

# **INSTALLING AND DEPLOYING ADOBE® EXPERIENCE MANAGER FORMS ON JEE FOR WEBLOGIC®**

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# Chapter 1: About This Document

AEM forms on JEE is an enterprise server platform that helps you automate and streamline business processes. AEM forms on JEE comprises the following components:

- J2EE-based Foundation provides server capabilities and runtime environment
- Tools to design, develop, and test AEM forms on JEE Applications
- Modules and Services are deployed on AEM forms on JEE Server and provide functional services

For more information about the AEM forms on JEE architecture and capabilities, see [AEM forms on JEE Overview](#).

This document is part of a larger documentation set available at [AEM forms on JEE Documentation page](#). It is advised that you start with the preparing guide and then move on to installation and configuration guide depending on whether you are performing a fresh installation (single server or cluster setup) or upgrading your existing LiveCycle deployment. For Turnkey deployment, which is only for evaluation purposes, see [Installing and Deploying AEM forms on JEE using JBoss Turnkey](#).

## 1.1 Who should read this document?

This guide provides information for administrators or developers who are responsible for installing, upgrading, configuring, administering, or deploying AEM forms on JEE components. The information provided is based on the assumption that anyone reading this guide is familiar with J2EE application servers, operating systems, database servers, and web environments.

## 1.2 Conventions used in this document

The installation and configuration documentation for AEM forms on JEE uses the following naming conventions for common file paths.

Name	Default value	Description
<i>[aem-forms root]</i>	Windows: C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms  Linux and Solaris: /opt/adobe/adobe_Experience_Manager_forms	The installation directory that is used for all AEM forms on JEE modules. The installation directory contains subdirectories for Configuration Manager. This directory also includes directories related to third-party products.
<i>[appserver root]</i>	WebLogic Server on Windows: C:\Oracle\Middleware\wlserver_<version>\  WebLogic Server on Linux and Solaris: /opt/Oracle/Middleware/wlserver_<version>/	The home directory of the application server that runs the services that are part of AEM forms on JEE
<i>[server name]</i>	Server1 for WebLogic Server	The name of the server configured on your application server.
<i>WL_HOME</i>	WebLogic Server on Windows: C:\Oracle\Middleware\ WebLogic Server on Linux and Solaris: /opt/Oracle/Middleware/	The install directory for WebLogic Server as specified for the <i>WL_HOME</i> environment variable.

Name	Default value	Description
[appserverdomain]	WebLogic Server on Windows: C:\Oracle\Middleware\user_projects\domains\base_domain\  WebLogic Server on Linux and UNIX: /opt/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_domain/	The domain that you configured on WebLogic Server.
[dbserver root]	Depends on the database type and your specification during installation.	The location where the AEM forms on JEE database server is installed.
[AEM_temp_dir]	On Windows: C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\tmp  On Linux, UNIX and AIX: /opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/tmp	The temporary directory for AEM forms on JEE server.
[CRX_home]	On Windows: C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\crx-repository  On Linux, UNIX and AIX /opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/crx-repository	The directory that is used for installing the CRX repository.

**Note:** This document uses terms *Adobe Experience Manager forms*, *AEM forms on JEE*, and *LiveCycle* interchangeably.

Most of the information about directory locations in this guide is cross-platform (all file names and paths are case-sensitive on non-Windows operating systems). Any platform-specific information is indicated as required.

## 1.3 Additional information

The resources in this table can help you learn more about AEM forms on JEE.

For information about	See
General information about AEM forms on JEE and the modules	<a href="#">AEM forms on JEE Overview</a>
AEM forms on JEE modules	<a href="#">AEM forms on JEE Modules</a>
Other services and products that integrate with AEM forms on JEE	<a href="#">Adobe Developer Connection</a>
Installing Workbench	<a href="#">Installing Workbench</a>
Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE	<a href="#">Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE (Single Server)</a>
AEM forms on JEE Upgrade Checklist and Planning	<a href="#">AEM forms on JEE Upgrade Checklist and Planning</a>
Troubleshooting	<a href="#">Troubleshooting</a>
Performing administrative tasks	<a href="#">Administration Help</a>
All the documentation available for AEM forms on JEE	<a href="#">AEM forms on JEE documentation</a>
Patch updates, technical notes, and additional information about this product version	<a href="#">Adobe Enterprise Support</a>

# Chapter 2: Introduction to Installation, Configuration, and Deployment Process

## 2.1 Installation, configuration, and deployment overview

Installing, configuring, and deploying AEM forms on JEE involves the following processes:

- **Installing:** Install AEM forms on JEE by running the installation program. Installing AEM forms on JEE places all of the required files onto your computer, within one installation directory structure. The default installation directory is C:\Adobe\Adobe\_Experience\_Manager\_forms (Windows) or /opt/adobe/adobe\_Experience\_Manager\_forms (non-windows); however, you can install the files to a different directory.
- **Configuring:** Configuring AEM forms on JEE modifies various settings that determine how AEM forms on JEE works. Assembling the product places all of the installed components into several deployable EAR and JAR files, according to your configuration instructions. Configure and assemble the components for deployment by running Configuration Manager. You can configure and assemble multiple AEM forms on JEE modules at the same time.
- **Deploying:** Deploying the product involves deploying the assembled EAR files and supporting files to your application server on which you plan to run your AEM forms on JEE. If you have configured multiple modules, the deployable components are packaged within the deployable EAR files. Components and AEM forms on JEE archive files are packaged as JAR files.

*Note: AEM forms on JEE archive file use .lca file extension.*

- **Initializing the database:** Initializing the database to be used with AEM forms on JEE creates tables for use with User Management and other components. Deploying any module that connects to the database requires you to initialize the database after the deployment process.

Before you begin to install and configure AEM forms on JEE, ensure that you have prepared your environment as described in the applicable Preparing guides.

## 2.2 Selecting tasks for configuring and deploying

After you have installed AEM forms on JEE, you can run Configuration Manager to:

- Configure modules in an EAR file for deploying to the application server or cluster of application servers
- Configure properties of the application server or cluster of application servers to support AEM forms on JEE
- Package JDBC modules into AEM forms on JEE EARs (secure data sources)
- Validate application server or cluster configuration
- Deploy AEM forms on JEE EAR files
- Initialize AEM forms on JEE database
- Deploy AEM forms on JEE components
- Validate AEM forms on JEE component deployment

- Configure AEM forms on JEE components

## 2.3 Automatic vs. manual configuration

Although you can use Configuration Manager to configure the application server or cluster and set up data sources to the database, you may prefer to complete these steps manually for the following reasons:

- You have other applications running on the application server or cluster, and are concerned about possible conflicting configurations.
- Corporate security procedures for configuration management dictate finer control.
- You are performing deployments where automatic configuration is not available.

In the manual configuration case, do these tasks:

- Use Configuration Manager to configure AEM forms on JEE components with the required font, temp, and GDS directories
- Manually configure the application server, configure data sources, and deploy AEM forms on JEE EAR files
- Run Configuration Manager to initialize the database
- Run Configuration Manager to deploy AEM forms on JEE components and validate the AEM forms on JEE component deployment.
- Configure AEM forms on JEE components.

## 2.4 AEM forms on JEE installation, configuration, and deployment lists

This section includes lists that you can use to step through the installation and configuration process. A list is provided for installing and configuring when using either the automatic method or the manual method.

- **Automatic method:** Refers to using Configuration Manager to configure the application server, configure and deploy AEM forms on JEE EAR files, initialize the database, and deploy the modules to the server. Use the automatic method if you want to have limited input into the installation, configuration, and deployment of AEM forms on JEE.
- **Manual method:** Refers to using Configuration Manager only to configure AEM forms on JEE EAR files, initialize the database, and deploy the modules to the server. Configuring the application server, connecting to the database, and deploying AEM forms on JEE EAR files to the server is done manually by the administrator by following the instructions later in this document. Use the manual method if you want to have precise input into the installation, configuration, and deployment of AEM forms on JEE. For example, this method may be used in a locked-down server environment.

### 2.4.1 Automatic installation and deployment list

The following list includes the steps that are required for installing AEM forms on JEE modules by using the automatic method. Note that your application server or cluster must be installed before you perform the installation:

- Ensure that you have the required software installed in the target environment. See the appropriate preparing guide at [http://www.adobe.com/go/learn\\_lc\\_documentation\\_11](http://www.adobe.com/go/learn_lc_documentation_11).

- Run the installation program. (See [“3.3 Installing AEM forms on JEE”](#) on page 8.)
- Run Configuration Manager and select all the tasks on the Task Selection screen. It configures the AEM forms on JEE EAR files, configures application server settings, deploys the EAR files and other components to the application server, initializes the AEM forms on JEE database, and verifies the deployment. (See [Configuring AEM forms on JEE for Deployment](#) chapter in this guide.)
- Access the Administration Console and User Management. (See [“5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console”](#) on page 19.)
- (Optional) Configure LDAP access. (See [“5.6 Configuring LDAP access”](#) on page 37.)

## 2.4.2 Manual installation and deployment list

The following list includes the steps that are required for installing AEM forms on JEE by using the manual method. Your application server or cluster must be installed and configured before you perform the installation.

- Ensure that you have the required software installed and configured in the target environment.
  - Ensure that you created and configured the application server in the target environment.
  - Run the installation program.
  - Run Configuration Manager and select the Configure AEM forms on JEE EARs task. This task configures AEM forms on JEE.
  - Configure Application Server settings.
  - Deploy the EAR files to the application server. You can do this manually or use Configuration Manager.
- Note: (Cluster only)** *Ensure that you deploy ear files to the application server on every node of the cluster. When deploying ear files to the application server, ensure that the deployment scope is Cluster .*
- Run Configuration Manager to initialize the AEM forms on JEE database and deploy AEM forms on JEE component files.
  - Access Administration Console and User Management.
  - (Optional) Configure LDAP access.

# Chapter 3: Installing LiveCycle modules

## 3.1 Before you begin

### 3.1.1 Installation overview

Before you install the modules, ensure that your environment includes the software and hardware that is required to run AEM forms on JEE. You should also understand the installation options and have the environment prepared as required. For more information, see the Preparing to Install (Singular Server or Server Cluster) or Preparing to Upgrade guide. The complete AEM forms on JEE documentation is available at

[http://www.adobe.com/go/learn\\_aemforms\\_tutorials\\_6\\_en](http://www.adobe.com/go/learn_aemforms_tutorials_6_en)

AEM forms on JEE also provides a command line interface (CLI) for the installation program. See “[Appendix - Install Command Line Interface](#)” on page 56 for instructions on using the CLI. There is also a CLI for Configuration Manager. See “[Appendix - Configuration Manager Command Line Interface](#)” on page 59. These CLIs are intended to be used by advanced users of AEM forms on JEE, in server environments that do not support the use of the graphical user interface of the installation program or of Configuration Manager, or for users who wish to implement batch (non-interactive) installation capabilities.

### 3.1.2 Checking the installer

Observe the following best practices with the installer files before you begin the installation process.

#### Check the DVD installation media

Ensure that the installation media that you received is not damaged. If you copy the installation media contents to the hard disk of your computer where you are installing AEM forms on JEE, ensure that you copy the entire DVD contents on to the hard disk. To avoid installation errors, do not copy the DVD install image to a directory path that exceeds the Windows maximum path length limit.

Install AEM forms on JEE either by using a local copy of the installation files or directly from the DVD. The installation could fail when AEM forms on JEE is installed over the network. Also, do not use special characters in the local path (for example, the character ‘#’).

#### Check the downloaded files

If you downloaded the installer from the Adobe web site, verify the integrity of the installer file using the MD5 checksum. Do one of the following to calculate and compare the MD5 checksum of the downloaded file with the checksum published on the Adobe download web page:

- **Linux:** Use the `md5sum` command
- **Solaris:** Use the `digest` command
- **Windows:** Use a tool such as WinMD5
- **AIX:** Use the `md5sum` command

#### Expand the downloaded archive files

If you downloaded the ESD from the Adobe web site, extract the entire `lces_server_6_0_0_weblogic_all_win.zip` (Windows) or `lces_server_6_0_0_weblogic_all_unix.tar.gz` (Linux or Solaris) archive file to your computer. For Solaris, use the `gunzip` command to extract the `.gz` file.

**Note:** Be sure to keep the directory hierarchy unchanged from the original ESD file.

## 3.2 Installation considerations

### 3.2.1 Installation paths

To successfully install, you need read, write, and execute permissions on the installation directory. The following installation directories are the defaults; however, you can specify a different directory as required:

- (Windows) C:\Adobe\Adobe\_Experience\_Manager\_forms
- (Linux or Solaris) /opt/adobe/adobe\_experience\_manager\_forms

**Important:** When installing AEM forms on JEE, do not use double byte or extended latin characters (such as àâçèéëñïòùüÄÖßÛ) in the installation path.

When you are installing the modules on UNIX-based systems, you must be logged in as the root user to successfully install the modules to the default location, which is /opt/adobe/adobe\_Experience\_Manager\_forms. If you are logged in as a non-root user, change the installation directory to one that you have permissions (read-write-execute privileges) for. For example, you can change the directory to /home/[username]/adobe/adobe\_experience\_manager\_forms.

**Note:** On a UNIX-like system, when you copy/download files from the source (installation media), install.bin might lose the executable permissions. Ensure that you restore the write-execute permissions after copying/downloading the files.

On Windows, you must have administrator privileges to install AEM forms on JEE.

### 3.2.2 Temporary directories

Temporary files are generated in the temp directory. In certain instances, the generated temporary files may remain after the installer is closed. You can remove these files manually.

When installing on Linux, the installation program uses the logged-in user's home directory as a temporary directory for storing files. As a result, messages such as the following text may appear in the console:

```
WARNING: could not delete temporary file /home/<username>/ismp001/1556006
```

When you complete the installation, you must manually delete the temporary files from the following directories:

- (Windows) TMP or TEMP path as set in the environment variables
- (Linux or Solaris) Logged-in user's home directory

On UNIX-based systems, a non-root user can use the following directory as the temporary directory:

- (Linux) /var/tmp or /usr/tmp
- (Solaris) /var/tmp or /usr/tmp

### 3.2.3 Installing on a Windows staging platform for Linux or UNIX

AEM forms on JEE can be installed and configured on Windows for deployment on a Linux or UNIX platform. You can use this functionality for installing on a locked-down Linux or UNIX environment. A locked-down environment does not have a graphical user interface installed. For the Linux or UNIX platform, the installation program installs binaries that are used by Configuration Manager to configure the product.

The computer running Windows can then be used as a staging location for the deployable objects, which can be copied to a Linux or UNIX computer for deployment to the application server. The application server on the Windows-based computer, and the Linux or UNIX target computer on which you want to install AEM forms on JEE must be the same.

### 3.2.4 Configuring the JAVA\_HOME environment variable

The JAVA\_HOME environment variable must point to the Java SDK for your application server as outlined in the preparing guide. See [Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE \(Single Server\)](#) or [Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE \(Server Cluster\)](#) for more information

### 3.2.5 General installation notes

- On Windows, improve the speed of installation by disabling any on-access virus scanning software during installation.
- If you are installing on UNIX-based systems and are not installing directly from a release DVD, set executable permissions on the installation file.
- To avoid permission issues during deployment, ensure that you run the AEM forms on JEE installer and Configuration Manager as the same user who will run the application server.
- If you are installing on UNIX-based computers, the installation directory you specify should not contain any spaces.
- If errors occur during installation, the installation program creates the install.log file, which contains the error messages. This log file is created in the `[aem-forms root]/log` directory.
- Ensure that the JAVA\_HOME environment variable points to the directory that contains a compatible JDK. See the [supported platform combinations](#) for more information.

## 3.3 Installing AEM forms on JEE

- 1 Start the installation program:
  - (Windows) Navigate to the `\server\Disk1\InstData\Windows_64\VM` directory on the installation media or folder on your hard disk where you copied the installer. Right-click the `install.exe` file and select Run as administrator.
  - (Non-Windows) Navigate to the appropriate directory, and from a command prompt, type `./install.bin`.
    - (Linux) `/server/Disk1/InstData/Linux/NoVM`
    - (Solaris) `/server/Disk1/InstData/Solaris/NoVM`
- 2 When prompted, select the language for the installation to use and click **OK**.
- 3 On the Introduction screen, click **Next**.
- 4 If you have LiveCycle ES4 SP1 installed on the computer where you are running the installer, the Preparation for Upgrade screen appears.

**Note:** If you are performing an out-of-place upgrade on a new machine, this screen is not shown.

- **Prepare to upgrade existing installation to AEM forms on JEE:**  
Do not select this option if you are performing a fresh installation.
- **Install AEM forms on JEE:** Installs AEM forms on JEE afresh.

Select **Next** to continue.

- 5 On the Choose Install Folder screen, accept the default directory or click **Choose** and navigate to the directory where you intend to install AEM forms on JEE, and then click **Next**. If you type the name of a directory that does not exist, it is created for you.

Click Restore Default Folder to restore the default directory path.

- 6 **(Windows only)** On the Manual Installation Options screen, select the target deployment option and click **Next**:
  - **Windows (Local)**: Select this option if you are installing and deploying AEM forms on JEE on the local server.
  - **Staged (Installed on Windows, targeting remote systems)**: Select this option if you plan to use Windows as a staging platform for your deployment and then select the target operating system on the remote server. You can select a UNIX operating system as the target for deployment even if you are installing on Windows. (See “[3.2.3 Installing on a Windows staging platform for Linux or UNIX](#)” on page 7.)

***Note:** The `adobe-livecycle-weblogic.ear` fails to deploy on a remote machine if secured datasources are used with WebLogic. For more information, see this [Technote](#).*

- 7 Read the AEM forms on JEE License Agreement, select **I accept** to accept the terms of the license agreement and then click **Next**. If you do not accept the license agreement, you cannot continue.
- 8 On the Pre-Installation Summary screen, review the details and click **Install**. The installation program displays the progress of the installation.
- 9 Review the Release Notes information and click **Next**.
- 10 Review the details on the Install Complete screen.
- 11 The **Start Configuration Manager** checkbox is selected by default. Click **Done** to run the Configuration Manager.

***Note:** To run Configuration Manager later, deselect the **Start Configuration Manager** option before you click **Done**. You can start Configuration Manager later using the appropriate script in the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/bin` directory. See the *Configuring AEM forms on JEE For Deployment* chapter in this guide.*

## 3.4 Viewing the log files

If errors occur during the installation, the installation program creates log files that contain the error messages. The log files are created in the `[aem-forms root]/log` directory.

## 3.5 Next steps

You must now configure AEM forms on JEE for deployment. You can also choose to run Configuration Manager later by using the `ConfigurationManager.bat` or `ConfigurationManager.sh` file located in `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/bin`.

# Chapter 4: Configuring LiveCycle for deployment

## 4.1 Considerations when configuring and deploying AEM forms on JEE

### 4.1.1 General Considerations

- For IPv6, run IPv6 Configuration Manager. For detailed information, see IPv6 support section in [prepare to install guide](#).
- You can override the default font for the Configuration Manager by adding the following JVM argument in [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\ConfigurationManager.bat (Windows) or [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\ConfigurationManager.sh (Linux, UNIX):

```
-Dlcm.font.override=<FONT_FAMILY _NAME>
```

For example:

```
-Dlcm.font.override=SansSerif
```

Restart the Configuration Manager after adding the JVM argument.

- During configuration, if you must reset the data in Configuration Manager by using the Reset to Default option, ensure that you relaunch the Configuration Manager. Otherwise, you may encounter some missing configuration screens.
- During configuration, you must provide the location of the JDBC drivers for your database. The Oracle, SQL Server, and DB2 drivers are in the [aem-forms root]/lib/db/[database] directory.
- Global Document Storage (GDS) directory: Specify the GDS directory that meets the requirements outlined in the Preparing to Install (Single Server or Server Cluster). For latest documentation, see [http://www.adobe.com/go/learn\\_aemforms\\_tutorials\\_6\\_en](http://www.adobe.com/go/learn_aemforms_tutorials_6_en).

### 4.1.2 CLI versus GUI versions of Configuration Manager

This section describes the GUI version of Configuration Manager. For instructions about using the command line interface (CLI) version of Configuration Manager, see “[Appendix - Configuration Manager Command Line Interface](#)” on page 59.

Configuration task	Configuration Manager GUI	Configuration Manager CLI	Manual
Configure AEM forms on JEE	Yes	Yes	No
Configure application server Only WebLogic and WebSphere application servers can be configured using Configuration Manager.	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>(WebLogic only)</b> Package JDBC Modules into AEM forms on JEE EARs	Yes	No	Yes

Configuration task	Configuration Manager GUI	Configuration Manager CLI	Manual
Validate application server configuration Only WebLogic and WebSphere application server configurations can be validated using Configuration Manager.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Deploy AEM forms on JEE EARs AEM forms on JEE EARs can be deployed only on WebLogic and WebSphere application servers using Configuration Manager.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Initialize AEM forms on JEE database	Yes	Yes	No
Validate AEM forms on JEE Server connection	Yes	Yes	No
Deploy AEM forms on JEE components	Yes	Yes	No
Validate AEM forms on JEE component deployment	Yes	Yes	Yes
Configure AEM forms on JEE components	Yes	Yes	Yes

### 4.1.3 Considerations for WebLogic application server

- If you plan to use Configuration Manager to configure the application server or deploy to the application server, the application server must be manually started and running prior to running the Configuration Manager. You can also configure an application server that is installed on a different computer.
- Ensure that you have assigned listen addresses for Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers, before running Configuration Manager on dual stack machines (IPV6 and IPV4 supported). If you have not already done this, assign listen addresses and restart each of them. For more information, see the *Configuring a WebLogic Server* section in the [Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE](#) guide.
- To secure the data sources, select Package JDBC Modules into AEM forms on JEE EARs (secure datasources).  
**Note:** Do not select this task if your AEM forms on JEE implementation is required to handle XML Forms. Alternatively, perform the steps in the Technote at [http://kb2.adobe.com/cps/844/cpsid\\_84435.html](http://kb2.adobe.com/cps/844/cpsid_84435.html) to secure access to JNDI artifacts on your WebLogic application server.
- Configuration Manager does not support deployment or undeployment of EAR files with custom file names. If your EAR files use a custom file name, you must manually deploy and undeploy them to the application server.
- If you are configuring a remote application server, ensure that an application server is also installed on the same computer as Configuration Manager so that Configuration Manager can use the application server library files.

