.guidesColor = "#444444";
```

# dom.guidesDistanceColor

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This mutable color property determines the distance feedback color of guides in the document. You can set and get this property.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example makes the distance feedback color of guides gray:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.quidesDistanceColor != "#CCCCCC") {
   currentDOM.guidesDistanceColor = "#CCCCCC";
```

# dom.guidesLocked

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This mutable Boolean property determines whether guides are locked in the document. You can set and get this property.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example locks guides if they are not locked:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.guidesLocked == false) {
   currentDOM.guidesLocked = true;
```

# dom.guidesSnapToElements

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This mutable Boolean property determines whether guides snap to elements in the document. You can set and get this property.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example makes guides in the document snap to elements:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.guidesSnapToElements == false) {
   currentDOM.guidesSnapToElements = true;
```

# dom.guidesVisible

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This mutable Boolean property determines whether guides are visible in the document. You can set and get this property.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example turns guides on if they are not visible:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.guidesVisible == false) {
   currentDOM.guidesVisible = true;
```

# dom.hasGuides()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the document has at least one guide. You can set and get this property.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example deletes all guides in the document if the document has at least one guide:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
    if (currentDOM.hasGuides() == true) {
   currentDOM.clearGuides();
}
```

# dom.hasHorizontalGuide()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the document has a horizontal guide at the specified location.

# Arguments

location

• The location argument is a string that represents the location in the document to test, with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

A Boolean value: true if there is a horizontal guide at the location; false otherwise.

## Example

The following example deletes all guides in the document if the document has a horizontal guide at the specified location:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.hasHorizontalGuide("10px") == true) {
   currentDOM.clearGuides();
```

# dom.hasVerticalGuide()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

## Description

This function determines whether the document has a vertical guide at the current location.

# Arguments

location

• The location argument is a string that represents the location in the document to test, with both the value and units as one string, with no space between the value and units. The possible units are "px" for pixels and "%" for percentage. For example, to specify 10 pixels, location = "10px"; to specify 50 percent, location = "50%".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is a vertical guide at the location; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example deletes all guides in the document if the document has a vertical guide at the specified location:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.hasVerticalGuide("10px") == true) {
   currentDOM.clearGuides();
```

# dom.snapToGuides

# Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

# Description

This mutable Boolean property determines whether elements snap to guides in the document. You can set and get this property.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## Example

The following example makes elements in the document snap to guides:

```
var currentDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
if (currentDOM.snapToGuides == false) {
   currentDOM.snapToGuides = true;
```

# **Table editing functions**

Table functions add and remove table rows and columns, change column widths and row heights, convert measurements from pixels to percents and back, and perform other standard table-editing tasks.

# dom.convertWidthsToPercent()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function converts all WIDTH attributes in the current table from pixels to percentages.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.convertWidthsToPixels()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

This function converts all WIDTH attributes in the current table from percentages to pixels.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.decreaseColspan()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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This function decreases the column span by one.

# Arguments

None.

## Returns

Nothing.

## Enabler

See "dom.canDecreaseColspan()" on page 453.

# dom.decreaseRowspan()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function decreases the row span by one.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

## Enabler

See "dom.canDecreaseRowspan()" on page 453.

# dom.deleteTableColumn()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

This function removes the selected table column or columns.

# Arguments

None.

# Returns

Nothing.

# Enabler

See "dom.canDeleteTableColumn()" on page 453.

### dom.deleteTableRow()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function removes the selected table row or rows.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canDeleteTableRow()" on page 454.

### dom.doDeferredTableUpdate()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

If the Faster Table Editing option is selected in the General preferences, this function forces the table layout to reflect recent changes without moving the selection outside the table. This function has no effect if the Faster Table Editing option is not selected.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.getShowTableWidths()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Returns whether table widths appear in standard or expanded tables mode. For information on whether Dreamweaver displays table tabs in Layout mode, see "dom.getShowLayoutTableTabs()" on page 374.

#### Arguments

None.

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver shows table widths in standard or expanded tables mode; false otherwise.

### dom.getTableExtent()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function gets the number of columns and rows in the selected table.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array that contains two whole numbers. The first array item is the number of columns, and the second array item is the number of rows. If no table is selected, nothing returns.

### dom.increaseColspan()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function increases the column span by one.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canIncreaseColspan()" on page 454.

### dom.increaseRowspan()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function increases the row span by one.

#### Arguments

None.

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canIncreaseRowspan()" on page 455.

### dom.insertTableColumns()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function inserts the specified number of table columns into the current table.

#### Arguments

numberOfCols, bBeforeSelection

- The *numberOfCols* argument is the number of columns to insert.
- The bBeforeSelection argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that the columns should be inserted before the column that contains the selection; false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canInsertTableColumns()" on page 455.

### dom.insertTableRows()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function inserts the specified number of table rows into the current table.

#### Arguments

 $number Of Rows,\,b Before Selection$ 

- The *numberOfRows* argument is the number of rows to insert.
- The bBeforeSelection argument is a Boolean value: true indicates that the rows should be inserted above the row that contains the selection; false otherwise.

#### Returns

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See "dom.canInsertTableRows()" on page 455.

## dom.mergeTableCells()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function merges the selected table cells.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canMergeTableCells()" on page 456.

### dom.removeAllTableHeights()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function removes all HEIGHT attributes from the selected table.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.removeAllTableWidths()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

This function removes all WIDTH attributes from the selected table.

#### Arguments

None.

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Nothing.

### dom.removeColumnWidth()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

This function removes all WIDTH attributes from a single, selected column.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.selectTable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects an entire table.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canSelectTable()" on page 458.

### dom.setShowTableWidths()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004, updated in CS4.

#### Description

Toggles the display of table widths on and off in standard or Expanded Tables mode. This function sets the value for the current document and any future document unless otherwise specified. For information on setting the display of table tabs in Layout mode, see "dom.setShowLayoutTableTabs()" on page 379.

#### Arguments

bShow

• The bShow is a Boolean argument that indicates whether to display table widths for tables when the current document is in Standard or Expanded Tables mode. If bShow is true, Dreamweaver displays the widths. If bShow is false, Dreamweaver does not display the widths.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setTableCellTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function specifies the tag for the selected cell.

#### Arguments

tdOrTh

• The *tdOrTh* argument must be either "td" or "th".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setTableColumns()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function sets the number of columns in the selected table.

#### Arguments

number Of Cols

• The *numberOfCols* argument specifies the number of columns to set in the table.

#### Returns

### dom.setTableRows()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function sets the number of rows in the selected table.

#### Arguments

numberOfCols

• The *numberOfRows* argument specifies the number of rows to set in the selected table.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.showInsertTableRowsOrColumnsDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function opens the Insert Rows or Columns dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canInsertTableColumns()" on page 455 or "dom.canInsertTableRows()" on page 455.

### dom.splitTableCell()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

This function splits the current table cell into the specified number of rows or columns. If one or both of the arguments is omitted, the Split Cells dialog box appears.

#### Arguments

 $\{colsOrRows\}, \{numberToSplitInto\}$ 

- The colsOrRows argument, which is optional, must be either "columns" or "rows".
- The *numberToSplitInto* argument, which is optional, is the number of rows or columns into which the cell will be split.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canSplitTableCell()" on page 459.

# **Chapter 18: Code**

The code functions let you perform operations on a document that appears in Code view. The operations include adding new menu or function tags to a code hints menu, finding and replacing string patterns, deleting the current selection from a document, printing all or selected code, editing tags, or applying syntax formatting to selected code.

### **Code functions**

Code Hints are menus that Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 opens when you type certain character patterns in Code view. Code Hints provide a typing shortcut by offering a list of strings that potentially complete the string you are typing. If the string you are typing appears in the menu, you can scroll to it and press Enter or Return to complete your entry. For example, when you type <, a pop-up menu shows a list of tag names. Instead of typing the rest of the tag name, you can select the tag from the menu to include it in your text.

You can add Code Hints menus to Dreamweaver by defining them in the CodeHints.xml file. For information on the CodeHints.xml file, see *Extending Dreamweaver*.

You can also add new Code Hints menus dynamically through JavaScript after Dreamweaver loads the contents of the CodeHints.xml file. For example, JavaScript code populates the list of session variables in the Bindings panel. You can use the same code to add a Code Hints menu. So, when a user types **Session** in Code view, Dreamweaver displays a menu of session variables.

The CodeHints.xml file and the JavaScript API expose a useful subset of the Code Hints engine, but some Dreamweaver functionality is not accessible. For example, Dreamweaver does not have a JavaScript hook to open a color picker, so it cannot express the Attribute Values menu using JavaScript. You can only open a menu of text items from which you can insert text.

Code Coloring lets you specify code color styles and to modify existing code coloring schemes or create new ones. You can specify code coloring styles and schemes by modifying the Colors.xml and code coloring scheme files. For more information on these files, see *Extending Dreamweaver*.