### 4.1.4 Set the date, time, and time zone

Setting the date, time, and time zone on all servers connected to your AEM forms on JEE environment will ensure that time-dependent modules, such as Digital Signatures and Reader Extensions function correctly. For example, if a signature appears to have been created in the future, it will not validate.

Servers that require time synchronization are database servers, LDAP servers, HTTP servers and J2EE servers (Application servers).

## 4.2 AEM forms on JEE pre-configuration tasks

**Note:** Press **F1** in Configuration Manager to view Help information for the screen you are viewing. You can view the configuration progress at any time by clicking View Progress Log.

- 1 If you did not start Configuration Manager automatically from the installation program, navigate to the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/bin` directory and run the `ConfigurationManager.bat/ConfigurationManager.sh` script.
- 2 If prompted, select a language for Configuration Manager to use and click **OK**.
- 3 On the Welcome screen, click **Next**.
- 4 Do not select any option on the Upgrade Task Selection screen and click **Next**.
- 5 On the Modules screen, select AEM forms on JEE modules you wish to configure and click **Next**.

**Note:** Some modules have technical dependencies on other modules for proper configuration and functioning. Configuration Manager displays a dialog and does not allow to proceed further if mutually dependent modules are not selected. For example, you must select Forms, Output, and Content Repository modules if you are configuring Correspondence Management.

- 6 On the Task Selection screen, select all the tasks you want to perform and click **Next**.

## 4.3 Configuring and deploying AEM forms on JEE

**Note:** Press **F1** in Configuration Manager to view Help information for the screen you are viewing.

### Configuring Adobe Experience Manager forms

- 1 On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms(1 of 5) screen, click **Configure** and click **Next** when done.
- 2 On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms (2 of 5) screen, click **Next** to accept the default directory locations, or click **Browse** to navigate to and change the directories that Adobe Experience Manager forms will use to access fonts, and then click **Next**.



Click **Edit configuration** to change any values on this screen. This button is not available when the Configuration Manager is run for the first time, but is available on the second and subsequent runs of the Configuration Manager.

- (Optional) To change the default location of the **Adobe server fonts directory**, type the path or browse to the directory.
- To change the default location of the **Customer fonts directory**, click **Browse** or specify a new location for your customer fonts.

**Note:** Your right to use fonts provided by parties other than Adobe is governed by the license agreements provided to you by such parties with those fonts, and is not covered under your license to use Adobe software. Adobe recommends that you review and ensure that you are in compliance with all applicable non-Adobe license agreements before using non-Adobe fonts with Adobe software, particularly with respect to use of fonts in a server environment.

- (Optional) To change the default location of the **System fonts directory**, type the path or browse to the directory. To add more directories to the list, click **Add**.

- (Optional) To enable FIPS, ensure that **Enable Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptography** is selected. Select this option only if you require the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) to be enforced.
- 3 Click **Browse** on the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms (3 of 5) screen to specify the **Location of the temporary directory**.
- Note:** Ensure that the temporary directory is on the local file system. Adobe Experience Manager forms does not support a temporary directory at a remote location.*
- Note:** If you do not specify the temporary directory, the default system-configured temp location is used.*
- 4 On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms(4 of 5) screen, click **Browse** to specify the path for the Global Document Storage (GDS) directory, and click **Next**.
- Note:** If you leave the GDS directory field empty, AEM forms on JEE will create the directory in a default location in the application server directory tree. After you finish the configuration steps, you can access the location from Administration Console > Settings > Core System Settings > Configurations.*
- 5 On the Configure Persistent Document Storage (5 of 5) screen, select the option for persistent document storage in addition to the GDS directory. Select one of the following:
- **Use GDS:** Use the file system-based GDS for all persistent document storage. This option provides the best performance, and a single location for GDS.
  - **Use database:** Use the AEM forms on JEE database for storing the persistent documents and long-lived artifacts. However, the file-system based GDS is also required. Using the database simplifies backup and restore procedures.
- Click **Configure** to configure the AEM forms on JEE EARs with this directory information and, after the configuration is complete, click **Next**.

### Configure CRX

- ❖ The CRX Configuration screen allows you to configure the CRX repository and install it into the AEM forms on JEE Core EAR file.

On this screen:

- 1 Specify the path to the repository. The default location is `[aem-forms root]/crx-repository`.
- 2 Select the repository type, as appropriate. If selecting CRX3 Mongo DB, specify the Mongo database name and URL to the database.
- 3 Optionally, select AEM Samples need to be installed to install AEM samples.
- 4 Click **Configure** to create the required repository files at the specified location.

***Note:** If your AEM forms on JEE server is running remotely, select **Server is running on remote host**, and specify the path to the repository on the remote host.*

Click **Next** to continue.

***Note:** Once the packages are configured, you cannot remove them by re-running the Configuration Manager. For clean uninstallation of deployed packages, you need to uninstall and delete the packages using Package Manager.*

### (Remote host only) CRX Configuration Summary

- ❖ For a remote deployment, copy the content from the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/export/crx-quickstart/` directory to the location on the remote host you specified on the CRX Configuration screen.

***Note:** In case of clustered deployment, you must copy the content from the [aem-forms root]/configurationManager/export/crx-quickstart/ directory to the specified location on all cluster node hosts.*

### Configuring Acrobat for PDF Generator

- ❖ On the Configure Acrobat for PDF Generator screen, click **Configure** to run the script that will configure Adobe Acrobat and required environment settings. Click **Next** when complete.

***Note:** This screen will perform the desired configuration only when Configuration Manager is running locally. You must have Adobe Acrobat XI Pro already installed or this step will fail.*

### Configuration Summary

- ❖ On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms Summary screen, click **Next**. Configured archives are placed in the [aem-forms root]/configurationManager/export directory.

### Configuring your application server and database

- 1 On the Application Server Configuration Details screen, provide the information for the fields (all fields are mandatory) and then click **Verify Server Connection**. When the verification has completed successfully, click **Next**.

***Note:** The Administration and Managed Servers' listen addresses must match the values specified in the WebLogic Administration Console.*

***Note:** You must enter a fully qualified hostname as the Server Instance Name of the WebLogic application server. The hostname is case-sensitive. The default value of localhost will not work.*

- 2 On the Application Server Configuration Selection screen, select the tasks for Configuration Manager to perform, and click **Next**.
- 3 On the Server Settings Configuration screen (*appears only if Configure Server Settings was selected*), provide the information for the fields, and then click **Next**.

***Note:** LCM does not configure -Dadobe.cache.multicast-address and -Dadobe.cache.bind-address jvm arguments. You may need to configure these arguments manually. See Configuring server start arguments section for more details.*

- 4 On the Configure Datasource JDBC Driver Classpath screen (*appears if Configure Datasource option with Packaged JDBC Modules is selected*), provide the path for JDBC driver and click **Next**.
- 5 On the Datasource Configuration screen (*appears only if Configure Datasource option with globally scoped datasources is selected*), provide the information for the fields and then click **Test Database Connection**. When the connection is tested successfully, click **Next**. Press F1 for details about the required information.

You can choose to manually configure data sources rather than allowing Configuration Manager to configure them for you. To override automatic data source configuration, select **Manually configure data source now before continuing**, at the bottom of the screen.

Without exiting Configuration Manager, go to the application server administration console, and configure data sources as described in “[9.6 Configuring database connectivity](#)” on page 78 in Installing and Deploying Adobe Experience Manager forms for WebLogic guide.

- 6 On the Application Server Configuration screen, click **Configure**. When the process is completed, click **Next**.
- 7 On the Package JDBC modules into Adobe Experience Manager forms EARs (1 of 2) screen (*appears if Configure Datasource with Packaged JDBC modules option was selected*), provide JDBC configuration details and click **Test Database Connection**. When complete, click **Next**.

- 8 On the Package JDBC modules into Adobe Experience Manager forms EARs (2 of 2) screen (*appears only if Configure Datasource with Packaged JDBC modules options was selected*), provide details to generate an encrypted database password for WebLogic . Use one of the following options:

**Use an existing WebLogic encrypted password** Select this option if you already have an encrypted password for the database. You can use the WebLogic encryption utility to encrypt the password that you entered in the previous screen for database connection test.

**Generate WebLogic encrypted password** Select this option to generate an encrypted password for your database and provide the required details. The plain text password that you entered in the previous screen for database connection test is automatically populated in the Password field. Click **Encrypt Password** to generate the encrypted database password.

**Important:** *This is the database password encrypted by WebLogic application server, and not the application server password.*

Click **Configure** to package the JDBC modules into Adobe Experience Manager forms EARs, and when complete, click **Next**.

- 9 Restart the Node Manager.
- 10 On the Application Server Configuration Validation screen, select the tasks for validating and then click **Validate**. When the process is completed, click **Next**.

**Note:** *If you have packaged JDBC modules into Adobe Experience Manager forms EAR files, Configuration Manager will report failed datasource validation during application server configuration validation. You can ignore this message.*

**Note:** *Datasource validation may fail if you are using globally-scoped datasource. In this case, restart your WebLogic server and re-validate the datasource.*

#### Choose installation verification sample (IVS) EAR files

- ❖ (Forms, Output, Mobile Forms, and Assembler only) On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Installation Verification Sample (IVS) EAR files screen, you can install three service-specific sample applications. Select **Include IVS EARs in deployment set** and click **Next** to install these sample files.

The ear files appear only if you have selected respective modules on the Modules screen.

**Note:** *Do not deploy the IVS EAR files to a production environment.*

#### Deploying AEM forms on JEE EARs

- ❖ On the Deploy Adobe Experience Manager forms EARs screen, select the EAR files to deploy and then click **Deploy**. This operation may take several minutes to complete. When the deployment has completed successfully, click **Next**.

**Note:** *After this step, ensure that you stop the managed server, node manager, and admin server, and then start them in the reverse order. Ensure that a directory named adobe is created in [appserverdomain] after the restart. This is required so that the [appserverdomain]/null directory does not get created, which can lead to the run time issues. Delete the [appserverdomain]/null directory if it gets created.*

#### Initializing Adobe Experience Manager forms database

- 1 On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Database Initialization screen, verify that the hostname and port number provided for your application server is correct and then click **Initialize**. The database initialization task creates tables in the database, adds default data to the tables, and creates basic roles in the database. When the initialization has completed successfully, click **Next**. Restart the application server manually when you are prompted to do so.

- 2 On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Information screen, enter **Adobe Experience Manager forms User ID** and **Password** whose default values are *administrator* and *password* respectively.

Click **Verify Server Connection**, and when complete, click **Next**.

***Note:** The server information that appears on this screen represents default values for the deployment.*

Verifying the server connection helps narrow troubleshooting in case failures occur in the deployment or validation. If the connection test passes but deployment or validation fails in the next few steps, connectivity issues can be eliminated from the troubleshooting process.

### Deploying Central Migration Bridge Service

- ❖ On the Central Migration Bridge Service Deployment Configuration screen, if applicable, select the **Include Central Migration Bridge Service in deployment** option and then click **Next**.

### Deploying Adobe Experience Manager forms components

- 1 On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Component Deployment screen, click **Deploy**. The components that are deployed at this time are Java archive files that plug into the service container that is part of AEM forms on JEE for purposes of deploying, orchestrating, and executing services. Click **View Progress Log** to view the deployment progress and, when the deployment has completed successfully, click **Next**.
- 2 On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Component Deployment Validation screen, click **Validate**. Click **View Progress Log** to view the validation progress and, when the validation has completed successfully, click **Next**.

### Configuring Adobe Experience Manager forms components

- ❖ On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms Components screen, select the tasks to run with Configuration Manager, and click **Next**.

### Adobe Experience Manager forms Server JNDI information

- ❖ On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Server JNDI Information screen, enter the host name and port number for the JNDI server. Click **Verify Server Connection** to ensure that Configuration Manager can connect to the JNDI server. Click **Next** to continue.

### Configure Connector for EMC® Documentum®

***Note:** In case of a remote AEM forms on JEE deployment, you cannot configure the Connector for EMC Documentum using Configuration Manager.*

- 1 On the Specify Client for EMC Documentum screen, select **Configure Connector for EMC Documentum Content Server**, and specify the following settings. Enter the details, click **Verify**, and when complete, click **Next** to continue.
  - **Choose EMC Documentum Client Version:** Select the client version to use with the EMC Documentum Content Server.
  - **EMC Documentum Client Installation Directory Path:** Click **Browse** to select the directory path.
- 2 On the Specify EMC Documentum Content Server Settings screen, enter the EMC Documentum Server details, and then click **Next**. Press F1 for information about the details you need to enter.
- 3 On the Configure Connector for EMC Documentum screen, click **Configure Documentum Connector**. When completed, click **Next**.
- 4 On the Required Manual Configurations for Connector for EMC Documentum screen, review and perform the manual steps listed and then click **Next**.

### Configure Connector for IBM® Content Manager

**Note:** In case of a remote AEM forms on JEE deployment, you cannot configure the Connector for IBM Content Manager using Configuration Manager.

- 1 On the Specify Client for IBM Content Manager screen, select **Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager**, and enter a value for the IBM Content Manager Client Installation Directory Path. Click **Verify** and when complete, click **Next** to continue.
- 2 On the Specify IBM Content Manager Server Settings screen, enter the details of the IBM Content Manager Server, and click **Next**.
- 3 On the Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager screen, click **Configure IBM Content Manager Connector**. When complete, click **Next**.
- 4 On the Required Manual Configurations for Connector for IBM Content Manager screen, review and perform the manual steps listed and then click **Next**.

### Configure Connector for IBM® FileNet

**Note:** In case of a remote AEM forms on JEE deployment, you cannot configure the Connector for IBM FileNet using Configuration Manager.

- 1 On the Specify Client for IBM FileNet screen, select **Configure Client for IBM FileNet Content Manager**, and specify the following settings.
  - **Choose IBM FileNet Client Version:** Select the client version that you want to use with the IBM FileNet Content Server.
  - **IBM FileNet Client Installation Directory Path:** Click **Browse** to select the directory path.

**Note:** The validation of IBM FileNet may fail if there are special characters, such as hyphen (-), underscore (\_), comma (,), or dot (.) in the directory name containing the IBM FileNet client.

Click **Verify**, and when complete, click **Next** to continue.
- 2 On the Specify IBM FileNet Content Server Settings screen, enter the required details, and click **Next**. Press F1 for more information.
- 3 On the Specify Client for IBM FileNet Process Engine screen, enter the required details, and click **Verify**. When complete, click **Next**.
- 4 On the Specify IBM FileNet Process Engine Server Settings screen, enter the required details and click **Next**. Press F1 for more information.
- 5 On the Configure Connector for IBM FileNet screen, click **Configure FileNet Connector**. When complete, click **Next**.
- 6 On the Required Manual Configurations for Connector for IBM FileNet screen, review and perform the manual steps listed and then click **Next**.

**Note:** The server fails to start if the path to the jass.conf.WSI file contains any space. In this case, copy the file to another location to ensure there are no spaces in the path.

### Configure Connector for Microsoft® SharePoint®

**Note:** In case of a remote AEM forms on JEE deployment, you cannot configure the Connector for Microsoft SharePoint using Configuration Manager.

On the Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms Connector for Microsoft SharePoint screen, do one of the following tasks:

- Deselect the **Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms Connector for Microsoft SharePoint** option to manually configure Microsoft Sharepoint later, and then click **Next**.
- Leave the **Configure Adobe Experience Manager forms Connector for Microsoft SharePoint** option selected. Enter the required values, and then click Configure SharePoint Connector. When complete, click **Next**.

**Note:** You can skip this step if you want to configure the Connector for Microsoft SharePoint later using Administration Console.

#### **Configuring Adobe Experience Manager forms Server for native file conversions**

- ❖ (PDF Generator only) On the **Admin user credentials for native PDF conversions** screen, enter the user name and password of a user with administrative privileges on the server computer, and then click **Add user**.

**Note:** You must add at least one administrative user for Windows 2008 Server. On Windows 2008 Server, User Account Control (UAC) must be disabled for the users you add. To disable UAC, click **Control Panel > User Accounts > Turn User Account Control on or off** and deselect Use User Account Control (UAC) to help protect your computer, then click **OK**. Restart the computer to apply these changes.

#### **System readiness test for PDF Generator**

- ❖ On the **Document Services PDF Generator System Readiness Test** screen, click **Start** to validate if the system has been appropriately configured for PDF Generator. Review the System Readiness Tool Report and click **Next**. Note that the system readiness test fails if Adobe Experience Manager forms is deployed on a remote machine.

#### **Configuring Reader Extensions**

- ❖ On the Adobe Experience Manager forms Reader Extensions Credential Configuration screen, specify the details that are associated with the Reader Extensions credential that activates the module services:

**Note:** You can skip this step at this time by selecting **Configure later using Administration Console**. You can configure the Reader Extensions credential by using Administration Console after you complete the deployment. (After logging in to Administration Console, click **Home > Settings > Trust Store Management > Local Credentials**.)

Click **Configure** and then click **Next**.

#### **Summary, and Next Steps**

- ❖ Review the Configuration Manager task summary list and choose the appropriate options:
  - Select Launch Next Steps to view information about AEM forms on JEE users and administrative interfaces to launch an html page containing step-by-step instructions to start and use AEM forms on JEE.

Click **Finish** to exit the Configuration Manager

# Chapter 5: Post-deployment tasks

## 5.1 General tasks

### 5.1.1 Perform a system image backup

After AEM forms on JEE is installed and deployed into production areas and before the system is live, it is recommended that you perform a system image backup of the servers on which AEM forms on JEE is implemented. Also take backup of CRX repository.

The AEM forms on JEE database, GDS directory, and application servers must be part of this backup. This is a complete system backup that you can use to restore the contents of your computer if your hard drive or entire computer stops working. See the Backup and Recovery topic in [Administration Help](#).

### 5.1.2 Restart the application server

When you first deploy AEM forms on JEE, the server is in a deployment mode in which most modules are in memory. As a result, the memory consumption is high and the server is not in a typical production state. You must restart the application server to get the server back into a clean state.

### 5.1.3 Verify the deployment

You can verify the deployment by logging in to Administration Console. If you log in successfully, then AEM forms on JEE is running on the application server and the default user is created in the database. To verify the CRX repository deployment, access the CRX welcome page.

You can review the application server log files to ensure that components were deployed correctly or to determine the cause of any deployment issues you may encounter.

#### 5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console

Administration Console is the web-based portal for accessing a variety of configuration pages where you can set run-time properties that control the way AEM forms on JEE operates. When you log in to Administration Console, you can access User Management, Watched Folder, and Email client configuration, and administrative configuration options for other services. Administration Console also provides access to Applications and Services, which administrators use for managing archives and deploying services to a production environment.

The default user name and password for logging in is *administrator* and *password*. After you log in the first time, access User Management and change the password.

Before you access Administration Console, AEM forms on JEE must be deployed and running on your application server.

For information about using Administration Console, see [Administration Help](#).

- 1 Type the following URL in a web browser:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/adminui`

For example: `http://localhost:8001/adminui`

**Note:** The default port number for WebLogic Server is 7001. When you created a new managed server, you may have set a different port. Managed server uses a default port of 8001.

- 2 If you have upgraded to AEM forms on JEE, enter the same administrator user name and password as that of your previous LiveCycle installation. In case of a fresh installation, enter the default user name and password.
- 3 After you log in, click **Services** to access the service administration pages or click **Settings** to access the pages on which you can administer settings for different modules.

### 5.1.3.2 Change the default password of AEM forms on JEE Administrator

AEM forms on JEE creates one or more default users during the installation. The password for these users is in the product documentation and is publicly available. You must change this default password, depending on your security requirements.

The AEM forms on JEE administrator user password is set to “password” by default. You must change it in Administration Console > Settings > User Management.

Also, it is recommended to change the default password for CRX Administrator.

For detailed information, see Change the default administrator password.

### 5.1.3.3 Accessing CQ Welcome Page

CQ welcome page is the web-based portal for accessing various CQ components, administration, deployment and development tools. The default user name and password for logging in is administrator and password (same as AEM forms on JEE Administrator).

Access the welcome page using the following steps:

- 1 Type the following URL in a web browser:  
`http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/welcome`
- 2 Enter the same administrator user name and password as mentioned above.
- 3 After you log in, you can access various components, administration, deployment and development UIs.

### 5.1.3.4 Accessing OSGi Management Console

In CQ, components are in form of OSGi bundles which are deployed to Apache Felix OSGi container. OSGi console provides a way to manage OSGi bundles and services configurations. The default user name and password for logging in is admin and admin (same as CRX Administrator).

Access the OSGi Management console using the following steps:

- 1 Type the following URL in a web browser:  
`http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/system/console`
- 2 Enter the same administrator username and password as mentioned above.
- 3 After you log in, you can access various components, services, bundles and other configurations.

### 5.1.3.5 Change CQ Administrator default password

CQ embedded within AEM forms on JEE has two administrator users as mentioned below.

- **Super Administrator (administrator):** The Super Administrator user can access various CQ/CRX UIs and perform admin operations. The default username and password are same as AEM forms on JEE Administrator, **administrator/password**. This user doesn't have access to OSGi Management Console. The default password of this user can be changed using Administrator console only as mentioned in section **Change default AEM forms password**. The changed password will be applicable for both AEM forms on JEE and CQ.

- Administrator (admin): This user can access to OSGi console in addition to CQ/CRX UIs and has administrator privileges. The default username and password for the user are **admin/admin**. To change the default password follow the below mentioned steps:
  - 1 Type the following URL in a web browser.  
`http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/libs/granite/security/content/admin.html`
  - 2 Login using following credential:  
**Username:** admin  
**Password:** admin.
  - 3 Search for user **Administrator**.
  - 4 Click on the user in left pane, the user details is displayed in the right pane.
  - 5 Click on **Edit** icon in the right pane.
  - 6 On the edit page in the right pane, provide new password in the **New Password** field and current password in **Your Password** field.
  - 7 Click **Save** icon in the right pane.
  - 8 Re-login using the changed password to verify.

#### 5.1.3.6 View the log files

Events, such as run-time or startup errors, are recorded to the application server log files. If you have problems deploying to the application server, you can use the log files to help you find the problem. You can open the log files by using any text editor.

Log files are located at `[appserverdomain]/servers/[managed server name]/logs` directory:

- `- [managed server name].log`
- `- [managed server name].out`

Following CRX log files are located at `[CRX_home]/`

- `error.log`
- `audit.log`
- `access.log`
- `request.log`
- `update.log`

## 5.2 Accessing module web applications

After AEM forms on JEE is deployed, you can access the web applications that are associated with the following modules:

- Reader Extensions
- Workspace
- HTML Workspace
- User management

- Correspondance management
- PDF Generator web application
- PDF Generator
- Rights Management

After accessing the web applications by using the default administrator permissions to ensure that they are accessible, you can create additional users and roles so that others can log in and use the applications. (See [Administration Help](#).)

## 5.2.1 Access the Reader Extensions web application

**Note:** You must apply a Reader Extensions credential and apply the user roles for a new user. (See “Configuring credentials for use with Reader Extensions” in Administration Help.)

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/ReaderExtensions`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Log in using the user name and password for AEM forms on JEE.

**Note:** You must have administrator or superuser privileges to log in. To allow other users to access the Reader Extensions web application, you must create the users in User Management and grant them the Reader Extensions Web Application role.

## 5.2.2 Access Workspace

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/workspace`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Log in using the user name and password for AEM forms on JEE.

## 5.2.3 Access HTML Workspace

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/ws`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Log in using the user name and password for AEM forms on JEE.

## 5.2.4 Access Forms Manager

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/fm`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Log in using the user name and password for AEM forms on JEE.

## 5.2.5 Access PDF Generator Web Application

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/pdfgui`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Log in using the user name and password for AEM forms on JEE.

## 5.2.6 Access Rights Management

You must create a user with the Rights Management End User role in User Management and log in to the Rights Management administrator or end-user applications by using the login information that is associated with that user.

**Note:** The default administrator user cannot access the Rights Management end-user web application but you can add the appropriate role to its profile. You can create a new user or modify an existing user through Administration Console.

### Access the Rights Management end-user web application

- ❖ Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/edc`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

### Access the Rights Management administration web application

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[hostname]:[port]/adminui`

**Note:** For WebLogic, [port] is the port assigned to the Managed WebLogic Server.

- 2 Click **Services > LiveCycle Rights Management 11**.

For information about setting up users and roles, see Administration Help.

### Assign the Rights Management End User role

- 1 Log in to Administration Console. (See “[5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console](#)” on page 19.)
- 2 Click **Settings > User Management > Users and Groups**.
- 3 In the **Find** box, type **all** and, in the **In** list, select **Groups**.
- 4 Click **Find** and, for the required domains, click **All Principals** in the list that appears.
- 5 Click the **Role Assignments** tab and click **Find Roles**.
- 6 In the list of roles, select the check box next to **Rights Management End User**.
- 7 Click **OK** and then click **Save**.

## 5.2.7 Accessing User Management

By using User Management, administrators can maintain a database of all users and groups, synchronized with one or more third-party user directories. User Management provides authentication, authorization, and user management for AEM forms on JEE modules, including Reader Extensions, Workspace, Rights Management, Process Management, Forms Standard and PDF Generator.

- 1 Log in to Administration Console.
- 2 On the home page, click **Settings > User Management**.

***Note:** For information about configuring users with User Management, click **User Management Help** in the upper-right corner of the User Management page.*

## 5.2.8 Access Correspondence Management Solution template

You can verify the Correspondence Management Solution deployment by visiting `http://[hostname]:[port]/lc/cm` and logging in using AEM forms on JEE administrator credentials. Solution template is a reference implementation of Correspondence Management Solution.

***Note:** In a non-turnkey deployment, if you encounter an error while accessing the solution template, you must integrate AEM forms on JEE with Correspondence Management Solution. For more information, see the **Configure Publish nodes to Integrate with AEM forms on JEE** section of this document.*

## 5.3 Configure Correspondence Management Solution

Perform the following tasks to configure Correspondence Management Solution.

For a recommended setup for the Correspondence Management Solution, see Correspondence Management Solution Topology.

### 5.3.1 Configure the Author instance

The Author instance is embedded within the AEM forms on JEE server. This implies that you do not need to make any configuration updates to the Author instance. The instance inherits all the configuration settings from the AEM forms on JEE server.

### 5.3.2 Configure the Publish instance

You must run separate Author and Publish instances for Correspondence Management Solution. However, you can configure the two instances on the same or on different machines. An author instance is embedded in the AEM forms on JEE Core application and runs on the AEM forms on JEE server. For publish instance, LCM configures a publish ear (`adobe-lifecycle-cq-publish.ear`). Deploy the publish ear on a separate server instance.

***Note:** Before configuring the Publish instance, ensure that your author instance is configured and deployed. You can verify by successfully logging in to the solution template for Correspondence management Solution. For more information, see the **Access Correspondence Management Solution template** section of this document.*

- 1 Create a server instance in a different Weblogic domain.
- 2 Copy the `[aem-forms root]/crx-repository` directory from the author instance to the publish instance machine.
- 3 From the `crx-repository` directory on the publish instance machine, open the `crx-repository/install` folder. Keep the following packages and delete all other packages from the install folder:
  - `dataservices-pkg.zip`
  - `platform-common-pkg.zip`
  - `platform-content-pkg.zip`
  - `platform-security-pkg.zip`
  - `solution-correspondencemanagement-pkg.zip`

- 4 Start the Publish server with `-Dcom.adobe.livecycle.crx.home=<location for crx-repository>` parameter, where `<location for crx-repository>` is the location where you copied the crx-repository directory for the Publish instance.

For details on how to configure generic JVM arguments for WebSphere and WebLogic, see the **Configuring the JVM arguments** section for [WebSphere](#) and [WebLogic](#).

- 5 Deploy `adobe-livecycle-cq-publish.ear` to the server.

**Note:** If author and Publish instances are on the same machine, ensure that you start the Publish instance using a different port.

Now that the Publish instance is up and running, you need to configure the two instances to communicate with each other.

### 5.3.3 Configure Publish nodes to Integrate with AEM forms on JEE

Perform these steps on all publish instances. To enable communication between publish instance and AEM forms on JEE Server:

- 1 Go to `http://[publishhost]:[publishport]/lc/system/console/configMgr` and Login with OSGi Management Console user credentials. The default credential are admin/admin.
- 2 Search and click **Edit** next to the **Adobe LiveCycle Client SDK Configuration** setting.
- 3 In the Server Url field, ensure that `http://[lchost]:[lcport]` is specified.

**Important:** Ensure that the AEM forms on JEE server is listening on the specified host and port combination. The following three scenarios are possible in the case of a AEM forms on JEE server cluster:

- All AEM forms on JEE server instances are running on *localhost* and the same port. In this case use `localhost:[port]`.
- All AEM forms on JEE server instances are running on *localhost* but on different ports. In this case, use a load balancer host name and port combination—`[loadbalancer_host]:[loadbalancer_port]`.
- All AEM forms on JEE server instances are running on a particular host name (not *localhost*) and different/same ports. In this case, use a load balancer host name and port—`[loadbalancer_host]:[loadbalancer_port]`.

If you need to use a load balancer URL to access the AEM forms on JEE server cluster (as mentioned above), ensure that the required communication ports between Author instances and the load balancer are open.

- 4 Specify AEM forms on JEE administrator credentials in the Username as Password fields.
- 5 Click **Save**.

### 5.3.4 Communicating between the Author and Publish instances

You need to perform certain configuration changes to enable two-way communication between the Author and Publish instances.

#### 5.3.4.1 Configure Replication Agents (Define publish instance URL)

On the Author instance, you need to configure replication agents for each Publish instance. These agents replicate content from the Author instances to all the Publish instances.

- 1 Log in to Tools UI at `http://<authorHost>:<authorPort>/lc/miscadmin`
- 2 Select **Replication**, then **Agents on author** in the left panel.

On the right panel, you see various agents configured for the Author instance.

- 3 On the right panel, Select **New....** and click **New Page**.

The **Create Page** dialog displays.

- 4 Set the **Title** and **Name**, then select **Replication Agent**.
- 5 Click **Create** to create new agent.
- 6 Double-click the new agent item to open the configuration panel.
- 7 Click **Edit** - the **Agent Settings** dialog displays.

- a In the **Settings** tab:

- Enter a **Description**.
- Check **Enabled**.
- Select **Serialization Type** as **Default**.
- Set the **Retry Delay** to **60000**.
- Set the **Log Level** as **Info**.

- b In the **Transport** tab:

- Enter the required URI for the Publish instance  
`http://<publishHost>:<publishPort>/lc/bin/receive?sling:authRequestLogin=1`
- Set **User** and **Password**. The default credential are admin/admin.

- 8 Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 9 On the agent configuration panel, click **Test Connection**.

Successful connection ensures that the configuration is done correctly.

**Note:** : In case, you have only one Publish instance you can use the default Replication Agent named as publish. You need to edit it for specifying Publish URI in the Transport tab as mentioned in the step b(i). In this case, you do not need to create a new replication agent.

**Note:** : In case, you have a publish farm(multiple non-clustered publish instances), you need to create a replication agent for each Publish instance as mentioned in Steps 1-9. For each such replication agent, Title and Name should be significant and unique, so the identification of the corresponding Publish instance can be simpler. Each such replication agent has a different URI in the Transport tab pointing to a particular Publish instance. For multiple publish instances, you can also create replication agents by copying the default agent publish and then editing Name and URI in transport tab of the created agent. If you are not using the default Replication Agent, disable it, so an unnecessary replication attempt can be avoided.

**Note:** For Author clusters, these steps need to be performed on one Author instance (preferably a master instance).

#### 5.3.4.2 Define Publish instance URL for ActivationManagerImpl

- 1 Go to `http://<authorHost>:<authorPort>/lc/system/console/configMgr`. Login with OSGi Management Console user credentials. The default credential is admin/admin.
- 2 Find and click the Edit icon next to the  
`com.adobe.livecycle.content.activate.impl.ActivationManagerImpl.name` setting.
- 3 In the ActivationManager Publish URL field, specify the URL for accessing the Publish instance ActivationManager. You can provide the following URLs.
  - a **Load Balancer URL (Recommended):** Provide load balancer URL, If you have a webserver acting as load balancer in front of publish farm (multiple non-clustered publish instances).

- b Publish instance URL:** Provide any publish instance URL. If you have a single publish instance or the webserver fronting the publish farm is not accessible from the author environment due to any restrictions. In case, the specified publish instance is down, there is a fallback mechanism to deal with on the author side.

**URL string:** http://<hostname>:<port>/lc/bin/remoting/lc.content.remote.activate.activationManager

- 4 Click **Save**.

### 5.3.4.3 Configure reverse replication queue

On the Author instance, you need to configure reverse replication agents for each Publish instance. These agents replicate content from the Publish instance to the Author instance.

- 1 Log in to Tools UI at `http://<authorHost>:<authorPort>/lc/miscadmin`

- 2 Select **Replication**, then **Agents on author** in the left panel.

On the right panel, you see various agents configured for the Author instance.

- 3 On the right panel, Select **New**, and click **New Page**.

The **Create Page** dialog appears.

- 4 Set the **Title** and **Name**, then select **Reverse Replication Agent**.

- 5 Click **Create** to create new agent.

- 6 Double-click the new agent item to open the configuration panel.

- 7 Click **Edit** - the **Agent Settings** dialog displays.

- a In the **Settings** tab:

- Enter a **Description**
    - Check **Enabled**.
    - Set the **Retry Delay** to **60000**.
    - Set the **Log Level** as **Info**.

- b In the **Transport** tab:

- Enter the required URI for the Publish instance -  
`http://<publishHost>:<publishPort>/lc/bin/receive?slingsling:authRequestLogin=1`
    - Set **User** and **Password** - admin/admin

- c In the **Extended** tab: Set HTTP Method as GET

- 8 Click **OK** to save the settings.

- 9 On the agent configuration panel, click **Test Connection**.

Successful connection ensures that the configuration is done correctly.

**Note:** : In case, you have only one Publish instance you can use the default Reverse Replication Agent named as **publish\_reverse**. You need to edit it for specifying Publish URI in the **Transport** tab as mentioned in the step b(i). In this case, you do not need to create a new reverse replication agent.

**Note:** In case, you have a publish farm(multiple non-clustered publish instances), you need to create a reverse replication agent for each Publish instance as mentioned in Steps 1-9. For each such replication agent, **Title** and **Name** should be significant and unique, so the identification of the corresponding Publish instance can be simpler. Each such replication agent has a different URI in the **Transport** tab pointing to a particular Publish instance. For multiple publish agents, you can also create reverse replication agents by copying the default agent **publish\_reverse** and then editing **Name** and **URI** in transport tab of the created agent. If you are not using the default Reverse Replication Agent, disable it, so an unnecessary replication attempt can be avoided.

**Note:** For Author clusters, these steps need to be performed on one Author instance (preferably a master instance).

#### 5.3.4.4 Define author instance URL for VersionRestoreManagerImpl

- 1 Go to `http://<publishHost>:<publishPort>/lc/system/console/configMgr`. Login with OSGi Management Console user credentials. The defaults credential are admin/admin.
- 2 Find and click the Edit icon next to the `com.adobe.livecycle.content.activate.impl.VersionRestoreManagerImpl.name` setting.
- 3 In the VersionRestoreManager Author URL field, specify the URL of the author instance VersionRestoreManager.  
**URL string:** `http://<hostname>:<port>/lc/bin/remoting/lc.content.remote.activate.versionRestoreManager`

**Note:** If there are multiple author instances( Clustered) fronted by a Load Balancer, specify the URL to the load balancer in the VersionRestoreManager Author URL field.

- 4 Click **Save**.

### 5.3.5 Install sample users and assets

You can install sample users with predefined user permissions to further explore the solution template, which you can customize to build your own solution.

- 1 Go to `http://<authorHost>:<authorPort>/lc/crx/explorer/index.jsp`.
- 2 Log in using administrator credentials and click **Package Manager**.
- 3 In **Package Manager**, upload the `samples-correspondencemanagement-pkg-<version>.zip` package from `<LC_HOME>/deploy/crx`.
- 4 Click **Install** once the package uploads successfully.
- 5 Click **Install** on the confirmation dialog to install the sample users and assets.

#### Correspondence Management Sample Users

Correspondence Management Solution Accelerator contains the following sample users. These user are expected to participate in the activities leading to generation of interactive customer communication.

The following roles mentioned are automatically assigned to the users during package Installation:

**Post-deployment tasks**

User name	Assigned role	Responsibilities
Todd Goldman	Correspondence Management Administrator	This user is the general system administrator. This role enables the user to modify all assets. This role also lets define the categories.
Heather Douglas	Correspondence Management Subject Matter Expert	This persona has the role enabling him to CRUD texts and images.
Caleb Lopez	Correspondence Management Application Specialist	This user defines the letter template by judicious usage of the text, picture, condition, list objects. With this role, the user can CRUD the letter templates, layouts, lists, conditions, texts and images.
Gloria Rios	Correspondence Management Claim Adjustor	An agent user would use the letter template defined by the business user to produce the letter communication to deliver to the customer.
Jocelyn Robinson	Correspondence Management Form Designer	This user has the skills to design form layouts using LiveCycle Designer. Having equipped with the necessary know-how to design form layouts for use in correspondence management, this user will use LiveCycle Designer and design the XDP templates, which would serve as the boilerplate for the letter.
Frank Kricfalusi	Correspondence Management Developer	This user has the knowledge about XSD schema and data modelling concepts and is responsible for creation and maintenance of Data Dictionaries.

For more information about the sample users and guidelines to implement a solution using the solution template, see [Correspondence Management Solution Guide](#).

**Note:** For author clusters, these steps need to be performed on one author instance (preferably a master instance).

### 5.3.6 Configure IPv6 implementation

**Note:** Perform these steps only if Correspondence Management Solution is running on a machine that uses an IPv6 address.

To map the IPv6 address to a hostname on the server and client machines:

- 1 Navigate to the C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc directory.
- 2 Open the `hosts` file in a text editor.
- 3 Add a mapping for the IPv6 address to a host name. For example:  

```
2001:1890:110b:712b:d1d:9c99:37ef:7281 <ipv6_hostname>
```
- 4 Save and close the file.

Ensure that you use the mapped host name instead of the IPv6 address to access Correspondence Management Solution.

### 5.3.7 Install Japanese fonts for Adobe Reader

If your Correspondence Management assets use Japanese fonts, you must install the Japanese Language Support Package for Adobe Reader. Otherwise, your letters and forms will not render and function properly. For installing language packs, visit the downloads page for Adobe Reader.

## 5.4 Configuring PDF Generator

If you installed PDF Generator as part of your AEM forms on JEE, complete the following tasks:

### 5.4.1 Environment variables

If you installed the PDF Generator module and configured it to convert files to PDF, for some file formats, you must manually set an environment variable that contains the absolute path of the executable that is used to start the corresponding application. The table below lists the environment variables for the native applications that you have installed.

**Note:** All environment variables and respective paths are case-sensitive.

Application	Environment variable	Example
Adobe Acrobat	Acrobat_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\Acrobat 11.0\Acrobat\Acrobat.exe
Adobe FrameMaker®	FrameMaker_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\FrameMaker8.0\FrameMaker.exe
Notepad	Notepad_PATH	C:\WINDOWS\notepad.exe You can leave the Notepad_PATH variable blank.
OpenOffice	OpenOffice_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\OpenOffice.org 3.3
Adobe PageMaker®	PageMaker_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\PageMaker 7.0.2\PageMaker.exe
WordPerfect	WordPerfect_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\WordPerfect Office 12\Programs\wpwin12.exe
Adobe Photoshop®	Photoshop_PATH	C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\Adobe Photoshop CS4\Photoshop.exe

**Note:** The environment variable `OpenOffice_PATH` is set to the installation folder instead of the path to the executable.

You do not need to set up the paths for Microsoft Office applications such as Word, PowerPoint, Excel, Visio, and Project, or for AutoCAD. The Generate PDF service starts these applications automatically if they are installed on the server.

#### Create a new Windows environment variable

- 1 Select **Start > Control Panel > System**.
- 2 Click the **Advanced** tab and click **Environment Variables**.
- 3 In the System variables section, click **New**.
- 4 Enter the environment variable name you need to set (for example, enter `Photoshop_PATH`). This folder is the one that contains the executable file. For example, type the following path:

D:\Program Files\Adobe\Adobe Photoshop CS4\Photoshop.exe

### Set the PATH variables on Linux or UNIX (OpenOffice only)

Execute the following command:

```
export OpenOffice_PATH=/opt/openoffice.org3.3
```

## 5.4.2 Setting the Adobe PDF Printer as the default printer

You must set the Adobe PDF Printer to be the default printer on the server. If the Adobe PDF Printer is not set as the default, PDF Generator cannot convert files successfully.

### Set the default printer

- 1 Select **Start > Printers and Faxes**.
- 2 In the Printers and Faxes window, right-click **Adobe PDF** and select **Set as Default Printer**.

## 5.4.3 Configuring Acrobat Professional (Windows-based Computers Only)

**Note:** This procedure is required only if you upgraded to or installed Acrobat after you completed the AEM forms on JEE installation. Upgrading Acrobat can be completed after you run Configuration Manager and deploy AEM forms on JEE to the application server. Acrobat Professional root directory is designated as [Acrobat root]. Typically, the root directory is C:\Program Files\Adobe\Acrobat 11.0\Acrobat.

### Configure Acrobat for use with PDF Generator

- 1 If an earlier version of Acrobat is installed, uninstall it by using Add or Remove Programs in the Windows Control Panel.
- 2 Install Acrobat XI Pro by running the installer.
- 3 Navigate to the additional\scripts folder on the AEM forms on JEE installation media.
- 4 Run the following batch file.  

```
Acrobat_for_PDFG_Configuration.bat [LiveCycle root]/pdfg_config
```
- 5 On other cluster nodes on which you do not run AEM forms on JEE Configuration Manager, do the following:
  - Add a new registry DWORD entry named SplWOW64TimeOut at HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Print. Set its value to 60000.
  - Copy PDFGen.api from the [aem-forms root]/plugins/x86\_win32 directory on the node where AEM forms on JEE is installed to the [Acrobat root]/plug\_ins directory on the node being currently configured.
- 6 Open Acrobat and select **Help > Check for updates > Preferences**.
- 7 Deselect **Automatically check for Adobe updates**.

### Validate the Acrobat installation

- 1 Navigate to a PDF file on your system and double-click it to open it in Acrobat. If the PDF file opens successfully, Acrobat is installed correctly.
- 2 If the PDF file does not open correctly, uninstall Acrobat and reinstall it.

**Note:** Ensure that you dismiss all the Acrobat dialog boxes that are displayed after the Acrobat installation is completed and disable the automatic updates for Acrobat. Set the Acrobat\_PATH environment variable to point to Acrobat.exe (For example, C:\Program Files\Adobe\Acrobat 11.0\Acrobat\Acrobat.exe).