The JavaScript API for Code Hints and Code Coloring consists of the following functions.

### dreamweaver.codeHints.addMenu()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Dynamically defines a new menu tag in the CodeHints.xml file. If a menu tag with the same pattern and document type exists, this function adds items to the existing menu.

#### Arguments

menuGroupId, pattern, labelArray, {valueArray}, {iconArray}, {doctypes}, {casesensitive}, {object},
{descriptionArray}, {dismissChars}, {allowWhitespacePrefix}, {restriction}, {type}, {bForcedOnly},
{allowMultipleTimes}, {docURI}

• The menuGroupId argument is the ID attribute for one of the menugroup tags.

- The pattern argument is the pattern attribute for the new menu tag.
- The labelArray argument is an array of strings. Each string is the text for a single menu item in the pop-up menu.
- The valueArray argument, which is optional, is an array of strings, which must be of the same length as the labelArray argument. When a user selects an item from the pop-up menu, the string in this array is inserted in the user document. If the string to be inserted is always the same as the menu label, this argument can have a null value.
- The iconarray argument, which is optional, is either a string or an array of strings. If it is a string, it specifies the URL for a single image file that Dreamweaver uses for all items in the menu. If it is an array of strings, it must be the same length as the <code>labelArray</code> argument. Each string is a URL, relative to the Dreamweaver Configuration folder, for an image file that Dreamweaver uses as an icon for the corresponding menu item. If this argument is a null value, Dreamweaver displays the menu without icons.
- The doctypes argument, which is optional, specifies that this menu is active for only certain document types. You can specify the doctypes argument as a comma-separated list of document type IDs. For a list of Dreamweaver document types, see the Dreamweaver Configuration/Documenttypes/MMDocumentTypes.xml file.
- The casesensitive argument, which is optional, specifies whether the pattern is case sensitive. The possible values for the casesensitive argument are the Boolean values true or false. The value defaults to false if you omit this argument. If the casesensitive argument is a true value, the Code Hints menu appears. This menu appears only if the text that the user types matches the pattern that the pattern attribute specifies. If the casesensitive argument is a false value, the menu appears even if the pattern is lowercase and the text is uppercase.
- The object argument specifies the name of the string. This argument is optional. It is used when the object is of type "static."
- The descriptionArray argument describes in detail the items that appear in code hints. This argument is optional.
- The dismissChars argument specifies the nonstandard characters that the user types to dismiss the Code Hints menu. This argument is optional.
- The allowWhitespacePrefix argument is a Boolean value that allows whitespace before the hint. This argument is optional and the default value is false.
- The restriction argument is a string. This argument is optional and if not specified it does not place any constraint. On a web page that contains both client-side and server-side languages, you can use this argument to restrict the use of code hints to one of the following:
  - A specific language section
  - · A code block
- The type argument is used to define user interface menu types. This argument is optional and the default value is "Enumerated drop down UI." Other possible values are color, font, and url.
- The bForcedOnly is a Boolean value. If true, the Code Hints menu pops up only when the keyboard shortcut (Ctrl+Space) is used. This argument is optional and the default value is false.
- The allowMultipleTimes argument is a Boolean value. If true, it allows the same menu to pop up multiple times. This argument is optional and the default value is false.
- The docURI argument enables the user to constrain the code hints to a specific document by providing the document URI (native OS file path). This argument is optional and if the document URI is not specified, it does not impose any constraint.

Nothing.

#### Example

If the user creates a recordset called "myRs", the following code would create a menu for myRS:

```
dw.codeHints.addMenu(
   "CodeHints object methods",
                                        // menu is enabled if object methods are enabled
   "myRS.",
                                        // pop up menu if user types "myRS."
   new Array("firstName", "lastName"), // items in pop-up menu for myRS
   new Array("firstName", "lastName"), // text to actually insert in document
   null,
                                        // no icons for this menu
   "ASP VB, ASP JS");
                                          // specific to the ASP doc types
```

### dreamweaver.codeHints.addFunction()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Dynamically defines a new function tag. If there exists a function tag with the same pattern and document type, this function replaces the existing function tag.

#### **Arguments**

menuGroupId, pattern, {doctypes}, {casesensitive}, {object}, {description}, {icon}, source, {docURI}, {bClassPattern}, {bAddToObjectMethodList}, {restriction}

- The menuGroupId argument is the ID string attribute of the menugroup tag.
- The pattern argument is a string that specifies the pattern attribute for the new function tag.
- The doctypes argument, which is optional, specifies that this function is active for only certain document types. You can specify the doctypes argument as a comma-separated list of document type IDs. For a list of Dreamweaver document types, see the Dreamweaver Configuration/Documenttypes/MMDocumentTypes.xml file.
- The casesensitive argument, which is optional, specifies whether the pattern is case-sensitive. The possible values for the casesensitive argument are the Boolean values true or false. The value defaults to false if you omit this argument. If the casesensitive argument is a true value, the Code Hints menu appears. This menu appears only if the text that the user types matches the pattern that the pattern attribute specifies. If casesensitive is a false value, the menu appears even if the pattern is lowercase and the text is uppercase.
- The object argument specifies the name of the string. This argument is optional. It is used when the object is of type "static."
- The description argument contains a detailed description for the function. This argument is optional.
- · The icon argument specifies the custom icon path to use in function drop down. This argument is optional.
- The source argument contains a value that the second column of code hint displays. The default of this argument
- · The docuri argument enables the user to constrain the code hints to a specific document by providing the document URI (native OS File Path). This argument is optional and if the document URI is not specified, it does not impose any constraint.

- The bClassPattern argument is a Boolean value. If set to true, states that the function belongs to a "class" instance and is not static. The default value is false. This argument is optional.
- The bAddToObjectMethodList argument is a Boolean. If set to true, it enables the user to add a list of static functions. The default value is true. This argument is optional.
- The restriction argument is a string. This argument is optional and if not specified, it does not place any constraint. On a web page that contains both client-side and server-side languages, you can use this argument to restrict the use of code hints to one of the following:
  - A specific language section
  - · A code block

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example of the dw.codeHints.addFunction() function adds the function name pattern out.newLine() to the Code Hints menu group CodeHints\_Object\_Methods and makes it active only for JSP document types:

```
dw.codeHints.addFunction(
    "CodeHints Object Methods",
    "out.newLine()",
   "JSP")
```

### dreamweaver.codeHints.resetMenu()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Resets the specified menu tag or function tag to its state immediately after Dreamweaver reads the CodeHints.xml file. In other words, a call to this function erases the effect of previous calls to the addMenu() and addFunction() functions.

#### Arguments

menuGroupId, pattern, {doctypes}

- The *menuGroupId* argument is the ID string attribute of a menugroup tag.
- The pattern argument is a string that specifies the pattern attribute for the new menu or function tag to be reset.
- The doctypes argument, which is optional, specifies that this menu is active for only certain document types. You can specify the doctypes argument as a comma-separated list of document type IDs. For a list of Dreamweaver document types, see the Dreamweaver Configuration/Documenttypes/MMDocumentTypes.xml file.

#### Returns

#### Example

Your JavaScript code might build a Code Hints menu that contains user-defined session variables. Each time the list of session variables changes, that code needs to update the menu. Before the code can load the new list of session variables into the menu, it needs to remove the old list. Calling this function removes the old session variables.

### dreamweaver.codeHints.showCodeHints()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Dreamweaver calls this function when the user opens the Edit > Show Code Hints menu item. The function opens the Code Hints menu at the current selection location in Code view.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following example opens the Code Hints menu at the current insertion point in the document when it is in Code view.

dw.codeHints.showCodeHints()

### dreamweaver.reloadCodeColoring()

#### Description

Reloads code coloring files from the Dreamweaver Configuration/Code Coloring folder.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

dreamweaver.reloadCodeColoring()

# Find and replace functions

Find and replace functions handle find and replace operations. They cover basic functionality, such as finding the next instance of a search pattern, and complex replacement operations that require no user interaction.

### dreamweaver.findNext()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3; modified in Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Finds the next instance of the search string that was specified previously by "dreamweaver.setUpFind()" on page 407, by "dreamweaver.setUpComplexFind()" on page 406, or by the user in the Find dialog box, and selects the instance in the document.

#### Arguments

{bUseLastSetupSearch}

• The bUseLastSetupSearch argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value. If bUseLastSetupSearch is the value true, which is the default if no argument is given, the function does a find-next operation using the parameters specified by a previous call to either the dreamweaver.setupComplexFind() function or the dreamweaver.setupComplexFindReplace() function. If you set bUseLastSetupSearch to the value false, the function ignores the previously set up search and performs a search for the next instance of the text that is currently selected in the document.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canFindNext()" on page 463.

### dreamweaver.replace()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Verifies that the current selection matches the search criteria that was specified by "dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace()" on page 408, by "dreamweaver.setUpComplexFindReplace()" on page 406, or by the user in the Replace dialog box; the function then replaces the selection with the replacement text that is specified by the search request.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.replaceAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Replaces each section of the current document that matches the search criteria that was specified by "dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace()" on page 408, by "dreamweaver.setUpComplexFindReplace()" on page 406, or by the user in the Replace dialog box, with the specified replacement content.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.setUpComplexFind()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Prepares for an advanced text or tag search by loading the specified XML query.

#### Arguments

*xmlQueryString* 

 The xmlQueryString argument is a string of XML code that begins with dwquery and ends with /dwquery. (To get a string of the proper format, set up the query in the Find dialog box, click the Save Query button, open the query file in a text editor, and copy everything from the opening of the dwquery tag to the closing of the /dwquery tag.)

**Note:** In a query, certain special characters, such as the backslash character (\), must be escaped. Therefore, to use a backslash in a query, you must write \\.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The first line of the following example sets up a tag search and specifies that the scope of the search should be the current document. The second line performs the search operation.

```
dreamweaver.setUpComplexFind('<dwquery><queryparams matchcase="false" ¬
ignorewhitespace="true" useregexp="false"/><find>¬
<qtag qname="a"><qattribute qname="href" qcompare="=" qvalue="#">¬
   </qattribute><qattribute qname="onMouseOut" qcompare="=" qvalue="" qnegate="true">¬
   </qattribute></qtag></find></dwquery>');
dw.findNext();
```

### dreamweaver.setUpComplexFindReplace()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Prepares for an advanced text or tag search by loading the specified XML query.

#### Arguments

*xmlQueryString* 

· The xmlQueryString argument is a string of XML code that begins with the dwquery tag and ends with the /dwquery tag. (To get a string of the proper format, set up the query in the Find dialog box, click the Save Query button, open the query file in a text editor, and copy everything from the beginning of the dwquery tag to the end of the /dwquery tag.)

**Note:** In a query, certain special characters, such as the backslash character (\), must be escaped. Therefore, to use a backslash in a query, you must write \\.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The first statement in the following example sets up a tag search and specifies that the scope of the search should be four files. The second statement performs the search and replace operation.

```
dreamweaver.setUpComplexFindReplace('<dwquery><queryparams ¬
matchcase="false" ignorewhitespace="true" usereqexp="false"/>¬
<find><qtag qname="a"><qattribute qname="href" qcompare="=" qvalue="#">¬
</qattribute><qattribute qname="onMouseOut" ¬qcompare="=" qvalue="" qnegate="true">¬
</qattribute></qtag></find><replace action="setAttribute" paraml="onMouseOut" ¬
param2="this.style.color='#000000';this.style.¬
fontWeight='normal'"/></dwquery>');
dw.replaceAll();
```

### dreamweaver.setUpFind()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Prepares for a text or HTML source search by defining the search parameters for a subsequent dreamweaver.findNext() operation.

#### Arguments

searchObject

The searchObject argument is an object for which the following properties can be defined:

- The *searchString* is the text for which to search.
- The searchSource property is a Boolean value that indicates whether to search the HTML source.
- The {matchCase} property, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the search is case-sensitive. If this property is not explicitly set, it defaults to false.

- The {ignoreWhitespace} property, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether white space differences should be ignored. The ignore Whitespace property defaults to false if the value of the useRegularExpressions property is true, and true if the useRegularExpressions property is false.
- The {useRegularExpressions} property is a Boolean value that indicates whether the searchString property uses regular expressions. If this property is not explicitly set, it defaults to a value of false.

Nothing.

#### Example

The following code demonstrates three ways to create a *searchObject* object:

```
var searchParams;
searchParams.searchString = 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"';
searchParams.searchSource = true;
dreamweaver.setUpFind(searchParams);
var searchParams = {searchString: 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"', searchSource: true};
dreamweaver.setUpFind(searchParams);
dreamweaver.setUpFind({searchString: 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"', searchSource: ¬true});
```

### dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Prepares for a text or HTML source search by defining the search parameters and the scope for a subsequent dreamweaver.replace() or dreamweaver.replaceAll() operation.

#### Arguments

searchObject

The *searchObject* argument is an object for which the following properties can be defined:

- The *searchString* property is the text for which to search.
- The *replaceString* property is the text with which to replace the selection.
- The searchSource property is a Boolean value that indicates whether to search the HTML source.
- The {matchCase} property, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the search is case-sensitive. If this property is not explicitly set, it defaults to a false value.
- The {ignoreWhitespace} property, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether white space differences should be ignored. The ignore Whitespace property defaults to false if the useRegularExpressions property has a value of true, and defaults to a value of true if the useRegularExpressions property has a value of false.
- The {useRegularExpressions} property is a Boolean value that indicates whether the searchString property uses regular expressions. If this property is not explicitly set, it defaults to a value of false.

#### Returns

#### Example

The following code demonstrates three ways to create a *searchObject* object:

```
var searchParams;
searchParams.searchString = 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"';
searchParams.replaceString = 'bgcolor="#CCFFCC"';
searchParams.searchSource = true;
dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace(searchParams);
var searchParams = {searchString: 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"', replaceString: 'bgcolor="#CCFFCC"',
   searchSource: true};
dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace(searchParams);
dreamweaver.setUpFindReplace({searchString: 'bgcolor="#FFCCFF"',
replaceString: 'bgcolor="#CCFFCC"', searchSource: true});
```

### dreamweaver.showFindDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Find dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canShowFindDialog()" on page 468.

### dreamweaver.showFindReplaceDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Replace dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canShowFindDialog()" on page 468.

# **General editing functions**

You handle general editing functions in the Document window. These functions insert text, HTML, and objects; apply, change, and remove font and character markup; modify tags and attributes; and more.

### dom.applyCharacterMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Applies the specified type of character markup to the selection. If the selection is an insertion point, it applies the specified character markup to any subsequently typed text.

#### Arguments

tagName

• The tagName argument is the tag name that is associated with the character markup. It must be one of the following strings: "b", "cite", "code", "dfn", "em", "i", "kbd", "samp", "s", "strong", "tt", "u", or "var".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.applyFontMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Applies the FONT tag and the specified attribute and value to the current selection.

#### Arguments

attribute, value

- The attribute argument must be "face", "size", or "color".
- The value argument is the value to be assigned to the attribute; for example, "Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif", "5", or "#FF0000".

#### Returns

### dom.deleteSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Deletes the selection in the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dom.editAttribute()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Displays the appropriate interface for editing the specified Document attribute. In most cases, this interface is a dialog box. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

attribute

• The *attribute* is a string that specifies the tag attribute that you want to edit.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.exitBlock()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Exits the current paragraph or heading block, leaving the insertion point outside all block elements.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

### dom.getCharSet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns the charset attribute in the meta tag of the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The encoding identity of the document. For example, for a Latin1 document, the function returns iso-8859-1.

### dom.getFontMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the value of the specified attribute of the FONT tag for the current selection.

#### Arguments

attribute

• The attribute argument must be "face", "size", or "color".

#### Returns

A string that contains the value of the specified attribute or an empty string if the attribute is not set.

### dom.getLineFromOffset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Finds the line number of a specific character offset in the text (the HTML or JavaScript code) of the file.

#### Arguments

offset

• The offset argument is an integer that represents the character location from the beginning of the file.

#### Returns

An integer that represents the line number in the document.

### dom.getLinkHref()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the link that surrounds the current selection. This function is equivalent to looping through the parents and grandparents of the current node until a link is found and then calling the getAttribute('HREF') on the link.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the name of the linked file, which is expressed as a file:// URL.

### dom.getLinkTarget()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the target of the link that surrounds the current selection. This function is equivalent to looping through the parents and grandparents of the current node until a link is found and then calling the <code>getAttribute('TARGET')</code> function on the link.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the value of the TARGET attribute for the link or an empty string if no target is specified.

### dom.getListTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the style of the selected list.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the tag that is associated with the list ("ul", "ol", or "dl") or an empty string if no tag is associated with the list. This value always returns in lowercase letters.

### dom.getTextAlignment()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the alignment of the block that contains the selection.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the value of the ALIGN attribute for the tag that is associated with the block or an empty string if the ALIGN attribute is not set for the tag. This value always returns in lowercase letters.

### dom.getTextFormat()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets the block format of the selected text.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string that contains the block tag that is associated with the text (for example, "p", "h1", "pre", and so on) or an empty string if no block tag is associated with the selection. This value always returns in lowercase letters.

### dom.hasCharacterMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether the selection already has the specified character markup.

#### Arguments

markupTagName

• The markupTagName argument is the name of the tag that you're checking. It must be one of the following strings: "b", "cite", "code", "dfn", "em", "i", "kbd", "samp", "s", "strong", "tt", "u", or "var".