### Configure native application support

- 1 Install and validate Acrobat as described in the previous procedure.
- 2 Set Adobe PDF printer as the default printer.

### Add temporary directories to trusted directories list in Acrobat

The `OptimizePDF` service uses Adobe Acrobat and mandates that AEM forms on JEE temporary directory and PDF Generator temporary directory are listed in the trusted directories list of Acrobat.

If AEM forms on JEE temporary directory and PDF Generator temporary directory are not listed in the trusted directories list, the `OptimizePDF` service fails to run. Perform the following steps to add directories to the temporary directory list:

- 1 Open Acrobat, Choose Edit > Preferences.
- 2 From the Categories on the left, select Security (Enhanced), and then select the Enable Enhanced Security option.
- 3 To add AEM forms on JEE temporary directory and PDF Generator temporary directory to the trusted directories list, click **Add Folder Path**, select directories and click **OK**.

## 5.4.4 Adding fonts to PDF Generator

AEM forms on JEE provides a central repository of fonts, which is accessible to all AEM forms on JEE modules. Make the extra fonts available to non-AEM forms on JEE applications on the server so that PDF Generator can use these fonts to create PDF documents that are created with these applications.

***Note:** Restart the application server after adding new fonts to the specified fonts folder.*

### 5.4.4.1 Non-AEM forms on JEE applications

The following list contains non-AEM forms on JEE applications that PDF Generator can use for PDF generation on the server side:

#### Windows-only Applications

- Microsoft Office Word
- Microsoft Office Excel
- Microsoft Office PowerPoint
- Microsoft Office Project
- Microsoft Office Visio
- Microsoft Office Publisher
- AutoDesk AutoCAD
- Corel WordPerfect
- Adobe Photoshop CS
- Adobe FrameMaker
- Adobe PageMaker
- Adobe Acrobat Professional

#### Multiplatform applications

- OpenOffice Writer

- OpenOffice Calc
- OpenOffice Draw
- OpenOffice Impress

**Note:** In addition to these applications, your list may include additional applications that you added.

Of the above applications, the OpenOffice Suite (which includes Writer, Calc, Draw, and Impress) is available on Windows, Solaris, and Linux platforms, whereas other applications are available on Windows only.

#### 5.4.4.2 Adding new fonts to Windows applications only

All the Windows-only applications that are mentioned above can access all the fonts that are available in the C:\Windows\Fonts (or equivalent) folder. In addition to C:\Windows\Fonts, each of these applications may have its own private fonts folders.

Therefore, if you plan to add any custom fonts to the AEM forms on JEE fonts repository, ensure that the same fonts are available to the Windows-only applications also by copying these fonts to either C:\Windows\Fonts or to an equivalent folder.

Your custom fonts must be licensed under an agreement that allows you to use them with the applications that have access to these fonts.

#### 5.4.4.3 Adding new fonts to other applications

If you added support for PDF creation in other applications, see the Help for these applications to add new fonts. In Windows, copying your custom fonts to the C:\Windows\Fonts (or equivalent) folder should be sufficient.

### 5.4.5 Configuring HTML to PDF conversions

The HTML-to-PDF conversion process is designed to use the settings from Acrobat XI Pro that override the settings from PDF Generator.

**Note:** This configuration is required to enable the HTML-to-PDF conversion process, otherwise this conversion type will fail.

#### 5.4.5.1 Configure the HTML-to-PDF conversion

- 1 Install and validate Acrobat as described in “[5.4.3 Configuring Acrobat Professional \(Windows-based Computers Only\)](#)” on page 31.
- 2 Locate the pdfgen.api file in the [aem-forms root]\plugins\x86\_win32 directory and copy it to [Acrobat root]\Acrobat\plug\_ins directory.

#### 5.4.5.2 Enable support for Unicode fonts in HTML to PDF conversions

**Important:** The HTML-to-PDF conversion fails if a zipped input file contains HTML files with double-byte characters in filenames. To avoid this problem, do not use double-byte characters when naming HTML files.

- 1 Copy the Unicode font to any of the following directories as appropriate for your system:
  - Windows  
[Windows root]\Windows\fonts  
[Windows root]\WINNT\fonts
  - UNIX  
/usr/lib/X11/fonts/TrueType

```
/usr/openwin/lib/X11/fonts/TrueType
/usr/share/fonts/default/TrueType
/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/ttf
/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/truetype
/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/TrueType
/usr/X11R6/lib/X11/fonts/TTF
/Users/cfqauser/Library/Fonts
/System/Library/Fonts
/Library/Fonts
/Users/ + System.getProperty(<user name>, root) + /Library/Fonts
System.getProperty(JAVA_HOME) + /lib/fonts
/usr/share/fonts (Solaris)
```

**Note:** Ensure that the directory `/usr/lib/X11/fonts` exists. If it does not, create a symbolic link from `/usr/share/X11/fonts` to `/usr/lib/X11/fonts` using the `ln` command.

**2** Modify the font-name mapping in the `cffont.properties` file located in the `[aem-forms root]/deploy/adobe-generatepdf-dsc.jar` file:


- Extract this archive, and locate the `cffont.properties` file and open it in an editor.
- In the comma-separated list of Java font names, add a map to your Unicode system font for each font type. In the example below, `kochi mincho` is the name of your Unicode system font.

```
dialog=Arial, Helvetica, kochi mincho

dialog.bold=Arial Bold, Helvetica-Bold, kochi mincho ...
```

- Save and close the properties file, and then repackage and redeploy the `adobe-generatepdf-dsc.jar` file.

**Note:** On a Japanese operating system, specify the font mapping in the `cffont.properties.ja` file as well, which takes precedence over the standard `cffont.properties` file.

 Fonts in the list are searched from left to right, using the first font found. HTML-to-PDF conversion logs return a list of all the font names that are found in the system. To determine the font name you need to map, add the font to one of the directories above, restart the server, and run a conversion. You can determine from the log files the font name to use for mapping.

To embed the font in the generated PDF files, set the `embedFonts` property in the `cffont.properties` file to `true` (the default is `false`).

## 5.4.6 Modify Microsoft Visio default macro settings

When a Microsoft Visio file containing macros is submitted for conversion, the resultant Microsoft Office Visio Security Notice dialog causes the conversion to time out. To successfully convert files that contain macros, the default macro settings in Visio must be changed.

- ❖ In Visio, click **Tools > Trust Center > Macro Settings** and select either of the following options and then click **OK**:
  - Disable all macros without notification
  - Enable all macros

## 5.4.7 Installing the Network Printer Client

PDF Generator includes an executable file to install the PDF Generator network printer on a client computer. After the installation is complete, a PDF Generator printer is added to the list of existing printers on the client computer. This printer can then be used to send documents for conversion to PDF.

**Note:** The Network Printer Client installation wizard available in the Administration Console is supported only on Windows operating system. Ensure that you use a 32-bit JVM to launch the Network Printer Client installation wizard. You will encounter an error if you use a 64-bit JVM.

If the PDFG Network Printer fails to install on Windows or if you want to install the printer on UNIX or Linux platforms, use the operating system's native Add Printer utility and configure it as described in [“5.4.7.2 Configure PDFG Network Printer on Windows using the native Add Printer wizard”](#) on page 35

### 5.4.7.1 Install the PDF Generator Network Printer Client

**Note:** Before installing the PDF Generator network printer client on Windows Server 2008, Ensure that you have the Internet Printing Client feature installed on your Windows Server 2008. For installing the feature, see Windows Server 2008 Help.

- 1 Ensure that you successfully installed PDF Generator on your server.
- 2 Do one of the following:
  - From a Windows client computer, enter the following URL in your web browser, where *[host]* is the name of the server where you installed PDF Generator and *[port]* is the application server port used:  
`http://[host]:[port]/pdfg-ipp/install`
  - In Administration Console, click **Home > Services > PDF Generator > PDFG Network Printer**. In the **PDFG Network Printer Installation** section, click **Click here** to launch the PDFG Network Printer Installation.
- 3 On the Configure Internet Port screen, select **Use the specified user account** option, and provide the credentials of a AEM forms on JEE user who has the PDFG Administrator/User role. This user must also have an email address that can be used to receive the converted files. To have this security setting apply to all users on the client computer, select **Use the same security options for all users**, and then click **OK**.

**Note:** If the user's password changes, then users will need to reinstall the PDFG Network Printer on their computers. You cannot update the password from Administration Console.

Upon successful installation, a dialog box appears, indicating that the printer is successfully installed.

- 4 Click **OK**. You will now have a PDF Generator printer available in your list of printers.

### 5.4.7.2 Configure PDFG Network Printer on Windows using the native Add Printer wizard

- 1 Click **Start > Printers and Faxes** and double-click **Add Printer**.
- 2 Click **Next**, select **A network printer, or a printer attached to another computer**, and then click **Next**.
- 3 Select **Connect to a printer on the internet or on a home or office network** and type the following URL for the PDFG printer, where *[host]* is the server name and *[port]* is the port number where the server is running:  
`http://[host]:[port]/pdfg-ipp/printer`
- 4 On the Configure Internet Port screen, select **Use the specified user account** and provide valid User credentials.
- 5 In the **Printer Driver Select** box, choose any standard PostScript-based printer driver (for example, HP Color LaserJet PS).
- 6 Complete the installation by choosing appropriate options (for example, setting this printer as default).

*Note: The user credentials used while adding the printer must have a valid email ID configured in User Management to receive the response.*

- 7 Configure the email service's sendmail service. Provide a valid SMTP server and authentication information in the service's configuration options.

#### 5.4.7.3 Install and configure the PDF Generator Network Printer Client using Proxy server port forwarding

- 1 Configure port forwarding on the CC Proxy server on a particular port to the AEM forms on JEE Server, and disable the authentication at proxy server level (because AEM forms on JEE uses its own authentication). If a client connects to this Proxy server on the forwarded port, then all the requests will be forwarded to the AEM forms on JEE Server.
- 2 Install PDFG Network Printer using the following URL:  
`http://[proxy server]:[forwarded port]/pdfg-ipp/install.`
- 3 Provide the necessary credentials for authentication of the PDFG Network Printer.
- 4 The PDFG Network Printer will be installed on the client machine which you can use for PDF conversion using the firewall protected AEM forms on JEE Server.

#### 5.4.8 Changing File Block Settings

Change Microsoft Office trust center settings to enable PDFG to convert older versions of Microsoft office documents.

- 1 Click the **File** tab in any Office 2010 application. Under **Help**, click **Options**; the Options dialog box appears
- 2 Click **Trust Center**, and then click **Trust Center Settings**.
- 3 In the **Trust Center settings**, click **File Block Settings**.
- 4 In the File Type list, uncheck open for the file type that you want to be converted by PDFG.

#### 5.4.9 Watched folder performance parameters

To avoid `java.io.IOException` error messages indicating that not enough disk space is available to perform PDF conversions by using a watched folder, you can modify the settings for PDF Generator in Administration Console.

##### Set performance parameters for PDF Generator

- 1 Log in to Administration Console and click **Services > Applications and Services > Service Management**.
- 2 In the list of services, navigate to and click **PDFGConfigService**, and then set the following values:
  - **PDFG Cleanup Scan Seconds:** 1800
  - **Job Expiration Seconds:** 6000
  - **Server Conversion Timeout:** Change the default of 270 to a higher value, such as 450.
- 3 Click **Save** and restart the server.

### 5.4.10 Enable PDF Conversion for Microsoft Word document containing protected fields

The PDF Generator supports Microsoft Word documents containing protected fields. To enable PDF Conversion for Microsoft Word document containing protected fields, change the file type settings:

- 1 In the **Administration Console**, navigate to **Services > PDF Generator > File Type Settings**, and open your file type settings profile.
- 2 Expand the **Microsoft Word** option and select the **Preserve document markup in Adobe PDF (for Microsoft Office 2003 or later)** option.
- 3 Click **Save As**, specify name of the file type setting, and click **OK**.

## 5.5 Final setup for Rights Management

Rights Management requires the application server to be configured to use SSL. (See [Administration Help](#).)

## 5.6 Configuring LDAP access

### 5.6.1 Configure User Management (Local Domain)

- 1 Open a web browser, navigate to `http://[host]:[port]/adminui`, and log in. (See “[5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console](#)” on page 19.)
- 2 Click **Settings > User Management > Domain Management**, and then click **New Local Domain**.
- 3 In the appropriate boxes, enter the domain ID and name. (See “Adding local domains” in [Administration help](#).)
- 4 (Optional) Disable account locking by deselecting the **Enable Account Locking** option.
- 5 Click **OK**.

### 5.6.2 Configure User Management with LDAP (Enterprise Domain)

- 1 Open a web browser, navigate to `http://[host]:[port]/adminui` and log in. (See “[5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console](#)” on page 19.)
- 2 Click **Settings > User Management > Domain Management**, and then click **New Enterprise Domain**.
- 3 In the **ID** box, type a unique identifier for the domain and, in the **Name** box, type a descriptive name for the domain.

**Note:** When using DB2 for your AEM forms on JEE database, the maximum permitted length of the ID is 100 single-byte (ASCII) characters or 50 double-byte characters or 25 four-byte characters. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in [Administration Help](#).)

**Note:** When using MySQL for your AEM forms on JEE database, use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in [Administration Help](#).)

- 4 Click **Add Authentication** and, in the **Authentication Provider** list, select **LDAP**.
- 5 Click **OK**.
- 6 Click **Add Directory** and, in the **Profile Name** box, type a name for your LDAP profile.

- 7 Click **Next**.
- 8 Specify values in the **Server**, **Port**, **SSL**, and **Binding** boxes, and in the **Populate Page with** box, select a directory settings option such as **Default Sun ONE values**. Also, specify values in the **Name** and **Password** box that would be used to connect to the LDAP database when anonymous access is not enabled. (See “Directory settings” in [Administration Help](#).)
- 9 (Optional) Test your configuration:
  - Click **Test**. The screen displays a message indicating either a successful server test or any configuration errors that exist.
- 10 Click **Next** and configure the **User Settings** as required. (See “Directory settings” in [Administration Help](#).)
- 11 (Optional) Test your configuration:
  - Click **Test**.
  - In the Search Filter box, verify the search filter or specify a new search filter, and then click **Submit**. The screen displays a list of entries that match the search criteria.
  - Click **Close** to return to the User Settings screen.
- 12 Click **Next** configure the **Group Settings** as required. (See “Directory settings” in [Administration Help](#).)
- 13 (Optional) Test your configuration:
  - Click **Test**.
  - In the Search Filter box, verify the search filter or specify a new search filter, and then click **Submit**. The screen displays a list of entries that match the search criteria.
  - Click **Close** to return to the Group Settings screen.
- 14 Click **Finish** to exit the New Directory page and then click **OK** to exit.

## 5.7 Enabling FIPS mode

AEM forms on JEE provides a FIPS mode to restrict data protection to Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 140-2 approved algorithms using the RSA BSAFE Crypto-C 2.1 encryption module.

If you did not enable this option by using Configuration Manager during AEM forms on JEE configuration or if you enable it but want to turn it off, you can change this setting through Administration Console.

Modifying FIPS mode requires you to restart the server.

FIPS mode does not support Acrobat versions earlier than 7.0. If FIPS mode is enabled and the Encrypt With Password and Remove Password processes include the Acrobat 5 setting, the process fails.

In general, when FIPS is enabled, the Assembler service does not apply password encryption to any document. If this is attempted, a `FIPSMODEException` is thrown, indicating that “Password encryption is not permitted in FIPS mode.” Additionally, the `PDFsFromBookmarks` element is not supported in FIPS mode when the base document is password-encrypted.

### Turn FIPS mode on or off

- 1 Log in to Administration Console.
- 2 Click **Settings > Core System Settings > Configurations**.
- 3 Select **Enable FIPS** to enable FIPS mode or deselect it to disable FIPS mode.

- 4 Click **OK** and restart the application server.

**Note:** AEM forms on JEE software does not validate code to ensure FIPS compatibility. It provides a FIPS operation mode so that FIPS-approved algorithms are used for cryptographic services from the FIPS-approved libraries (RSA).

## 5.8 Configuring HTML digital signature

To use the HTML digital signature feature of Forms, complete the following procedure.

- 1 Manually deploy the `[aem-forms root]/deploy/adobe-forms-ds.ear` file to your application server.
- 2 Log in to Administration Console and click **Services > LiveCycle Forms ES4**.
- 3 Select **HTML Digital Signature Enabled** and then click **Save**.

## 5.9 Configuring Connector for EMC Documentum

**Note:** AEM forms on JEE supports EMC Documentum, versions 6.7 SP1 and 7.0 with minor updates only. Make sure your ECM is upgraded accordingly.

If you installed Connector for EMC Documentum as part of your AEM forms on JEE, complete the following procedure to configure the service to connect to the Documentum repository.

### Configure Connector for EMC Documentum

- 1 Locate the `adobe-component-ext.properties` file in the `[appserverdomain]` folder (if the file does not exist, create it).
- 2 Add a new system property that provides the following Documentum Foundation Classes JAR files:
  - `dfc.jar`
  - `aspectjrt.jar`
  - `log4j.jar`
  - `jaxb-api.jar`
  - `configservice-impl.jar`
  - `configservice-api.jar`
  - `commons-codec-1.3.jar`
  - `commons-lang-2.4.jar`

The new system property should take on this form:

`[component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]`

For example, using default Content Server and Documentum Foundation Classes installations, add to the file one of the following system properties on a new line, with no line breaks, and end the line with a carriage return:

- Connector for EMC Documentum 6.7 SP1 and 7.0 only:

```
com.adobe.livecycle.ConnectorforEMCDocumentum.ext=
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/dfc.jar,
C:/ProgramFiles/Documentum/Shared/aspectjrt.jar,
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/log4j.jar,
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/jaxb-api.jar,
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/configservice-impl.jar,
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/configservice-api.jar
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/commons-codec-1.3.jar
C:/Program Files/Documentum/Shared/commons-lang-2.4.jar
```

**Note:** The above text contains formatting characters for line breaks. If you copy and paste this text, you must remove the formatting characters.

- 3 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[host]:[port]/adminui`

- 4 Log in using the default user name and password:

**User name:** administrator

**Password:** password

- 5 Navigate to **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for EMC Documentum > Configuration Settings** and perform these tasks:

- Type all the required Documentum repository information.
- To use Documentum as your repository provider, under Repository Service Provider Information, select **EMC Documentum Repository Provider**, and then click **Save**. For more information, click the Help link in the upper-right corner of the page in the [Administration Help](#).

- 6 (Optional) Navigate to **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for EMC Documentum > Repository Credentials Settings**, click **Add**, specify the Docbase information, and then click **Save**. (For more information, click **Help** in the upper-right corner.)

- 7 If the application server is not currently running, start the server. Otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

- 8 Open a web browser and enter this URL.

`http://[host]:[port]/adminui`

- 9 Log in using the default user name and password:

**User name:** administrator

**Password:** password

- 10 Navigate to **Services > Applications and Services > Service Management** and select these services:

- EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService
- EMCDocumentumContentRepositoryConnector
- EMCDocumentumRepositoryProvider

- 11 Click **Start**. If any of the services do not start correctly, check the settings you completed earlier.

- 12 Do one of the following tasks:

- To use the Documentum Authorization service (EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService) to display content from a Documentum repository in the Resources view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the Documentum Authorization service overrides the default AEM forms on JEE authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench using Documentum credentials.

- To use the AEM forms on JEE repository, log in to Workbench by using the AEM forms on JEE super administrator credentials (by default, *administrator* and *password*).

You have now completed the required steps for this procedure. Use the credentials provided in step 19 for accessing the default repository in this case and use the default AEM forms on JEE authorization service.

**13** Restart the application server.

**14** Log in to Administration Console and click **Settings > User Management > Domain Management**.

**15** Click **New Enterprise Domain**, and type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

***Note: (WebLogic and WebSphere only)** When using DB2 for your AEM forms on JEE database, the maximum permitted length of the ID is 100 single-byte (ASCII) characters or 50 double-byte characters or 25 four-byte characters. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in Administration Help.)*

***Note:** When using MySQL for your AEM forms on JEE database, use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in AEM forms on JEE Administration Help.)*

**16** Add a custom authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the Authentication Provider list, select **Custom**.
- Select **EMCDocumentumAuthProvider** and then click **OK**.

**17** Add an LDAP authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the Authentication Provider list, select **LDAP**, and then click **OK**.

**18** Add an LDAP directory:

- Click **Add Directory**.
- In the Profile Name box, type a unique name, and then click **Next**.
- Specify values for the **Server**, **Port**, **SSL**, **Binding**, and **Populate page with** options. If you select User for the Binding option, you must also specify values for the **Name** and **Password** fields.
- (Optional) Select **Retrieve Base DN** to retrieve base domain names, as required.
- Click **Next**, configure the user settings, click **Next**, configure group settings, as required, and then click **Next**.

For details about the settings, click **User Management Help** in the upper-right corner of the page.

**19** Click **OK** to exit the Add Directory page and then click OK again.

**20** Select the new enterprise domain and click **Sync Now**. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.

(Optional) To verify the status of the synchronization, click **Refresh** and view the status in the Current Sync State column.

**21** Navigate to **Settings > User Management > Users and Groups**.

**22** Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and perform these tasks:

- Select one or more users and click **Assign Role**.
- Select one or more AEM forms on JEE roles and click **OK**.
- Click **OK** a second time to confirm the role assignment.

Repeat this step for all users that you assign roles to. For more information, click **User Management Help** in the upper-right corner of the page.

**23** Start Workbench and log in by using the credentials for the Documentum repository:

**Username:** `[username]@[repository_name]`

**Password:** `[password]`

After you log in, the Documentum repository appears in the Resources view within Workbench. If you do not log in using the `username@repository_name`, Workbench attempts to log in to the default repository.