A Boolean value that indicates whether the entire selection has the specified character markup. The function returns a value of false if only part of the selection has the specified markup.

### dom.indent()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Indents the selection using BLOCKQUOTE tags. If the selection is a list item, this function indents the selection by converting the selected item into a nested list. This nested list is of the same type as the outer list and contains one item, the original selection.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.insertHTML()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Inserts HTML content into the document at the current insertion point.

#### **Arguments**

contentToInsert, {bReplaceCurrentSelection}

- The *contentToInsert* argument is the content you want to insert.
- The bReplaceCurrentSelection argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the content should replace the current selection. If the bReplaceCurrentSelection argument is a value of true, the content replaces the current selection. If the value is false, the content is inserted after the current selection.

### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following code inserts the HTML string <b>130</b> into the current document:

```
var theDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
theDOM.insertHTML('<b>130</b>');
```

The result appears in the Document window.

### dom.insertObject()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Inserts the specified object, prompting the user for parameters if necessary.

#### Arguments

objectName

• The *objectName* argument is the name of an object in the Configuration/Objects folder.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

A call to the dom. insertObject ('Button') function inserts a form button into the active document after the current selection. If nothing is selected, this function inserts the button at the current insertion point.

Note: Although object files can be stored in separate folders, it's important that these files have unique names. If a file called Button.htm exists in the Forms folder and also in the MyObjects folder, Dreamweaver cannot distinguish between them.

### dom.insertText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Inserts text content into the document at the current insertion point.

#### Arguments

contentToInsert, {bReplaceCurrentSelection}

- The *contentToInsert* argument is the content that you want to insert.
- The bReplaceCurrentSelection argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the content should replace the current selection. If the bReplaceCurrentSelection argument is a value of true, the content replaces the current selection. If the value is false, the content is inserted after the current selection.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following code inserts the text: <b&gt;130&lt;/b&gt; into the current document:

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM();
theDOM.insertText('<b>130</b>');
```

The results appear in the Document window.

### dom.newBlock()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Creates a new block with the same tag and attributes as the block that contains the current selection or creates a new paragraph if the pointer is outside all blocks.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

If the current selection is inside a center-aligned paragraph, a call to the dom.newBlock() function inserts cp align="center"> after the current paragraph.

### dom.notifyFlashObjectChanged()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Tells Dreamweaver that the current Flash object file has changed. Dreamweaver updates the Preview display, resizing it as necessary, preserving the width-height ratio from the original size.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.outdent()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Outdents the selection.

#### Arguments

None.

Nothing.

### dom.removeCharacterMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the specified type of character markup from the selection.

#### Arguments

tagName

• The tagName argument is the tag name that is associated with the character markup. It must be one of the following strings: "b", "cite", "code", "dfn", "em", "i", "kbd", "samp", "s", "strong", "tt", "u", or "var".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.removeFontMarkup()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the specified attribute and its value from a FONT tag. If removing the attribute leaves only the FONT tag, the FONT tag is also removed.

#### Arguments

attribute

• The attribute argument must be "face", "size", or "color".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.resizeSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Resizes the selected object to the specified dimensions.

#### Arguments

newWidth, newHeight

- The newWidth argument specifies the new width to which the function will set the selected object.
- The newHeight argument specifies the new height to which the function will set the selected object.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setAttributeWithErrorChecking()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the specified attribute to the specified value for the current selection, prompting the user if the value is the wrong type or if it is out of range. This function is valid only for the active document.

#### Arguments

attribute, value

- The attribute argument specifies the attribute to set for the current selection.
- The *value* argument specifies the value to set for the attribute.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setLinkHref()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Makes the selection a hypertext link or changes the URL value of the HREF tag that encloses the current selection.

#### **Arguments**

linkHREF

The linkHREF argument is the URL (document-relative path, root-relative path, or absolute URL) comprising the link. If this argument is omitted, the Select HTML File dialog box appears.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dom.canSetLinkHref()" on page 458.

### dom.setLinkTarget()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the target of the link that surrounds the current selection. This function is equivalent to looping through the parents and grandparents of the current node until a link is found and then calling the setAttribute('TARGET') function on the link.

#### Arguments

{linkTarget}

· The linkTarget argument, which is optional, is a string that represents a frame name, window name, or one of the reserved targets ("\_self", "\_parent", "\_top", or "\_blank"). If the argument is omitted, the Set Target dialog box appears.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setListBoxKind()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Changes the kind of the selected SELECT menu.

#### Arguments

kind

• The kind argument must be either "menu" or "list box".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.showListPropertiesDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the List Properties dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

et		

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dom.canShowListPropertiesDialog()" on page 458.

### dom.setListTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the style of the selected list.

#### Arguments

listTag

• The listTag argument is the tag that is associated with the list. It must be "ol", "ul", "dl", or an empty string.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setTextAlignment()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Sets the ALIGN attribute of the block that contains the selection to the specified value.

#### Arguments

alignValue

• The align Value argument must be "left", "center", or "right".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setTextFieldKind()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Sets the format of the selected text field.

#### Arguments

fieldType

• The fieldType argument must be "input", "textarea", or "password".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.setTextFormat()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Sets the block format of the selected text.

#### Arguments

blockFormat

• The blockFormat argument is a string that specifies one of the following formats: "" (for no format), "p", "h1", "h2", "h3", "h4", "h5", "h6", or "pre".

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.showFontColorDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Color Picker dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

## dreamweaver.deleteSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Deletes the selection in the active document or the Site panel; on the Macintosh, it deletes the text box that has focus in a dialog box or floating panel.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Enabler

See "dreamweaver.canDeleteSelection()" on page 462.

### dreamweaver.editFontList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Opens the Edit Font List dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dreamweaver.getFontList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Gets a list of all the font groups that appear in the text Property inspector and in the Style Definition dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

An array of strings that represent each item in the font list.

#### Example

 $For the \ default \ installation \ of \ Dream weaver, a \ call \ to \ the \ dream weaver. \\ getFontList() \ function \ returns \ an \ array \ that$ contains the following items:

• "Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif"

```
• "Times New Roman, Times, serif"
• "Courier New, Courier, mono"
• "Georgia, Times New Roman, Times, serif"
• "Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif"
```

### dreamweaver.getFontStyles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns the styles that a specified TrueType font supports.

#### Arguments

*fontName* 

• The *fontName* argument is a string that contains the name of the font.

An array of three Boolean values that indicates what the font supports. The first value indicates whether the font supports bold, the second indicates whether the font supports italic, and the third indicates whether the font supports both bold and italic.

### dreamweaver.getKeyState()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether the specified modifier key is depressed.

#### Arguments

key

• The key argument must be one of the following values: "Cmd", "Ctrl", "Alt", or "Shift". In Windows, "Cmd" and "Ctrl" refer to the Control key; on the Macintosh, "Alt" refers to the Option key.

A Boolean value that indicates whether the key is pressed.

The following code checks that both the Shift and Control keys (Windows) or Shift and Command keys (Macintosh) are pressed before performing an operation:

```
if (dw.getKeyState("Shift") && dw.getKeyState("Cmd")){
   // execute code
```

### dreamweaver.getNaturalSize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns the width and height of a graphical object.

#### Arguments

url

• The url argument points to a graphical object for which the dimensions are wanted. Dreamweaver must support this object (GIF, JPEG, PNG, Flash, and Shockwave). The URL that is provided as the argument to the getNaturalSize() function must be an absolute URL that points to a local file; it cannot be a relative URL.

#### Returns

An array of two integers where the first integer defines the width of the object, and the second defines the height.

### dreamweaver.getSystemFontList()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Returns a list of fonts for the system. This function can get either all fonts or only TrueType fonts.

#### Arguments

fontTypes

• The fontTypes argument is a string that contains either the value all, or the value TrueType.

#### Returns

An array of strings that contain the entire font names; returns a value of null if no fonts are found.

## **Print function**

The print function lets the user print code from Code view.

### dreamweaver.printCode()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

In Windows, this function prints all or selected portions of code from the Code view. On the Macintosh, it prints all code or a page range of code.

#### Arguments

showPrintDialog, document

• The showPrintDialog argument is true or false. If this argument is set to true, in Windows, the dreamweaver.PrintCode() function displays the Print dialog box to ask if the user wants to print all text or selected text. On the Macintosh, the dreamweaver.PrintCode() function displays the Print dialog box to ask if the user wants to print all text or a page range.

If the argument is set to false, dreamweaver. PrintCode() uses the user's previous selection. The default value is true.

• The document argument is the DOM of the document to print. For information on how to obtain the DOM for a document, see "dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM()" on page 247.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the code can print; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following example calls dw. PrintCode () to start the Print dialog box for the user's document. If the function returns the value false, the code displays an alert to inform the user that it cannot execute the print request.