**24** (Optional) To install the AEM forms on JEE Samples for Connector for EMC Documentum, create a Documentum repository named Samples, and then install the samples in that repository.

After you configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service, see *AEM forms on JEE Administration Help* for information about configuring Workbench with your Documentum repository.

### 5.9.1 Creating the XDP MIME format in a Documentum repository

Before users can store and retrieve XDP files from a Documentum repository, you must do one of these tasks:

- Create a corresponding XDP format in each repository where users will access XDP files.
- Configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service to use a Documentum Administrator account when accessing the Documentum repository. In this case, the Connector for EMC Documentum service uses the XDP format whenever it is required.

#### Create the XDP format on Documentum Content Server using Documentum Administrator

- 1 Log in to Documentum Administrator.
- 2 Click **Formats** and then select **File > New > Format**.
- 3 Type the following information in the corresponding fields:

**Name:** xdp

**Default File Extension:** xdp

**Mime Type:** application/xdp

- 4 Repeat steps 1 to 3 for all other Documentum repositories where users will store XDP files.

#### Configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service to use a Documentum Administrator

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:  
`http://[host]:[port]/adminui`
- 2 Log in using the default user name and password:  
**User name:** administrator  
**Password:** password
- 3 Click **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for EMC Documentum > Configuration Settings**.
- 4 Under Documentum Principal Credentials Information, update the following information and then click **Save**:  
**User Name:** `[Documentum Administrator user name]`  
**Password:** `[Documentum Administrator password]`
- 5 Click **Repository Credentials Settings**, select a repository from the list or, if none exist, click **Add**.

- 6 Provide the appropriate information in the corresponding fields and then click **Save**:

**Repository Name:** *[Repository Name]*

**Repository Credentials User Name:** *[Documentum Administrator user name]*

**Repository Credentials Password:** *[Documentum Administrator password]*

- 7 Repeat steps 5 and 6 for all repositories where users will store XDP files.

## 5.9.2 Add support for multiple connection brokers

AEM forms on JEE Configuration Manager supports configuring only one connection broker. Use AEM forms on JEE Administrator Console to add support for multiple connection brokers:

- 1 Open AEM forms on JEE Administrator Console.
- 2 Navigate to Home > Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for EMC Documentum > Configuration Settings.
- 3 In the **Connection broker Host Name or IP Address**, enter comma separated list of hostnames of different connection brokers. For example, host1, host2, host3.
- 4 In the **Port Number of Connection broker**, enter comma separated list of the ports of corresponding connection brokers. For example, 1489, 1491, 1489.
- 5 Click **Save**.

## 5.10 Creating the XDP MIME format in a Documentum repository

Before users can store and retrieve XDP files from a Documentum repository, you must do one of these tasks:

- Create a corresponding XDP format in each repository where users will access XDP files.
- Configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service to use a Documentum Administrator account when accessing the Documentum repository. In this case, the Connector for EMC Documentum service uses the XDP format whenever it is required.

### Create the XDP format on Documentum Content Server using Documentum Administrator

- 1 Log in to Documentum Administrator.
- 2 Click **Formats** and then select **File > New > Format**.
- 3 Type the following information in the corresponding fields:  
**Name:** xdp  
**Default File Extension:** xdp  
**Mime Type:** application/xdp
- 4 Repeat steps 1 to 3 for all other Documentum repositories where users will store XDP files.

### Configure the Connector for EMC Documentum service to use a Documentum Administrator

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:  
`http://[host]:[port]/adminui`

- 2 Log in using the default user name and password:  
**User name:** administrator  
**Password:** password
- 3 Click **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for EMC Documentum > Configuration Settings**.
- 4 Under Documentum Principal Credentials Information, update the following information and then click **Save**:  
**User Name:** *[Documentum Administrator user name]*  
**Password:** *[Documentum Administrator password]*
- 5 Click **Repository Credentials Settings**, select a repository from the list or, if none exist, click **Add**.
- 6 Provide the appropriate information in the corresponding fields and then click **Save**:  
**Repository Name:** *[Repository Name]*  
**Repository Credentials User Name:** *[Documentum Administrator user name]*  
**Repository Credentials Password:** *[Documentum Administrator password]*
- 7 Repeat steps 5 and 6 for all repositories where users will store XDP files.

## 5.11 Configuring the Connector for IBM Content Manager

**Note:** AEM forms supports IBM Content Manager. See the [Supported Platform Combinations](#) document and make sure your ECM is upgraded to the supported version.

If you installed the Connector for IBM Content Manager as part of your LiveCycle, complete the following procedure to configure the service to connect to the IBM Content Manager datastore.

### Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager

- 1 Locate the adobe-component-ext.properties file in the *[appserverdomain]* folder. If the file does not exist, create it.
- 2 Add a new system property that provides the location of the following IBM II4C JAR files:
  - cmb81.jar
  - cmbcm81.jar
  - cmbicm81.jar
  - cmblog4j81.jar
  - cmbsdk81.jar
  - cmbutil81.jar
  - cmbutilicm81.jar
  - cmbview81.jar
  - cmbwas81.jar
  - cmbwcm81.jar
  - cmgmt

**Note:** *cmgmt* is not a JAR file. On Windows, by default, this folder is at *C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/*.

- common.jar
- db2jcc.jar
- db2jcc\_license\_cisuz.jar
- db2jcc\_license\_cu.jar
- ecore.jar
- ibmjgssprovider.jar
- ibmjsseprovider2.jar
- ibmpkcs.jar
- icmrm81.jar
- jcache.jar
- log4j-1.2.8.jar
- xerces.jar
- xml.jar
- xsd.jar

The new system property looks similar to the following:

*[component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]*

For example, using a default DB2 Universal Database Client and II4C installation, in the file, add the following system property on a new line, with no line breaks, and end the line with a carriage return:

```
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/cmgmt,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/java/jre/lib/ibmjsseprovider2.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/java/jre/lib/ibmjgssprovider.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/java/jre/lib/ibmpkcs.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/java/jre/lib/xml.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbview81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmb81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbcm81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/xsd.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/common.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/ecore.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbicm81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbwcm81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/jcache.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbutil81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbutilicm81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/icmrm81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/db2jcc.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/db2jcc_license_cu.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/db2jcc_license_cisuz.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/xerces.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmblog4j81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/log4j-1.2.8.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbstdk81.jar,  
C:/Program Files/IBM/db2cmv8/lib/cmbwas81.jar
```

- 3 If the application server is not currently running, start the server; otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

You can now connect to the IBM Content Manager datastore from the IBMCMConnectorService Property Sheets by using the Use User Credentials as the login mode.

You have now completed the required steps for this procedure.

(Optional) If you want to connect to IBM Content Manager datastore from IBMCMConnectorService Property Sheets by using the Use Credentials From Process Context as the login mode, complete the following procedure.

### Connect using Use Credentials from process context login mode

- 1 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

`http://[host]:[port]/adminui`

- 2 Log in using the super administrator credentials. Default values set during installation are:

**User name:***administrator*

**Password:***password*

- 3 Click **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for IBM Content Manager**

- 4 Type all of the required repository information and click **Save**. For more information about the IBM Content Manager repository information, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

- 5 Do one of these tasks:

- To use the IBM Content Manager Authorization service IBMCMAuthProvider to use content from an IBM Content Manager datastore, in the Processes view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the IBM Content Manager Authorization service overrides the default LiveCycle authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench by using IBM Content Manager credentials.
- To use the System Credentials provided in step 4 to use content from an IBM Content Manager datastore, in the Processes view of Workbench, log in to Workbench by using the LiveCycle super administrator credentials (by default, *administrator* and *password*). You have now completed the required steps for this procedure. The System Credentials that are provided in step 4 use the default LiveCycle authorization service for accessing the default repository in this case.

- 6 Log in to the Administration Console, and click **Settings > User Management > Domain Management**.

- 7 Click **New Enterprise Domain** and type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

**Note:** When using DB2 for your LiveCycle database, the maximum permitted length of the ID is 100 single-byte (ASCII) characters or 50 double-byte characters or 25 four-byte characters. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in *LiveCycle Administration Help*.)

**Note:** When using MySQL for your LiveCycle database, use only single-byte (ASCII) characters for the ID. (See *Adding enterprise domains* in [Administration Help](#).)

- 8 Add a custom authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the **Authentication Provider** list, select **Custom**, and then select **IBMCMAuthProviderService** and click **OK**.

- 9 Add an LDAP authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the **Authentication Provider** list, select **LDAP** and then click **OK**.

10 Add an LDAP directory:

- Click **Add Directory**.
- In the **Profile Name** box, type a unique name, and then click **Next**.
- Specify values for the **Server**, **Port**, **SSL**, **Binding**, and **Populate page with** options. If you select **User** for the **Binding** option, you must also specify values for the **Name** and **Password** fields. (Optional) Select **Retrieve Base DN** to retrieve base domain names, as required. When finished, click **Next**.
- Configure the user settings, click **Next**, configure group settings as required, and then click **Next**.

For details about the above settings, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

11 Click **OK** to exit the Add Directory page and click **OK** again.

12 Select the new enterprise domain and click **Sync Now**. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.

13 To verify the status of the synchronization, click **Refresh** and view the status in the **Current Sync State** column.

14 Navigate to **Settings > User Management > Users and Groups**.

15 Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and do these tasks:

- Select one or more users and click **Assign Role**.
- Select one or more LiveCycle roles and click **OK**.
- Click **OK** a second time to confirm the role assignment.

Repeat this step for all users that you want to assign roles to. For more information, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

16 Start Workbench and log in using the following credentials for IBM Content Manager datastore:

**Username:** `[username]@[repository_name]`

**Password:** `[password]`

The IBM Content Manager datastore can now be used in the Processes view within Workbench when the login mode for IBMCMConnectorService orchestrable components is selected as **Use Credentials from process context**.

## 5.12 Configuring the Connector for IBM FileNet

LiveCycle supports IBM FileNet, versions 5.0 and 5.2 only. Make sure your ECM is upgraded accordingly.

**Note:** LiveCycle supports FileNet 5.2 Content Engine; FileNet 5.2 Process Engine is not supported. Moreover, the LiveCycle Configuration Manager (LCM) does not support/configure FileNet 5.2, perform manual configuration for FileNet 5.2.

If you installed Connector for IBM FileNet as part of your LiveCycle, you must configure the service to connect to the FileNet object store.

Choose one of the following procedures to configure Connector for IBM FileNet:

- To configure Connector for IBM FileNet using FileNet 5.0, FileNet 5.2, and CEWS transport:
- To configure Connector for IBM FileNet using FileNet 5.0, FileNet 5.2, and EJB transport:

### Configure Connector for IBM FileNet using FileNet 5.0, FileNet 5.2, and CEWS transport

1 Locate the `[appserverdomain]/config/config.xml` file and make a backup copy of it.

- 2 In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, under Domain Structure, click **Environment** > **Servers** and, in the right pane, click the name of your server.
- 3 Click the **Configuration** tab and then click **Server Start**.
- 4 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 5 Locate the adobe-component-ext.properties file in the *[appserverdomain]* folder (if the file does not exist, create it).
- 6 Add a new system property that provides the location of these FileNet Application Engine JAR files:

For FileNet 5.x add following JAR files

- Jace.jar
- javaapi.jar
- log4j.jar
- pe.jar
- stax-api.jar
- xlpScanner.jar
- xlpScannerUtils.jar

**Note:** Add the *pe.jar* file only if your deployment uses the *IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector* service. The new system property should reflect this structure:

```
[component id].ext=[JAR files and/or folders]
```

For example, using a default FileNet Application Engine installation on a Windows operating system, add the following system property on a new line with no line breaks and end the line with a carriage return:

**Note:** The following text contains formatting characters for line breaks. If you copy this text to a location outside this document, remove the formatting characters when you paste it to the new location.

```
com.adobe.livecycle.ConnectorforIBMFileNet.ext=  
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/lib2/javaapi.jar,  
C:/Program Files/FileNet/AE/CE_API/lib2/log4j-1.2.13.jar
```

- 7 (FileNet Process Engine Connector only) Configure the connection properties for the process engine as follows:
  - Using a text editor, create a file with the following content as a single line and end the line with a carriage return:

(FileNet 5.0 only)

```
RemoteServerUrl = cemp:http://[contentserver_IP]:[contentengine_port]/wsi/FNCEWS40DIME/
```

(FileNet 5.2 only)

```
RemoteServerUrl = cemp:http://[contentserver_IP]:[contentengine_port]/wsi/FNCEWS40MTOM/
```

- Save the file as *WcmApiConfig.properties* in a separate folder, and add the location of the folder that contains the *WcmApiConfig.properties* file to the *adobe-component-ext.properties* file.

For example, if you save the file as *c:/pe\_config/WcmApiConfig.properties*, add the path *c:/pe\_config* to the *adobe-component-ext.properties* file.

**Note:** The filename is case-sensitive.

- 8 If a custom JAAS configuration file is being used, add the following lines in the custom JAAS configuration file:

```
FileNetP8 {weblogic.security.auth.login.UsernamePasswordLoginModule
    required authOnLogin=true;};
FileNetP8WSI {com.filenet.api.util.WSILoginModule required;};
FileNetP8Engine
    {weblogic.security.auth.login.UsernamePasswordLoginModule required
    authOnLogin=true;};
FileNetP8Server
    {weblogic.security.auth.login.UsernamePasswordLoginModule required
    authOnLogin=true;};
```



*You can determine whether a custom JAAS configuration file is used from the value of the -Djava.security.auth.login.config property in the application server start command.*

- 9 (FileNet Process Engine Connector only) If your deployment uses the FileNet Process Engine Connector, do one of these tasks, as applicable to your configuration:

- If your deployment uses a custom JAAS file, add the following line to the custom JAAS file:

```
FileNetP8 {com.filenet.api.util.WSILoginModule required;};
```

- If your deployment does not use a custom JAAS file, use a text editor to create a file with the following content:

```
FileNetP8 {com.filenet.api.util.WSILoginModule required;};
```

Save the file as `jaas.conf.WSI` and add the location of the file as the following Java option in the WebLogic Server start command:

```
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=<JAAS file location>
```

For example, if you save the file as `C:/pe_config/jaas.conf.WSI`, add the following Java option:

```
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=C:/pe_config/jaas.conf.WSI
```

- 10 Open the `config.xml` file and locate the `<credential-encrypted>` value for the managed server's User domain. If there is no value for this element, open the backup copy of the `config.xml` file you create in step 1 and copy the `<credential-encrypted>` value.

- 11 Paste the value to the new `config.xml` file, then save and close it.

- 12 If the application server is not currently running, start the server. Otherwise, stop and then restart the server.

- 13 Open a web browser and enter this URL:

```
http://[host]:[port]/adminui
```

- 14 Log in using the default user name and password:

**User name:** administrator

**Password:** password

- 15 Click **Services > LiveCycle 11 Connector for IBM FileNet**.

- 16 Provide the Content Engine URL. For example,

```
cemp:http://ContentEngineHostNameorIP:port/wsi/FNCEWS40MTOM?jaasConfigurationName=FileNetP8WSI
```

- 17 Provide all of the required FileNet repository information and, under Repository Service Provider Information, select **IBM FileNet Repository Provider**.

If your deployment uses the optional process engine service, under Process Engine Settings, select **Use Process Engine Connector Service** and specify the process engine settings. For more information, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

**Note:** The credentials that you provide in this step are validated later when you start the IBM FileNet repository services. If the credentials are not valid, an error is thrown and the services will not start.

**18** Click **Save** and navigate to **Services > Applications and Services > Service Management**.

**19** Select the check box next to each of these services and then click **Start**:

- IBMFileNetAuthProviderService
- IBMFileNetContentRepositoryConnector
- IBMFileNetRepositoryProvider
- IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector (if configured)

If any of the services do not start correctly, verify the Process Engine settings.

**20** Do one of the following tasks:

- To use the FileNet Authorization service (IBMFileNetAuthProviderService) to display content from a FileNet object store in the Resources view of Workbench, continue with this procedure. Using the FileNet Authorization service overrides the default LiveCycle authorization and must be configured to log in to Workbench by using FileNet credentials.
- To use the LiveCycle repository, log in to Workbench by using the LiveCycle super administrator credentials (by default, *administrator* and *password*). The credentials provided in step 16 use the default LiveCycle authorization service for accessing the default repository in this case.

**21** Restart your application server.

**22** Log in to Administration Console and click **Settings > User Management > Domain Management**.

**23** Click **New Enterprise Domain** and then type a domain ID and name. The domain ID is the unique identifier for the domain. The name is a descriptive name for the domain.

When using DB2 for your LiveCycle database, the maximum permitted length of the ID is 100 single-byte (ASCII) characters or 50 double-byte characters or 25 four-byte characters. (See “Adding enterprise domains” in [Administration Help](#).)

**24** Add a custom authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the **Authentication Provider** list, select **Custom**.
- Select **IBMFileNetAuthProviderService** and then click **OK**.

**25** Add an LDAP authentication provider:

- Click **Add Authentication**.
- In the **Authentication Provider** list, select **LDAP** and then click **OK**.

**26** Add an LDAP directory:

- Click **Add Directory** and, in the **Profile Name** box, type a unique name, and then click **Next**.
- Specify values for the **Server**, **Port**, **SSL**, **Binding**, and **Populate page with** options. If you select **User** for the **Binding** option, you must also specify values for the **Name** and **Password** fields.
- (Optional) Select **Retrieve Base DN** to retrieve base domain names, as required. When finished, click **Next**.
- Configure the user settings, click **Next**, configure group settings as required, and then click **Next**.

For details about the settings, click **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

**27** Click **OK** to exit the Add Directory page, and then click **OK** again.

**28** Select the new enterprise domain and click **Sync Now**. Depending on the number of users and groups in your LDAP network and the speed on your connection, the synchronization process may take several minutes.

(Optional) To verify the status of the synchronization, click **Refresh** and view the status in the **Current Sync State** column.

**29** Navigate to **Settings > User Management > Users and Groups**.

**30** Search for users that were synchronized from LDAP and perform these tasks:

- Select one or more users and click **Assign Role**.
- Select one or more LiveCycle roles and click **OK**.
- Click **OK** a second time to confirm the role assignment.

Repeat this step for all users you want to assign roles to. For more information, click the **Help** link in the upper-right corner of the page.

**31** Start Workbench and log in using the following credentials for the IBM FileNet repository:

**User name:** *[username]@[repository\_name]*

**Password:** *[password]*

The FileNet object store should now be visible in the Resources view within Workbench. If you do not log in using the *username@repository name*, Workbench attempts to log in to the default repository specified in step 16.

**32** (Optional) If you intend to install the LiveCycle Samples for Connector for IBM FileNet, create a FileNet object store named *Samples* and install the samples in that object store.

After you configure Connector for IBM FileNet, it is recommended that you see LiveCycle Administration Help for information about configuring Workbench functions properly with your FileNet repository.

## 5.13 Installing additional for UNIX and Linux

On UNIX and Linux systems, ConvertPDFService and XMLFormService require some additional system libraries. See [AEM forms on JEE UNIX system library dependencies](#) in Hardening and Security guide for the list of required libraries.

## 5.14 Enable messaging on standalone JBoss

To enable messaging on a standalone JBoss 6.2 server for AEM forms on JEE:

**1** Enable the messaging module on the JBOSS 6.2 if it is not enabled yet.

Copy the following tags from the `standalone_full.xml` file to the specified location in the `lc_turnkey.xml` file. Both the files are located in the `<aem-forms root>/jboss/standalone/configuration` directory.

- Copy the entire tag with its content `<extension module="org.jboss.as.messaging">...</extension>` from the `standalone_full.xml` file and put it after the `<extensions>` tag in the `lc_turnkey.xml` file
- Copy the entire tag with its content `<subsystem xmlns="urn:jboss:domain:messaging:1.4">...</subsystem>` from the `standalone_full.xml` file and put it after the `<profile>` tag in the `lc_turnkey.xml` file

- 2 Run the `add-user.bat` script located at `<aem-forms root>/jboss/bin` to create an application user and add the user to the **guest** group. The JMS DSC component on AEM forms on JEE expects a Connection User Name and Password to be specified. This user must have permission to use JMS Queue/Topic for performing the Send/Receive operation.

**Note:** In the `lc_turnkey.xml` file, a user with a guest role is already defined under the `<security-setting match="#">.....</security-settings>` tag. The default user has the privilege to send-receive messages via JMS. However, you must create an application user on the JBoss 6.2 server with the above role to send-receive JMS messages. While creating a user using the `add-user.bat` script, you can assign it the guest group.

- 3 Change the JMS DSC Configuration with the user created in step 2.
  - a Log in to the administration console for AEM forms on JEE.
  - b Navigate to **Services > Application and Services > Service Management**.
  - c Search JMS service.
  - d In the configuration tab, change the JMS configuration.

# Chapter 6: Advanced Production Configuration

This section describes advanced tuning for Output, Forms Standard, and PDF Generator modules. This section should be completed only on a production system by an advanced application server administrator.

## 6.1 Configuring pool size for Output and Forms

The current default value for PoolMax is 4. The actual value to set depends on the hardware configuration and the expected usage in your environment.

For optimal use, we recommend that the lower limit of PoolMax not be less than the number of CPUs that are available. The upper limit must be determined by the load pattern on your server. Generally, the upper limit should be set to twice the number of CPUs cores on your server.

### Modify the existing PoolMax value

- 1 Using a text editor, edit the WebLogic startup script.
- 2 Add the following properties for `ConvertPdf`:
  - `com.adobe.convertpdf.bmc.POOL_MAX=[new value]`
  - `com.adobe.convertpdf.bmc.MAXIMUM_REUSE_COUNT=5000`
  - `com.adobe.convertpdf.bmc.REPORT_TIMING_INFORMATION=true`
  - `com.adobe.convertpdf.bmc.CT_ALLOW_SYSTEM_FONTS=true`
- 3 Add the following properties for `XMLFM`:
  - `com.adobe.xmlform.bmc.POOL_MAX=[new value]`
  - `com.adobe.xmlform.bmc.MAXIMUM_REUSE_COUNT=5000`
  - `com.adobe.xmlform.bmc.REPORT_TIMING_INFORMATION=true`
  - `com.adobe.xmlform.bmc.CT_ALLOW_SYSTEM_FONTS=true`

## 6.2 PDF Generator

PDF Generator is capable of doing multiple PDF conversions simultaneously for some types of input files. This is enforced through the use of stateless session beans.