```
var theDOM = dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM("document");
if(!dreamweaver.PrintCode(true, theDOM))
   alert("Unable to execute your print request!");
```

# **Quick Tag Editor functions**

Quick Tag Editor functions navigate through the tags within and surrounding the current selection. They remove any tag in the hierarchy, wrap the selection inside a new tag, and show the Quick Tag Editor to let the user edit specific attributes for the tag.

### dom.selectChild()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects a child of the current selection. Calling this function is equivalent to selecting the next tag to the right in the tag selector at the bottom of the Document window.

#### Arguments

None.

Nothing.

### dom.selectParent()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Selects the parent of the current selection. Calling this function is equivalent to selecting the next tag to the left in the tag selector at the bottom of the Document window.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.stripTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Removes the tag from around the current selection, leaving any contents. If the selection has no tags or contains more than one tag, Dreamweaver reports an error.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### dom.wrapTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Wraps the specified tag around the current selection. If the selection is unbalanced, Dreamweaver reports an error.

#### Arguments

startTag, {bAlwaysBalance}, {bMakeLegal}

• The startTag argument is the source that is associated with the opening tag.

- The bAlwaysBalance argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to balance the selection before wrapping it. This argument is optional.
- The bMakeLegal argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether to ensure that the wrap results in valid HTML. This argument is optional.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### Example

The following code wraps a link around the current selection:

```
var theDOM = dw.getDocumentDOM();
var theSel = theDOM.getSelectedNode();
if (theSel.nodeType == Node.TEXT_NODE) {
    theDOM.wrapTag('<a href="foo.html">');
```

# dreamweaver.showQuickTagEditor()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Displays the Quick Tag Editor for the current selection.

### Arguments

{nearWhat}, {mode}

- The optional nearWhat argument, if specified, must be either "selection" or "tag selector". If this argument is omitted, the default value is "selection".
- The optional mode argument, if specified, must be "default", "wrap", "insert", or "edit". If mode is "default" or omitted, Dreamweaver uses heuristics to determine the mode to use for the current selection. The mode argument is ignored if nearWhat is "tag selector".

#### Returns

Nothing.

# **Code view functions**

Code view functions include operations that are related to editing document source code (and that have subsequent impact on the Design view). The functions in this section let you add navigational controls to Code views within a Split document view or the Code inspector window.

# dom.formatRange()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Applies Dreamweaver automatic syntax formatting to a specified range of characters in the Code view, according to the settings in the Preferences > Code Format dialog box.

### Arguments

startOffset, endOffset

- The startOffset argument is an integer that represents the beginning of the specified range as the offset from the beginning of the document.
- The endOffset argument is an integer that represents the end of the specified range as the offset from the beginning of the document.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.formatSelection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Applies Dreamweaver automatic syntax formatting to the selected content (the same as selecting the Commands > Apply Source Formatting to Selection option) according to the settings in the Preferences > Code Format dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.getShowNoscript()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Gets the current state of the noscript content option (from the View > Noscript Content menu option). On by default, the noscript tag identifies page script content that can be rendered, or not (by choice), in the browser.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the noscript tag content is currently rendered; false otherwise.

# dom.getAutoValidationCount()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

### Description

Gets the number of errors, warnings, and information messages for the last auto-validation (also known as an inline validation) of the document. Currently only a target-browser check is performed during auto-validation (see "dom.runValidation()" on page 256).

**Note:** This function returns only the results that are currently in the results window for the document. If you want to make sure that the counts are up-to-date, you can call dom.runValidation() before calling this function.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

An object with the following properties:

- The numError property, which is the number of errors
- The numWarning property, which is the number of warnings
- The numInfo property, which is the number of information messages

# Example

```
theDom = dw.getDocumentDOM();
theDom.runValidation();
theDom.getAutoValidationCount();
```

# dom.isDesignViewUpdated()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Determines whether the Design view and Text view content is synchronized for those Dreamweaver operations that require a valid document state.

### Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Design view (WYSIWYG) is synchronized with the text in the Text view; false otherwise.

# dom.isSelectionValid()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Determines whether a selection is valid, meaning it is currently synchronized with the Design view, or if it needs to be moved before an operation occurs.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current selection is in a valid piece of code; false if the document has not been synchronized, because the selection is not updated.

# dom.setShowNoscript()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Sets the noscript content option on or off (the same as selecting the View > Noscript Content option). On by default, the noscript tag identifies page script content that can be rendered, or not (by choice), in the browser.

### Arguments

{bShowNoscript}

• The bShowNoscript argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether the noscript tag content should be rendered; true if the noscript tag content should be rendered, false otherwise.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.arrowDown()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Moves the insertion point down the Code view document, line by line. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection line by line.

# Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of lines that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.arrowLeft()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the left in the current line of the Code view. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the left.

#### **Arguments**

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of characters that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If *bShiftIsDown* is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.arrowRight()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the right in the current line of the Code view. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the right.

#### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of characters that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected; otherwise it is not.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.arrowUp()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Moves the insertion point up the Code view document, line by line. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection line by line.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument is the number of lines that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.balanceBracesTextView()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function is a Code view extension that enables parentheses balancing. You can call dom.source.balanceBracesTextView() to extend a currently highlighted selection or insertion point. The extension is from the opening of the surrounding parenthetical statement to the end of the statement. It is to balance the following characters: [], {}, and (). Subsequent calls expand the selection through further levels of punctuation nesting.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.doCodeNavItem()

#### **Availability**

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function loads the Code Navigator and populates it with targets for the current selection. However, it does not by itself do any navigation or open any related file.

#### Arguments

None

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Code Navigator is opened; false if it cannot be opened because the current selection has no navigation targets.

# dom.source.endOfDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Places the insertion point at the end of the current Code view document. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the end of the document.

### Arguments

bShiftIsDown

• The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.endOfLine()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Places the insertion point at the end of the current line. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the end of the current line.

#### Arguments

bShiftIsDown

• The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.endPage()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the end of the current page or to the end of the next page if the insertion point is already at the end of a page. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection page by page.

#### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.getCurrentLines()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Returns the line numbers for the specified offset locations from the beginning of the document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The line numbers for the current selection.

# dom.source.getSelection()

#### Description

Gets the selection in the current document, which is expressed as character offsets into the document's Code view.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A pair of integers that represent offsets from the beginning of the source document. The first integer is the opening of the selection; the second is the closing of the selection. If the two numbers are equal, the selection is an insertion point. If there is no selection in the source, both numbers are -1.

# dom.source.getLineFromOffset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Takes an offset into the source document.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

The associated line number, or -1 if the offset is negative or past the end of the file.

# dom.source.getText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Returns the text string in the source between the designated offsets.

#### Arguments

startOffset, endOffset

- The startOffset argument is an integer that represents the offset from the beginning of the document.
- The endOffset argument is an integer that represents the end of the document.

### Returns

A string that represents the text in the source code between the offsets *start* and *end*.

# dom.source.getValidationErrorsForOffset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Returns a list of validation errors at the specified offset, or it searches from the offset for the next error. If none are found the function, returns null.

#### Arguments

offset, {searchDirection}

• The *offset* argument is a number that specifies the offset in the code for which the function will return any errors.

• The searchDirection argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies "empty", "forward" or "back". If specified, the function searches forward or back from the given offset to the next characters with errors and returns them. If not specified, the function simply checks for errors at the given offset.

#### Returns

An array of objects or the value null. Each object in the array has the following properties:

- The message object is a string that contains the error message.
- The floaterName object is a string that contains the name of the results window. You can pass this value to the showResults() or setFloaterVisibility() functions.
- The floaterIndex object is an index of items in the floater results list.
- The start object is the opening index of underlined code.
- The end object is the closing index of underlined code.

**Note:** The returned floater indexes should not be stored because they can change frequently, such as when documents are opened or closed.

#### Example

The following example calls getValidationErrorsForOffset() to check for any errors at the offset of the current selection. If the function returns an error, the code calls the alert () function to display the error message to the user.