### 6.2.1 Configuring EJB Pool Size

Four different stateless session beans exist for enforcing independent pool sizes for the following types of input files:

- Adobe PostScript® and Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) files
- Image files, such as BMP, TIFF, PNG, and JPEG files
- OpenOffice files

- All other file types (except HTML files), such as Microsoft Office, Photoshop®, PageMaker®, and FrameMaker® files

The pool size for HTML-to-PDF conversions is not managed through the use of stateless session beans.

The default pool size for PostScript and EPS files and for image files is set to 3, and the default pool size for OpenOffice and other file types (except HTML) is set to 1.

You can configure the PS/EPS and image pool size to a different value based on your server hardware configuration, such as the number of CPUs, the number of cores within each CPU, and so on. However, it is mandatory that the pool size for the OpenOffice and other file types be left unchanged at 1 for proper functioning of PDF Generator.

This section describes how the pool size for PS2PDF and Image2PDF can be configured for each of the supported application servers.

The text that follows assumes that the following two AEM forms on JEE application EARs are deployed on the application server:

- adobe-lifecycle-weblogic.ear
- adobe-lifecycle-native-weblogic-[platform].ear

where [platform] should be replaced with one of the following strings, depending on your operating system:

- (Windows) x86\_win32
- (Linux) x86\_linux
- (SunOS™) sparc\_sunos

#### Configure the pool size for PS2PDF and Image2PDF

Refer to Distiller service settings and Generate PDF service settings under “Managing services” in the Administration Help.

## 6.3 Enabling CIFS on Windows

You will need to manually configure the Windows Server machine that host AEM forms on JEE.

**Note:** Ensure that the server has a static IP address.

On Windows machines, you need to do the following:

### 6.3.1 Enable NetBIOS over TCP/IP

You need to enable NetBIOS over TCP/IP so that clients connecting to the AEM forms on JEE Server can have their requests resolved for the server host name.

- 1 In the **Local Area Connection Properties** dialog box, on the **General** tab, select **Internet Protocol**, and then click **Properties**.
- 2 In the **General** tab of the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box, ensure that the server has a static IP address. Click **Advanced**.
- 3 In the **Advanced TCP/IP Settings** dialog box, select the **WINS** tab and select **Enable NetBIOS over TCP/IP**.

### 6.3.2 Add additional IP addresses

- 1 In the **Local Area Connection Properties** dialog box, on the **General** tab, select **Internet Protocol**, and then click **Properties**.

- 2 In the **General** tab of the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** dialog box, ensure that the server has a static IP address. Click **Advanced**.
- 3 In the **Advanced TCP/IP Settings** dialog box, select the **IP Settings** tab and click **Add**.
- 4 Specify a static IP address and click **Add**.

### **6.3.3 Disable File and Printer Sharing (Windows Server 2008 only)**

- Go to **Network Settings**, deselect **File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Clients**, and click **Apply**.

# Chapter 7: Appendix - Install Command Line Interface

## 7.1 Overview

AEM forms on JEE provides a command line interface (CLI) for the installation program. The CLI is intended to be used by advanced users of AEM forms on JEE or in server environments which do not support the use of the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the installation program. The CLI runs in console mode with one interactive session for all install operations.

Before you install the modules using the CLI install option, ensure that you have prepared your environment required to run AEM forms on JEE according to the Preparing guide for fresh single server installation, cluster setup, or upgrade, as appropriate. The completed AEM forms on JEE documentation is available at [http://www.adobe.com/go/learn\\_lc\\_documentation\\_11](http://www.adobe.com/go/learn_lc_documentation_11).

For an overview of the installation process, see “3.1 Before you begin” on page 6.

After you start the installation process, follow the on-screen instructions to choose your installation options. Respond to each prompt to proceed to the next step in the installation.

**Note:** If you want to change a choice that you made on a previous step, type *back*. You can cancel the installation at any time by typing *quit*.

## 7.2 Install AEM forms on JEE

1 Open a command prompt and navigate to the folder in the installation media or your hard disk that contains the installer executable:

- (Windows) server\Disk1\InstData\Windows\_64\VM
- (Linux) server/Disk1/InstData/Linux/NoVM
- (Solaris) server/Disk1/InstData/Solaris/NoVM

2 Open a command prompt and run the following command:

- (Windows) `install.exe -i console`
- (Non-Windows) `./install.bin -i console`

**Note:** Entering the command without the `-i console` option launches the GUI-based installer.

3 Respond to the prompts as described in the following table:

Prompt	Description
Choose Locale	<p>Select the locale for the installation to use by entering a value between 1 and 3. You can select the default value by pressing <b>Enter</b>.</p> <p>The options are Deutsch, English, and Français. English is the default language.</p>
Choose Install Folder	<p>On the Destination screen, press <b>Enter</b> to accept the default directory or type the new installation directory location.</p> <p>Default install folders are:</p> <p>(Windows): C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms</p> <p>(Non-Windows): /opt/adobe/adobe_Experience_Manager_forms</p> <p>Do not use accented characters in the directory name. Otherwise, the CLI will ignore the accents and create a directory after modifying the accented characters.</p>
AEM forms on JEE Server License Agreement	<p>Press <b>Enter</b> to read through the pages of the license agreement.</p> <p>If you agree to the agreement, type <b>y</b> and press <b>Enter</b>.</p>
Pre-Installation Summary	<p>Review the installation choices you have made and press <b>Enter</b> to continue installation with the choices you have made.</p> <p>Type <b>back</b> to go back to previous steps and change any of the settings.</p>
Ready To Install	<p>Installer displays the installation directory.</p> <p>Press <b>Enter</b> to start the installation process.</p>
Installing	<p>During the installation process, the progress bar advances to indicate the progress of installation.</p>
Configuration Manager	<p>Press <b>Enter</b> to complete the installation of AEM forms on JEE.</p> <p>You can run the Configuration Manager in GUI mode by invoking the following script:</p> <p>(Windows):  C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\configurationManager\bin\ConfigurationManager.bat</p> <p>(Non-Windows):  /opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/configurationManager/bin/ConfigurationManager.sh</p>
Installation Complete	<p>The installation completion screen displays the status and the location of install.</p> <p>Press <b>Enter</b> to exit the installer.</p>

## 7.3 Error logs

If an error occurs, you can review the install.log in the log directory of your installation:

- (Windows) `[aem-forms root]\log`
- (Linux, Solaris) `[aem-forms root]/log`

For information about errors that may occur during the installation, see the appropriate troubleshooting guide.

## 7.4 Uninstalling AEM forms on JEE in console mode

**Note:** If you had installed AEM forms on JEE using the command line option, you can uninstall AEM forms on JEE only by running the uninstaller from the command line. If you want a silent uninstallation, omit the “-i console” flag.

- 1 Open a command prompt, and navigate to the directory which contains the uninstall script:

**Note:** On UNIX systems, you should manually navigate to the directory that contains the uninstall script because the directory name contains spaces.

- (Windows) `cd C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\Uninstall_Adobe Experience Manager forms`
- (UNIX-like systems) `cd /opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/Uninstall_Adobe Experience Manager forms`

- 2 Type the following command at the prompt and press Enter:

- (Windows) `Uninstall Adobe Experience Manager forms -i console`
- (Linux, Solaris) `./Uninstall Adobe Experience Manager forms -i console`

- 3 Follow the on-screen instructions.

Prompt	Description
Uninstall AEM forms on JEE	Press <b>Enter</b> to continue uninstallation. Enter <b>quit</b> to close the uninstall program.
Uninstalling... Uninstall Complete	After the uninstallation starts, the rest of the uninstallation process is completed and the cursor returns to the prompt.  Note that some items may not be removed. Also, any folder created after installing AEM forms on JEE are not removed. You must remove these files and folders manually.

# Chapter 8: Appendix - Configuration Manager Command Line Interface

AEM forms on JEE provides a Command Line Interface (CLI) for the Configuration Manager. The CLI is intended to be used by advanced users of AEM forms on JEE, for example in server environments which do not support the use of the Graphical User Interface (GUI) of the Configuration Manager.

## 8.1 Order of operations

The Configuration Manager CLI must follow the same order of operations as the GUI version of the Configuration Manager. Ensure that you use the CLI operations in this order:

- 1 Configure AEM forms on JEE.
- 2 Configure CRX
- 3 Validate application server topology.
- 4 Validate the database connectivity.
- 5 Configure the application server.
- 6 Validate the application server configurations.
- 7 Deploy AEM forms on JEE.
- 8 Initialize AEM forms on JEE.
- 9 Validate AEM forms on JEE.
- 10 Deploy the AEM forms on JEE modules.
- 11 Validate the AEM forms on JEE module deployment.
- 12 Check system readiness for PDF Generator.
- 13 Add administrator user for PDF Generator.
- 14 Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager.
- 15 Configure Connector for IBM FileNet.
- 16 Configure Connector for EMC Documentum.
- 17 Configure Connector for SharePoint.

## 8.2 Command Line Interface property file

The Configuration Manager CLI requires a property file containing the defined properties for your AEM forms on JEE environment. The template for the properties file, `cli_propertyFile_template.txt`, is located in the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/bin` folder. You must create a copy of this file and edit the values. You can customize this file based on the Configuration Manager operations you intend to use. The following section describes the properties and values required.

You should create the property file according to your installation. Use one of the following methods.

- Create a property file and populate the values according to your installation and configuration scenarios.
- Use the property file `cli_propertyFile_template.txt` file as a template and edit the values based on the Configuration Manager operations you intend to use.
- Use the GUI of the Configuration Manager and then use the property file created by the GUI version as the CLI version property file. When you run the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/bin/ConfigurationManager.bat/sh` file, the `userValuesForCLI.properties` file is created in the `[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/config` directory. You can use this file as input for the Configuration Manager CLI.

**Note:** In the CLI properties file, you must use the escape character (\) for Windows paths directory separator (\). For example, if the Fonts folder to be mentioned is `C:\Windows\Fonts`, in the Configuration Manager CLI script, you should enter it as `C:\\Windows\\Fonts`.

**Note:** The following modules depend on ALC-LFS-ContentRepository. If you are using the `cli_propertyFile_template.txt` as template then either remove the ALC-LFS-ContentRepository from `excludedSolutionComponents` list or add the following LFS in `excludedSolutionComponents` list:

- ALC-LFS-ProcessManagement
- ALC-LFS-CorrespondenceManagement
- ALC-LFS-ContentRepository
- ALC-LFS-MobileForms
- ALC-LFS\_FormsManager

## 8.3 General configuration properties

### 8.3.1 Common properties

Common properties are:

**WebLogic and WebSphere specific properties:** Required for the Configure Application Server, Deploy AEM forms on JEE, Validate Application Server Topology and Validate Application Server Configurations operations.

**AEM forms on JEE Server specific properties:** Required for the Initialize AEM forms on JEE and Deploy AEM forms on JEE Components operations.

These properties are required for the following operations:

- Initialize AEM forms on JEE
- Deploy AEM forms on JEE components.

Property	Values	Description
<code>targetServer.topologyType</code>	server or cluster	The type of application server topology for which you are deploying AEM forms on JEE.
<code>targetServer.name</code>	String	The name assigned to the application server/admin server node or cluster.
<code>targetServer.adminHost</code>	String Default is <i>localhost</i>	The hostname of the server where the Admin server is installed.

Property	Values	Description
targetServer.adminPort	Integer	The port number the admin server uses to listen for SOAP requests.
targetServer.adminUserID	String	The administrative user ID to use when accessing the application server.
targetServer.adminPassword	String	The password associated with the WebLogic administrative user ID.
localServer.appServerRootDir	(Windows) WebLogic 12.1.1 C:\Oracle\Middleware\wlserver_12.1  (Linux, Solaris) WebLogic 12.1.1 /opt/Oracle/Middleware/wlserver_12.1	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring locally (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE or that you will use to communicate with a remote server on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE).
targetServer.appServerRootDir	Default:  (Windows) WebLogic 12.1.1 C:\Oracle\Middleware\wlserver_12.1  (Linux, Solaris) WebLogic 12.1.1 /opt/Oracle/Middleware/wlserver_12.1	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE).
<i>AEM forms on JEE Server specific properties</i>		
LCHost	String	The hostname of the server where AEM forms on JEE will be deployed.
LCPort	Integer	The web port number where AEM forms on JEE will be deployed.
excludedSolutionComponents	String. Values include: ALC-LFS-Forms, ALC-LFS-ConnectorEMCDocumentum, ALC-LFS-ConnectorIBMFileNet, ALC-LFS-ConnectorIBMContentManager, ALC-LFS-DigitalSignatures, ALC-LFS-DataCapture, ALC-LFS-Output, ALC-LFS-PDFGenerator, ALC-LFS-ProcessManagement, ALC-LFS-ReaderExtensions, ALC-LFS-RightsManagement ALC-LFS-CorrespondenceManagement, ALC-LFS-ContentRepository, ALC-LFS-MobileForms, ALC-LFS_FormsManager	(Optional) List the AEM forms on JEE modules you do not want to configure. Specify the excluded modules in a comma separated list.
includeCentralMigrationService	true: to include service false: to exclude service	The property to include or exclude Central Migration Bridge Service.

Property	Values	Description
CRX Content repository  The following properties are specified in the cli_propertyFile_crx_template.txt file.	true:  false:	
contentRepository.rootDir		Path of the CRX repository.
use.crx3.mongo	true: false:	If you have performed a fresh installation, to use Mongo DB with CRX3 set value to true. If the value is false CRX3 TAR is configured.
mongo.db.uri	<URI of Mongo DB>	If you are using Mongo DB, set URI of Mongo DB
mongo.db.name	<name of Mongo DB>	If you are using Mongo DB, provide name of Mongo DB instance

### 8.3.2 Configure AEM forms on JEE properties

These properties only apply to the configure AEM forms on JEE operation.

Property	Values	Description
AdobeFontsDir	String	Location of the Adobe server fonts directory.  This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.
customerFontsDir	String	Location of the customer fonts directory.  This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.
systemFontsDir	String	Location of the system fonts directory.  This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.
LCTempDir	String	Location of the temporary directory.  This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.
LCGlobalDocStorageDir	String	The global document storage root directory.  Specify a path to an NFS shared directory used to store long-lived documents and to share them among all cluster nodes.  This path must be accessible from the server being deployed to.
EnableDocumentDBStorage	true or false  Default: false	Enables or disables document storage in database for persistent documents.  Even if you enable document storage in database, you will need the file system directory for GDS.

## 8.3.3 Configure or validate application server properties

### 8.3.3.1 Configure or Validate WebLogic properties

The Configuration Manager can configure or validate your WebLogic application server as required by AEM forms on JEE.

These properties apply to the following operations:

- Configure Application Server
- Validate Application Server Topology
- Validate Application Server Configurations
- Validate Database Connectivity

### 8.3.3.2 Application server properties

Property	Values	Description
<i>You must configure the application server-specific properties section. For more information see Common properties</i>		
jvm.initialHeapSize	Default: 256	The initial heap size, in MB, for the JVM.
jvm.maxHeapSize	Default: 2048	The maximum heap size, in MB, for the JVM.
<i>WebLogic and WebSphere Cluster only</i>		
cache.useUDP	true	Set the value to <code>true</code> if AEM forms on JEE uses UDP to implement caching.  Set to <code>false</code> if AEM forms on JEE uses TCP to implement caching.
cache.udp.port	Default: 33456	The port number that the primary computer uses for UDP-based caching communication.  Configure only if <code>cache.useUDP=true</code> .
cache.tcpip.primaryhost	String	The host name of the computer where the primary application server is installed.  Configure only if <code>cache.useUDP!=true</code> .
cache.tcpip.primaryport	Default: 22345	The port number that the primary application server computer uses for TCP-based caching communication.  Configure only if <code>cache.useUDP!=true</code> .
cache.tcpip.secondaryhost	String	The host name of the computer where the secondary application server is installed.  Configure only if <code>cache.useUDP!=true</code> .
cache.tcpip.secondaryport	Default: 22345	The port number that the secondary application server computer uses for TCP-based caching communication.  Configure only if <code>cache.useUDP!=true</code> .

Property	Values	Description
<i>WebLogic server core classpath configuration</i>		
classpath.targetServer.javaHome	String	Configuration of target application server requires the location of the Java Home that is used to run the target application server.  This path must be accessible from the server being configured.
classpath.targetServer.pop3JarPath	String	Path to the Pop3 JAR file that is accessible to the target application server. This path must be accessible from the server being configured.
<i>Datasource configuration</i>		
datasource.dbType	Choose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• oracle</li> <li>• db2</li> <li>• sqlserver</li> </ul>	The type of database configured to use with AEM forms on JEE.
datasource.dbName	String	The name of the database.
datasource.dbHost	String	The host name or IP address of the server where the database is located.
datasource.dbPort	Integer	The database port AEM forms on JEE will use when communicating with the database.
datasource.dbUser	String	The user ID AEM forms on JEE will use when accessing the database.
datasource.dbPassword	String	The password associated with the database user ID.
datasource.target.driverPath	String	JDBC driver in the application server lib directory.  This path must be valid and accessible from the server being configured.
datasource.local.driverPath	String	Local JDBC driver. This value is used for testing direct database connection.

### 8.3.4 Deploy AEM forms on JEE properties

These Deploy AEM forms on JEE properties only apply to the deploy AEM forms on JEE operation.

Property	Values	Description
<i>For more information, see "8.3.1 Common properties" on page 60</i>		
deployment.includeIVS	false	Specifies whether IVS EAR files are included in the deployment.  It is recommended not to include IVS EAR files in a production environment.

### 8.3.5 Initialize AEM forms on JEE properties

These initialize AEM forms on JEE properties only apply to the initialize AEM forms on JEE operation.

Property	Values	Description
For more information, see <a href="#">"8.3.1 Common properties"</a> on page 60		

### 8.3.6 Deploy AEM forms on JEE Components properties

These properties apply to the following operations:

- Deploy AEM forms on JEE Components
- Validate AEM forms on JEE Component Deployment
- Validate AEM forms on JEE Server.

Property	Values	Description
You must configure the AEM forms on JEE Server Information section. For more information, see Common properties		
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.

### 8.3.7 Add administrator user for PDF Generator

These properties apply only to the adding administrator user for PDF Generator operation. These properties are present in cli\_propertyFile\_pdfg\_template.txt

Property	Values	Description
LCHost	String	Hostname where AEM forms on JEE Server is installed.
LCPort	Integer	Port number where AEM forms on JEE application server is configured
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCServerMachineAdminUser	String	The user ID of the Administrator user of the Operation System hosting AEM forms on JEE
LCServerMachineAdminUserPasswd	String	The password of the Administrator user of the Operation System hosting AEM forms on JEE

### 8.3.8 Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager

Property	Values	Description
LCHost	String	Hostname where AEM forms on JEE Server is installed.
LCPort	Integer	Port number where AEM forms on JEE application server is configured
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.
jndiPortNumber	String	JNDI port corresponding to AEM forms on JEE application server.
jboss.clientjar.location	String	The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)
CDVTopology.appserverrootdir	String	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE)
ConfigureIBMCM	true or false	Specify true to configure Connector for IBM Content Manager
IBMCMClientPathDirectory	String	Location of IBM Content Manager client installation directory.
DataStoreName	String	Name of the DataStore of IBM Content Manager Server that you want to connect to
IBMCMUsername	String	The user name assign to the IBM Content Manager Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the IBM Content Manager.
IBMCMPassword	String	The password to assign to the IBM Content Manager Administrator user. This password is used to login to the IBM Content Manager.
ConnectionString	String	Additional arguments used in the connection string to connect to IBM Content Manager(Optional).

### 8.3.9 Configure Connector for IBM FileNet

Property	Values	Description
LCHost	String	Hostname where AEM forms on JEE Server is installed.
LCPort	Integer	Port number where AEM forms on JEE application server is configured
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.