```
var offset = dw.getDocumentDOM().source.getSelection()[0];
var errors = dw.qetDocumentDOM().source.getValidationErrorsForOffset(offset);
if ( errors && errors.length > 0 )
   alert( errors[0].message );
```

# dom.source.indentTextview()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves selected Code view text one tab stop to the right.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.insert()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Inserts the specified string into the source code at the specified offset from the beginning of the source file. If the offset is not greater than or equal to zero, the insertion fails and the function returns false.

### Arguments

offset, string

- The offset argument is the offset from the beginning of the file where the string must be inserted.
- The *string* argument is the string to insert.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# dom.source.nextWord()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the next word (or words, if specified) in the Code view. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the right.

#### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of words that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If *bShiftIsDown* is true, the content is selected.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.outdentTextview()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Moves selected Code view text one tab stop to the left.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.pageDown()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point down the Code view document, page by page. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection page by page.

### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If *bShiftIsDown* is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.pageUp()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Moves the insertion point up the Code view document, page by page. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection page by page.

#### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If *bShiftIsDown* is true, the content is selected.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.previousWord()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the beginning of the previous word (or words, if specified) in Code view. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the left.

#### Arguments

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of words that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If *bShiftIsDown* is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.replaceRange()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Replaces the range of source text between startOffset and endOffset with string. If startOffset is greater than endOffset or if either offset is not a positive integer, it does nothing and returns false. If endOffset is greater than the number of characters in the file, it replaces the range between startOffset and the end of the file. If both startOffset and endOffset are greater than the number of characters in the file, it inserts the text at the end of the file.

#### Arguments

startOffset, endOffset, string

- The startOffset argument is the offset that indicates the beginning of the block to replace.
- The *endOffset* argument is the offset that indicates the end of the block to replace.
- The string argument is the string to insert.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# dom.source.scrollEndFile()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Scrolls the Code view to the bottom of the document file without moving the insertion point.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.scrollLineDown()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Scrolls the Code view down line by line without moving the insertion point.

#### Arguments

nTimes

• The *nTimes* argument is the number of lines to scroll. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.scrollLineUp()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Scrolls the Code view up line by line without moving the insertion point.

# Arguments

nTimes

• The *nTimes* argument is the number of lines to scroll. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.scrollPageDown()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Scrolls the Code view down page by page without moving the insertion point.

#### Arguments

nTimes

• The *nTimes* argument is the number of pages to scroll. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.

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Nothing.

# dom.source.scrollPageUp()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Scrolls the Code view up page by page without moving the insertion point.

#### Arguments

nTimes

• The *nTimes* argument is the number of pages to scroll. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.scrollTopFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Scrolls the Code view to the top of the document file without moving the insertion point.

#### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.selectParentTag()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

This function is a Code view extension that enables tag balancing. You can call dom.source.selectParentTag() to extend a currently highlighted selection or insertion point from the surrounding open tag to the closing tag. Subsequent calls extend the selection to additional surrounding tags until there are no more enclosing tags.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.setCurrentLine()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Puts the insertion point at the beginning of the specified line. If the lineNumber argument is not a positive integer, the function does nothing and returns false. It puts the insertion point at the beginning of the last line if lineNumber is larger than the number of lines in the source.

#### **Arguments**

lineNumber

• The lineNumber argument is the line at the beginning of which the insertion point is placed.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if successful; false otherwise.

# dom.source.startOfDocument()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Places the insertion point at the beginning of the Code view document. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the beginning of the document.

### Arguments

bShiftIsDown

• The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.startOfLine()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Places the insertion point at the beginning of the current line. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection to the beginning of the current line.

### Arguments

bShiftIsDown

• The bShiftIsDown argument is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.topPage()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Moves the insertion point to the top of the current page or to the top of the previous page if the insertion point is already at the top of a page. If content is already selected, this function extends the selection page by page.

### **Arguments**

{nTimes}, {bShiftIsDown}

- The *nTimes* argument, which is optional, is the number of pages that the insertion point must move. If *nTimes* is omitted, the default is 1.
- The bShiftIsDown argument, which is optional, is a Boolean value that indicates whether content is being selected. If bShiftIsDown is true, the content is selected.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.source.wrapSelection()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Inserts the text of *startTag* before the current selection and the text of *endTag* after the current selection. The function then selects the entire range between, and including, the inserted tags. If the current selection was an insertion point, then the function places the insertion point between the startTag and endTag. (startTag and endTag don't have to be tags; they can be any arbitrary text.)

#### Arguments

startTag, endTag

• The *startTag* argument is the text to insert at the beginning of the selection.

• The *endTag* argument is the text to insert at the end of the selection.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dom.synchronizeDocument()

#### **Availability**

Dreamweaver 4.

### Description

Synchronizes the Design and Code views.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# Tag editor and tag library functions

You can use tag editors to insert new tags, edit existing tags, and access reference information about tags. The Tag Chooser lets users organize their tags so that they can easily select frequently used tags. The tag libraries that come with Dreamweaver store information about tags that are used in standards-based markup languages and most widely used tag-based scripting languages. You can use the JavaScript Tag editor, Tag Chooser, and Tag library functions when you need to access and work with tag editors and tag libraries in your extensions.

# dom.getTagSelectorTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function gets the DOM node for the tag that is currently selected in the Tag Selector bar at the bottom of the document window.

### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

The DOM node for the currently selected tag; null if no tag is selected.

# dreamweaver.popupInsertTagDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function checks the VTM files to see if a tag editor has been defined for the tag. If so, the editor for that tag pops up and accepts the start tag. If not, the start tag is inserted unmodified into the user's document.

### Arguments

start\_tag\_string

A start tag string that includes one of the following types of initial values:

- A tag, such as <input>
- A tag with attributes, such as <input type='text'>
- A directive, such as <%= %>

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if anything is inserted into the document; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.popupEditTagDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

If a tag is selected, this function opens the Tag editor for that tag, so you can edit the tag.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

#### **Enabler**

See "dreamweaver.canPopupEditTagDialog()" on page 464.

# dreamweaver.showTagChooser()

## Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

## Description

This function displays the Tag Chooser dialog box, brings it to the front, and sets it in focus.

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None.

#### Returns

Nothing.

# dreamweaver.showTagLibraryEditor()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function opens the Tag Library editor.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

None.

# dreamweaver.tagLibrary.getTagLibraryDOM()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Given the URL of a filename. vtm file, this function returns the DOM for that file, so that its contents can be edited. This function should be called only when the Tag Library editor is active.

# Arguments

fileURL

• The fileURL argument is the URL of a filename.vtm file, relative to the Configuration/Tag Libraries folder, as shown in the following example: "HTML/img.vtm"

### Returns

A DOM pointer to a new or previously existing file within the TagLibraries folder.

# dreamweaver.tagLibrary.getSelectedLibrary()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

If a library node is selected in the Tag Library editor, this function gets the library name.

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None.

#### Returns

A string: the name of the library that is currently selected in the Tag Library editor; returns an empty string if no library is selected.

# dreamweaver.tagLibrary.getSelectedTag()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

If an attribute node is currently selected, this function gets the name of the tag that contains the attribute.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A string: the name of the tag that is currently selected in the Tag Library editor; returns an empty string if no tag is selected.

# dreamweaver.tagLibrary.importDTDOrSchema()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

This function imports a DTD or schema file from a remote server into the tag library.

### Arguments

fileURL, Prefix

- The *fileURL* argument is the path to DTD or schema file, in local URL format.
- The *Prefix* argument is the prefix string that should be added to all tags in this tag library.

#### Returns

Name of the imported tag library.

# dreamweaver.tagLibrary.getImportedTagList()

# Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

This function generates a list of tagInfo objects from an imported tag library.

### Arguments

libname

• The *libname* argument is the name of the imported tag library.

#### Returns

Array of tagInfo objects.

A taginfo object contains information about a single tag that is included in the tag library. The following properties are defined in a tagInfo object:

- The tagName property, which is a string
- The attributes property, which is an array of strings. Each string is the name of an attribute that is defined for this tag.

### Example:

The following example shows that using the dw.tagLibrary.getImportedTagList() function can get an array of tags from the libName library:

```
// "fileURL" and "prefix" have been entered by the user.
    // tell the Tag Library to Import the DTD/Schema
var libName = dw.tagLibrary.importDTDOrSchema(fileURL, prefix);
    // get the array of tags for this library
    // this is the TagInfo object
var tagArray = dw.tagLibrary.getImportedTagList(libName);
    // now I have an array of tagInfo objects.
   // I can get info out of them. This gets info out of the first one.
    // note: this assumes there is at least one TagInfo in the array.
var firstTagName = tagArray[0].name;
var firstTagAttributes = tagArray[0].attributes;
    // note that firstTagAttributes is an array of attributes.
```

# **Chapter 19: Enablers**

Adobe® Dreamweaver® CS4 enabler functions determine whether another function can perform a specific operation in the current context. The function specifications describe the general circumstances under which each function returns a true value. However, the descriptions are not intended to be comprehensive and possibly excludes some cases in which the function would return a false value.

# **Enabler functions**

The enabler functions in the JavaScript API include the following functions.

# dom.canAlign()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Align Left, Align Right, Align Top, or Align Bottom operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether two or more layers or hotspots are selected.

# dom.canApplyTemplate()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Apply To Page operation. This function is valid only for the active document.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is not a library item or a template, and that the selection is not within the NOFRAMES tag.

# dom.canArrange()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Bring to Front or Move to Back operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether a hotspot is selected.

# dom.canClipCopyText()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Copy as Text operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the opening and closing offsets of the selection are different; false otherwise, to indicate that nothing has been selected.

# dom.canClipPaste()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Paste operation.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Clipboard contains any content that can be pasted into Dreamweaver; false otherwise.

# dom.canClipPasteText()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Paste as Text operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Clipboard contains any content that can be pasted into Dreamweaver as text; false otherwise.

# dom.canConvertLayersToTable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Convert Layers to Table operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if all the content in the BODY section of the document is contained within layers; false otherwise.

# dom.canConvertTablesToLayers()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Convert Tables to Layers operation.

### Arguments

None.

A Boolean value: true if all the content in the BODY section of the document is contained within tables, and the document is not based on a template; false otherwise.

# dom.canDecreaseColspan()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Decrease Colspan operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current cell has a COLSPAN attribute and that attribute's value is greater than or equal to 2; false otherwise.

# dom.canDecreaseRowspan()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Decrease Rowspan operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current cell has a ROWSPAN attribute and that attribute's value is greater than or equal to 2; false otherwise.

# dom.canDeleteTableColumn()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Delete Column operation.

### Arguments

None.

A Boolean value: true if the insertion point is inside a cell or if a cell or column is selected; false otherwise.

# dom.canDeleteTableRow()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Delete Row operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the insertion point is inside a cell or if a cell or row is selected; false otherwise.

# site.canEditColumns()

### Description

Checks whether a site exists.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if a site exists; false otherwise.

# dom.canEditNoFramesContent()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Edit No Frames Content operation.

### Arguments

None.

A Boolean value: true if the current document is a frameset or within a frameset; false otherwise.

# dom.canIncreaseColspan()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

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Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Increase Colspan operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there are any cells to the right of the current cell; false otherwise.

# dom.canIncreaseRowspan()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Increase Rowspan operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there are any cells below the current cell; false otherwise.

# dom.canInsertTableColumns()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Insert Column(s) operation.

## Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is inside a table; false if the selection is an entire table or is not inside a table.

# dom.canInsertTableRows()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

## Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Insert Row(s) operation.

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None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is inside a table; false if the selection is an entire table or is not inside a table.

# dom.canMakeNewEditableRegion()

# Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a New Editable Region operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current document is a template (DWT) file.

# dom.canMarkSelectionAsEditable()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Mark Selection as Editable operation.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is a selection and the current document is a DWT file; false otherwise.

# dom.canMergeTableCells()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Merge Cells operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is an adjacent grouping of table cells; false otherwise.

# dom.canPlayPlugin()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Play operation. This function is valid only for the active document.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection can be played with a plug-in.

# dom.canRedo()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Redo operation.

### Arguments

None.

# Returns

A Boolean value: true if any steps remain to redo; false otherwise.

# dom.canRemoveEditableRegion()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Unmark Editable Region operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current document is a template; false otherwise.

# dom.canSelectTable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Select Table operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the insertion point or selection is within a table; false otherwise.

# dom.canSetLinkHref()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can change the link around the current selection or create one if necessary.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is an image, text, or if the insertion point is inside a link; false otherwise. A text selection is defined as a selection for which the text Property inspector would appear.

# dom.canShowListPropertiesDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

# Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can show the List Properties dialog box.

# **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is within an LI tag; false otherwise.

# dom.canSplitFrame()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Split Frame [Left | Right | Up | Down] operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is within a frame; false otherwise.

# dom.canSplitTableCell()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Split Cell operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the insertion point is inside a table cell or the selection is a table cell; false otherwise.

# dom.canStopPlugin()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Stop operation.

# Arguments

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is currently being played with a plug-in; false otherwise.

# dom.canUndo()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Undo operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if any steps remain to undo; false otherwise.

# dom.hasTracingImage()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether the document has a tracing image.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the document has a tracing image; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.assetPalette.canEdit()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

# Description

Enables menu items in the Assets panel for editing.

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Returns a Boolean value: true if the asset can be edited; false otherwise. Returns a false value for colors and URLs in the Site list, and returns a false value for a multiple selection of colors and URLs in the Favorites list.

# dreamweaver.assetPalette.canInsertOrApply()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Checks if the selected elements can be inserted or applied. Returns either a true or false value so the menu items can be enabled or disabled for insertion or application.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

Returns a Boolean value: true if the selected elements can be inserted or applied; false if the current page is a template and the current category is Templates. The function also returns a false value if no document is open or if a library item is selected in the document and the current category is Library.

# dreamweaver.canClipCopy()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Copy operation.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is any content selected that can be copied to the Clipboard; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canClipCut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Cut operation.

### **Arguments**

None.

# Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is any selected content that can be cut to the Clipboard; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canClipPaste()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Paste operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Clipboard contains any content that can be pasted into the current document or the active window in the Site panel (on the Macintosh, a text field in a floating panel or dialog box); false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canDeleteSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can delete the current selection. Depending on the window that has focus, the deletion might occur in the Document window or the Site panel (on the Macintosh, in a text field in a dialog box or floating panel).

# Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the opening and closing offsets for the selection are different, which indicates that there is a selection; false if the offsets are the same, indicating that there is only an insertion point.

# dreamweaver.canExportTemplateDataAsXML()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can export the current document as XML.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if you can perform an export on the current document; false otherwise.

### Example

The following example calls dw.canExportTemplateDataAsXML() to determine whether Dreamweaver can export the current document as XML and if it returns true, calls dw. ExportTemplateDataAsXML() to export it:

```
if (dreamweaver.canExportTemplateDataAsXML())
    \label{lem:decomposition} dreamweaver.exportTemplateDataAsXML("file:///c|/dw_temps/mytemplate.txt")
```

# dreamweaver.canFindNext()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Find Next operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if a search pattern has already been established; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canFitSelection()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

Checks whether there is a selection in an active Design view, which means that fitSelection() can be called.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is a selection in an active Design view; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canOpenInFrame()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Open in Frame operation.

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#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection or insertion point is within a frame; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.canPasteSpecial()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Paste Special operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is text, HTML, or Dreamweaver HTML on the Clipboard and focus is in Code View, Design View, or Code Inspector; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.canPlayRecordedCommand()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Play Recorded Command operation.

#### **Arguments**

None.

A Boolean value: true if there is an active document and a previously recorded command that can be played; false otherwise.

# dreamweaver.canPopupEditTagDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether the current selection is a tag and whether the Edit Tag menu item is active.

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#### Returns

The name of the currently selected tag or a null value if no tag is selected.

### dreamweaver.canRedo()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Redo operation in the current context.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether any operations can be undone.

### dreamweaver.canRevertDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Revert (to the last-saved version) operation.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the object at the root of a document's DOM tree (the value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is in an unsaved state and a saved version of the document exists on a local drive.

## dreamweaver.canSaveAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Save All operation.

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#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether one or more unsaved documents are open.

### dreamweaver.canSaveDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Save operation on the specified document.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the root of a document's DOM (the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document has any unsaved changes.

### dreamweaver.canSaveDocumentAsTemplate()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Save As Template operation on the specified document.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the root of a document's DOM (the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document can be saved as a template.

### dreamweaver.canSaveFrameset()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Save Frameset operation on the specified document.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the root of a document's DOM (the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is a frameset with unsaved changes.

### dreamweaver.canSaveFramesetAs()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Save Frameset As operation on the specified document.

#### Arguments

documentObject

• The documentObject argument is the root of a document's DOM (the same value that the dreamweaver.getDocumentDOM() function returns).

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document is a frameset.

### dreamweaver.canSelectAll()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Select All operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether a Select All operation can be performed.

## dreamweaver.canShowFindDialog()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Find operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that is true if a Site panel or a Document window is open. This function returns the value false when the selection is in the HEAD section.

### dreamweaver.canUndo()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform an Undo operation in the current context.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether any operations can be undone.

### dreamweaver.canZoom()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

Checks to see if there is an active Design view, which means that basic zoom commands can be applied.

### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if there is an active Design view; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.cssRuleTracker.canEditSelectedRule()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX 2004.

#### Description

Checks whether the Property Grid editor can be applied to the selected rule. Because the Property Grid can display rules in locked files, a return value of true does not guarantee that the rule can be modified.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Property Grid editor can be applied to the selected rule; false otherwise.

#### Example

The following code checks whether the enabler function has been set to the value true before allowing edits to the selected rule:

```
if(dw.cssRuleTracker.canEditSelectedRule()){
   dw.cssRuleTracker.editSelectedRule();
```

### dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canApplySelectedStyle()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current active document to see whether the selected style can be applied.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selected style has a class selector; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canDeleteSelectedStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

### Description

Checks the current selection to determine whether the selected style can be deleted.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection can be deleted; false otherwise.

### dream we aver. css Style Palette. can Duplicate Selected Style ()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current active document to see whether the selected style can be duplicated.

### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selected style can be duplicated; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditSelectedStyle()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current active document to see whether the selected style can be edited.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selected style is editable; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditSelectedStyleInCodeview()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current active document to see whether the selected style can be edited in Code view.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selected style is editable; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canEditStyleSheet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current selection to see whether it contains style sheet elements that can be edited.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selection is a style sheet node or a style definition within a style sheet node and the style sheet is neither hidden nor this document; false if the selection is hidden or in this document.

### dreamweaver.cssStylePalette.canRenameSelectedStyle()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks the current active document to see whether the selected style can be renamed.

#### Arguments

{pane}

• The pane argument, which is optional, is a string that specifies the pane of the Styles panel to which this function applies. Possible values are "stylelist", which is the list of styles in "All" mode; "cascade", which is the list of applicable, relevant rules in "Current" mode; "summary", which is the list of properties for the current selection in "Current" mode; and "ruleInspector", which is the editable list or grid of properties in "Current" mode. The default value is "stylelist".

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the selected style can be renames; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.isRecording()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Reports whether Dreamweaver is currently recording a command.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether Dreamweaver is recording a command.

## dreamweaver.htmlStylePalette.canEditSelection()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can edit, delete, or duplicate the selection in the HTML Styles panel.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver can edit, delete, or duplicate the selection in the HTML Styles panel; false if no style is selected or if one of the clear styles is selected.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canClear()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether you can clear the contents of the Results panel that is currently in focus.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the contents can clear; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canCopy()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether the current Results window can display a copied message in its contents.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the contents can display; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canCut()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether the current Results window can display a Cut message in its contents.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the contents can display; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canPaste()

Availability

# Dreamweaver MX. Description Checks whether the current Results window can display a Paste message in its contents. Arguments None. Returns A Boolean value: true if the contents can display; false otherwise. dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canOpenInBrowser() Availability Dreamweaver MX. Description Checks whether the current report can display in a browser. Arguments None. Returns A Boolean value: true if the contents can display; false otherwise. dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canOpenInEditor() Availability Dreamweaver MX. Checks whether the current report can display in an editor. Arguments

#### Returns

None.

A Boolean value: true if the contents can display; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canSave()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether the Save dialog box can open for the current panel. Currently, the Site Reports, Target Browser Check, Validation, and Link Checker panels support the Save dialog box.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Save dialog box can appear; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.resultsPalette.canSelectAll()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether a Select All message can be sent to the window that is currently in focus.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Select All message can be sent; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canCompare()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

### Description

This function checks whether the Compare context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

### **Arguments**

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Compare context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed; false otherwise.

## dream we aver. site Sync Dialog. can Mark Delete ()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether the Change Action to Delete context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Change Action to Delete context menu can be displayed; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkGet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether the Change Action to Get context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Change Action to Get context menu can be displayed; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkIgnore()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether the Change Action to Ignore context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

#### **Arguments**

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Change Action to Ignore context menu can be displayed; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkPut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether the Change Action to Put context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Change Action to Put context menu can be displayed; false otherwise.

### dreamweaver.siteSyncDialog.canMarkSynced()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether the Change Action to Synced context menu in the Site Synchronize dialog box can be displayed.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Change Action to Synced context menu can be displayed; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.snippetpalette.canEditSnippet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether you can edit the currently selected item and returns either a true or false value so you can enable or disable menu items for editing.

#### **Arguments**

None.

### Returns

A Boolean value: true if you can edit the currently selected item; false otherwise.

## dreamweaver.snippetpalette.canInsert()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Checks whether you can insert or apply the selected element and returns either a true or false value so you can enable or disable menu items for inserting or applying.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if you can insert or apply the selected element; false otherwise.

### site.browseDocument()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Opens all selected documents in a browser window. It is the same as using the Preview in Browser command.

#### Arguments

browserName

• The browserName argument is the name of a browser as defined in the Preview in Browser preferences. If omitted, this argument defaults to the user's primary browser.

#### Returns

Nothing.

### site.canCheckIn()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Check In operation.

### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the following conditions are true; false otherwise:

- · A remote site has been defined.
- If a document window has focus, the file has been saved in a local site; or, if the Site panel has focus, one or more files or folders are selected.
- The Check In/Check Out feature is turned on for the site.

### site.canCheckOut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Check Out operation on the specified file or files.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if all the following conditions are true; false otherwise:

- · A remote site has been defined.
- · If a document window has focus, the file is part of a local site and is not already checked out; or, if the Site panel has focus, one or more files or folders are selected and at least one of the selected files is not already checked out.
- The Check In/Check Out feature is turned on for the site.

## site.canCloak()

### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Cloaking operation.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the canCloak() function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL of a particular folder, which indicates that the cancloak () function should act on the specified folder and all its contents.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver can perform the Cloaking operation on the current site or the specified folder; false otherwise.

### site.canCompareFiles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 8.

#### Description

This function checks whether Dreamweaver can perform the Compare function on selected files.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if two files (one local file and one remote file, two local files, or two remote files) are selected; false otherwise.

### site.canConnect()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can connect to the remote site.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the current remote site is an FTP site; false otherwise.

## site.canDisplaySyncInfoForFile()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver CS3

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform the displaySyncInfoForFile operation.

#### Arguments

path, 'site'

• *path* is the URL to a local file.

• 'site' indicates that the function uses the file selected in the Site panel.

#### Returns

Returns true if one selected file is in the local file view (if 'site' is the parameter) or true if the path passed in is part of a site. Returns false otherwise.

### site.canGet()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Get operation.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

If the argument is site, a Boolean value that indicates whether one or more files or folders is selected in the Site panel and a remote site has been defined. If the argument is a URL, a Boolean value that indicates whether the document belongs to a site for which a remote site has been defined.

### site.canLocateInSite()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3, and updated in CS4.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Locate in Local Site or Locate in Remote Site operation (depending on the argument).

#### Arguments

localOrRemote, siteOrURL

- The localOrRemote argument must be either local or remote.
- The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword. The keyword indicates that the function must act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

One of the following values:

 A Boolean value that indicates whether the document belongs to a site. The Boolean value is returned if the first argument is the keyword local and the second argument is a URL.

- · A Boolean value. The Boolean value is returned if the first argument is the keyword remote and the second argument is a URL. The Boolean value indicates:
  - Whether the document belongs to a site for which a remote site has been defined.
  - Whether the hard drive is mounted, if the server type is Local/Network.
- A Boolean value that indicates whether both windows contain site files and whether the selection is in the opposite pane from the argument. The Boolean value is returned if the second argument is the keyword site.

### site.canMakeEditable()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Turn Off Read Only operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver can perform a Turn Off Read Only operation; false if one or more of the selected files is locked.

### site.canMakeNewFileOrFolder()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a New File or New Folder operation in the Site panel.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if any files are visible in the selected pane of the Site panel; false otherwise.

### site.canOpen()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can open the files or folders that are currently selected in the Site panel.

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#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if any files or folders are selected in the Site panel; false otherwise.

### site.canPut()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Put operation.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Site panel, or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

One of the following values:

- If the argument is the keyword site, returns the value true if any files or folders are selected in the Site panel and a remote site has been defined; otherwise false.
- If the argument is a URL, returns the value true if the document belongs to a site for which a remote site has been defined; otherwise false.

### site.canRecreateCache()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Recreate Site Cache operation.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the Use Cache To Speed Link Updates option is enabled for the current site.

### site.canRefresh()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Checks whether Dreamweaver can perform a Refresh [Local | Remote] operation.

#### Arguments

localOrRemote

• The *localOrRemote* argument must be either the local or remote keyword.

#### Returns

A value of true if the localOrRemote argument is the local keyword; otherwise, a Boolean value that indicates whether a remote site has been defined.

### site.canSelectAllCheckedOutFiles()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 4.

#### Description

Determines whether the current working site has the Check In/Check Out feature enabled.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the site allows Check In/Check Out; false otherwise.

### site.canSelectNewer()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Select Newer [Remote | Local] operation.

#### Arguments

localOrRemote

• The *localOrRemote* argument must be either the local or remote keyword.

A Boolean value that indicates whether the document belongs to a site for which a remote site has been defined.

# site.canSynchronize()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a Synchronize operation.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value that indicates whether a remote site has been defined.

### site.canUncloak()

#### Availability

Dreamweaver MX.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform an uncloaking operation.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the canUncloak() function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL of a particular folder, which indicates that the canUncloak() function should act on the specified folder and all its contents.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if Dreamweaver can perform the uncloaking operation on the current site or the specified folder; false otherwise.

## site.canUndoCheckOut()

### Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

#### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform an Undo Check Out operation.

#### Arguments

siteOrURL

• The siteOrURL argument must be the site keyword, which indicates that the function should act on the selection in the Site panel or the URL for a single file.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the specified file or at least one of the selected files is checked out.

## site.canViewAsRoot()

## Availability

Dreamweaver 3.

### Description

Determines whether Dreamweaver can perform a View as Root operation.

### Arguments

None.

#### Returns

A Boolean value: true if the specified file is an HTML or Flash file; false otherwise.

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