Property	Values	Description
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.
jndiPortNumber	String	JNDI port corresponding to AEM forms on JEE application server.
jboss.clientjar.location	String	The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)
CDVTopology.appserverrootdir	String	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE)
ConfigureFilenetCE	true or false	Specify true to configure Connector for IBM Filenet
FilenetConfigureCEVersion	String	The FileNet client version to configure. Specify FilenetClientVersion5.0 or FilenetClientVersion5.2
FilenetCEClientPathDirectory	String	Location of IBM Filenet Content Manager client installation directory.
ContentEngineName	String	Hostname or IP address of the machine where IBM Filenet Content Engine is installed
ContentEnginePort	String	The port number used by IBM Filenet Content Engine
CredentialProtectionSchema	CLEAR or SYMMETRIC	Specify the level of protection.
EncryptionFileLocation	String	Location of the encryption file. This is required only when you select SYMMETRIC option for CredentialProtectionSchema attribute.  Use a forward slash (/) or double backward slashes (\\) as a path separator.
DefaultObjectStore	String	Name of the ObjectStore for the Connector for IBM Filenet Content Server.
FilenetContentEngineUsername	String	The user ID to connect to the IBM FileNet Content server.  The user ID with read-access privileges would be allowed to connect to the Default object Store.
FilenetContentEnginePassword	String	The password to assigned to the IBM FileNet user. This password is used to connect to Default object Store.
ConfigureFilenetPE	true or false	Specify true to configure Connector for IBM FileNet
FilenetPEClientPathDirectory	String	Location of IBM FileNet client installation directory
FilenetProcessEngineHostname	String	Hostname or IP address of the process router.
FilenetProcessEnginePortNumber	Integer	Port number for IBM FileNet Content Server

Property	Values	Description
FilenetPERouterURLConnectionPoint	String	Name of the process router.
FilenetProcessEngineUsername	String	The user ID to connect to the IBM FileNet Content Server
FilenetProcessEnginePassword	String	The password to connect to the IBM FileNet Content Server

### 8.3.10 Configure Connector for EMC Documentum

Property	Values	Description
LCHost	String	Hostname where AEM forms on JEE Server is installed.
LCPort	Integer	Port number where AEM forms on JEE application server is configured
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.
jndiPortNumber	String	JNDI port corresponding to AEM forms on JEE application server.
jboss.clientjar.location	String	The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)
CDVTopology.appserverrootdir	String	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE)
ConfigureDocumentum	true or false	Specify true to configure Connector for EMC Documentum
DocumentumClientVersion	String	The EMC Documentum client version to configure. Specify DocumentumClientVersion6.7 or DocumentumClientVersion7.0
DocumentumClientPathDirectory	String	Location of EMC Documentum client installation directory
ConnectionBrokerHostName	String	Hostname or IP address of the EMC Documentum Content Server.
ConnectionBrokerPortNumber	String	Port number for EMC Documentum Content Server
DocumentumUsername	String	The user ID to connect to the EMC Documentum Content Server.
DocumentumPassword	String	The password ID to connect to the EMC Documentum Content Server.
DocumentumDefaultRepositoryName	String	Name of the default repository of MC Documentum Content Server

### 8.3.11 Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint

Property	Values	Description
LCHost	String	Hostname where AEM forms on JEE Server is installed.
LCPort	Integer	Port number where AEM forms on JEE application server is configured
LCAdminUserID	String	The user ID to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This User ID is used to login to the Administrator Console.
LCAdminPassword	String	The password to assign to the AEM forms on JEE Administrator user. This password is used to login to the Administrator Console.
jndiPortNumber	String	JNDI port corresponding to AEM forms on JEE application server.
jboss.clientjar.location	String	The location of the jbossall-client.jar file (JBoss only)
CDVTopology.appserverrootdir	String	The root directory of the application server instance that you are configuring on a remote server (on which you plan to deploy AEM forms on JEE)
ConfigureSharePoint	true or false	Specify true to configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint
SharePointServerAddress	String	Hostname or IP address of the Sharepoint Server
SharePointUsername	String	The user ID to connect to the Sharepoint Server
SharePointPassword	String	The password to connect to the Sharepoint Server
SharePointDomain	String	The Domain Name of the Sharepoint Server
ConnectionString	String	Additional arguments used in the connection string to connect to the Sharepoint Server(optional)

### 8.3.12 Command Line Interface Usage

Once you have configured your property file, you must navigate to the *[AEM forms on JEE root]/configurationManager/bin* folder.

To view a complete description of the Configuration Manager CLI commands, type: `ConfigurationManagerCLI help <command name>`.

#### 8.3.12.1 Configure AEM forms on JEE CLI Usage

The Configure AEM forms on JEE operation requires the following syntax:

`configureLiveCycle -f <propertyFile>`

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

### 8.3.12.2 Configure CRX CLI Usage

The Configure CRX Repository requires the following syntax:

```
configureCRXRepository -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

### 8.3.12.3 Validate Application Server Topology CLI Usage

The Validate Application Server Topology operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateApplicationServerTopology -f <propertyFile> -targetServer_AdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- -targetServer\_AdminPassword <password>: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the targetServer.adminPassword property in the property file.

### 8.3.12.4 Validate database connectivity CLI Usage

The validate Database Connectivity operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateDBConnectivity -f <propertyFile> -datasource_dbPasssword <password>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- -datasource\_dbPasssword <password>: Allows you to set the database user password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the datasource.dbPasssword property in the property file.

### 8.3.12.5 Configure the Application Server CLI Usage

The Configure Application Server operation requires the following syntax:

```
configureApplicationServer -targetServer_AdminPassword <password> -f <propertyFile> [-skip  
<configurationsToSkipList>]
```

Where:

- -targetServer\_AdminPassword <password>: Allows you to set the Administrator password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the targetServer\_AdminPassword property in the property file.
- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- -skip <configurationsToSkipList>: This is an optional parameter which allows you to list the application server components you do not want to configure. Specify the excluded components in a comma separated list. Valid options are Datasource or Core.

### 8.3.12.6 Validate Application Server Configurations CLI Usage

The Validate Application Server Configurations operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateApplicationServerConfigurations -f <propertyFile> -targetServer_AdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- `-targetServer_AdminPassword <password>`: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the `targetServer.adminPassword` property in the property file.

### 8.3.12.7 (WebSphere and Weblogic Only) Deploy AEM forms on JEE CLI Usage

The Deploy AEM forms on JEE operation requires the following syntax:

```
deployLiveCycle -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Important:** You must restart your application server after you complete Deploy AEM forms on JEE operation.

### 8.3.12.8 Manually deploy configured EAR files

For detailed instructions to manually deploy configured ear files, see Deploying to JBoss Application Server

### 8.3.12.9 Initialize AEM forms on JEE CLI Usage

The initialize AEM forms on JEE operation requires the following syntax:

```
initializeLiveCycle -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

### 8.3.12.10 Validate AEM forms on JEE Server CLI Usage

The Validate AEM forms on JEE Server operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateLiveCycleServer -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- `-LCAdminPassword <password>`: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the `targetServer.adminPassword` property in the property file.

### 8.3.12.11 Deploy AEM forms on JEE Components CLI Usage

The Deploy AEM forms on JEE Components operation requires the following syntax:

```
deployLiveCycleComponents -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

- -LCAdminPassword <password>: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the targetServer.adminPassword property in the property file.

#### 8.3.12.12 Validate AEM forms on JEE Component Deployment CLI Usage

The Validate AEM forms on JEE Component Deployment operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
validateLiveCycleComponentDeployment -f <propertyFile> -LCAdminPassword <password>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.
- -LCAdminPassword <password>: Allows you to set the Admin password on the command line. If this argument is present, it will override the targetServer.adminPassword property in the property file.

#### 8.3.12.13 Check system readiness for PDF Generator

The Checking system readiness for PDF Generator operation requires the following syntax:

```
pdfg-checkSystemReadiness
```

#### 8.3.12.14 Adding administrator user for PDF Generator

The adding administrator user for PDF Generator operation requires the following syntax:

```
pdfg-addAdminUser -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

#### 8.3.12.15 Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager

The Configure Connector for IBM Content Manager operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
IBMCM-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Important:** Modify the <propertyFile> called *cli\_propertyFile\_ecm\_ibmcm\_template.txt* located in the [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.

- 1 Copy the *adobe-component-ext.properties* file from [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\configure-ecm/weblogic to the following [appserver root]\users\_projects\domain\[appserverdomain] directory.
- 2 Restart the Application Server.
- 3 Start the following services from Administration Console
  - IBMCMAuthProviderService
  - IBMCMConnectorService

#### 8.3.12.16 Configure Connector for IBM FileNet

The Configure Connector for IBM FileNet operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

filenet-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Important:** Modify the <propertyFile> called cli\_propertyFile\_ecm\_filenet\_template.txt located in the [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.

Perform the following steps manually to complete the configuration for Connector for IBM Content Manager.

- 1 Copy the adobe-component-ext.properties file from [aem-forms root]/configurationManager/configure-ecm/weblogic to the following [appserver root]/users\_projects/domain/[appserverdomain] directory.
- 2 If your deployment uses a custom JAAS file, locate the custom JAAS file and add to it contents of jaas.conf.WSI file available in [aem-forms root]/configurationManager/configure-ecm/weblogic directory. Otherwise, add the location of the file jaas.conf.WSI as the following Java option in the WebLogic Server start command

```
-Djava.security.auth.login.config=[aem-forms root]/configurationManager/configure-ecm/weblogic/jaas.conf.WSI.
```

- 3 Restart the Application Server.
- 4 Start the following services from Administration Console
  - IBMFileNetAuthProviderService
  - IBMFileNetContentRepositoryConnector
  - IBMFileNetRepositoryProvider
  - IBMFileNetProcessEngineConnector(If configured)

### 8.3.12.17 Configure Connector for EMC Documentum

The Configure Connector for EMC Documentum operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

documentum-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>

Where:

- -f <propertyFile>: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Important:** Modify the <propertyFile> called cli\_propertyFile\_ecm\_documentum\_template.txt located in the [aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\ directory.

Perform the following steps manually to complete the configuration for Connector for EMC Documentum.

- 1 Copy the adobe-component-ext.properties file from [aem-forms root]/configurationManager/configure-ecm/weblogic to the following [appserver root]/users\_projects/domain/[appserverdomain] directory.
- 2 Restart the Application Server.
- 3 Start the following services from Administration Console
  - EMCDocumentumAuthProviderService
  - EMCDocumentumRepositoryProvider
  - EMCDocumentumContentRepositoryConnector

### 8.3.12.18 Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint

The Configure Connector for Microsoft SharePoint operation is optional and requires the following syntax:

```
sharepoint-configurationCLI -f <propertyFile>
```

Where:

- `-f <propertyFile>`: A property file containing the required arguments. For more information on creating a property file, see Command Line Interface property file.

**Important:** Modify the `<propertyFile>` called `cli_propertyFile_ecm_sharepoint_template.txt` located in the `[aem-forms root]\configurationManager\bin\` directory.

## 8.4 Examples Usage

From the `C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\configurationManager\bin`, type:

```
ConfigurationManagerCLI configureLiveCycle -f cli_propertyFile.txt
```

Where `cli_propertyFile.txt` is the name of the property file you created.

## 8.5 Configuration Manager CLI Logs

If an error occurs, you can review the CLI logs located here in the `[aem-forms root]\configurationManager\log` folder. The log file generated will have a naming convention such as `lcmCLI.0.log` where the number in the filename (0) will increment when the log files are rolled over.

## 8.6 Next steps

If you used Configuration Manager CLI to configure and deploy AEM forms on JEE, you can now do the following tasks:

- Verify the deployment. (See [“5.1.3 Verify the deployment”](#) on page 19.)
- Access Administration Console. (See [“5.1.3.1 Accessing Administration Console”](#) on page 19.)
- Configure AEM forms on JEE modules to access LDAP. (See [“5.6 Configuring LDAP access”](#) on page 37.)

# Chapter 9: Appendix - Manually Configuring WebLogic Server

**Note:** This appendix describes how to manually configure your application server for AEM forms on JEE. Configuration Manager provides an option to automatically complete these steps for you. If you deselect this option, you will need to complete the steps in this appendix.

For information about how to automatically configure your application server, see “4.3 Configuring and deploying AEM forms on JEE” on page 12.

This chapter assumes that you have started the WebLogic Administration Server, Node Manager, and the Managed Server.

## 9.1 Setting authentication credentials for the servlet container

You must now set the authentication credentials for the servlet container.

**To modify authentication for the servlet container:**

- 1 Ensure that the WebLogic Administration Server is running on the admin server of the cluster.
- 2 Open a command prompt and run the following script to set the environment and start the WebLogic scripting tool:
  - (Windows) [appserver root]\common\bin\wlst.cmd
  - (Linux/UNIX) [appserver root]/common/bin/wlst.sh

- 3 Enter the following commands in WLST to update servlet container authentication:

```
connect(' [WebLogic username]', ' [WebLogic password]', ' [WebLogic URL]')
edit()
startEdit()
cd('SecurityConfiguration')
cd(' [domain name]')
set('EnforceValidBasicAuthCredentials', 'false')
activate()
exit()
```

**Note:** The WebLogic URL will be in the format `t3://hostname:[port]`, where the default value for [port] is 7001.

- 4 Restart WebLogic Administration Server.

## 9.2 Modifying class path and server startup arguments

AEM forms on JEE requires the JDBC driver for your database and the pop3 JAR file for email support to be correctly set up for WebLogic Server.

**Note: (MySQL only)** Download the `mysql-connector-java-5.1.14-bin.jar` driver from <http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/>.

### Modify the class path of a managed server

- 1 To access the WebLogic Administration Console, type `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser, where `[port]` is the non-secure listening port. By default, this port value is **7001**.
- 2 On the login screen, type your WebLogic user name and password and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Environment > Servers** and, in the right pane, click the managed server name.
- 5 In the Settings for Server pane, click the **Configuration** tab > **Server Start** tab.
- 6 In the **Class Path** box, type the location and file name for the following JAR files in the order shown:
  - `pop3.jar`
  - `weblogic.jar` (WebLogic Server JAR file)
  - `tools.jar` (WebLogic Server JAR file)
  - JDBC driver file for your database (For example: `ojdbc6.jar`)

For example, in a Windows environment using WebLogic 12.1.1, enter the following text:

```
C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms
\lib\weblogic\pop3.jar; [WL_HOME]\wlserver_12.1\server\lib\weblogic.jar; C:\Program
Files\JRockit Real Time\jrt-4.0.0-
1.6.0\lib\tools.jar; C:\Adobe\Adobe_Experience_Manager_forms\lib\db\ojdbc6.jar
```

For example, in a UNIX environment using WebLogic 12.1.1, enter the following text:

```
opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/lib/weblogic/pop3.jar: [WL_HOME]/wlserver_12.1.1/s
erver/lib/weblogic.jar:/opt/jrt-4.0.0-
1.6.0/lib/tools.jar:opt/adobe/adobe_experience_manager_forms/lib/db/ojdbc6.jar
```

**Note:** The above examples specify the Oracle JDBC driver file. If you are using another database, this JAR file will be specified accordingly.

- 7 In the **Arguments** box, add the following arguments separated by a space delimiter

```
-Dadobeidp.RootDirectory=[appserverdomain]
-Dfile.encoding=utf8
-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true
-Djava.security.policy=[WL_Home]\server\lib\weblogic.policy
-DentityExpansionLimit=10000
```

If you are using IPv6, replace `-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true` with `-Djava.net.preferIPv6Stack=true`.

Replace `[WL_Home]` with the WebLogic home directory, as shown in this example:

```
Djava.security.policy=/opt/Oracle/Middleware/weblogic12.1/server/lib/weblogic.policy
```

Replace `[AppServerdomain]` with the domain directory, as shown in this example:

```
-Dadobeidp.RootDirectory=/opt/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/base_domain/
```

- 8 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.

## 9.3 Increasing the WebLogic Server stuck thread time-out

Depending on your deployment, AEM forms on JEE EAR files can get large. To avoid EAR file deployment time-outs, you must increase the WebLogic Server stuck thread maximum time-out value. This value is the length of time that the WebLogic Administration Server will treat a long-running thread as still active. After this threshold is reached, WebLogic Server attempts to remove this thread.

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Environment > Servers** and, in the right pane, click the managed server name.
- 5 On the Configuration tab, click on the **Tuning** tab.
- 6 In the **Stuck Thread Max Time** box, type `1200` and then click **Save**.
- 7 Under Domain Structure, click your domain name.
- 8 On the Configuration tab, click the **JTA** tab.
- 9 In the **Timeout Seconds** box, enter `300`.
- 10 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.

## 9.4 Configuring the managed server start arguments for Solaris

If you are configuring WebLogic Server manually, Solaris requires an additional server start argument to use 64-bit features with your managed server. Without this configuration change, the Sun JDK defaults to 32-bit support only.

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Login**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Environment > Servers** and, in the right pane, click the managed server name.
- 5 Click the **Configuration** tab > **Server Start** tab.
- 6 In the **Arguments** box, append `-d64` to the end of the current content.
- 7 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 8 Restart WebLogic managed server.

## 9.5 Configuring the JVM arguments

### Increase the memory allocation for the JVM of a managed server

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Login**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Environment > Servers** and, in the right pane, click the managed server name.
- 5 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Server Start** tab.
- 6 In the **Arguments** box, append this information to the end of the current content:
  - (Solaris using 64-bit JVM) `-Xms256m -Xmx1792m -XX:MaxPermSize=1024m`  
*Note: Only Solaris requires setting the MaxPermSize parameter.*
  - (Windows, Linux 64-bit) `-Xms256m -Xmx1792m`
- 7 To prevent application server from Denial of Service attacks append the following JVM argument:  
`-DentityExpansionLimit=10000`
- 8 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 9 Restart WebLogic managed server.

*Note: If you are installing the Correspondence Management Solution, it is recommended that you set the Maximum Heap Size to 4096 (4 GB).*

## 9.6 Configuring database connectivity

This section describes how to configure the JDBC data source for your AEM forms on JEE database.

### 9.6.1 Configuring Oracle database connectivity

To enable WebLogic Server and your AEM forms on JEE deployment to connect to the Oracle 11g or 12c database, you must create a database connection for WebLogic Server by setting up a connection pool and a data source.

#### Create a new data source for Oracle on WebLogic 12.1.1

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**, and select **Generic Data Source** from the drop-down menu.
- 5 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **JNDI name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **Oracle** and click **Next**.

- In the **Database Driver** list, select **Oracle's Driver(Thin) for Instance Connections; Versions:9.0.1 and later:**
- 6 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **Emulate Two-Phase Commit**.
  - 7 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the Oracle database that you created during your AEM forms on JEE installation preparations:  
**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created.  
**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which Oracle is running.  
**Port:** Database Port. The default is 1521.  
**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the Oracle database.  
**Password** and **Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user.
  - 8 Click **Next** and then click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings  
*Note: If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*
  - 9 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server) and then click **Finish**.

#### **Configure the connection pool settings**

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **IDP\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab and the **Connection Pool** tab.
- 3 In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 30.
- 4 In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 5 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 6 Restart WebLogic managed server.

#### **Create a new data source for Oracle for Rights Management on WebLogic 12.1.1**

*Note: This procedure applies only if you have Rights Management installed.*

- 1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 3 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type **RM\_DS**.
  - In the **JNDI Name** box, type **EDC\_DS**.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **Oracle** and click **Next**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **Oracle's Driver (Thin) for Server Connections; Versions: 9.0.1,9.2.0,10,11**
- 4 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **One-Phase Commit**.
- 5 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the Oracle database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:  
**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created.  
**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which Oracle is running.  
**Port:** Database Port. The default is 1521.

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the Oracle database.

**Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user.

- 6 Click **Next** and then click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*

- 7 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server) and then click **Finish**.

#### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **RM\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab, and set the following properties:
  - In the **Initial Capacity** box, type 1.
  - In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 20.
  - In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 3 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 4 Restart WebLogic managed server.

## 9.6.2 Configuring MySQL database connectivity

To enable WebLogic Server and your AEM forms on JEE deployment to connect to a manually installed MySQL database, you must create a database connection for WebLogic Server by setting up a connection pool and a data source.

#### Create a new data source for MySQL

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 5 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **JNDI name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **MySQL** and click **Next**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **MySQL's Driver (Type 4) Versions:using com.mysql.jdbc.Driver**.
- 6 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **Emulate Two-Phase Commit**.
- 7 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the database you created during your AEM forms on JEE installation preparations:

**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created

**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which MySQL is running

**Port:** Database Port. The default is 3306.

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the MySQL database

**Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user

- 8 Click **Next** and then click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*

- 9 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server) and then click **Finish**.

#### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **IDP\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab.
- 3 In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 30.
- 4 In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 5 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 6 Restart WebLogic managed server.

#### Create a new data source for MySQL for Rights Management

***Note:** This procedure applies only if you have Rights Management installed.*

- 1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 3 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type **RM\_DS**.
  - In the **JNDI name** box, type **EDC\_DS**.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **MYSQL** and click **Next**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **MySQL's Driver (Type 4) Versions:using com.mysql.jdbc.Driver**.
- 4 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **One-Phase Commit**.
- 5 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the MySQL database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:

**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created

**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which MySQL is running

**Port:** Database Port. The default is 3306

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the MySQL database

**Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user

- 6 Click **Next** and then click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*

- 7 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server) and then click **Finish**.

### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services** > **JDBC** > **Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **RM\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab and the **Connection Pool** tab, and set the following properties:
  - In the **Initial Capacity** box, type 1.
  - In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 20.
  - In the **Capacity Increment** box, type 5.
  - In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
  - Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 3 Restart WebLogic managed server.

## 9.6.3 Configuring DB2 database connectivity

To enable WebLogic Server and your AEM forms on JEE deployment to connect to the DB2 database, you must create a database connection for WebLogic Server by setting up a connection pool and a data source.

### Create a new data source for DB2 on WebLogic 12.1.1

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[hostname]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Services** > **JDBC** > **Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 5 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **JNDI name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **DB2**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **IBM's DB2 Driver (Type 4) for JDBC and SQLJ; Versions: 8.x; 9.x**
- 6 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **Emulate Two-Phase Commit**.
- 7 Click **Next** and, on the next screen, define the following properties that apply to the database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:
  - Database Name:** The name of the database you have created
  - Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which DB2 is running
  - Port:** Database port. The default is 50000
  - Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the DB2 database
  - Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user
- 8 Click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*
- 9 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server).
- 10 Click **Finish** and **Activate Changes**.

### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **IDP\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab.
- 3 In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 30.
- 4 In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 5 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 6 Restart WebLogic managed server.

### Create a new data source for DB2 for Rights Management on WebLogic 12.1.1

*Note: This procedure applies only if you installed Rights Management.*

- 1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 3 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type **RM\_DS**.
  - In the **JNDI Name** box, type **EDC\_DS**.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **DB2**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **IBM's DB2 Driver (Type 4) for JDBC and SQLJ; Versions: 8.x; 9.x**
  - Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **One-Phase Commit**.
- 4 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the DB2 database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:

**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created

**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which DB2 is running

**Port:** Database port. The default is 50000

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the DB2 database

**Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user

- 5 Click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

*Note: If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*

- 6 On next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server).
- 7 Click **Finish** and **Activate Changes**.

### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **RM\_DS**.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab.
- 3 In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 20.
- 4 In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 5 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 6 Restart WebLogic managed server.

## 9.6.4 Configuring SQL Server database connectivity

To enable WebLogic Server and your AEM forms on JEE deployment to connect to the SQL Server database, you must create a database connection for WebLogic Server by setting up a connection pool and a data source.

### To create a new data source for SQL Server on WebLogic 12.1.1:

- 1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > click Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.
- 3 On the next screen, set the following properties:
  - In the **Name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **JNDI name** box, type `IDP_DS`.
  - In the **Database Type** list, select **MS SQL Server**.
  - In the **Database Driver** list, select **Microsoft's MS SQL Server Driver (Type 4) Versions:2005, 2008**
- 4 Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **Emulate Two-Phase Commit**.
- 5 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the SQL Server database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:

**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created

**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which SQL Server is running

**Port:** The database port. The default is 1433

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the SQL Server database

**Password and Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user
- 6 Click **Next** and then click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise, review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*
- 7 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server.)
- 8 Click **Finish** and then click **Activate Changes**.

### Configure the connection pool settings

- 1 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click `IDP_DS`.
- 2 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab.
- 3 In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 30.
- 4 In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.
- 5 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.
- 6 Restart WebLogic managed server.

### Create a new data source for SQL Server for Rights Management on WebLogic 12.1.1

***Note:** This procedure applies only if you have Rights Management installed.*

- 1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **New**.

3 On the next screen, set the following properties:

- In the **Name** box, type `RM_DS`.
- In the **JNDI Name** box, type `EDC_DS`.
- In the **Database Type** list, select **MS SQL Server**.
- In the **Database Driver** box, select **Microsoft's MS SQL Server Driver (Type 4) Versions:2005, 2008**
- Click **Next** and select **Supports Global Transactions** and **One-Phase Commit**.

4 Click **Next** and define the following properties that apply to the SQL Server database you created during your AEM forms on JEE install preparations:

**Database Name:** The name of the database you have created

**Host Name:** The name or IP address of the computer on which SQL Server is running

**Port:** The database port. The default is 1433

**Database User Name:** The name of the user you created on the SQL Server database

**Password** and **Confirm Password:** The password associated with the user

5 Click **Test Configuration** to verify the configuration settings.

***Note:** If the test is successful, a "Connection test succeeded" message appears. Click **Next**. Otherwise review the error message that appears and modify the settings as required until the test succeeds.*

6 On the next screen, select the server that the data source will connect to (in this case, the managed server) and then click **Finish**.

#### **Configure the connection pool settings**

1 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.

2 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **RM\_DS**.

3 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** and the **Connection Pool** tab, and set the following properties:

- In the **Initial Capacity** box, type 1.
- In the **Maximum Capacity** box, type 20.
- In the **Capacity Increment** box, type 5.
- In the **Statement Cache Size** box, type 80.

4 Click **Save** and then click **Activate Changes**.

5 Restart WebLogic managed server.

#### **Map the Windows login to the AEM forms on JEE database user**

***Note:** You must already have a user account created and associated with your Windows domain.*

1 Using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio, connect to the database server that hosts the AEM forms on JEE database.

2 Set the Authentication mode to **Windows authentication**.

3 Under Security > Logins, create a new account for the Windows domain user and select **Windows authentication**.

4 On the Login - New screen, click **User Mapping** and set the database and default schema for the new user.

5 Select **db\_owner** as the Database role and click **OK**.

To verify that you created the user, expand the AEM forms on JEE database in the navigation tree and click **Security > Users**. The new user is listed there.

### Configure integrated security on Windows

- 1 Start the WebLogic Administration Console by typing `http://[host]:[port]/console` in the URL line of a web browser.

***Note:** Start the application server by using the Windows domain user. If WebLogic Server is running as a service, it should be started by using the Windows domain user account.*

- 2 Type the user name and password that you created for the WebLogic Server domain and click **Log In**.

- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.

- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **IDP\_DS**.

- 5 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **ConnectionPool** tab and, in the **Properties** box, type `integratedSecurity=true`.

***Note:** If you set this value to `true`, you must ensure that you configured your SQL Server to use Integrated Security. (See [Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE \(Single Server\)](#).)*

- 6 Under Domain Structure, click **Services > JDBC > Data Sources** and, in the right pane, click **RM\_DS**.

- 7 On the next screen, click the **Configuration** tab > **Connection Pool** tab and, in the **Properties** box, type `integratedSecurity=true`.

- 8 On the computer where the application server is installed, add `sqljdbc_auth.dll` to the Windows systems path (C:\Windows).

***Note:** The `sqljdbc_auth.dll` file is in the same location as the Microsoft SQL JDBC 3.0 driver installation (default is `[DriverInstallDir]/sqljdbc_3.0/enu/auth/x64`).*

## 9.7 Secure data sources

When using AEM forms on JEE deployed on WebLogic, you may want to secure access to JNDI artifacts. See [this TechNote](#) for the procedure to restrict JNDI access to a limited set of users.

## 9.8 Next steps

You must now deploy the AEM forms on JEE EAR files to the application server. (See “[Manually Deploying to WebLogic](#)” on page 87.)

# Chapter 10: Manually Deploying to WebLogic

This chapter describes how to manually deploy AEM forms on JEE modules to WebLogic. This chapter applies only if you chose not to deploy AEM forms on JEE to WebLogic automatically. For information about how to automatically deploy AEM forms on JEE to your application server, see “[4.3 Configuring and deploying AEM forms on JEE](#)” on page 12.

At this point in the installation process, you have already installed AEM forms on JEE files, run Configuration Manager to configure the AEM forms on JEE deployable archives, and manually configured WebLogic. Now, you must manually deploy the AEM forms on JEE deployable archives.

## 10.1 About deploying AEM forms on JEE modules

Before you deploy AEM forms on JEE, ensure that you completed these tasks:

- Installed the required software and files, and know the location of the directories you will be working with. If you did not complete this task, see [Preparing to Install AEM forms on JEE \(Single Server\)](#).
- Run Configuration Manager to configure and assemble AEM forms on JEE modules according to your system and application server requirements. To add a module to your deployment, you can run Configuration Manager to make the changes and then redeploy the updated EAR file.

If you are deploying AEM forms on JEE for the first time, initialize the database by using Configuration Manager after you deploy the product.

If you are using an external web server, see your web server documentation for information about the configuration that is required to allow access to the application server.

### 10.1.1 Summary of deployable components

During the deployment process, deploy the following EAR files:

- adobe-livecycle-native-weblogic-[OS].ear
- adobe-livecycle-weblogic.ear
- adobe-workspace-client.ear

After AEM forms on JEE is configured using Configuration Manager, these files are located in the *[aem-forms]/configurationManager/export* directory.

## 10.2 Deploying to WebLogic Server

Deploy AEM forms on JEE components to WebLogic Server by deploying the component EAR files to the application server by using WebLogic Server Administration Console.

Before deploying to WebLogic Server, start the application server. After you deploy the required components, stop and restart the application server before you start any services.

**To deploy the EAR files:**

- 1 To access the WebLogic Server Administration Console, type `http://<hostname>:7001/console` in the URL line of a web browser.
- 2 Type the user name and password that was used when creating to WebLogic Server configuration and click **Log In**.
- 3 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 4 Under Domain Structure, click **Deployments** and then, in the right pane, click **Install**.
- 5 On the Install Application Assistant pane, navigate to the location of the EAR files to install.
- 6 Select the EAR file and click **Next**.
- 7 Select **Install this deployment as an application** and click **Next**.
- 8 Click **Next**, accept the default settings, and then click **Finish**.
- 9 Under Change Center, click **Activate Changes**.
- 10 In the right pane, select the check box for the application you just installed.
- 11 Click **Start** and, in the menu, select **Servicing all requests**.
- 12 In the right pane, click **Yes** and, under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 13 Repeat steps 5 to 12 for each of the EAR files listed in “[10.1.1 Summary of deployable components](#)” on page 87.
- 14 When the deployment is complete, restart WebLogic. See “[10.3 Restarting WebLogic Server](#)” on page 88.

## 10.3 Restarting WebLogic Server

After you make all your configuration changes, restart WebLogic for the changes to take effect. The WebLogic Managed Server and the WebLogic Administration Server also need to be restarted. The Node Manager does not need to be restarted.

### 10.3.1 Stop WebLogic Managed Server

You can verify that the Managed Server has shut down by viewing the table at the bottom of the Control tab. The table displays a list of all the servers and indicates their current state.

- 1 In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, under Domain Structure, click the domain name.
- 2 Click the **Control** tab and select the check box beside the server you want to stop.
- 3 Click **Shutdown** and select one of these options:

**When work completes:** Initiates a graceful shutdown of the selected server, causing the Managed Server to notify its subsystems to complete all in-work requests. A graceful shutdown gives the WebLogic Server subsystems time to complete certain application processing that is currently in progress.

**Force Shutdown Now:** Initiates a forced shutdown, which causes the Managed Server to instruct subsystems to immediately drop in-work requests.

- 4 At the WebLogic Server Administration Console prompt, click **Yes** to confirm the command.

### 10.3.2 Stop WebLogic Administration Server

- 1 From a command prompt, navigate to `[appserverdomain]\bin`

- 2 Type the following command:
  - (Windows) `stopWebLogic.cmd`
  - (Linux, UNIX) `./stopWebLogic.sh`
- 3 Enter the WebLogic user name and password (if you enabled security when installing WebLogic).

### 10.3.3 Start WebLogic Administration Server

- 1 From a command prompt, navigate to `[appserverdomain]\bin`
- 2 Type the following command:
  - (Windows) `startWebLogic.cmd`
  - (Linux, UNIX) `./startWebLogic.sh`
- 3 Enter the WebLogic user name and password (if you enabled security when installing WebLogic).

### 10.3.4 Start WebLogic Managed Server

- 1 Go to `http://localhost:7001/console` and log in using the user name and password that was used when configuring the WebLogic server.
- 2 Under Change Center, click **Lock & Edit**.
- 3 Under Domain Structure, click **Environment > Servers** and, in the right pane, click the managed server.
- 4 On the next screen, click the **Control** tab and select the check box beside the managed server you want to start.
- 5 Click **Start** and then click **Yes**.

## 10.4 Next steps

You must run Configuration Manager to initialize the database, and deploy the components and AEM forms on JEE archive files. You can also choose to validate the component and archive file deployment. See [“4.3 Configuring and deploying AEM forms on JEE”](#) on page 12.

# Chapter 11: Appendix - Configuring the Connector for Microsoft SharePoint on the SharePoint Server

The Connector for Microsoft SharePoint allows you to integrate workflows from both the AEM forms on JEE and the SharePoint development perspectives. This module includes a AEM forms on JEE service and a sample SharePoint feature that facilitates end-to-end connection between the two systems.

The service provides search, read, write, delete, update, and check in/out capabilities with a SharePoint repository. SharePoint users can initiate AEM forms on JEE processes such as an approval process from within SharePoint, convert documents to Adobe PDF, and manage the rights on a file in PDF or native formats. In addition, from within the SharePoint context, you can automate running AEM forms on JEE processes from within SharePoint workflows.

## 11.1 Installation and configuration

After you configured the AEM forms on JEE installation, carry out the following steps to configure the connector on the SharePoint server.

### 11.1.1 System requirements for the SharePoint server

Ensure that your server that runs the SharePoint site meets the following requirements:

- Microsoft SharePoint Server 2007, 2010, or 2013
- Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5

### 11.1.2 Installation considerations

Keep in mind the following before you plan your installation:

- If you are using Microsoft SharePoint Server 2007, the installation process stops and restarts the Windows IIS Server when installing Connector for Microsoft SharePoint on the SharePoint server.
- Before you run the installation, ensure that none of the other sites or web applications is using services on the IIS Server. Consult your IIS Administrator before you proceed with the installation.
- (For Sharepoint server 2010 Farmed installation) The SharePoint administration service is running on the central administration server of sharepoint server Farm. (For Sharepoint server 2010 Standalone installation) The SharePoint administration service is stopped on the sharepoint server.

## 11.2 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2007

### 11.2.1 Extract the web part installer

When you installed the AEM forms on JEE server, the web part installer for SharePoint server named `Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2007.zip` was created in the `[aem-forms root]\plugins\sharepoint` folder. Copy this file to a folder on the Windows server that hosts SharePoint, and then extract the files.

### 11.2.2 Edit the batch file

The folder extracted from the web part installer contains a batch file named `Install.bat`. You must update this batch file with the file and folder paths relevant to your SharePoint server.

- 1 Open the `Install.bat` file in a text editor.
- 2 Locate the following lines in the file and change them:

```
@SET GACUTILEXE="C:\Program Files\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v6.0A\Bin\ gacutil.exe"
@SET TEMPLATEDIR="c:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\ web server
extensions\12\TEMPLATE"
@SET WEBAPPDIR="C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\wss\VirtualDirectories\<port>"
@SET SITEURL="http://<SharePoint Server>:<port>/SiteDirectory/<site name>/"
@SET STSADM="C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\ web server
extensions\12\bin\stsadm.exe"
```

- **GACUTILEXE:** Change the path to the folder where the GAC utility is located.
- **TEMPLATEDIR:** Change the template directory path of the IIS Server on your system.
- **WEBAPPDIR:** Change the path of the WEBAPPDIR of the IIS Server on your system if it differs from the default value included in the batch file.
- **SITEURL:** Change the URL of the SharePoint site on your system on which you want to activate the AEM forms on JEE feature.
- **STSADM:** Change the path to the folder where the STSADM utility is located.

**Note:** The AEM forms on JEE feature is installed on a web application on the SharePoint server. The AEM forms on JEE feature will be activated only on the site that you have provided the site URL for. You can activate the AEM forms on JEE feature for other SharePoint sites later from the Site Settings page of those sites. See *SharePoint Help* for more information.

- 3 Save and close the file.

### 11.2.3 Run the batch file

Navigate to the folder where the edited batch file is present, and then run the `Install.bat` file.

Keep in mind that the SharePoint site will be unavailable for other services during the time the batch file runs.

When you run the batch file, the following occur:

- Registers the `AdobeLiveCycleConnector.dll` and `AdobeLiveCycleWorkflow.dll` files. These dynamic libraries integrate the AEM forms on JEE features with the SharePoint server.
- Uninstalls any previously installed SharePoint connector.
- Copies the template files to the `WSS\TEMPLATE` directory.

- Copies the resource files to `WEBAPPDIR\App_GlobalResources` directory.
- Installs and activates the AEM forms on JEE features with web server extensions.
- Closes the installer and returns the prompt.

### 11.2.4 Copy the Service Model configuration to the IIS Web Application folder

You must copy the SharePoint Connector-specific configuration settings to the web application home directory of the IIS Server. This adds the AEM forms on JEE feature to the web application.

- 1 Navigate to the `sharepoint-webpart` folder that was created when you extracted the AEM forms on JEE feature installer.
- 2 Open the `AdobeLiveCycleConnector.dll.config` file in a text editor.
- 3 Copy the contents between `<system.serviceModel>` and `</system.serviceModel>` tags (including both the starting and ending tags), and then close the file.
- 4 Navigate to the web application home directory on the IIS Service on your computer that you specified in the batch file. Typically, the folder is `C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\wss\VirtualDirectories\<port>`.
- 5 Create a backup copy of the `web.config` file and then open the original file in a text editor.
- 6 Append the contents that you copied before the `</configuration>` tag.
- 7 Save and close the file.

## 11.3 Installation and configuration on the SharePoint server 2010 and SharePoint server 2013

### 11.3.1 Edit Environment Variables

Append path of `stsadm.exe` to PATH environment variable. The default path of `stsadm.exe` is `C:\Program Files\Common Files\MicrosoftShared\Web Server Extensions\14\BIN`.

### 11.3.2 Extract the web part installer

When you installed the AEM forms on JEE server, the web part installer for SharePoint server files named `Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip` and `Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2013.zip` are created in the `[aem-forms root]\plugins\sharepoint` folder.

- If you are using Microsoft SharePoint 2010, copy file `Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip` to a folder on the Windows server that hosts SharePoint, and then extract the copied file.
- If you are using Microsoft SharePoint 2013, copy file `Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2013.zip` to a folder on the Windows server that hosts SharePoint, and then extract the copied file.

### 11.3.3 Install and Activate Connector

- 1 (Optional) Select options for SharePoint Server Context menu before installing connector. See “[11.3.4 Enable/Disable features](#)” on page 93 for detailed steps.

- 2 Run following commands in the listed order to install Connector for SharePoint Server. Ensure that you run `stsadm -o enumsolutions` after each command to verify that the changes have been the propagated to all the servers.

Run `stsadm -o enumsolutions` repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains `<state>pending</state>` tag.

```
install.bat -create
install.bat -add
install.bat -deploy
install.bat -install
```

**Note:** For the `install.bat -deploy` command, run `stsadm -o enumsolutions` repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains `<LastOperationResult>DeploymentSucceeded</LastOperationResult>` tag.

- 3 Activate the connector from SharePoint Web Application. To activate the connector:
  - a Open SharePoint Web Application in a browser.
  - b Click **Site Settings**.
  - c Click **Site Collection Features**.
  - d Click Activate for **Adobe LiveCycle Connector** and **Adobe LiveCycle Workflow** feature.

### 11.3.4 Enable/Disable features

You can change options of context menu and disable other features on SharePoint Sites. For the Sharepoint Connector installed with default set of options, following options are enabled on SharePoint Server:

- Convert to Adobe PDF
- Enable for commenting by adobe reader.
- Secure with Adobe Policy.
- Invoke AEM forms on JEE Processes

You may make changes to `Elements.xml` file to change above options and to enable or disable another features. To make changes to `Elements.xml`

- 1 Navigate to the folder containing extracted contents of Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010.zip or Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2013.zip file.
- 2 Take backup of `Elements.xml` file. The default location of `Elements.xml` is < Directory containing Extracted Adobe LiveCycle Connector-2010/2013.zip File > \TEMPLATE\FEATURES\LiveCycle\Elements.xml
- 3 Open the `Elements.xml` file in a text editor.
- 4 Delete or comment the CustomAction elements of features that you want to disable .

Docuent Server feature	CustomAction element ID	Description
Reader Exte nsions	LiveCycle.ApplyReaderExtensions	Enables Reader Extensions on PDF documents.
Rights Manageme nt	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPdf	Rights-protect PDF documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDoc	Rights-protect Microsoft Word documents

	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToXls	Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPpt	Rights-protect Microsoft PowerPoint documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDocx	Rights-protect Microsoft Word documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToXlsx	Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToPptx	Rights-protect Microsoft PowerPoint documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDwg	Rights-protect Microsoft Excel documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDxf	Rights-protect AutoCAD documents
	LiveCycle.RightsManagement.ApplyPolicyToDwf	Rights-protect AutoCAD documents
PDF Generator	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPdf	Convert a PDF created from an image to a text-based PDF if Standard OCR was used as the file type in Site Settings.
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromDoc	Generate PDF from Microsoft Word documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPs	Generate PDF from PostScript files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromEps	Generate PDF from EPS documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPrn	Generate PDF from PRN files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromDocx	Generate PDF from Microsoft Word 2007 documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPpt	Generate PDF from Microsoft PowerPoint documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPptx	Generate PDF from Microsoft PowerPoint documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromXls	Generate PDF from Microsoft Excel documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromXlsx	Generate PDF from Microsoft Excel documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromBmp	Generate PDF from BMP files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromGif	Generate PDF from GIF files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpeg	Generate PDF from JPEG images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpg	Generate PDF from JPG images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromTiff	Generate PDF from TIFF images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromTif	Generate PDF from TIF images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPng	Generate PDF from PNG images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpf	Generate PDF from JPF images

	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpx	Generate PDF from JPX images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJp2	Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJ2k	Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJ2c	Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromJpc	Generate PDF from JPEG 2000 images
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromHtm	Generate PDF from HTM documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromHtml	Generate PDF from HTML documents
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromSwf	Generate PDF from SWF files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromFlv	Generate PDF from Flash video files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromTxt	Generate PDF from text files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromRtf	Generate PDF from Rich Text Format files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromMpp	Generate PDF from Microsoft Project files
	LiveCycle.GeneratePDFFromPub	Generate PDF from Microsoft Publisher documents
Invoke LiveCycle process	LiveCycle.InvokeGenericLiveCycleProcessOnALL	Invoke LiveCycle Process
Adobe Forms Library	AdobeFormsLibrary	Set up SharePoint as the repository for forms data.Remove the CustomAction, ListTemplate and ListInstance elements.
LiveCycle User Tasks	LiveCycleUserTasks	Lists the user tasks.Remove the ListTemplate element.
LiveCycle Group Tasks	LiveCycleGroupTasks	Lists the group tasks.Remove the ListTemplate element.

5 Save and close `Elements.xml`

### 11.3.5 Uninstalling Connector for Microsoft SharePoint Server 2010 and Microsoft SharePoint Server 2013

- 1 Deactivate SharePoint Connector from Shrepoint Web Application. To deactivate SharePoint Connector
  - a Open SharePoint Web Application in a browser.
  - b Click **Site Settings**.
  - c Click **Site Collection Features**.
  - d Click Deactivate for **Adobe LiveCycle Connector** and **Adobe LiveCycle Workflow** Features
- 2 On the command prompt, run the following commands in the given order. Ensure that you run `stsadm - o enumsolutions` after each command to verify that the changes have been the propagated to all the servers. Run `stsadm - o enumsolutions` repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains `<state>pending</state>` tag.

```
Install.bat -uninstall  
Install.bat -retract  
Install.bat -delete
```

**Note:** For the *Install.bat -retract* command, run *stsadm -o enumsolutions* repeatedly, until the resultant xml contains *<LastOperationResult>RetractionSucceeded</LastOperationResult>* tag.